

## Total Synthesis of 8,13-Diaza-steroids

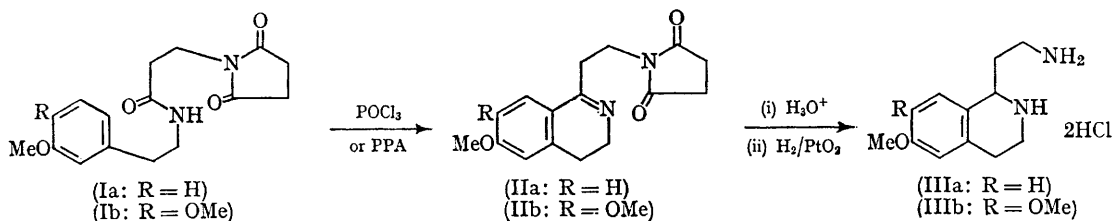
By J. H. BURCKHALTER and HANLEY N. ABRAMSON

(Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry, College of Pharmacy, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan, U.S.A.)

RECENT reports of the total synthesis of 13-aza-18-norequilenin methyl ether<sup>1</sup> prompt us to publish the total synthesis of a related 8,13-diaza-18-norœstrone system.<sup>2</sup>

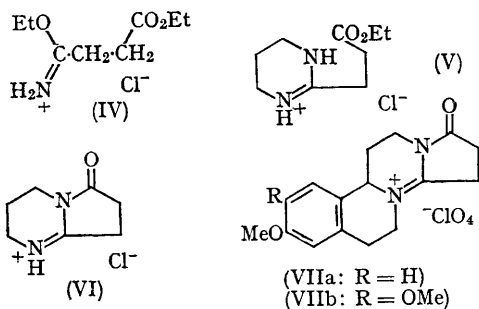
3-Succinimido-*N*-(2-arylethyl)propionamides (Ia and b) in the Bischler-Napieralski reaction yielded

above its melting point and the melt was allowed to sublime, 2,3,4,6,7,8-hexahydro-6-oxopyrrolo[1,2-*a*]pyrimidine hydrochloride (VI) was obtained, m.p. 181—182°. The infrared spectrum of (VI) revealed a medium band at 1775 cm.<sup>-1</sup>, which is attributable to the strained lactam carbonyl group, and a strong



the 3,4-dihydro-1-(2-succinimidoethyl)isoquinolines (IIa and b, m.p. 205°, decomp., and 196° decomp.), which were hydrolyzed and then catalytically reduced to the 1-(2-aminoethyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline dihydrochlorides (IIIa and b), m.p. 233° decomp., and 277° decomp.

Propane-1,3-diamines are known to react with imidate hydrochlorides to give 2-substituted tetrahydropyrimidines.<sup>3</sup> In a related model synthesis, propane-1,3-diamine was allowed to react with ethyl 3-ethoxycarbonylpropionimidate hydrochloride (IV)<sup>4</sup> to afford 2-(2-ethoxycarbonylethyl)-3,4,5,6-tetrahydropyrimidine hydrochloride (V), m.p. 194—194.5°;  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  (KBr) 1740 (ester C=O) and 1660 cm.<sup>-1</sup> (amidinium). When (V) was heated



band at 1660 cm.<sup>-1</sup>, as a result of the immonium group.

When (IIIa) and (IIIb) were separately treated with (IV) at 0° under dry CO<sub>2</sub>-free nitrogen, the 3-methoxy-8,13-diazagona-1,3,5(10),8(14)-tetraen-17-ones (VIIa and b) were isolated in a single step procedure as the perchlorates, m.p. 231—232° decomp., and 276—277° decomp. Strained lactam

carbonyl (1775 cm.<sup>-1</sup>) and immonium (1660 cm.<sup>-1</sup>) absorption were demonstrated as in the case of (VI).

Further synthetic studies involving (II) and (VII) are being pursued.

(Received, October 10th, 1966; Com. 766.)

<sup>1</sup> A. J. Birch and G. S. R. Subba Rao, *J. Chem. Soc.*, 1965, 3007; S. V. Kessar, M. Singh, and A. Kumar, *Tetrahedron Letters*, 1965, 3245.

<sup>2</sup> Extracted from the Ph.D. thesis of H. N. Abramson, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan, U.S.A., 1966.

<sup>3</sup> J. A. Faust, A. Mori, and M. Sahyun, *J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, 1959, **81**, 2214.

<sup>4</sup> M. Protiva, V. Rericka, and J. O. Jilek, *Chem. listy*, 1950, **44**, 231.