

## A Convenient Method for Synthesis of Novel Cyclic Ethers (1R, 2R, 3R, 5S, 7S, 9R, 12R)-3-(*t*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy-7-methoxymethoxy-2, 10-dimethyl-12-oxatricyclo [7.2.1.0<sup>5,12</sup>] dodecane

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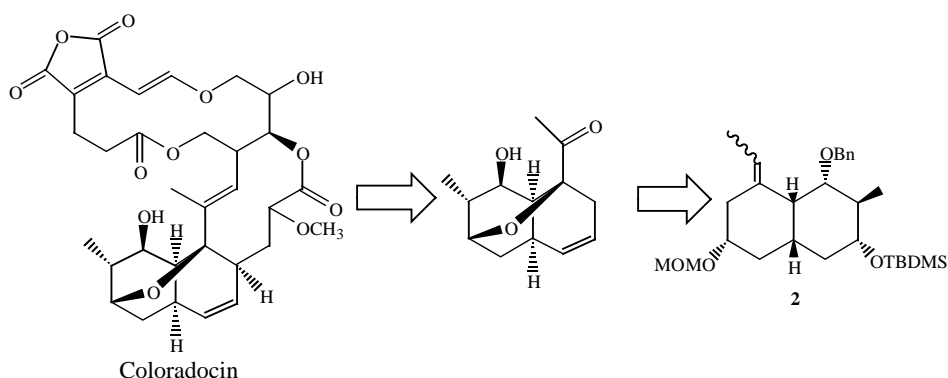
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**Abstract:** Novel cyclic esters (1R, 2R, 3R, 5S, 7S, 9R, 12R)-3-(*t*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy-7-methoxymethoxy-2, 10-dimethyl-12-oxatricyclo [7.2.1.0<sup>5,12</sup>] dodecane were prepared when their precursor **1** was treated with SOCl<sub>2</sub>/pyridine. A plausible mechanism was hypothesized.

**Keywords:** (1R, 2R, 3R, 5S, 7S, 9R, 12R)-3-(*t*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy-7-methoxymethoxy-2, 10-dimethyl-12-oxatricyclo [7.2.1.0<sup>5,12</sup>] dodecane, synthesis, mechanism.

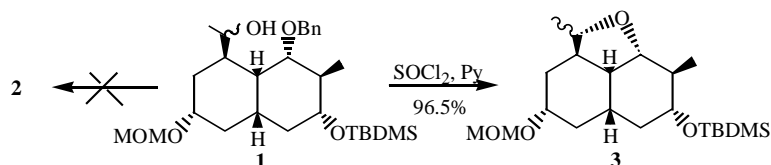
Coloradocin, a novel macrolide antibiotic from cultures of *Actinoplanes coloradoensis*<sup>1</sup> exhibits activity against pathogenic anaerobic and microaerophilic species<sup>2</sup>. Because its low toxicity and substantial oral activity<sup>3, 4</sup>, as well as its unusual structure<sup>5</sup>, several research groups initiated approaches towards the synthesis of coloradocin<sup>6</sup>, which culminated in the synthesis of 18-deoxynargenicin A<sub>1</sub> by Kallmerten *et al.*<sup>7</sup>.

Scheme 1

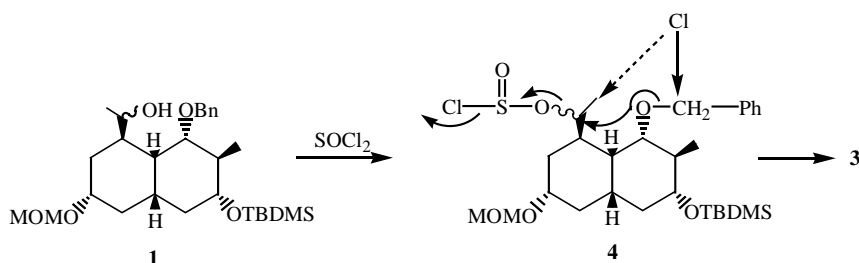


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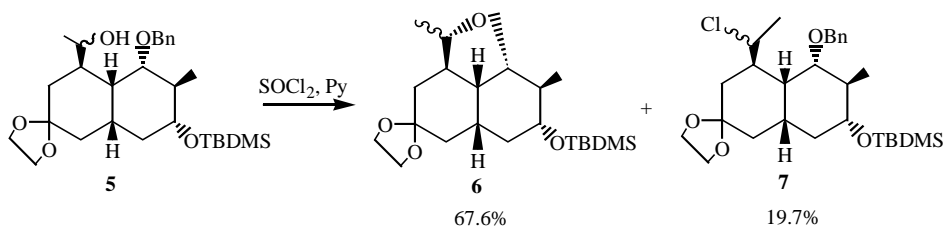
Scheme 2



