

## Synthesis and Azannulation of Pyridinylaminohexadienones

Maria Teresa COCCO,\* Cenzo CONGIU, and Valentina ONNIS

Dipartimento di Tossicologia, Università degli Studi di Cagliari, Via Ospedale 72, 09124 Cagliari, Italy.

Received December 26, 2000; accepted February 7, 2001

**4-(2-Pyridinylamino)-1,1,1-trifluoro-3-penten-2-ones** **3**, obtained from the reaction of commercially available 2-aminopyridine derivatives and 4-methoxy-1,1,1-trifluoro-3-penten-2-one **2**, were converted to 6-(dimethylamino)-4-(2-pyridinylamino)-3,5-hexadien-2-ones **4** by treatment with dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal. Azannulation of hexadienones **4** afforded 4-(2-pyridinylamino)-2-trifluoromethylpyridines **5** and 2-(trifluoroacetyl)methylene)pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidines **6**, classes of compounds particularly interesting from a chemical and biological point of view.

**Key words** trifluoroacetyl vinyl ethers; annulation; aminopyridine; pyridopyrimidine

4-Aminopyridine and pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidine derivatives have received much attention due to their important and different biological functions. The *N*-aryl-4-pyridinamines have been proposed as an adrenergic cognitive enhancer,<sup>1,2)</sup> cardiovascular antihypertensive<sup>3)</sup> and diuretic agents.<sup>4)</sup> The pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidines have been shown to possess psychotropic,<sup>5-7)</sup> antiatherosclerotic, antipyretic and analgesic properties.<sup>8)</sup>

The introduction of a lipophilic CF<sub>3</sub> group into a biomolecule has sometimes resulted in improvement of its biological activity.<sup>9)</sup> Besides, to the best of our knowledge, few examples of the synthesis of 2-trifluoromethyl substituted 4-aminopyridine<sup>10-12)</sup> and pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidine derivatives not bearing an oxo or imino group<sup>13-15)</sup> have been reported. These facts prompted us to elaborate an inexpensive and efficient synthetic route to these compounds.

Among the building blocks for introducing the CF<sub>3</sub> group into organic compounds the CF<sub>3</sub> containing enol ethers are widely used.<sup>16,17)</sup> We have recently reported the preparation of trifluorinated hexadienones from 4-methoxy-1,1,1-trifluoro-3-penten-2-one (**2**) and we have outlined their utility in the synthesis of trifluoromethylated benzoxazepines and aryl-aminopyridines.<sup>18,19)</sup> In this paper we have focused our atten-

tion on 4-(pyridinylamino)-1,1,1-trifluoro-3,5-hexadienones **4** and their transformation into fluorinated 4-(2-pyridinylamino)pyridines **5** and pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidines **6**.

### Results and Discussion

The O—N exchange reaction between 4-methoxy-1,1,1-trifluoro-3-penten-2-one (**2**) with commercially available 2-aminopyridines easily gave 4-(2-pyridinylamino)-1,1,1-trifluoro-3-penten-2-ones **3**. As shown in Chart 1 the preparation of enaminones **3a-g** was achieved in 88–96% yields by refluxing equimolecular amounts of 2-aminopyridines **1a-g** and enol ether **2** in acetonitrile.

Under the same conditions 5-nitro-2-pyridinamine (**1h**) did not give the desired product but the starting materials were recovered even if the reaction time was increased. Enaminone **3h** was instead obtained in 93% yield by heating a mixture of 5-nitro-2-pyridinamine (**1h**) and enol ether **2** in 1 : 1.5 molar ratio. The Z configuration of enaminones **3** was established by comparison of their <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectra with those of analogous compounds.<sup>19)</sup>

Dimethylaminoformylation of enaminones **3** utilizing *N,N*-dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal (DMF-DMA) afforded 6-(dimethylamino)-4-(2-pyridinylamino)-3,5-hexadien-2-ones **4**.

