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## The Mass Spectrum of 5-Phenyl-1,3,4-oxathiazol-2-one

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In the course of preparative work with trichloromethanesulphenyl chloride it was found that the reaction of either trichloromethanesulphenyl chloride or N-trichloromethanesulphenylbenzamide with benzamide in boiling dioxan

affords a product  $C_8H_5NO_2S$  (m.p.  $68\cdot5$ — $70^\circ$ , b.p. 140— $145^\circ/10$  mm. Hg)\* the structure of which can be conveniently deduced by means of mass spectrometry.

Apart from the usual aromatic fragmentation

\* The details of our synthetic work with the 1,3,4-oxathiazol-2-ones will be included in a forthcoming publication.

pattern the following peaks can be identified (the sulphur-containing fragments show the expected isotopic pattern due to <sup>34</sup>S):

| m/e | Formula                              | %   |
|-----|--------------------------------------|-----|
| 179 | $[C_8H_5NO_2S]^+$                    | 80  |
| 151 | [C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NOS]+ | 3   |
| 135 | $[C_7H_5NS]+$                        | 31  |
| 121 | [C,H,S]+                             | 3   |
| 105 | [C,H,O]+                             | 100 |
| 103 | $[C_7H_5N]+$                         | 38  |
| 46  | [NS]+                                | 40  |
| 32  | [S]+                                 | 22  |

It appears that the fragmentation mainly follows two paths, initiated by the loss of either CO<sub>2</sub> or CO (Paths 1 and 2).

Thus, the key fragment in Path 1 appears to be the ion  $[C_7H_5NS]^+$  which probably must be formulated as 3-phenylthiazirine rather than benzonitrile sulphide. The preferred breakdown

of this species is by loss of sulphur yielding the rather stable benzonitrile ion  $[C_7H_5N]^+$ , while the loss of nitrogen with formation of the thiobenzoyl ion  $[C_7H_5S]^+$  is a minor (somewhat unexpected) competing reaction.

The most interesting fragment due to Path 2 is the thionitrosyl ion  $[NS]^+$  at m/e 46.

The mass spectrum was recorded on an Atlas CH 4 apparatus.

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