A SIMPLE SYNTHESIS OF 3-ARYL-1,5,7-TRIMETHYLPYRAZOLO-[3,4-d]PYRIMIDINE-4,6(5H,7H)-DIONES

Keitaro Senga, * Junko Sato, and Sadao Nishigaki

Pharmaceutical Institute, School of Medicine, Keio

University, 35, Shinanomachi, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 160,

Japan

Treatment of 6-(benzylidene-1'-methylhydrazino)-1,3-dimethyluracils with thionyl chloride afforded the corresponding 3-arylpyrazolo[3,4- \underline{d}] pyrimidines.

Thionyl chloride has recently been shown to be an effective reagent for the cyclization of 6-amino-5-benzylideneamino-1,3-dimethyluracils and 5-benzylideneamino-1,3-dimethylbarbituric acids to the corresponding purine and oxazolo[5,4-d]pyrimidine derivatives respectively. In connection with these findings, we wish to report that thionyl chloride is also an effective reagent for the cyclization of 6-(benzylidene-1 -methylhydrazino)-1,3-dimethyluracils (Ia-e) to 3-aryl-1,5,7-trimethylpyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidine-4,6(5H,7H)-diones (IIa-e).

The key intermediates, (Ia-e), were prepared by the method given in the literature. 3

Treatment of (Ia) (0.001 mol) with thionyl chloride (1 ml) at

90° for 5 min afforded 1,5,7-trimethyl-3-phenylpyrazolo[3,4-d]-pyrimidine-4,6(5H,7H)-dione (IIa)³, which was isolated by evaporation of the reaction mixture and addition of 5% aqueous ammonia. This reaction was equally applicable to other 6-(benzylidene-1-methylhydrazino)-1,3-dimethyluracils (Ib-e) to give the corresponding 3-arylpyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidines (IIb-e) (Table). The structures of (IIa-e) were established by elemental analyses and by their spectral data.⁴

This new, simple pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidine synthesis presumably proceeds through the initial formation of the 5-sulfinyl chloride intermediate (A) by the electrophilic attack of thionyl chloride at the electron-rich 5 position of (I), followed by cyclization to give the second sulfinyl chloride intermediate (B) and subsequent elimination of hydrogen chloride and sulfur monoxide (Scheme).

$$(I) \xrightarrow{\text{SOC1}_2} \begin{pmatrix} \text{C1} & \text{C1} & \text{C1} \\ \text{Me-N} & \text{CH} & \text{R} \\ \text{Me} & \text{Me} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \text{C1} & \text{C1} \\ \text{S=O} \\ \text{N} & \text{N} & \text{R} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{Me-N}} \begin{pmatrix} \text{C1} \\ \text{S=O} \\ \text{Me} & \text{Me} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \text{C1} \\ \text{N} & \text{Me} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \text{C1} \\ \text{C1} \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \text{C1} \\ \text{C1} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \text{C1} \\ \text{C1} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \text{C1} \\ \text{C1} \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \text{C1} \\ \text{C1} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \text{C1} \\ \text{C1} \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \text{C1} \\ \text{$$

Scheme

Table 3-Aryl-1,5,7-trimethylpyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidine-4,6(5H,7H)-diones (II)

Compd.	R	Recrystm.	Mp(°C)	Yield(%)
IIa	н	EtOH	195-197	45
IIb	4-Me	MeOH	240	60
IIc	4-OMe	EtOH	214	83
IId	4-NMe ₂	EtOH	194-196	32
IIe	3,4-di-Cl ₂	EtOH	245-246	35

REFERENCES AND NOTES

- 1 K. Senga, K. Shimizu, and S. Nishigaki, <u>Chem. Pharm. Bull.</u>, in press (B-11534).
- 2 K. Senga, J. Sato, and S. Nishigaki, <u>Heterocycles</u>, in press (COM-77-31).
- 3 F. Yoneda and T. Nagamatsu, Bull. Chem. Soc. Japan, 1975, 48, 1484.
- 4 The compounds (IIa,c,d, and e) were identical in their IR spectra with the authentic samples prepared by the reported procedure. 3
- 5 An analogous intermediate has also been postulated in the reaction of 6-amino-1,3-dimethyluracils with thionyl chloride to give thiazolo[4,5-d]pyrimidines: I.M. Goldman, <u>J. Org. Chem.</u>, 1969, 34, 3285.

Received, 9th April, 1977