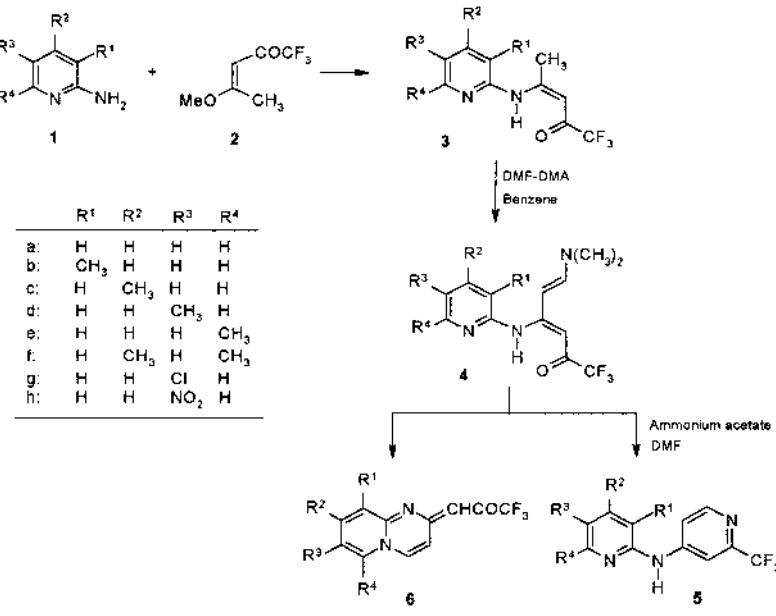


Chart 1

\* To whom correspondence should be addressed. e-mail: tcocco@unica.it

Table 1. Reactions of 2-Aminopyridines **1** with 4-Methoxy-1,1,1-trifluoro-3-penten-2-one (**2**)

| Run | Substrate <b>1</b> | Solvent | Conditions <sup>a)</sup>   | Yield of <b>3</b> (%) |
|-----|--------------------|---------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1   | <b>a</b>           | MeCN    | Reflux 1 h, then r.t. 24 h | 96                    |
| 2   | <b>b</b>           | MeCN    | Reflux 1 h, then r.t. 24 h | 88                    |
| 3   | <b>c</b>           | MeCN    | Reflux 1 h, then r.t. 24 h | 88                    |
| 4   | <b>d</b>           | MeCN    | Reflux 1 h, then r.t. 24 h | 92                    |
| 5   | <b>e</b>           | MeCN    | Reflux 1 h, then r.t. 24 h | 96                    |
| 6   | <b>f</b>           | MeCN    | Reflux 1 h, then r.t. 24 h | 93                    |
| 7   | <b>g</b>           | MeCN    | Reflux 1 h, then r.t. 24 h | 93                    |
| 8   | <b>h</b>           | None    | 100 °C, water bath, 30 min | 88                    |

a) r.t., room temperature.

Table 2. Intramolecular Heterocyclization of 6-(Dimethylamino)-4-(2-pyridinylamino)-3,5-hexadien-2-ones **4** to Pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidines **6**

| Run | Substrate <b>4</b> | Solvent | Conditions     | Yield of <b>6</b> (%) |
|-----|--------------------|---------|----------------|-----------------------|
| 1   | <b>a</b>           | Toluene | Reflux, 1 h    | 70                    |
| 2   | <b>b</b>           | Toluene | Reflux, 1 h    | 74                    |
| 3   | <b>c</b>           | Toluene | Reflux, 1 h    | 98                    |
| 4   | <b>d</b>           | Toluene | Reflux, 1 h    | 90                    |
| 5   | <b>e</b>           | Toluene | Reflux, 1 h    | 71                    |
| 6   | <b>f</b>           | Toluene | Reflux, 1 h    | 91                    |
| 7   | <b>g</b>           | AcOH    | Reflux, 30 min | 92                    |
| 8   | <b>h</b>           | AcOH    | Reflux, 30 min | 77                    |

The reaction is regioselective and the (3Z,5E)-dieneaminone **4** was exclusively obtained. The stereochemistry was confirmed by <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectral data. The large coupling constant (about 13 Hz) of the H-5 and H-6 olefinic protons suggest the *E* configuration of the newly formed double bond in dieneamines **4**. The signal for H-3 appeared as a single peak showing the presence of only one stereoisomer. The highly deshielded NH resonance at  $\delta$  13.23–13.68 is characteristic of an amino group which participates in a strong hydrogen bond with an oxygen of a carbonyl in a six-membered, planar chelate, a fact which is supported by the presence of a carbonyl stretch at 1645–1625 cm<sup>-1</sup> in the IR spectra. Thus a *Z* configuration can be attributed to the C(3)=C(4) double bond.

Our initial effort to cyclize dieneamines **4** with NH<sub>3</sub> by heating in MeCN solution did not give the desired 4-(2-pyridinylamino)-2-trifluoromethylpyridines **5**. When the cyclization was performed by mild heating of a DMF solution of dieneamines **4** and ammonium acetate, pyridines **5** were obtained in good yields. The <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectra of compounds **5** display a pair of doublets at  $\delta$  7.75–7.95 (H-5, *J*=5 Hz) and 8.36–8.54 (H-6, *J*=5 Hz) and a singlet at  $\delta$  8.08–8.25 due to H-3 which are consistent with the assigned structure.

