The Co-ordinating Effect of an Ether Oxygen in the 2-Metallation of Ferrocenes¹

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Summary Carbinol ethers of type (III) are obtained via 2-metallation of alkoxymethylferrocenes, followed by condensation with benzophenone.

WE have recently reported on the directed 2-metallation of dimethylaminomethylferrocene (I),² dimethylaminoethylferrocene,³ and N-alkylferrocenecarboxamides.⁴ Similar results had earlier been obtained for the corresponding derivatives of benzene, namely, dimethylbenzylamine,⁵ β -phenethyldimethylamine^{3b,6} and N-methylbenzamide.⁷ Interpretation of the 2-disposition of metallation involved



the postulation in the case of dimethylaminomethylferrocene (I) of lithio-intermediates such as $(I')^2$ where the nitrogen atom stabilized the 2-lithiated species by means of a co-ordinated ring structure.

Only scattered information is available on the direction of metallation by atoms other than nitrogen. For oxygen, early studies of lithiation of benzyl-type ethers led to reports of both Wittig rearrangement and 2-metallation products.8 The lithiation of certain benzyl ethers has recently been re-examined with the aid of modern techniques;9 no 2-metallation products were found but, where appropriate, the Wittig rearrangement was observed. Benzyl alcohol and related compounds are known to undergo 2-lithiation.8,10

A successful demonstration of the co-ordinating ability of the oxygen atom in metallation (intermediate II') was demonstrated in the lithiation of ethoxymethylferrocene (IIa). The reaction of this compound with 1.5 equiv. of n-butyl-lithium and condensation with benzophenone yielded 62% † of 2-substituted product (IIIa). Its structure was confirmed by its identity with a sample of the known compound prepared by a route involving the 2-metallation of amine (\hat{I}) .^{$\pm \hat{n}$} The scheme outlines both routes used in the synthesis of carbinol ether (IIIa).

A similar product (IIIb), m.p. 109-111°, was obtained in 90% yield (51% conversion) when methoxymethylferrocene (IIb) was metallated with n-butyl-lithium and condensed with benzophenone. Absorption spectra supported the assigned structure. An i.r. spectrum (Nujol) showed absorptions at 3.05, 8.05, 9.00, and 9.95 μ m., the last two bands indicative of homoannular substitution.12 An n.m.r. spectrum exhibited a 3-proton singlet at τ 6.90 (CH_3) , a complex 10-proton signal at $\tau 2.85$ (phenyls) and a 5-proton singlet at τ 5.72 (C₅H₅ ring). The remaining six protons of the spectrum lay in a very broad and complex absorption from τ 5.8 to 6.8.

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Yields are based on unrecovered starting material.

t The usual criteria for identity of samples were satisfactorily met.

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