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Synthesis of Haptens for Use in Immunoassays of A4-3-Ketosteroids1)

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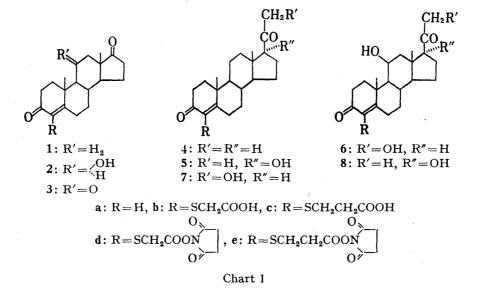
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In order to develop specific and sensitive immunoassays, new carboxylated derivatives of androstenedione, 11β -hydroxyandrostenedione, adrenosterone, progesterone, 17α -hydroxyprogesterone, corticosterone, 11-deoxycorticosterone and 21-deoxycortisol were synthesized. The preparation of the 4-carboxymethylthio and 4-carboxyethylthio derivatives of the Δ^4 -3-ketosteroids was carried out by base-catalyzed ring opening of the 4,5-epoxides with mercaptoacetic acid and mercaptopropionic acid, respectively. The N-succinimidyl esters of these carboxylated steroids were also prepared.

Keywords— Δ^4 -3-ketosteroid; hapten for immunoassay; 4,5-epoxide ring opening; 4-carboxymethyl thioether; 4-carboxyethyl thioether; N-succinimidyl ester

Immunoassays of 4-3-ketosteroids are frequently required in clinical chemistry.2) Antisera for use in the immunoassays have been elicited in animals by immunization with hapten molecules linked to a carrier protein. The specificity of antibodies is significantly influenced by the position on the steroid molecule used for conjugation to the carrier. radioimmunoassay using 125I-radioligands and enzyme immunoassay, the combination of antibody and labeled antigen is an important factor determining the sensitivity, because the antibody recognizes the bridge between the label and antigen. It is often found that satisfactory sensitivity cannot be obtained in a homologous system, where the same haptenic derivative is used for the immunogen as well as for the labeled antigen. For the purpose of improving sensitivity, heterologous systems are employed. The position C-4 in the Δ^4 -3ketosteroid molecule appears to be an attractive site for attachment of the carrier. previous papers of this series, we reported on the specificity and sensitivity in the enzyme immunoassays for cortisol3) and testosterone.4) The satisfactory results prompted us to develop immunoassay systems for other Δ^4 -3-ketosteroids as well. This paper deals with the synthesis of derivatives having a thioether bridge at the C-4 position of androstenedione, 11β -hydroxyandrostenedione, adrenosterone, progesterone, 17α -hydroxyprogesterone, corticosterone, 11-deoxycorticosterone and 21-deoxycortisol.



The Δ^4 -3-ketosteroids (1a—8a) were converted into the epimeric 4,5-epoxides upon exposure to alkaline hydrogen peroxide. When the 4,5-epoxides were treated with mercapotacetic acid in alkaline media, ring opening took place to give the carboxymethyl thioethers (1b—8b). In the proton nuclear magnetic resonance (1H-NMR) spectra of these compounds, a characteristic signal including a geminal coupling (J=ca. 14 Hz) was observed at an average value of 3.67±0.08 ppm, which was assigned to the 6 α -proton. The methylene protons of the carboxymethylthio group resonate in the range of 3.3—3.5 ppm as a singlet or a four-line AB pattern. The 4-carboxyethyl thioethers (1c—8c) were also obtained in good yields by reaction with mercaptopropionic acid as a nucleophile.

Condensation of the carboxyl group of a hapten with the amino groups of a carrier protein, enzyme and ¹²⁵I-radioligand has been performed by the mixed anhydride and carbodiimide methods. However, these are not always satisfactory with respect to reproducibility. The use of N-succinimidyl ester for the labeling appears to be convenient and capable of overcoming the above problem by simplifying the reaction procedure.⁵⁾ Treatment of the carboxylated steroids with N-hydroxysuccinimide in 95% dioxane in the presence of 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethyl-aminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride afforded the desired N-succinimidyl esters (1d,e—8d, e) in yields of 50—80%. In the ¹H-NMR spectra, the signal for the protons of the succinimidyl group was observed at an average value of 2.84±0.04 ppm.