Polyfunctionalized dieneamines **4** are precursors for the synthesis of pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidines **6** also. When hexadienones **4a**–**f** were heated under reflux in toluene intramolecular condensation readily proceeded to give pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidines **6a**–**f** as a sole isomer.

Dieneamines **4g** and **4h**, bearing electron-withdrawing groups on the pyridine ring, cannot be transformed into their corresponding products **6** under these conditions. Treatment of **4g** and **4h** with acetic acid at reflux for few minutes afforded the pyridopyrimidines **6g** and **6h** in good yields. In the <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of **6** a singlet at 5.53–5.75 ppm relative to the

exocyclic methyne proton accounts for the formation of a single diastereomeric product. Furthermore the two doublets at 8.29–8.46 ppm and 8.38–8.57 ppm (*J*=6.3 Hz) due to H-3 and H-4 confirmed the assigned structure.

## Conclusion

In summary we devised an easy method of accessing CF<sub>3</sub>-containing pyridine and pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidines which are otherwise difficult to obtain. The principal advantages of this method are its simplicity and the great variety of substituents available.

## Experimental

Melting points were taken on a Stuart Scientific SMP1 apparatus and are uncorrected. IR spectra were measured in Nujol mulls with a Perkin Elmer 398 spectrophotometer, while NMR spectra were recorded with a Varian Unity 300 instrument operating at 300 MHz: chemical shifts are expressed in ppm ( $\delta$ ) and coupling constants in Hertz (Hz). Elemental analyses were obtained with a Carlo Erba model 1106 Elemental Analyzer. All solvents were purified and dried by standard techniques; petroleum ether refers to the fraction of bp 40–60 °C.

**General Procedure for the Preparation of Enaminones **3**** A solution of 2-aminopyridine **1a**–**g** (0.02 mol) and enol ether **2** (0.02 mol) in dry acetonitrile (20 ml) was refluxed with stirring for 1 h, then allowed to cool for 24 h. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was purified from crystallization to give enaminones **3a**–**g**.

(3Z)-4-(2-Pyridinylamino)-1,1,1-trifluoro-3-penten-2-one (**3a**): Crystallized from petroleum ether, mp 77–78 °C; yield 96%; IR (Nujol) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1620, 1600, 1580; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/tetramethylsilane TMS)  $\delta$ : 2.50 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 5.48 (1H, s, H-3), 6.89–8.30 (4H, m, pyridinyl), 12.81 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>9</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O: C, 52.18; H, 3.94; N, 12.17. Found: C, 52.19; H, 3.91; N, 12.13.

(3Z)-4-[3-Methyl-2-pyridinyl]amino]-1,1,1-trifluoro-3-penten-2-one (**3b**): Crystallized from petroleum ether, mp 82–83 °C; yield 88%; IR (Nujol) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1630, 1615, 1585; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/TMS)  $\delta$ : 2.28 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.51 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 5.70 (1H, s, H-3), 7.11–8.23 (3H, m, pyridinyl), 12.60 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>11</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O: C, 54.10; H, 4.54; N, 11.47. Found: C, 54.13; H, 4.49; N, 11.49.

(3Z)-4-[(4-Methyl-2-pyridinyl)amino]-1,1,1-trifluoro-3-penten-2-one (**3c**): Crystallized from petroleum ether, mp 37–39 °C; yield 88%; IR (Nujol) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1610, 1555; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/TMS)  $\delta$ : 2.27 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.50 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 5.47 (1H, s, H-3), 6.75–8.16 (3H, m, pyridinyl), 12.78 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>11</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O: C, 54.10; H, 4.54; N, 11.47. Found: C, 54.04; H, 4.51; N, 11.51.

(3Z)-4-[(5-Methyl-2-pyridinyl)amino]-1,1,1-trifluoro-3-penten-2-one (**3d**): Crystallized from petroleum ether, mp 73–74 °C; yield 92%; IR (Nujol) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1610, 1580; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/TMS)  $\delta$ : 2.24 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.47 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 5.47 (1H, s, H-3), 6.83–8.14 (3H, m, pyridinyl), 12.82 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>11</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O: C, 54.10; H, 4.54; N, 11.47. Found: C, 54.12; H, 4.48; N, 11.44.

(3Z)-4-[(6-Methyl-2-pyridinyl)amino]-1,1,1-trifluoro-3-penten-2-one (**3e**): Crystallized from petroleum ether, mp 68–70 °C; yield 96%; IR (Nujol) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1635, 1610, 1580; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/TMS)  $\delta$ : 2.42 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.52 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 5.47 (1H, s, H-3), 6.72–7.54 (3H, m, pyridinyl), 12.78 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>11</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O: C, 54.10; H, 4.54; N, 11.47. Found: C, 54.14; H, 4.50; N, 11.50.

