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SYNTHESES OF THIENO[2,3-c]-, PYRROLO[2,3-c]-,

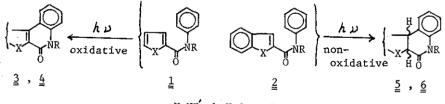
AND INDOLO[2, 3-c]DIAZANAPHTHALENES BY PHOTOCYCLIZATION OF ACYLAMINOPYRIDINES

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By the photocyclization of the amides derived from thiophene-2-, N-methylpyrrole-2-, and N-methylindole-2-carboxylic acids and amino-pyridines, novel polycyclic heteroaromatic systems such as thieno[2, 3-c]-, pyrrolo[2,3-c]-, and indolo[2,3-c]diazanaphthalenes were synthesized.

The photocyclization reactions of anilides have been found earlier³, studied over the last few years and have shown to be potentially valuable in building polycyclic heteroaromatics from easily accessible precursors. 1a, 4 Closely related photoreactions^{5a} of various types of enamides have also been vigorously studied by Ninomiya <u>et al</u>.⁵ and several other groups.⁶ Our recent studies of the photochemical behavior of thiophene-2-, pyrrole-2-, and indole-2-carboxanilides ($\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{2}{2}$) have shown that these anilides exhibit a varied and interesting reactions, undergoing cyclization in ei-Scheme 1



a:X=NR b:X=S c:X=0

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ther oxidative or nonoxidative fashion depending on the reaction conditions^{1a,4} (Scheme 1). As part of broadly based research on photochemical syntheses of heterocycles, our attention was directed to the application of this photocyclization for syntheses of polycyclic systems containing multiple heteroatoms. Previous work on benzoylaminopyridines has uncovered that substitution of a ring carbon of the substrate anilides with a nitrogen may significantly influence the reaction courses,^{4c} suggestive of complicated factors operating in the mechanism. In an attempt to elucidate the synthetic scope and limitation of the reactions the present work deals with photolysis of anilides derived from the five-membered heterocyclic carboxylic acids and aminopyridines as a first logical variation of the method.

Solutions (200 mg in 200 ml) of the acyl derivatives of aminopyridines in benzene containing 10% ethanol were irradiated with a 100w high-pressure

amide <u>7</u>	Time(hr) 5	Products(yield, mp)				amide recovered
			<u>10</u> (27%	;	> 320°C)	33%
<u>8</u>	4	<u>]]</u> 01	: <u>12</u> (62	;	")	-
2	4		<u>13</u> (45	;	")	29
<u>14</u>	5		<u>17</u> (10	;	303-5)	35
<u>15</u>	4	<u>18</u> (01	: <u>19</u>)(38	;	290-2)	-
<u>16</u>	5		<u>20</u> (35	;	277-9)	45
<u>21</u>	7		24 (8	;	> 320)	53
22	3	<u>25</u> or	26 (60	;	")	-
23	. 2		<u>27</u> (58		")	6

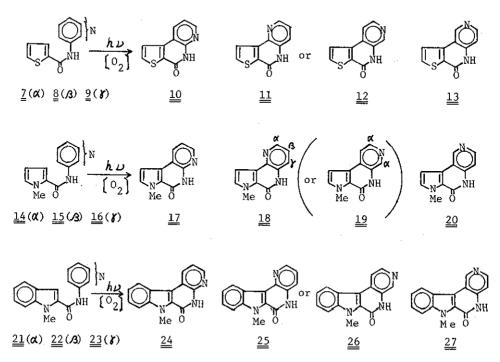
Table I. Photocyclization Products^{a)}

a) Thieno[2,3-c][1,x]diazanaphthalene : <u>10</u>,x=8 ; <u>11</u>,x=5 ; <u>12</u>,x=7 ; <u>13</u>,x=6.
3-Methylpyrrolo[2,3-c][1,x]diazanaphthalene : <u>17</u>,x=8 ; <u>18</u>,x=5 ; <u>19</u>,x=7;
<u>20</u>,x=6.

Indolo[2,3-c][1,x]diazanaphthalene : 24,x=8 ; 25,x=5 ; 26,x=7 ; 27,x=6.

mercury lamp. Products were purified by preparative TLC and the results are listed in Table I. 7

Scheme 2



These results reveal that the aza derivatives of the heterocyclic carboxanilides generally undergo smooth oxidative photocyclization to afford the corresponding condensed diazanaphthalene systems. It was observed that yields are relatively low with the α -pyridyl amides. The causes of these substitution effects of a nitrogen atom on the reactivity are not yet understood. ^{4c,d} Cyclization of the β -pyridyl amides ($\underline{8}$, $\underline{15}$ and $\underline{22}$) would lead to either the α -($\underline{11}$, $\underline{18}$ and $\underline{25}$) or the δ -($\underline{12}$, $\underline{19}$ and $\underline{26}$), or both of the possible positional isomers, respectively. Structures of these products were yet undetermined except that the structure of the photo-product from $\underline{15}$ is assigned to be $\underline{18}$, since the nmr data are consistent with those of $\underline{18}$ which

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show only one C_{a} -H(8.43 ppm, d, J=4Hz; DMSO-d₆) of the pyridine ring, and not with those of <u>19</u> which must have two C_{a} -protons.

In summary, oxidative photocyclization of the anilides derived from the five-membered heterocyclic carboxylic acids and aminopyridines provides a simple synthetic route to novel polycyclic systems such as thieno[2,3-c]-, pyrrolo[2,3-c]- and indolo[2,3-c]diazanaphthalenes. Studies of the application of this reaction to syntheses of a variety of heterocycles and of their mechanistic features are currently under way.

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- 7 Structures of all the new compounds were supported by elemental analyses and their spectral (uv, ir, nmr, and mass)data.

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