We described previously that a "bridge" heterologous system rather than "site" heterology is preferred in enzyme immunoassay⁴⁾ and the use of enzyme-labeled steroid prepared from a hapten having a bridge shorter than that used for antibody production is advantageous for obtaining increased assay sensitivity.^{3a)} Therefore, it is desirable to have available various haptens possessing different bridges at the same position. An ester type of bridge, such as a hemisuccinoyl or hemiglutaroyl function, can also be introduced into the C-4 position via the 4-hydroxy- Δ^4 -3-ketosteroids, which are prepared by the acid-catalyzed ring opening of a 4,5-epoxide,⁶⁾ oxidation of a 3-keto-5 β -steroid with molecular oxygen in the presence of potassium text-butoxide,⁷⁾ or rearrangement of an oxime derivative.⁸⁾ The haptenic compounds obtained in this study may be useful in the development of practical immunoassays for the corresponding Δ^4 -3-ketosteroids.

Experimental

All melting points were taken on a micro hot-stage apparatus and are uncorrected. Optical rotations were determined in CHCl₃ unless otherwise specified. ¹H-NMR spectra were measured with a JEOL FX-100 spectrometer at 100 MHz using tetramethylsilane as an internal standard.

Epoxidation of Δ^4 -3-Ketosteroids—A mixture of the Δ^4 -3-ketosteroid (1a—8a) (1 mmol), 30% H_2O_2 (0.4 ml), and 10% NaOH (1 ml) in MeOH (10 ml) was stirred at 0°C for 3 h. In some cases, additional amounts of the reagents and solvent were required. After neutralization with AcOH followed by removal of the MeOH under reduced pressure, the resulting mixture was extracted with AcOEt. The organic layer was washed with H_2O_3 dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , and passed through an Al_2O_3 (10 g) layer on a sintered-glass funnel. The filtrate was evaporated down under reduced pressure. The product was purified, if necessary, by chromatography on silica gel, and used for the subsequent reaction without separation of 4,5-epoxide epimers.

General Procedures for the Preparation of 4-Thioether and N-Succinimidyl Ester—A solution of the 4,5-epoxide (1.7 mmol) in EtOH (2 ml)-dioxane (3 ml) was added to mercaptoacetic acid or β -mercaptopropionic acid (2.8 mmol) in 25% KOH (0.8 ml), and the resulting solution was stirred at room temperature under an N₂ gas stream for 2 h. After addition of H₂O followed by extraction with ether, the aqueous layer was acidified with 1 n HCl and extracted with AcOEt. The organic layer was washed with H₂O, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and evaporated down. Recrystallization of the crude product from an appropriate solvent gave the 4-thioethers (1b, c—8b, c).

N-Hydroxysuccinimide (1.4 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide ·HCl (1.4 mmol) were added to a solution of the thioether (1 mmol) in 95% dioxane (10 ml), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The resulting solution was diluted with AcOEt, washed with H_2O , and dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 . The solution was passed quickly through an Al_2O_3 (10 g) layer on a sintered-glass funnel, and the filtrate was evaporated down. The product was purified, if necessary, by chromatography on silica gel, and recrystallized from an appropriate solvent.

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4-(Carboxymethylthio)androstenedione (1b)——Colorless plates from aqueous MeOH. mp 181—182°C. [α] $_{\rm D}^{21}$ +173° (c=0.34). Anal. Calcd for C $_{21}$ H $_{28}$ O $_{4}$ S: C, 66.99; H, 7.54. Found: C, 66.66; H, 7.60. 1 H-NMR (CDCl $_{3}$) δ: 0.94 (3H, s, 18-CH $_{3}$), 1.27 (3H, s, 19-CH $_{3}$), 3.39 (2H, s, SCH $_{2}$ CO), 3.72 (1H, m, 6α-H). The N-succinimidyl ester 1d: Colorless semi-crystals. 1 H-NMR (CDCl $_{3}$) δ: 0.92 (3H, s, 18-CH $_{3}$), 1.25 (3H, s, 19-CH $_{3}$), 2.80 (4H, s, succinimidyl), 3.50—3.92 (3H, 6α-H and SCH $_{2}$ CO).