(3Z)-4-[(4,6-Dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)amino]-1,1,1-trifluoro-3-penten-2-one (**3f**): Crystallized from ethanol, mp 35–36 °C; yield 93%; IR (Nujol) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1620, 1595, 1560; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/TMS)  $\delta$ : 2.22 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.36 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.49 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 5.45 (1H, s, H-3), 6.56 (1H, s, pyridinyl), 6.72 (1H, s, pyridinyl), 12.74 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>13</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O: C, 55.81; H, 5.07; N, 10.85. Found: C, 55.83; H, 5.09; N, 10.87.

(3Z)-4-[(5-Chloro-2-pyridinyl)amino]-1,1,1-trifluoro-3-penten-2-one (**3g**): Crystallized from petroleum ether, mp 94–95 °C; yield 93%; IR (Nujol) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 1610, 1585; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/TMS)  $\delta$ : 2.50 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 5.51 (1H, s, H-3), 6.86–8.26 (3H, m, pyridinyl), 12.83 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>8</sub>ClF<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O: C, 45.39; H, 3.05; N, 10.59. Found: C, 45.43; H, 3.03; N, 10.60.

**Preparation of (3Z)-4-[(5-Nitro-2-pyridinyl)amino]-1,1,1-trifluoro-3-penten-2-one (**3h**)** A mixture of 2-amino-5-nitropyridine **1h** (2.8 g, 0.02 mol) and enol ether **2** (5.0 g, 0.03 mol) was stirred with heating from a

boiling water bath for 30 min. After cooling the resulting solid was collected and crystallized to give enaminone **3h**. Crystallized from isopropyl ether, mp 107–108 °C; yield 88%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 1625, 1595;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 2.71 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.72 (1H, s, H-3), 7.04–9.21 (3H, m, pyridinyl), 12.93 (1H, s, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{F}_3\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$ : C, 43.65; H, 2.93; N, 15.27. Found: C, 43.70; H, 2.94; N, 15.25.

**General Procedure for the Preparation of Hexadienones 4** A solution of enaminone **3** (0.02 mol) and DMF-DMA (0.06 mol) in dry benzene (40 ml) was refluxed with stirring for 30 min, then allowed to cool for 24 h. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue purified from crystallization to give hexadienones **4a,d–h**.

In the case of hexadienones **4b,c**, after removing the solvent, the residue was collected and washed with a small amount of isopropyl ether, dried and utilized without further purification.

(*Z,Z,E*)-6-(Dimethylamino)-4-(2-pyridinylamino)-1,1,1-trifluoro-3,5-hexadien-2-one (**4a**): Crystallized from isopropyl ether, mp 131–132 °C; yield 87%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 1630, 1595;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 2.93, 3.06 (6H, brs,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.56 (1H, s, H-3), 6.74 (1H, d,  $J=13.2\text{ Hz}$ , H-5), 6.91, 7.56, 8.27 (4H, m, pyridinyl), 7.45 (1H, d,  $J=13.2\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 13.48 (1H, s, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{14}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3\text{O}$ : C, 54.74; H, 4.95; N, 14.73. Found: C, 54.68; H, 4.94; N, 14.76.

(*Z,Z,E*)-6-(Dimethylamino)-4-[3-methyl-2-pyridinylamino]-1,1,1-trifluoro-3,5-hexadien-2-one (**4b**): mp 143–145 °C; yield 82%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 1645, 1605;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  hexadeutero dimethylsulphoxide ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6/\text{TMS}$ ) 2.26 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 2.86 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.18 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.83 (1H, s, H-3), 6.97 (1H, d,  $J=13.2\text{ Hz}$ , H-5), 6.98, 7.61, 8.18 (3H, m, pyridinyl), 8.06 (1H, d,  $J=13.2\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 13.23 (1H, s, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3\text{O}$ : C, 56.18; H, 5.39; N, 14.04. Found: C, 56.24; H, 5.40; N, 14.00.

(*Z,Z,E*)-6-(Dimethylamino)-4-[4-methyl-2-pyridinylamino]-1,1,1-trifluoro-3,5-hexadien-2-one (**4c**): mp 150–152 °C; yield 88%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 1625, 1590;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 2.24 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 2.85 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.17 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.76 (1H, s, H-3), 6.59 (1H, d,  $J=12.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 6.88, 8.16 (3H, m, pyridinyl), 8.01 (1H, d,  $J=12.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 13.31 (1H, s, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3\text{O}$ : C, 56.18; H, 5.39; N, 14.04. Found: C, 56.23; H, 5.38; N, 14.07.

