X-ray Analysis of Tri-N-methylfrangulanine Methiodide

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Summary The crystal structure of a peptide alkaloid derivative, tri-N-methylfrangulanine methiodide, is reported.

FRANGULANINE is a peptide alkaloid,¹ with a 14-membered ring, whose structure has been established chemically.² We have now elucidated the crystal structure of a derivative of frangulanine, which was isolated from *Hovenia dulcis* Thunb,³ (Rhamnaceae). Methylation of frangulanine with methyl iodide gave tri-*N*-methylfrangulanine methiodide, m.p. 242—244°, $C_{32}H_{53}N_4O_4I$, crystallizing in space group $P2_12_12_1$ with $a = 8\cdot826$, $b = 49\cdot950$, $c = 8\cdot296$ Å and Z = 4. The intensity data were collected using Cu- K_{α} radiation and an automatic four-circle diffractometer, and 1383 reflections were observed. The structure was solved by the heavy atom method and the current R index is $10\cdot1\%$.



The stereochemistry of the β -hydroxyleucine group was confirmed to be the *erythro* form and a twisted correlation between the benzene ring and the neighbouring double bond was shown.

(Received, 3rd June 1974; Com. 633.)

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