4-(2-Carboxyethylthio) androstenedione (1c)—Colorless leaflets from aqueous MeOH. mp 154—155°C. [α]²⁰ +189° (c=0.35). Anal. Calcd for C₂₂H₃₀O₄S: C, 67.66; H, 7.74. Found: C, 67.38; H, 7.50. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.93 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.26 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 2.54 and 2.92 (each 2H, m, SCH₂CH₂CO), 3.72 (1H, m, 6α-H). The N-succinimidyl ester 1e: Colorless semi-crystals. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.93 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.26 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 2.84 (4H, s, succinimidyl), 3.77 (1H, m, 6α-H).

4-(Carboxymethylthio)-11β-hydroxyandrostenedione (2b)—Colorless leaflets from acetone-hexane. mp 184—185°C. [α]_b¹⁹ +162° (c=0.28, EtOH). Anal. Calcd for C₂₁H₂₈O₅S: C, 64.26; H, 7.19. Found: C, 64.12; H, 7.20. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃-CD₃OD (5: 1)) δ: 1.18 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.51 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 3.32 (2H, s, SCH₂CO), 3.67 (1H, m, 6α-H), 4.36 (1H, m, 11α-H). The N-succinimidyl ester 2d: Colorless leaflets from CH₂Cl₂-hexane. mp 225—227°C. [α]_b¹⁹ +152° (c=0.10). Anal. Calcd for C₂₈H₃₁NO₇S·1/2H₂O: C, 60.22; H, 6.47; N, 2.81. Found: C, 60.34; H, 6.19; N, 3.06.

4-(2-Carboxyethylthio)-11β-hydroxyandrostenedione (2c)——Colorless plates from acetone—hexane. mp 192—193°C. [α] $_{\rm p}^{21}$ +198° (c=0.31). Anal. Calcd for C $_{22}$ H $_{30}$ O $_{5}$ S: C, 64.99; H, 7.44. Found: C, 64.73; H, 7.21. 1 H-NMR (CDCl $_{3}$ -CD $_{3}$ OD (4:1)) δ: 1.17 (3H, s, 18-CH $_{3}$), 1.49 (3H, s, 19-CH $_{3}$), 2.49 and 2.89 (each 2H, m, SCH $_{2}$ CC), 3.63 (1H, m, 6α-H), 4.40 (1H, m, 11α-H). The N-succinimidyl ester 2e: Colorless leaflets from CH $_{2}$ Cl $_{2}$ -hexane. mp 142—144°C. [α] $_{p}^{19}$ +156° (c=0.10). Anal. Calcd for C $_{26}$ H $_{33}$ NO $_{7}$ S·1/2H $_{2}$ O: C, 60.92; H, 6.69; N, 2.73. Found: C, 61.04; H, 6.67; N, 2.82.

4-(Carboxymethylthio) adrenosterone (3b)——Colorless prisms from acetone—hexane. mp 187—189°C. [α]¹⁴_b +276° (c=0.28). Anal. Calcd for C₂₁H₂₆O₅S·H₂O: C, 61.74; H, 6.91. Found: C, 62.08; H, 6.69. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.89 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.47 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 3.39 (2H, s, SCH₂CO), 3.75 (1H, m, 6α-H). The N-succinimidyl ester 3d: Colorless leaflets from CH₂Cl₂—hexane. mp 164—166°C. [α]¹⁶_D +225° (c=0.08). Anal. Calcd for C₂₅H₂₉NO₂S: C, 61.58; H, 6.00; N, 2.87. Found: C, 61.36; H, 5.97; N, 2.97.

4-(2-Carboxyethylthio)adrenosterone (3c)—Colorless leaflets from acetone—hexane. mp 180—181°C. $[\alpha]_{1}^{12}+266^{\circ}$ (c=0.32). Anal. Calcd for $C_{22}H_{28}O_{5}S\cdot 1/2H_{2}O$: C, 63.90; H, 7.07. Found: C, 64.21; H, 7.00. ^{1}H -NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.89 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.48 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 2.55 and 2.94 (each 2H, m, SCH₂CH₂CO), 3.75 (1H, m, 6α-H). The N-succinimidyl ester 3e: Colorless leaflets from CH₂Cl₂-hexane. mp 184—186°C. $[\alpha]_{1}^{10}+216^{\circ}$ (c=0.13). Anal. Calcd for $C_{26}H_{31}NO_{7}S$: C, 62.26; H, 6.23; N, 2.79. Found: C, 61.93; H, 6.19; N, 2.91.