(*Z,Z,E*)-6-(Dimethylamino)-4-[5-methyl-2-pyridinylamino]-1,1,1-trifluoro-3,5-hexadien-2-one (**4d**): Crystallized from petroleum ether; mp 158–159 °C; yield 95%; IR 1635, 1605;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 2.21 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 2.97 (6H, brs, 2 $\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.54 (1H, s, H-3), 6.59 (1H, d,  $J=12.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-5), 6.85, 7.39, 8.10 (3H, m, pyridinyl), 7.42 (1H, d,  $J=12.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 13.41 (1H, s, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3\text{O}$ : C, 56.18; H, 5.39; N, 14.04. Found: C, 56.15; H, 5.41; N, 14.08.

(*Z,Z,E*)-6-(Dimethylamino)-4-[6-methyl-2-pyridinylamino]-1,1,1-trifluoro-3,5-hexadien-2-one (**4e**): Crystallized from isopropyl ether; mp 177–178 °C; yield 95%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 1635, 1600;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 2.40 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.03 (6H, brs, 2 $\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.54 (1H, s, H-3), 6.72, 6.76, 7.43 (3H, m, pyridinyl), 6.95 (1H, d,  $J=13.2\text{ Hz}$ , H-5), 7.44 (1H, d,  $J=13.2\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 13.43 (s, 1H, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3\text{O}$ : C, 56.18; H, 5.39; N, 14.04. Found: C, 56.22; H, 5.39; N, 14.06.

(*Z,Z,E*)-6-(Dimethylamino)-4-[(4,6-dimethyl-2-pyridinylamino)-1,1,1-trifluoro-3,5-hexadien-2-one (**4f**): Crystallized from isopropyl ether; mp 130–132 °C; yield 95%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 1640, 1620, 1595;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 2.18 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 2.36 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 2.98 (6H, brs, 2 $\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.54 (1H, s, H-3), 6.58, 6.61 (2H, s, pyridinyl), 6.97 (1H, d,  $J=12.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-5), 7.42 (1H, d,  $J=12.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 13.41 (1H, s, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{18}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3\text{O}$ : C, 57.50; H, 5.79; N, 13.41. Found: C, 57.54; H, 5.80; N, 13.48.

(*Z,Z,E*)-6-(Dimethylamino)-4-[(5-chloro-2-pyridinylamino)-1,1,1-trifluoro-3,5-hexadien-2-one (**4g**): Crystallized from benzene; mp 176–177 °C; yield 72%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 1635, 1605;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 2.92, 3.11 (6H, brs, 2 $\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.57 (1H, s, H-3), 6.67 (1H, d,  $J=12.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-5), 6.88, 7.52, 8.22 (3H, m, pyridinyl), 7.47 (1H, d,  $J=12.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 13.58 (1H, s, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{13}\text{ClF}_3\text{N}_3\text{O}$ : C, 48.84; H, 4.10; N, 13.14. Found: C, 48.78; H, 4.09; N, 13.18.

(*Z,Z,E*)-6-(Dimethylamino)-4-[(5-nitro-2-pyridinylamino)-1,1,1-trifluoro-3,5-hexadien-2-one (**4h**): Crystallized from 2-propanol; mp 218–220 °C; yield 82%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 1640, 1615, 1585;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 2.96 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.24 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.89 (1H, s, H-3), 6.81 (1H, d,  $J=12.5\text{ Hz}$ , H-5), 7.17, 8.44, 9.15 (3H, m, pyridinyl), 8.21 (1H, d,  $J=12.5\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 13.68 (1H, brs, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{13}\text{F}_3\text{N}_4\text{O}_2$ : C, 47.28; H, 3.97; N, 16.96. Found: C, 47.33; H, 3.98; N, 16.92.

**General Procedure for the Preparation of 2-Trifluoromethyl-4-pyridinamines 5** A solution of hexadienes **4** (0.005 mol) and ammonium acetate (0.01 mol) in dry DMF (5 ml) was gently refluxed for 1 h. After cooling, water (40 ml) was added and the resulting precipitate was filtered off, dried and crystallized to give compounds **5**.

**N-(2-Pyridinyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-4-pyridinamine (**5a**):** Crystallized from isopropyl ether/chloroform; mp 144–146 °C; yield 82%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3290, 3190, 3100, 3020, 1630, 1620;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 6.91 (2H, m, H-3', H-5'), 7.66 (1H, m, H-4'), 7.80 (1H, d,  $J=5.4\text{ Hz}$ , H-5), 8.18 (1H, s, H-3), 8.26 (1H, m, H-6'), 8.38 (1H, d,  $J=5.4\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 9.94 (1H, s, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8\text{F}_3\text{N}_3$ : C, 55.23; H, 3.37; N, 17.57. Found: C, 55.17; H, 3.38; N, 17.59.

