cis-trans-Isomerism in a Co-ordinated Monothio-β-diketone: X-Ray Structure of Tetraethylammonium Monothiothenoyltrifluoroacetonatopentacarbonyltungstate(0)

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Summary X-ray structure analysis has shown that the anion monothiothenoyltrifluoroacetonatopentacarbonyl-tungstate(o) (I) is the first metal complex in which a β -diketone type of ligand has been observed in its *trans*-isomeric form.

MONOTHIO- β -DIKETONES have been shown to form pentacarbonyls with the zerovalent metals of group VIA. They behave as monodentate sulphur donors with considerable localization of the π -electron density of the ligand skeleton.¹ In the title compound the *cis*-configuration of the coordinated ligand (II), hitherto observed in all metal complexes of β -diketones and monothio- β -diketones, appeared to lead to considerable steric interaction with the carbonyl groups. X-ray structure analysis shows that the ligand has avoided this by adopting the *trans*-isomeric form (I).





FIGURE. The structure of the complex anion $[W(CO)_5(C_8H_4-OF_3S_2)]^-$ showing the principal bond lengths (e.s.d.'s in parentheses).

The only previous report of the *trans*-configuration of the co-ordinated ligand is for trimethylsiliconacetylacetonate which exists in solution as a mixture of the *cis*- and *trans*-isomers.² It is of interest that the formation of the tetra-

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carbonyl complex (III) by heating a solution of (I)³ must involve isomerisation of the ligand from the trans- to the cis-form.

Orange-brown crystals of $C_{21}H_{24}NO_6F_3S_2W$ are orthorhombic, spacegroup C 222₁, a = 8.82, b = 18.62, c = 31.99Å, $D_m = 1.69$, Z = 8, $D_c = 1.71$ g. cm⁻³. Solution and refinement of the structure was based on 2559 unique reflections, $I/\Delta I \ge 3.0$, recorded on a Picker FACS-1 fully automated four-circle diffractometer using graphite-crystal monochromated $Cu-K_{\alpha}$ radiation. Block-diagonal leastsquares refinement (F isotropic, W,S,C,O anisotropic) using

the absorption correction data ($\mu = 102.5 \text{ cm}^{-1}$) has given an R value of 0.044.

The structure of the complex anion and the relevant bond lengths are shown in the Figure. This clearly shows the unusual isomeric form of the ligand, with the co-ordinated sulphur atom S(1) trans to the carbonyl group C(2)-O(1)about the bond C(3)-C(4).

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