Novel Synthesis of $\Delta^{5(10)}$ -6-Oxo-steroids

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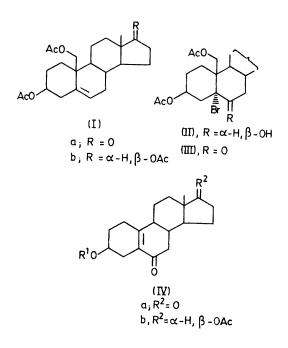
Summary A novel synthesis of estr-5(10)-en-6-ones is achieved by base-induced heterolytic fragmentation of 19-acetoxy- 5α -bromo-6-oxosteroids in good yield.

In our projected work connected with the possible fragmentation of steroids to prostanoids, we needed to prepare estr-5(10)-en-6-ones. After unsuccessful exploratory attempts to adapt the published procedures,¹ we developed a simple method for obtaining these intermediates by mild alkaline heterolytic fragmentation² of 19-acetoxy- 5α -bromo-6-oxo-steroids, resulting in simultaneous loss of the C(19)-acetoxy and 5α -bromo-functions, apparently involving hydrolysis of the acetoxy group followed by deformylative-debromination.

Reactions of the 3β , 19-diacetate (Ia)³ with N-bromosuccinimide in aqueous ether containing perchloric acid, led to the formation of the fairly unstable bromohydrin (II) which was easily oxidized with Jones reagent to the bromoketone (III). Treatment of the latter with boiling sodium carbonate solutions (20%) in methanol gave the required $\Delta^{5(10)}$ -6-ketone (IVa, R¹=H)[†] in good yield (35-40%), m.p. 220–222 °C; ν_{max} (CHCl_3) 3300, 1725, 1650, and 1615 cm⁻¹; δ (CDCl₃) 0.85 (s, 18-Me) and 3.45 (m, 3 α -H). The compound was further characterised by its acetate, † m.p. 148–149 °C; ν_{max} (Nujol) 1725, 1655, 1615, and 1240 cm $^{-1}$; $\delta(\text{CDCl}_3)$ 0.85 (s, 18-Me), 2.1 (s, 3-acetate), and 3.45 (m, 3 α -H); λ_{max} (EtOH) 250 nm (ϵ , 13000).

The 3β , 17β , 19-triacetate (Ib) was similarly transformed into the $\Delta^{5(10)}$ -6-one (IVb, R¹=Ac).

† The compounds gave satisfactory elemental analyses.



(Received, 26th July 1976; Com. 851.)

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³ J. Kalvoda, H. Heusler, G. Ueberwasser, G. Anner, and A. Wettstein, Helv. Chim. Acta., 1963, 46, 1361.