





## Please Bother Us

One of our greatest assets is the esteem in which so many of our customers hold us. They know that we truly care, and this is reflected in our service and in our communications with chemists around the world. That care is mutual as many of our customers reciprocate by suggesting new compounds. As a result, Aldrich offers more new building blocks and reagents than any other company in the world. Here are just a few examples.

Prof. F.A. Cotton at Texas A & M University and Prof. S. Lippard at M.I.T. suggested that we offer the important ligands, 1,4,7-triazacyclononane and its trimethyl derivative.

Yang, R.; Zompa, L.J. *Inorg. Chem.* **1976**, *15*, 1499. Geralde, C.F.G.C. *et al. ibid.* **1985**, *24*, 3876.

31,130-8 1,4,7-Triazacyclononane, 97% (1) 100mg \$17.50; 500mg \$58.00 31,129-4 1,4,7-Trimethyl-1,4,7-triazacyclononane, 99% (2)

100mg \$19.50; 500mg \$64.25

Prof. B. Trost, when at the University of Wisconsin, suggested that we offer 2-chloromethyl-3-trimethylsilyl-1-propene, a useful [3+2] annulation reagent.

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH_2=C} - \operatorname{CH_2SiMe_3} \\ \operatorname{CH_2CI} \end{array}$$

Knapp, S.; O'Connor, O.; Mobile, D. Tetrahedron Lett. 1980, 21, 4557.

31,834-5 2-Chloromethyl-3-trimethyl-silyl-1-propene, 97% 1g \$18.00 5g \$60.00

Prof. S.D. Darling at the University of Akron suggested an important dienophile, *trans*-4-diphenylphosphinyl-3-buten-2-one.

Darling, S.D.; Brandes, S.J. J. Org. Chem. 1982, 47, 1413.

31,022-0 trans-4-Diphenylphosphinyl-3buten-2-one, 98% 1g \$7.00 5g \$22.00

Prof. R.H. Mitchell at the University of Victoria suggested an interesting synthetic building block for trisubstituted benzenes.

Krizan, T.D.; Martin, J.C. J. Org. Chem. 1982, 47, 2681

31,099-9 2,6-Dicyanotoluene, 97% 5g \$18.00; 25g \$60.00

Prof. Ralph Raphael at Cambridge University made three really useful suggestions:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Me}_3 \text{SIOK} & \text{KF/CaF}_2 \\ & 1 & \text{CN} & 2 \\ & & & | \\ & & \text{Me}_2 \text{CHNCHMe}_2 \\ & & & 3 \end{array}$$

(1) An organic-solvent-soluble, completely anhydrous KOH equivalent.

Laganis, E.D.; Chenard, B.L. Tetrahedron Lett. 1984, 25, 5831.

## 32,486-8 Potassium trimethylsilanolate 25g \$10.00; 100g \$25.00

- (2) A new fluorinating agent developed simultaneously in England and Japan. Clark, J.H.; Hyde, A.J.; Smith, D.K. Chem. Commun. 1986, 791. Ichihara, J.; Matsuo, T.; Hanafusa, T.; Ando, T. ibid. 1986, 793.
- (3) A stable, easily handled liquid reagent useful for the cyanation of organometallics. Crossley, R.; Shepherd R.G. J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1 1985, 2479.

21,382-9 Diisopropylcyanamide, 97 + % 50g \$14.05; 250g \$44.25

Prof. B.D. Hammock at the University of California at Davis suggested *cis*-stilbene oxide as a substrate for microsomal and cytosolic epoxide hydrolases, and for monitoring epoxide hydrolase activity.

Hammock, B.D. et al. Methods Enzymol. 1985, 3, 303.

30,832-3 cis-Stilbene oxide, 97% 1g \$19.50; 5g \$65.00

Dr. P.S. Jones at Imperial College in London suggested phenyl trimethylsilylmethyl sulfone for the preparation of vinyl sulfones from carbonyl compounds.

Craig, D.; Ley, S.V.; Simpkins, N.S. (Imperial College) and Whitham, G.D.; Prior, M.J. (Oxford University). *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. I*, **1985**, 1949.

30,674-6 Phenyl trimethylsilylmethyl sulfone, 98% 5g \$8.25; 25g \$28.25 Prof. William Plachy at San Francisco State University suggested di-tert-butyl nitroxide, recently used in a spectral study of nitroxide solvation in pure and mixed solvents.

Symons, M.C.R.; Pena-Nunez, A.S. *J. Chem. Soc.*, *Faraday Trans. 1*, **1985**, *81*, 2421.

30,072-1 Di-tert-butyl nitroxide 250mg \$10.05; 1g \$26.95

Prof. S.M. Weinreb of the Pennsylvania State University suggested an interesting protecting reagent.

Me<sub>3</sub>SiCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>Na

Weinreb, S.M.; Demko, D.M.; Lessen, T.A. Tetrahedron Lett. 1986, 27, 2099.

30,793-9 2-Trimethylsilylethanesulfonic acid, sodium salt 1g \$8.10; 5g \$27.00

Prof. Jacques Kagan at the University of Illinois at Chicago suggested 2,2':5',2''terthiophene ( $\alpha$ -terthienyl), a natural product occurring in marigold, which displays enhanced nematocidal and antibiotic activity in the presence of UV light.

Kagan, J. et al. J. Org. Chem. 1982, 47, 2201. Kagan, J.; Arora, S.K. Tetrahedron Lett. 1983, 24, 4043. Wynberg, H.; Metselaar, J. Synth. Commun. 1984, 14, 1.

31,107-3 2,2':5',2''-Terthiophene, 99% 250mg \$18.50; 1g \$51.00

Prof. A.G. Davies at University College in London suggested that we offer biphenylene (1) of interest in the study of esr spectra; it was used recently in a study of electron-transfer rates between aromatics in a rigid solid.

1

Miller, J.R.; Beitz, J.V.; Huddleston, R.K. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1984, 106, 5057.

32,195-8 Biphenylene, 99% (1) 100mg \$12.00

Also available:

32,441-8 2-Biphenylenecarboxylic acid, 97% 100mg \$16.00 32,439-6 2-Acetylbiphenylene, 98%

100mg \$14.00

Naturally, we made them. It was no bother at all, just a pleasure to be able to help.



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