**N-(3-Methyl-2-pyridinyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-4-pyridinamine (**5b**):** Crystallized from hexane; mp 113–115 °C; yield 85%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3470, 3330, 3180, 3090, 1610, 1590;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 2.28 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 6.93 (1H, m, H-5'), 7.56 (1H, m, H-4'), 7.95 (1H, m, H-5), 8.13 (1H, s, H-3), 8.14 (1H, d,  $J=5.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-6'), 8.40 (1H, d,  $J=6.1\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 8.78 (1H, s, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3$ : C, 56.92; H, 3.98; N, 16.59. Found: C, 56.88; H, 3.99; N, 16.61.

**N-(4-Methyl-2-pyridinyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-4-pyridinamine (**5c**):** Crystallized from ligroin; mp 137–138 °C; yield 68%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3300, 3180, 3100, 1630, 1610, 1595;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 2.23 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 6.71 (1H, s, H-3'), 6.76 (1H, d,  $J=5.4\text{ Hz}$ , H-5'), 7.79 (1H, dd,  $J=5.4$ , 2.0 Hz, H-5), 8.12 (1H, d,  $J=5.4\text{ Hz}$ , H-6'), 8.18 (1H, d,  $J=2.0\text{ Hz}$ , H-3), 8.38 (1H, d,  $J=5.4\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 9.84 (1H, s, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3$ : C, 56.92; H, 3.98; N, 16.59. Found: C, 56.96; H, 4.00; N, 16.54.

**N-(5-Methyl-2-pyridinyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-4-pyridinamine (**5d**):** Crystallized from isopropyl ether/chloroform; mp 178–180 °C; yield 83%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3280, 3180, 3100, 3040, 1630, 1610;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 2.16 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 6.83 (1H, d,  $J=8.3\text{ Hz}$ , H-3'), 7.48 (1H, dd,  $J=8.3$ , 1.9 Hz, H-4'), 7.75 (1H, m, 5-H), 8.09 (1H, s, H-6'), 8.12 (1H, d,  $J=1.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-3), 8.36 (1H, d,  $J=5.4\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 9.82 (1H, s, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3$ : C, 56.92; H, 3.98; N, 16.59. Found: C, 56.87; H, 3.97; N, 16.62.

**N-(6-Methyl-2-pyridinyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-4-pyridinamine (**5e**):** Crystallized from ethyl acetate/ligroin; mp 176–177 °C; yield 89%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3290, 3190, 3110, 3020, 1630, 1615, 1590, 1580;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 2.38 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 6.74 (2H, m, H-3', H-5'), 7.54 (1H, m, H-4'), 7.82 (1H, d,  $J=5.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-5), 8.25 (1H, s, H-3), 8.38 (1H, d,  $J=5.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 9.86 (1H, s, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3$ : C, 56.92; H, 3.98; N, 16.58.

**N-(4,6-Dimethyl-2-pyridinyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-4-pyridinamine (**5f**):** Crystallized from ligroin; mp 158–160 °C; yield 89%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3290, 3180, 3110, 1630, 1610, 1595;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 2.18 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 2.33 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 6.52, 6.60 (2H, s, H-3', H-5'), 7.81 (1H, d,  $J=5.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-5), 8.24 (1H, s, H-3), 8.37 (1H, d,  $J=5.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 9.76 (1H, s, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{12}\text{F}_3\text{N}_3$ : C, 58.43; H, 4.53; N, 15.72. Found: C, 58.38; H, 4.51; N, 15.75.

**N-(5-Chloro-2-pyridinyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-4-pyridinamine (**5g**):** Crystallized from ethyl acetate/ligroin; mp 187–188 °C; yield 98%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3290, 3180, 3090, 1630, 1605, 1580;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 6.92 (1H, d,  $J=8.8\text{ Hz}$ , H-3'), 7.74 (1H, d,  $J=8.8\text{ Hz}$ , H-4'), 7.76 (1H, d,  $J=5.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-5), 8.08 (1H, s, H-3), 8.27 (1H, s, H-6'), 8.41 (1H, d,  $J=5.9\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 10.08 (1H, s, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_7\text{ClF}_3\text{N}_3$ : C, 48.28; H, 2.58; N, 15.36. Found: C, 48.33; H, 2.57; N, 15.33.

