

Convenient Synthesis of Allenyl Sulphides; Application to the Synthesis of $\alpha\beta$ -Unsaturated Ketones†

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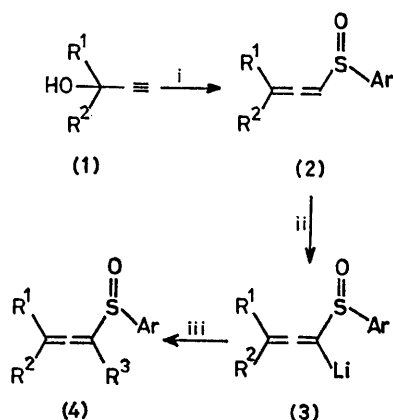
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Summary P_2S_5 in methylene chloride containing pyridine reduces allenyl phenyl sulphoxides to sulphides; the difficult hydrolysis of the latter is eased by the introduc-

tion of a methoxy group into the benzene ring and this method then becomes a practicable synthesis of $\alpha\beta$ -unsaturated ketones.

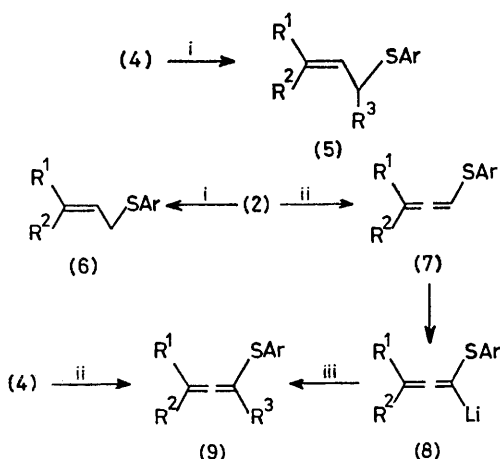
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ALLENYL 'SULPHOXIDES (2)¹ are easily made from propynyl alcohols and benzenesulphenyl chloride.¹ We find that the sulphoxides (2) are readily metallated with *n*-butyl-lithium



SCHEME 1. i, PhSCl or *p*-MeOC₆H₄SCl, Et₃N, Et₂O, -20 to -30 °C; ii, BuⁿLi, Et₂O, -78 °C; iii, electrophile, *e.g.*, MeI, RCHO, R₂CO.

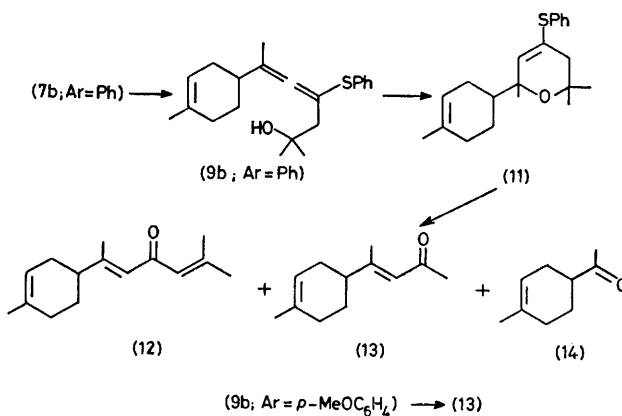
in ether, and are then alkylated with a variety of electrophiles (Scheme 1). However, reaction of the lithium derivative (3) with epoxides is sluggish, and to make the



SCHEME 2. i, LiAlH₄, Et₂O; ii, P₂S₅, C₆H₅N, CH₂Cl₂, 20 °C; iii, electrophile, *e.g.*, MeI, RCHO, R₂CO, RCHCH₂O, R₂CCH₂O.

organolithium reagents more nucleophilic, the oxygen atom was removed. Lithium aluminium hydride in ether reduced the allenyl sulphoxides (2) and (4) to the allyl sulphides (6) and (5) in almost quantitative yield (hence an equivalent of exclusively α -alkylation in allyl systems). P₂S₅ in dry methylene chloride containing pyridine^{2†} at room temperature or below gave in good yield the corresponding synthetically useful³ allenyl sulphides (7) from (2) (Scheme 2 and Table), which were converted into their lithium derivatives⁴ (8) with *n*-butyl-lithium in tetrahydrofuran (THF) at -80 °C. These reacted readily with a variety of electrophiles, including now epoxides.

For example, the allenyl phenyl sulphide (7b; Ar = Ph) after treatment with *n*-butyl-lithium in THF opened isobutylene oxide to give the alcohol (9b; Ar = Ph) (Scheme 3). Toluene-*p*-sulphonic acid in THF cyclised



SCHEME 3

(9b; Ar = Ph) to (11) which was converted into atlantone⁵ (12) (10:1, *trans*:*cis*) with mercuric chloride in wet acetonitrile.⁶ However, the yield in the last step was only 35% [accompanied by the diene (13) and 4-acetyl-1-methylcyclohexene (14) from reversed aldol condensations], and several other syntheses were thwarted by the difficulty in hydrolysis of phenylthio-olefins,⁷ and -allenes. Of several alternatives to the phenylthio group the *o*- and *p*-methoxyphenylthio⁸ were more successful.

Thus treatment of the allenyl sulphide (7b; Ar = *p*-MeOC₆H₄) in THF with *n*-butyl-lithium at -80 °C followed by addition of methyl iodide gave the sulphide (9b; Ar = *p*-

TABLE

Compd.	Sulphoxide (2)		% Yield of sulphide (7)	
	R ¹	R ²	Ar=Ph	Ar= <i>p</i> -MeOC ₆ H ₄
a	Me	Me	91	82
b	Me	4-Methylcyclohex-3-enyl	69	65
c		-[CH ₂] ₆	88	—
d	H	H	58	—
e	Me ₂ C=CHCH ₂ CH	Me	58	61
	Me	H	84	—

† P₂S₅ reduction without pyridine (necessary here) has been applied to rather more stable systems (R. D. Baechler, S. K. Daley, B. Daly, and K. McGlynn, *Tetrahedron Letters*, 1978, 101).

§ The required *o*- and *p*-methoxybenzenesulphenyl chlorides were made by reaction of the methoxyphenyl Grignard reagent with sulphur and treatment of the resulting disulphide with chlorine.

MeOC₆H₄). Reaction of this compound with 1 equiv. of from the corresponding phenylthioallene (**9b**; Ar = Ph). mercuric chloride in wet acetonitrile at room temperature gave *cis*- and *trans*-(**13**) in 68% yield, compared with 8%

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⁴ L. Brandsma, C. Jonker, and M. H. Berg, *Rec. Trav. chim.*, 1965, **84**, 560.

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⁶ E. J. Corey and J. I. Shulman, *J. Org. Chem.*, 1970, **35**, 777.

⁷ A. J. Mura, G. Majetich, P. A. Grieco, and T. Cohen, *Tetrahedron Letters*, 1975, 4437.