A Simple, One-flask Synthesis of Pentaco-ordinate Phosphoranes

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Summary In a synthesis capable of extension, 2-phenyl-1,3,2-dioxaphospholan reacts at room temperature with phenyl azide followed by diols, o-dihydroxyarenes, or o-hydroxythiophenol to give phosphoranes (68-100%) including the first isolated phosphoranes containing 7- and 8-membered alicyclic rings, i.e. 2,2-ethylenedioxy-2phenyl-1,3,2-dioxaphosph(v)epan and 2,2-ethylenedioxy-2-phenyl-1,3,2-dioxaphosph(v)ocan.

WE here report a simple and convenient one-flask synthesis of pentaco-ordinate phosphoranes, e.g. (2), from tervalent phosphorus reagents, hydroxy-compounds, and azidobenzene.

We have observed^{1,2} that vicinal- or o-azidohydroxy compounds, and related bifunctional azides react with phosphorus(III) reagents to give phosphoranes (e.g. Scheme in the preceding Communication²) via intramolecular addition of the $XO^{\delta-}\cdots H^{\delta+}$ unit across the iminophosphorane (P=N) bond. We argued therefore that analogous intermolecular addition should also occur $[R_3^3P=NR^1+R^2OH\rightarrow R_3^3P(OR^2)NHR^1]$, and that further reaction via displacement of the amino group (R¹NH) by R2OH should then lead to a new route to phosphoranes $[R_3^3P(OR^2)NHR^1 + R^2OH \rightarrow R_3^3P(OR^2)_2].$

We now report the realisation of this expectation. Thus, reaction under nitrogen of 2-phenyl-1,3,2-dioxaphospholan (1) in dry dichloromethane with phenyl azide (1 mol equiv.) over 10 min at room temperature followed by rapid addition of catechol (1 mol equiv.) in ether gave a quantitative conversion (by ³¹P n.m.r.) into the phosphorane (2h). Reaction as in the Scheme is assumed. Removal of the solvent and aniline (78% recovery) at 0.05 mmHg, followed by crystallisation from ether afforded the pure phosphorane (71%), m.p. and mixed m.p. 113—115 °C (31P δ – 14·32 p.p.m.; CDCl₃).† The seven phosphoranes (2a—g) were produced (68-100%) similarly. Of particular interest are the phosphoranes (2c) and (2d); the former (m.p. 70-72 °C; ^{31}P δ $-30\cdot15$ p.p.m.; CDCl₃) is the first isolated alicyclic phosphorane containing a seven-membered ring³ while the latter is the first isolated phosphorane containing an eightmembered ring. Compound (2d), an oil with the expected ¹³C n.m.r. spectrum and exact mass spectrum,† exhibits two ³¹P resonances in CDCl₃ ($\delta - 36.14$ and -36.46 p.p.m.)

SCHEME

which we attribute to the presence of two equilibrating conformers. In accordance with this a variable temperature n.m.r. experiment in o-dichlorobenzene led to coalescence to a single ³¹P resonance at $\delta - 36.29$ p.p.m. at ca. 120 °C.

Also produced in this way is the monothio analogue of (2h) [74%; m.p. 96—97 °C; ³¹P δ +4.73 p.p.m.; CDCl₃] from o-hydroxythiophenol.

Preliminary experiments using 31P reveal that the reaction is capable of extension to produce less stable phosphoranes, e.g. by the use of ethanol, phenol, or o-aminophenol in place of the above diols or dihydroxybenzenes.

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† All isolated phosphoranes had the expected elemental analysis and mass spectra.

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