Partial Synthesis of Mexicanolide from 7-Oxo-7-deacetoxykhivorin

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Summary 7-Oxo-7-deacetoxykhivorin has been transformed into the diene-lactone (XI), a postulated biogenetic precursor of the bicyclonanolide group of tetranortriterpenoids, which when treated with very mild base readily undergoes intramolecular Michael addition to give mexicanolide (XII). system, found in the bicyclononanolide group of tetranortriterpenoids, arises from an intact skeletal type (I) by cleavage of ring B followed by Michael addition of a carbanion at C-2 to the diene-lactone system (II) to give (III). We now report a partial synthesis of mexicanolide^{3,3} (XII) from 7-oxo-7-deacetoxykhivorin (IV) by a route which mirrors *in vitro* the above biogenetic reactions.

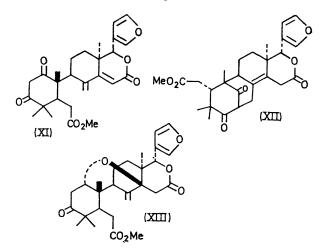
It has been suggested¹ that the bicyclo[3,3,1]nonane ring

7-Oxo-7-deacetoxykhivorin (IV) was oxidised under

Baeyer-Villiger conditions with AcO_2H to the ϵ -lactone (V)

MeO₂C (111) (I) (口) CO₂Me OAc OAc 'n Ac0 AcO Ò (V) (IV) 0Ac OH Ac₀ R (VI) R=H ĊO₂R (VII) R=Me CO₂Me (VIII) R=H,~-OAc $R = H_{\gamma} \propto - OH$ (IXI) (X) R= 0

m.p. 308°. In mild base the ϵ -lactone ring opened to give the hydroxy-acid (VI) whose methyl ester (VII) m.p. 259-266° $[\nu_{max}~(CHCl_3)~3590~\text{cm}^{-1}]$ was converted into the exomethylene derivative (VIII) m.p. 197-199° [n.m.r. δ 5·06, 5.4 (CH₂ <)] in good yield with thionyl chloride. Mild alkaline hydrolysis of the acetate groups of (VIII) yielded the corresponding diol (IX) as a gum which was oxidised with Jones' reagent to the β -diketone (X) m.p. 177–181° $[\lambda_{max} \ 261 \text{ nm} \ (\epsilon \ 9300); \text{ n.m.r. } \delta \ 3.89 \ (s) \ C-2 \ methylene].$ The epoxide ring of (X) was readily removed with chromium(II) chloride to give the desired diene-lactone precursor (XI) m.p. $172-176^{\circ}$ $[\lambda_{max} 262 \text{ nm} (\epsilon 9000)]$. When stirred in chloroform in the presence of a few drops of aqueous sodium bicarbonate (XI) underwent ready intramolecular cyclisation (see II) to mexicanolide (XII), m.p. 221-226°, identical in all respects to the natural material.



A similar transformation of 7-oxo-7-deacetoxykhivorin (IV) into methyl angolensate (XIII) has been reported.4

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