4-(Carboxymethylthio)progesterone (4b)—Colorless needles from aqueous EtOH. mp 160—161°C. $[\alpha]_D^{s_1}+179^\circ$ (c=0.32). Anal. Calcd for $C_{23}H_{32}O_4S\cdot 3/4H_2O$: C, 66.07; H, 8.08. Found: C, 66.16; C, 7.88. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.68 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.23 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 2.13 (3H, s, 21-H), 3.37 (2H, s, SCH₂CO), 3.67 (1H, m, 6α-H). The N-succinimidyl ester 4d: Colorless leaflets from MeOH. mp 162—164°C. $[\alpha]_D^{s_2}+183^\circ$ (c=0.07). Anal. Calcd for $C_{27}H_{35}NO_6S$: C, 64.64; H, 7.03; N, 2.79. Found: C, 64.41; H, 7.04; N, 2.82.

4-(2-Carboxyethylthio)progesterone (4c)—Colorless needles from aqueous EtOH. mp 176—177°C. [α]²⁴ +171° (c=0.36). Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₃₄O₄S·1/4H₂O: C, 68.13; H, 8.22. Found: C, 68.17; H, 8.13. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.68 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.23 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 2.13 (3H, s, 21-H), 2.54 and 2.92 (each 2H, m, SCH₂CH₂CO), 3.66 (1H, m, 6α-H). The N-succinimidyl ester 4e: Colorless semi-crystals. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.68 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.24 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 2.12 (3H, s, 21-H), 2.83 (4H, s, succinimidyl), 3.72 (1H, m, 6α-H).

4-(Carboxymethylthio)-17α-hydroxyprogesterone (5b)—Colorless needles from aqueous EtOH. mp 197—198°C. [α]₁²¹ +93° (c=0.34). Anal. Calcd for C₂₃H₃₂O₅S·1/4H₂O: C, 64.99; H, 7.71. Found: C, 64.71; H, 7.84. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.74 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.22 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 2.27 (3H, s, 21-H), 3.36 and 3.44 (each 1H, d, J=15 Hz, SCH₂CO), 3.66 (1H, m, 6α-H). The N-succinimidyl ester 5d: Colorless leaflets from CH₂Cl₂-hexane. mp 207—209°C. [α]₁³ +100° (c=0.08). Anal. Calcd for C₂₇H₃₅NO₇S: C, 62.65; H, 6.82; N, 2.71. Found: C, 62.40; H, 6.80; N, 2.53.

4-(2-Carboxyethylthio)-17 α -hydroxyprogesterone (5c)—Colorless needles from aqueous EtOH. mp 199—202°C. [α]²¹ +81° (c=0.27). Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₃₄O₅S·1/4H₂O: C, 65.65; H, 7.92. Found: C, 65.35; H, 8.10. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 0.72 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.23 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 2.25 (3H, s, 21-H), 2.50 and 2.91 (each 2H, m, SCH₂CH₂CO), 3.67 (1H, m, 6 α -H). The N-succinimidal ester 5e: Colorless leaflets from AcOEthexane. mp 160—162°C. [α]¹⁶ +104° (c=0.12). Anal. Calcd for C₂₈H₃₇NO₇S: C, 63.25; H, 7.02; N, 2.63. Found: C, 63.30; H, 6.93; N, 2.49.

4-(Carboxymethylthio)corticosterone (6b)——Colorless needles from acetone-hexane. mp 176—178°C. $[\alpha]_D^{2i}$ +159° (c=0.20, EtOH). Anal. Calcd for $C_{23}H_{32}O_6S \cdot 1/4H_2O$: C, 62.63; H, 7.43. Found: C, 62.53; H, 7.31. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃-CD₃OD (10: 1)) δ: 0.92 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.48 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 3.32 (2H, s, SCH₂CO), 3.63 (1H, m, 6α-H), 4.17 (2H, s, 21-H), 4.33 (1H, m, 11α-H). The N-succinimidal ester 6d: Colorless leaflets from CH₂Cl₂-hexane. mp 187—189°C. $[\alpha]_D^{19}$ +148° (c=0.11). Anal. Calcd for $C_{27}H_{36}NO_8S \cdot 5/4H_2O$: C, 58.31; H, 6.80; N, 2.52. Found: C, 58.24; H, 6.50; N, 2.80.

