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THE SYNTHESIS OF ISOMERIC αs-TRIAZINONES FROM α-KETO-ESTERS AND AMIDRAZONES, AND SOME REACTIONS OF THE PRODUCTS

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As a part of our attempts to prepare new antiinflammatory α -hetaryl-propionic acid derivatives, ethyl 2-methyl-3-oxo-succinate was condensed with a series of benzamidrazones to obtain type 1 and 2 as-triazinones.

Alkaline hydrolysis and decarboxylation of 1 and 2 furnished 3 and 4, respectively. Aromatic as-triazines of type 5 were obtained by allowing to react 1 with phosphoryl chloride and diazomethane. Further reactions of type 1 and 2 compound will be discussed:

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SULPHUR ANALOGUES OF s-TRIAZINE-2,4(1H,3H)-dione (5-AZAURACIL)

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In connection with the study of 5-azapyrimidine nucleobases we also investigated the synthesis of sulphur analogues of 5-triane-2,4(Th,3H)-dione (5-azauracii; I). In this paper we describe the preparation of thio-5-azauracii (II) and its N-methyl derivotives.

We started the synthesis of thio-5-azauracii (II) from thiobiuret (III) which we converted to hydriodide of 5-methylisothiobiuret on reaction with methyl iodide. We obtained the free base IV on treatment with a weakly basic ion exchanger in OH- form. The free isothiobiuret IV was submitted to cyclocondensation with ethyl orthoformate, offording 4-methylthios-triazin-2(IIH)-one (V) in high yield. The latter gave on thiohydrolysis with hydrogen sulphide in pyridine the required sulphur analogue of 5-azauracii II. The product was isolated in the form of a covalent adduct with methanol, VI. When heated at 130 °C in a vacuum the adduct lost methanol under regeneration of thio derivative II. When the covalent adduct is dissolved in dimethyl-sulphoxide an equilibrium between the substances II and VI is obtained, which is distinctly shifted in favour of the non-solvated product II.

Starting from 1-methyl-4-thiobiuret (VII) and using an analogous reaction sequence we synthetized 1-methyl-4-thio-5-aza-uracil (X) via the intermediates VIII and IX. Compound X also gives a covalent adduct, XI, with methanol. However, in this case, the equilibrium between substances X and XI in dimethyl-sulphoxide solutions is shifted in favour of the covalent solvate XI

In a similar manner we also prepared the isomeric 1-methyl-2-thio-5-azauracii (XV) from 1-methyl-2-thiobiuret (XII) via the isothiobiuret XIII and methylthiotirozinone XIV. Compound XV was isolated in the form of a covalent solvate with ethanol, XVI. This substance behaves in dimethylsulphoxide solution similarly as solvate XI.

We also succeeded in the preparation of the sulphur analogues II, X and XV in lower yields by direct cyclocondensation of the corresponding thiobiurets III, VII, and XIII with ethyl formate, under catalysis with sodium methoxide in methanol.

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REACTIONS OF OCTAHYDROQUINAZOLINONES

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From cyclohexanone-2-carboxamide octahydroquinazolinones are formed by the following reactions: