

AIAA 82-4270

Reply by Authors to B. Prasad

A. D. Belegundu* and J. S. Arora†
The University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa

IN his Comment on Ref. 1, Prasad has compared operation counts involved in using an approximate Hessian in Refs. 2-5 with use of an exact Hessian in Ref. 1. This comparison is invalid as exact second order methods are compared with approximate methods. Approximate methods to evaluate the Hessian (such as quasi-Newton updates) can be used with the approach in Ref. 1. Also, operation counts cannot be solely

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*Research Assistant, Division of Materials Engineering, College of Engineering.

†Professor, Division of Materials Engineering, College of Engineering.

used to compare methods that use exact Hessians with methods that use approximate Hessians, since former methods may lead to faster convergence. Furthermore, Ref. 1 presents a general framework for interior/exterior penalty functions and multiplier methods, while Refs. 2-5 deal only with (extended) interior penalty methods.

References

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- ²Prasad, B. and Haftka, R. T., "A Cubic Extended Interior Penalty Function for Structural Optimization," *International Journal for Numerical Methods in Engineering*, Vol. 14, No. 9, 1979, pp. 1107-1126.
- ³Haftka, R. T. and Starnes, J. H., "Application of a Quadratic Extended Interior Penalty Function for Structural Optimization," *AIAA Journal*, Vol. 14, June 1976, pp. 718-724.
- ⁴Prasad, B., "Variable Penalty Methods for Constrained Minimization," *Internal Journal of Computers and Mathematics with Applications*, Vol. 6, No. 1, 1980, pp. 79-97.
- ⁵Prasad, B., "A Generalized Class of Variable Penalty Methods for Nonlinear Programming," *Journal of Optimization Theory and Applications*, Vol. 35, Oct. 1981, pp. 159-182.

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Comment on "A Review of Research on Subsonic Turbulent Flow Attachment"

Dennis G. Mabey*
*Royal Aircraft Establishment, Bedford,
United Kingdom*

RECENTLY, Eaton and Johnston reviewed research on subsonic turbulent flow reattachment.¹ In none of the

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*Principal Scientific Officer, Dynamics Laboratory.

experiments cited were wall pressure fluctuations measured under the shear layer. This is unfortunate because wall pressure fluctuations provide valuable insight into the structure of the shear layer and are of direct interest to aeronautical engineers. The measurement of wall pressure fluctuations should be considered as an additional recommendation for future work.

The strong similarity between the general shape of the maximum Reynolds shear stress through the reattachment region (Ref. 1, Fig. 8) and the corresponding pressure fluctuations measured in other experiments² should be noted.

References

- ¹Eaton, J. K. and Johnston, J. P., "A Review of Research on Subsonic Turbulent Flow Attachment," *AIAA Journal*, Vol. 19, Sept. 1981, pp. 1093-1100.
- ²Mabey, D. G., "Analysis and Correlation of Data on Pressure Fluctuations in Separated Flow," *AIAA Journal*, Vol. 10, Sept. 1972, p. 642.