4-(2-Carboxyethylthio)corticosterone (6c)—Colorless plates from acetone-hexane. mp 168—171°C.

[α] $_{1}^{21}$ +164° (c=0.28, EtOH). Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₃₄O₆S: C, 63.97; H, 7.61. Found: C, 63.76; H, 7.84. $_{1}^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl₃-CD₃OD (10: 1)) δ : 0.93 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.49 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 2.50 and 2.88 (each 2H, m, SCH₂CH₂CO), 3.60 (1H, m, 6 α -H), 4.18 (2H, s, 21-H), 4.34 (1H, m, 11 α -H). The N-succinimidyl ester 6e: Colorless leaflets from MeOH. mp 104—106°C. [α] $_{1}^{20}$ +123° (c=0.12). Anal. Calcd for C₂₈H₃₇NO₈S·5/4H₂O: C, 58.98; H, 6.98; N, 2.46. Found: C, 58.87; H, 6.41; N, 2.67.

4-(Carboxymethylthio)-11-deoxycorticosterone (7b)—Colorless leaflets from aqueous EtOH. mp 160—163°C. [α]_D¹⁵ +179° (c=0.26). Anal. Calcd for C₂₃H₃₂O₅S: C, 65.68; H, 7.67. Found: C, 65.59; H, 7.75. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.71 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.23 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 3.38 (2H, s, SCH₂CO), 3.67 (1H, m, 6α-H), 4.19 (2H, s, 21-H). The N-succinimidyl ester 7d: Colorless semi-crystals. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.69 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.22 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 2.80 (4H, s, succinimidyl), 3.50—3.92 (3H, 6α-H and SCH₂CO), 4.18 (2H, s, 21-H).

4-(2-Carboxyethylthio)-11-deoxycorticosterone (7c)—Colorless leaflets from aqueous EtOH. mp 140—143°C. [α]_D¹⁴ +175°C (c=0.30). Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₃₄O₅S·1/2H₂O: C, 64.98; H, 7.95. Found: C, 65.23; H, 7.91. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.71 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.23 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 2.54 and 2.93 (each 2H, m, SCH₂CH₂CO), 3.68 (1H, m, 6α-H), 4.19 (2H, s, 21-H). The N-succinimidyl ester 7e: Colorless semi-crystals. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.70 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.23 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 2.82 (4H, s, succinimidyl), 3.72 (1H, m, 6α-H), 4.19 (2H, s, 21-H).

4-(Carboxymethylthio)-21-deoxycortisol (8b)—Colorless leaflets from aqueous EtOH. mp 207—208°C. [α]¹⁵_b +152° (c=0.27, EtOH). Anal. Calcd for C₂₃H₃₂O₆S: C, 63.28; H, 7.39. Found: C, 63.13; H, 7.52. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃-CD₃OD (4: 1)) δ: 0.91 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.47 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 2.21 (3H, s, 21-H), 3.31 (2H, s, SCH₂CO), 3.60 (1H, m, 6α-H), 4.40 (1H, m, 11α-H). The N-succinimidyl ester 8d: Colorless semi-crystals. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.02 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.45 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 2.28 (3H, s, 21-H), 2.82 (4H, s, succinimidyl), 3.58 (1H, m, 6α-H), 3.74 (2H, s, SCH₂CO), 4.44 (1H, m, 11α-H).

4-(2-Carboxyethylthio)-21-deoxycortisol (8c)—Colorless prisms from MeOH. mp 231—234°C. $[\alpha]_{20}^{22}$ +159° (c=0.28, EtOH). Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₃₄O₆S: C, 63.97; H, 7.61. Found: C, 63.71; H, 7.62. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃-CD₃OD (4:1)) δ: 0.88 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.48 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 2.19 (3H, s, 21-H), 2.47 and 2.86 (each 2H, m, SCH₂CH₂CO), 3.63 (1H, m, 6α-H), 4.40 (1H, m, 11α-H). The N-succinimidyl ester 8e: Colorless leaflets from CH₂Cl₂-hexane. mp 173—175°C. $[\alpha]_{D}^{21}$ +98° (c=0.09). Anal. Calcd for C₂₈H₃₇NO₈S: C, 61.40; H, 6.81; N, 2.56. Found: C, 61.11; H, 6.99; N, 2.43.

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