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SYNTHESIS OF NEWER XANTHOTOXIN-4-SULFONAMIDES AND XANTHOTOXIN-4-SULFONIC ACID ESTERS WITH POTENTIAL ANTIMICROBIAL EFFECT

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Xanthotoxin-4-sulfonyl chloride reacts with an appropriate amino derivative or phenol to give the corresponding xanthotoxin-4-sulfonomides (1) or xonthotoxin-4-sulfonic acid esters (11) respectivly. The structural assignments of the obtained products are based on analytical, chemical and spectroscopic results. Sulfonomides (1) have been subjected to the action of s-benzylisothioronium hydrochloride, and reacted with dimethyl sulfate yielding the methylated sulfonomides with no cleavage of the counarin ring. Thionation of the synthesised products by the action of P₂S₅ offorded the corresponding thioxanthotoxin derivatives in good yield.

IR and UV data is discussed. The quite promising results of the antimicrobial activity of the resulted compounds is pre-

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SYNTHESIS AND PROPERTIES OF OXODIHYDROFURANS

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LE I 3

OXYGEN-CONTAINING HETEROCYCLES ON THE BASIS OF 1,3-DIOLS. SYNTHESIS AND PROPERTIES

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1,3-DIOXOLANIUM SALTS AND THEIR APPLICATION IN ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

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A simple synthetic route to 1,3-dioxolanium salts, wich consist of acylation of pinaconic glycols by anhydrides and acyl chlorides in the presence of perchloric acid or AgCIO4 has been developed.

The salt of 1,3-dioxolanium may be used as effective alkylation and formylation agents.

The reaction of disordanium salts with active aromatic, heterocyclic and organomagnium compounds lead to the formation of 1,3-dioxolanes, which by hydrolysis yields the corresponding carbonyl compounds: alkylarylketanes, alkylbenzylketones, benzophenones, deoxybenzoines, aromatic, heterocyclic and arylacetic aldebudes: acetic aldehydes:

2-Alkylgroups of 1,3-dioxolanium salts were found to be active in the reactions of condensation with acetals of aromatic and heterocyclic aldehydes and orthoesters.

R = Alk, Ar, CH2Ar

Hydrolysis or reduction of 2-styryldioxolanium salts lead to $\alpha_i \beta_i$ -unsaturated acids and cinnomic aldehydes, respectively. This method allows to prolong the carbon chain of carbonyl compounds

The reactions of 2- β -ethoxyvinylsubstituted 1,3-dioxolanium salts with wather, amines or organomagnium compounds has been discussed.

Cyanine dyes have been prepared based on the 1,3-dioxola-nium salts and its derivotives.

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LE I 5

NEW POSSIBILITIES OF APPLICATION OF FURFURAL FOR THE SYNTHESES OF SELF-EXTINGUISHING POLYURETHANE INTERMEDIATES

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87—100 Tarun, Poland. Hitherto unknown in the literature variants of converting of furfural to ethyl esters of 3-ketocarboxylic acids have been elaborated and the attempts of reduction of the latter compounds into appropriate glycols have been conducted. The general aim of the undertaken investigations was to obtain diols, that tagether with organic diisocyanates give the resistant to temperature, slow burning and self-extinguishing polyurethane resins. As the result, of undertaken in this field experimental studies the compounds I—IV of the general formula "A" given below, have been obtained.