**N-(5-Nitro-2-pyridinyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-4-pyridinamine (**5h**):** Crystallized from 2-propanol; mp 238 °C (dec.); yield 80%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3340, 3230, 1625, 1580;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 7.04 (1H, d,  $J=8.8\text{ Hz}$ , H-3'), 7.92 (1H, d,  $J=5.4\text{ Hz}$ , H-5), 8.21 (1H, s, H-3), 8.41 (1H, d,  $J=8.8\text{ Hz}$ , H-4'), 8.54 (1H, d,  $J=5.4\text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 9.12 (1H, s, H-6'), 10.74 (1H, s, NH,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_7\text{F}_3\text{N}_4\text{O}_2$ : C, 46.49; H, 2.48; N, 19.71. Found: C, 46.53; H, 2.47; N, 19.74.

**General Procedure for the Preparation of Pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidines 6a–f** A solution of hexadienes **4** (0.005 mol) in dry toluene (5 ml) was refluxed for 30 min with stirring. After cooling the resulting precipitate was filtered off and purified from crystallization to give pyridopyrimidines **6**.

**2-(Trifluoroacetyl)methylene**pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidine (**6a**): Crystallized from acetonitrile; mp 244–246 °C; yield 70%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3030, 1650, 1590;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6/\text{TMS}$ )  $\delta$ : 5.60 (1H, s, H-1'), 7.21, 7.46, 7.88, 8.39 (4H, m, Ar), 8.42, 8.50 (2H, 2d,  $J=7.8\text{ Hz}$ , H-3, H-4). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_7\text{F}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}$ : C, 55.01; H, 2.94; N, 11.66. Found: C, 55.08; H, 2.93; N, 11.62.

**9-Methyl-2-(trifluoroacetyl)methylene)pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidine (**6b**):** Crystallized from acetonitrile; mp 240–242 °C; yield 74%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3040, 1655, 1560;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ /TMS)  $\delta$ : 2.34 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.59 (1H, s, H-1'), 7.08, 7.72, 8.23 (3H, m, Ar), 8.37, 8.44 (2H, d,  $J$ =7.3 Hz, H-3, H-4). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{F}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}$ : C, 56.70; H, 3.57; N, 11.02. Found: C, 56.77; H, 3.56; N, 11.07.

**8-Methyl-2-(trifluoroacetyl)methylene)pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidine (**6c**):** Crystallized from acetonitrile; mp 248–250 °C; yield 98%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3040, 1655, 1575  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ /TMS)  $\delta$ : 2.37 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.54 (1H, s, H-1'), 7.08, 7.28, 8.28 (3H, m, Ar), 8.36, 8.42 (2H, d,  $J$ =7.8 Hz, H-3, H-4). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{F}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}$ : C, 56.70; H, 3.57; N, 11.02. Found: C, 56.76; H, 3.56; N, 11.05.

**7-Methyl-2-(trifluoroacetyl)methylene)pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidine (**6d**):** Crystallized from ethanol; mp 300 °C (dec.); yield 90%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3030, 1650, 1585;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ /TMS)  $\delta$ : 2.25 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.55 (1H, s, H-1'), 7.41, 7.77, 8.24 (3H, m, Ar), 8.38, 8.42 (2H, d,  $J$ =7.3 Hz, H-3, H-4). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{F}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}$ : C, 56.70; H, 3.57; N, 11.02. Found: C, 56.74; H, 3.58; N, 11.06.

**6-Methyl-2-(trifluoroacetyl)methylene)pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidine (**6e**):** Crystallized from 2-propanol; mp 250–252 °C; yield 71%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3040, 1640, 1600;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ /TMS)  $\delta$ : 2.64 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.58 (1H, s, H-1'), 7.14, 7.38, 7.81 (3H, m, Ar), 8.46, 8.57 (2H, d,  $J$ =7.8 Hz, H-3, H-4). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{F}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}$ : C, 56.70; H, 3.57; N, 11.02. Found: C, 56.65; H, 3.59; N, 10.98.

**6,8-Dimethyl-2-(trifluoroacetyl)methylene)pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidine (**6f**):** Crystallized from ethanol; mp 300 °C (dec.); yield 91%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3090, 1650, 1580;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ /TMS)  $\delta$ : 2.33 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 2.59 (3H, s,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.53 (1H, s, H-1'), 7.03, 7.22 (2H, s, Ar), 8.40, 8.50 (2H, d,  $J$ =7.8 Hz, H-3, H-4). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{11}\text{F}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}$ : C, 58.21; H, 4.13; N, 10.44. Found: C, 58.26; H, 4.16; N, 10.39.

#### General Procedure for the Preparation of Pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidines **6g,h**

A solution of hexadienones **4g,h** (0.005 mol) in acetic acid (2 ml) was refluxed under stirring for 30 min. After cooling the resulting precipitate was filtered off and purified from crystallization to give pyridopyrimidines **6g,h**.

**7-Chloro-2-(trifluoroacetyl)methylene)pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidine (**6g**):** Crystallized from ethanol; mp 272–274 °C; yield 92%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3020, 1660, 1645, 1600;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ /TMS)  $\delta$ : 5.60 (1H, s, H-1'), 7.44, 7.91, 8.70 (3H, m, Ar), 8.33, 8.38 (2H, d,  $J$ =7.3 Hz, H-3, H-4). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_6\text{ClF}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}$ : C, 48.11; H, 2.20; N, 10.20. Found: C, 48.16; H, 2.22; N, 10.16.

**7-Nitro-2-(trifluoroacetyl)methylene)pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidine (**6h**):** Crystallized from acetic acid; mp 252–254 °C; yield 77%; IR (Nujol)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ : 3050, 1660, 1600;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ /TMS)  $\delta$ : 5.75 (1H, s, H-1'), 7.38, 8.49, 9.60 (3H, m, Ar), 8.29, 8.49 (2H, d,  $J$ =7.8 Hz, H-3, H-4). *Anal.* Calcd for  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_6\text{F}_3\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$ : C, 46.33; H, 2.12; N, 14.73. Found: C, 46.21; H, 2.18; N, 10.16.

14.67.

#### References and Notes

- Andreani A., Leoni A., Locatelli A., Morigi R., Rambaldi M., Pietra C., Villetti G., *Eur. J. Med. Chem.*, **35**, 77–82 (2000).
- Kester J. A., Moos W. H., Thomas A. J., U.S. Patent, 4855308 [*Chem. Abstr.*, **112**, 48815c (1990)].
- Takemoto T., Eda M., Hihara M., Okada T., Sakashita H., Eiraku M., Fukaya C., Nakamura N., Sugiura M., U.S. Patent, 5371086 [*Chem. Abstr.*, **123**, 111854j (1995)].
- Prous J. R., “The Year’s Drug News,” Prous Science S. A.: Barcelona and Philadelphia, 1995.
- Effland R. C., Klein J. T., Martin L. L., Shutiske G. M., Kapples K. J., Tomer J. D., IV, U.S. Patent, 5328920 [*Chem. Abstr.*, **123**, 83210a (1995)].
- Kozlovskaya M. M., Inozemtsev A. N., Nikitin S. V., Gochmuradov A., Yakushev R. A., Chabak-Gorbach R., *Byull. Eksp. Biol. Med.*, **119**, 299–301 (1995) [*Chem. Abstr.*, **124**, 76193q (1996)].
- Vandenberk J., Kennis L., Edmond J., PCT Int. Appl. WO 95 14,691, 1995 [*Chem. Abstr.*, **123**, 340172c (1995)].
- Meszaros Z., *Kem. Kozl.*, **50**, 173–190 (1978) [*Chem. Abstr.*, **89**, 156994a (1978)].
- Ishikawa, N., “Biologically Active Organofluorine Compounds,” CMC Tokyo, 1990.
- Katsuyama I., Funabiki K., Matsui M., Muramatsu H., Shibata K., *Tetrahedron Lett.*, **37**, 4177–4178 (1996).
- Webber S. E., Bleckman T. M., Attard J., Deal J. G., Katharadekar V., Welsh K. M., *J. Med. Chem.*, **36**, 733–746 (1993).
- Okada E., Masuda R., Hojo M., *Heterocycles*, **34**, 1927–1934 (1992).
- Wamhoff H., Wintersohl H., Stoelben S., Paasch J., Zhu N.-J., Guo F., *Justus Liebigs Ann. Chem.*, **1990**, 901–911.
- Brel V. K., Abramkin E. V., Chekhlov A. N., Martynov I. V., *Dokl. Akad. Nauk. SSSR*, **312**, 619–622 (1990) [*Chem. Abstr.*, **114**, 122513n (1991)].
- Brel V. K., Abramkin E. V., *Izv. Akad. Nauk. SSSR, Ser. Khim.*, **1991**, 473–477 (1991) [*Chem. Abstr.*, **114**, 247399m (1991)].
- Lang S. A., Lin Y.-I., “Katritzky and Rees Comprehensive Heterocyclic Chemistry,” ed. by Potts K. T., Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1984, pp. 61–66, 93, 94, 100–102.
- Colla A., Martins M. A. P., Clar G., Krimmer S., Fischer P., *Synthesis*, **1991**, 483–486.
- Cocco M. T., Congiu C., Onnis V., Bernard A. M., Piras P. P., *J. Heterocyclic Chem.*, **34**, 1347–1350 (1997).
- Cocco M. T., Congiu C., Onnis V., *Tetrahedron Lett.*, **40**, 4407–4410 (1999).