## Stereospecific Total Synthesis of $(\pm)$ - $\alpha$ -Amorphene

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Summary The total synthesis of  $(\pm)$ - $\alpha$ -amorphene (zizanene) (1) has been achieved stereospecifically in six steps from the known ketone, 1-methylbicyclo[2,2,2]oct-2-en-6-one (3).

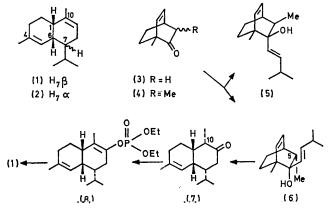
A GREAT deal of interest in recent years has centred on bicyclic sesquiterpenes with a cadinane skeleton whose carbocyclic rings are *cis*-fused. These compounds are classified into two groups, according to the configuration of the isopropyl group relative to the ring junction, and are exemplified by  $\alpha$ -amorphene (1)<sup>1</sup> and  $\alpha$ -muurolene (2)<sup>2</sup>. The oxy-Cope rearrangement has previously been applied to the synthesis of *cis*-octalones from vinyl-<sup>3</sup> and isopropenyl-<sup>4</sup> bicyclo[2,2,2]octenols. We now describe the total synthesis of ( $\pm$ )- $\alpha$ -amorphene by a route whose key step was the stereospecific introduction of all three chiral centres in one step by an oxy-Cope rearrangement of (**6**).

Our starting material was the known<sup>5</sup> 1-methylbicyclo-[2,2,2]oct-2-en-6-one (3), which we prepared in 60% yield from 1-methylcyclohexa-1,3-diene,<sup>6</sup> by Diels-Alder reaction with  $\alpha$ -chloroacrylonitrile, followed by treatment of the 9:1 mixture of epimeric chloronitriles<sup>†</sup> with ethanolic sodium sulphide.<sup>7</sup>

The hydroxymethylene derivative of (3) was prepared by a standard method<sup>8</sup> and converted into the epimers (4)<sup>†</sup> (3:1, endo:exo) with methyl iodide in a methanolic solution of sodium methoxide followed by hydrolysis. A Grignard reaction between (4) and four equivalents of *trans*-3-methylbut-1-enyl bromide (prepared from *cis*-4-methylpent-2enoic acid<sup>9</sup> by successive bromination and decarboxylation-

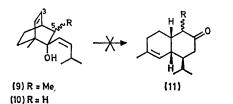
† This product gave correct microanalysis for carbon and hydrogen.

dehydrobromination<sup>10</sup>) in tetrahydrofuran afforded in 85%yield a 3:1 mixture<sup>†</sup> of the allylic alcohols (5) and (6). Chromatography of this mixture on basic alumina gave fractions greatly enriched in (6) which, when heated at 300° *in vacuo* for 1 h, underwent the expected suprafacial [3,3]



sigmatropic reaction to give ketone (7) as an oil<sup>†</sup> ( $\nu_{max}$  1715 cm<sup>-1</sup>) in 60% yield from (6). The configuration of the C(10)-methyl in (7) is uncertain, although it had no bearing on the successful outcome of the synthesis. The relative configuration at C(5) in (6) should have been retained during the oxy-Cope rearrangement and have given rise to an axial C(10)-methyl in (7) as depicted, but (7) was recovered unchanged after treatment with methanolic sodium methoxide.

Titration of a solution of (7) in glyme with a solution of potassium triphenylmethide<sup>11</sup> in the same solvent, followed by addition of diethyl phosphorochloridate,12,13 gave the enol phosphate (8) which was purified by chromatography on silica gel. Reduction of (8) in ether-t-butyl alcohol (1:1)



with an excess of lithium in liquid ammonia<sup>14</sup> afforded  $(\pm)$ - $\alpha$ amorphene (1)<sup>†</sup> whose i.r., <sup>1</sup>H n.m.r., and mass spectra, and g.l.c. behaviour, were identical with those of a natural sample of  $(+)-\alpha$ -amorphene.

The carbinol (9) with a cis side-chain might have been expected to furnish  $(\pm)$ - $\alpha$ -muurolene (2) by a similar sequence. However, preliminary experiments with the oxy-Cope rearrangement of the demethyl analogue (10) gave only aromatic compounds and no trace of octalone (11) (R=H) under a variety of thermolytic conditions. It is noteworthy that there is considerable steric crowding between the olefinic bridge and the isopropyl group when the side-chain of (10) [but not of (6)] is forced to adopt a conformation favourable for a concerted rearrangement.

We thank Dr. E. Klein for a sample of  $(+)-\alpha$ -amorphene. Dr. N. H. Andersen for copies of the i.r., <sup>1</sup>H n.m.r., and mass spectra of zizanene and  $\alpha$ -muurolene, and Dr. N. A. J. Rogers for a sample of the 2,4-DNP of ketone (3). We are grateful for the award of a Commonwealth Postgraduate Scholarship to R.P.G.

## (Received, 17th May 1973; Com. 696.)

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