

Novel Synthesis of Benzo[*a*]carbazole and Oxazolo[5,4-*b*]quinoline Ring Systems from Aromatic Nitro-compounds with Triethyl Phosphite

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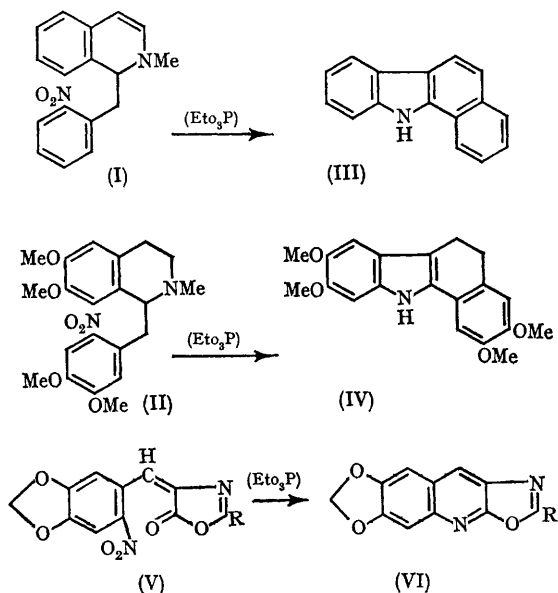
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MANY investigations of the reductive cyclisation of nitro-compounds with triethyl phosphite have been carried out. We report some novel cyclisation reactions. 1-(2-Nitrobenzyl)isoquinoline derivatives were converted into benzo[*a*]carbazole derivatives by elimination of N-Me group and 4-(4,5-methylenedioxy-2-nitrobenzylidene)oxazolones into oxazolo[5,4-*b*]quinoline derivatives in which the ring was closed at the nitrogen in a conjugated ϵ -position.

Treatment of 1,2-dihydro-2-methyl-1-(2-nitrobenzyl)isoquinoline (I)² (1 mol.) and 6'-nitrolaudanosine³ (II) (1 mol.) with triethyl phosphite (5 mol.) at 160–165° for 20 hr. in a current of nitrogen afforded the benzo[*a*]carbazole (III), m.p. 226–227° (lit.,⁴ m.p. 228°), (37%) *m/e*: 217 (*M*⁺), ν_{\max} (KBr) 3430 cm.⁻¹, δ (p.p.m.) (in Me₂SO) 7.10–8.65 (10 H, m, aromatic protons), 12.12 (1 H, s, NH proton, disappeared with D₂O), and 5,6-dihydro-2,3,8,9-tetramethoxybenzo[*a*]carbazole (IV), m.p. 202°, (38.5%) *m/e*: 339 (*M*⁺), ν_{\max} (KBr) 3400 cm.⁻¹, δ (p.p.m.) (in CDCl₃) 3.08 (2H, t, *J* 8 c./sec., C(6)-methylene protons), 3.87 (3H, s, OMe), 3.90 (3H, s, OMe), 3.92 (6H, s, 2 OMe), 4.13 (2H, t, *J* 8 c./sec., C(5)-methylene protons), 6.62 (1H, s, NH proton, disappeared with D₂O), 6.74, 6.80, 7.08, and 7.20 (4H, 4 s, aromatic protons).

Similar treatment of 2-phenyl- (V; R = Ph) and 2-methyl-4-(2-nitro-4,5-methylenedioxybenzylidene)oxazolone (V; R = Me) afforded 2-phenyl-6,7-methylenedioxyoxazolo[5,4-*b*]quinoline (VI; R = Ph), m.p. 270.5°, (57%) *m/e*: 290 (*M*⁺), ν_{\max} (KBr) 1635 cm.⁻¹, δ (p.p.m.) (in CF₃CO₂H) 6.38 (2H, s, methylenedioxy-protons), 7.64 (2H, s,

aromatic protons), 7.81 (3H, br s, aromatic protons), 8.35 (2H, m, aromatic protons), 9.20 (1H,



s, C(9)-proton) and 2-methyl-6,7-methylenedioxyoxazolo[5,4-*b*]quinoline (VI; R = Me), m.p. 200–202°, (45%) *m/e*: 228 (*M*⁺), ν_{\max} (CHCl₃) 1633 cm.⁻¹, δ (p.p.m.) (in CF₃CO₂H) 2.91 (3H, s, C(2)-Me protons), 6.32 (2H, s, methylenedioxy-protons), 7.56 (2H, s, aromatic protons), 9.08 (1H, s, C(9)-proton).

These reactions might proceed through the nitrene intermediate, but the mechanism of these

reactions and application to the other compounds are now under examination.

(Received, March 26th, 1968; Com. 379.)

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² J. A. Weisbach, C. Burns, E. Macko, and B. Douglas, *J. Medicin. Chem.*, 1963, **6**, 91. These authors assigned erroneously compound (I) to 1-benzal-2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline. Reinvestigating this compound, we concluded that it has the structure (I) from the spectral points of view.

³ R. D. Haworth, W. H. Perkins, jun., and J. Rankin, *J. Chem. Soc.*, 1925, **127**, 2018.

⁴ C. S. Barns, K. H. Pausacker, and W. E. Badcock, *J. Chem. Soc.*, 1951, 730.