Scheme 3



Scheme 4



In order to synthesize the oxygen bridged decalin subunit of coloradocin **2** (Scheme 1), we prepared (1*R*, 2*S*, 3*R*, 4*R*, 6*R*, 8*S*, 10*R*)-2-benzyloxy-4-(*t*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy-10-(1-hydroxyethyl)-8-methoxymethoxy-2-methyl [4.4.0] decane **1**<sup>8</sup> as starting material. We found when **1** was treated with SOCl<sub>2</sub>/pyridine in short time at 0°C, this result was different from that obtained by Geossinger<sup>9</sup>, novel diastereomeric mixture of cyclic ethers (1*R*, 2*R*, 3*R*, 5*S*, 7*S*, 9*R*, 12*R*)-3-(*t*-butyldimethylsilyl)-oxy-7-methoxymethoxy-2, 10-dimethyl-12-oxatricycl [7.2.1.0<sup>5,12</sup>] dodecane **3** (ratio 60:40 by <sup>1</sup>H-NMR) were the only products in 96.5% yield, but not the desired olefine **2** (Scheme 2).

The unusual result was exciting because the normal method for preparation of cyclic ethers was the intramolecular reaction of hydroxyl and alkene functions<sup>9-12</sup>, this method for cyclic ethers had not been reported before. A plausible mechanism was as follows: when **1** was treated with SOCl<sub>2</sub>, the intermediate **4** was formed, then Cl<sup>-</sup> attacked the benzyl group, following an intramolecular substitution to give product **3**. Cl<sup>-</sup> hardly attacked the leaving group directly, because benzyloxy group blocked the attack route (Scheme 3).

In order to prove above mechanism, we prepared compound **5**<sup>8</sup> and treated it with SOCl<sub>2</sub>/pyridine in the same reaction conditions. After workup we got the desired major

product **6**<sup>8</sup> and also separated the minor chloride **7**<sup>8</sup> (Scheme 4).

General procedure for the synthesis of compounds **3**:

Under argon atmosphere, 5  $\mu$ L freshly distilled SOCl<sub>2</sub> (0.058 mmol) was added in 0.5 mL dry pyridine and the mixture was cooled to 0°C. A solution of 5.5 mg **1** (0.0116 mmol) in 1 mL dry pyridine was added slowly. After the addition was completed the mixture was stirred for 0.5 h at 0°C. The reaction was quenched with sat. aq NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, the water layer was extracted with ethyl acetate, the combined organic layers were washed with brine and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration and evaporation the crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (5:1) to afford 4.1 mg (96.5 %) inseparable two diastereomers **3** (ratio 60:40) as colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>,  $\delta_{\text{ppm}}$ ): -0.003 (s, 3H); 0.00 (s, 3H); 0.91 (s, 9H); 1.16 (d, 3H, *J*=5.8Hz); 1.22 (d, 3H, *J*=6.3Hz); 1.41-1.49 (m, 2H); 1.55-1.69 (m, 4H); 1.78 (d, 1H *J*=4.1Hz); 1.92-2.03 (m, 2H); 2.09 (dd, 1H, *J*=22.5, 11.1Hz); 2.94 (dd, 1H, *J*=10.3, 3.5Hz); 3.04 (s, 3H); 3.46-3.56 (m, 2H); 3.65-3.69 (m, 1H); 4.31 (d, 1H, *J*=6.8Hz); 4.35 (d, 1H, *J*=6.8Hz); IR (film, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 2930, 2910, 2850; EI-MS (3KV, *m/z*): 384 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100); HRMS: Calcd. for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Si =384.6366, found M<sup>+</sup> =384.6334.

## References and Notes

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8. Spectral data: **1**: <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>,  $\delta$  ppm): 0.00 (s, 6H); 0.85 (s, 9H); 0.97 (d, 3H, *J*=6.3Hz); 1.15 (d, 3H, *J*=6.3Hz); 1.46-1.54 (m, 2H); 1.58-1.86 (m, 5H); 1.97-2.14 (m, 1H); 2.40 (ddd, 1H, *J*=11.6, 4.3, 4.3Hz); 2.85 (dd, 1H, *J*=11.1, 4.8Hz); 3.00 (ddd, 1H, *J*=17.8, 9.8, 4.5Hz); 3.07 (ddd, 1H, *J*=12.0, 12.0, 3.0Hz); 3.10-3.17 (m, 1H); 3.31(s, 3H); 3.73 (b, 1H); 3.86-3.90 (m, 1H); 4.01 (d, 1H, *J*=11.1Hz); 4.35 (d, 1H, *J*=11.1Hz); 4.52 (d, 1H, *J*=6.6Hz); 4.60 (d, 1H, *J*=6.8Hz); 7.23-7.29 (m, 5H). IR (film, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3385, 3020, 2950. EI-MS (3KV, *m/z*): 493 (M<sup>+</sup>, 35.7). HRMS: Calcd. for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>48</sub>O<sub>5</sub>Si =492.7632, found M<sup>+</sup> =492.7601. **5**: <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>,  $\delta$  ppm): 0.00 (s, 3H); 0.01 (s, 3H); 0.85 (s, 9H); 0.98 (d, 3H, *J*=6.3Hz); 1.07 (d, 3H, *J*=6.3Hz); 1.14 (dd, 1H, *J*=13.8, 13.8Hz); 1.42 (d, 1H, *J*=13.6Hz); 1.61 (d, 1H, *J*=12.9Hz); 1.71-1.87 (m, 4H); 1.91-1.99 (m, 1H); 1.99-2.13 (m, 2H); 3.03 (dd, 1H, *J*=11.2, 3.7Hz); 3.05-3.12 (m, 1H); 3.82-3.96 (m, 5H); 4.35 (b, 1H); 4.46 (d, 1H, *J*=11.6Hz); 4.72 (d, 1H, *J*=11.4Hz); 7.27-7.31 (m, 5H). IR (film, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3420, 3032, 2950. EI-MS (3KV, *m/z*): 491 (M<sup>+</sup>, 48.6). HRMS: Calcd. for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>46</sub>O<sub>5</sub>Si =490.7473, found M<sup>+</sup> =490.7434. **6**: <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>,  $\delta$  ppm): -0.001 (s, 3H); 0.00 (s, 3H); 0.90 (s, 9H); 1.16 (d, 3H, *J*=5.8Hz); 1.23 (d, 3H, *J*=6.3Hz); 1.43-1.52 (m, 2H); 1.55-1.65 (m, 4H); 1.75 (d, 1H *J*=4.1Hz); 1.96-2.03 (m, 2H); 2.09 (dd, 1H, *J*=21.5, 11.0Hz); 2.94 (dd, 1H, *J*=10.3, 3.5Hz); 3.08 (s, 3H); 3.53-3.60 (m, 2H); 3.71-3.74 (m, 1H); 3.75-3.89 (m, 4H); 4.33 (d, 1H, *J*=6.8Hz); 4.38 (d, 1H, *J*=6.8Hz). IR (film, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 2933, 2910, 2855. EI-MS (3KV, *m/z*): 382 (M<sup>+</sup>, 21.1). HRMS: Calcd. for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>38</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Si =382.5880, found M<sup>+</sup> =382.5867. **7**: <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>,  $\delta$  ppm): -0.01- 0.01 (m, 6H); 0.84 (s, 4.5H); 0.85 (s, 4.5H); 0.88 (d, 1.5H, *J*=6.6Hz); 0.99 (d, 1.5H, *J*=6.6Hz); 1.17 (dd, 3H, *J*=13.4, 6.4Hz); 1.32-1.53 (m, 2H); 1.54-2.08 (m, 6H); 2.14 (qt, 1H, *J*=11.6, 2.5Hz); 2.46-2.58 (m, 1H); 2.93 (dd, 0.5H, *J*=11.4, 3.8Hz); 3.06 (ddd, 0.5H, *J*=20.4, 9.6, 5.0Hz); 3.48 (ddd, 0.5H, *J*=11.7, 6.3, 2.2Hz); 3.57 (ddd,

0.5H,  $J=10.4, 10.4, 4.7\text{Hz}$ ); 3.79-3.99 (m, 4H); 4.36 (dd, 1H,  $J=11.6, 2.2\text{Hz}$ ); 4.51-4.58 (m, 1.5H); 5.03-5.12 (m, 0.5H) 7.19-7.31 (m, 5H). IR (film,  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3028, 2932, 2857. EI-MS (3KV,  $m/z$ ): 508 ( $\text{M}^+$ , 100). HRMS: Calcd. for  $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{44}\text{ClO}_4\text{Si}$  =508.1848, found  $\text{M}^+$  =508.1802.

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