THE CORRECTION ON THE STRUCTURE OF DIELS-ALDER REACTION PRODUCTS OF FURAN DERIVATIVES WITH MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

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The structure of Diels-Alder adducts and related compounds prepared from furans and maleic anhydride was re-examined by the \$^{13}\text{C-NMR}\$ spectroscopy and our tentative structures were revised.

In a previous paper 1, we have reported a synthesis of 3,8-epoxy-7-keto-6-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]octane derivatives (2 and 3) starting from furans and maleic anhydride.

Afterwards, we have investigated an alternative synthesis of \mathfrak{F} from allene derivative (4) and furan <u>via</u> the Diels-Alder adduct \mathfrak{F} as starting materials as described in the preceding papers², and found that the product obtained by the former method was different from that of the latter reaction. Therefore, the structures in the previous paper were re-examined by ¹³C-NMR spectroscopy, and

here we have revised the structures 1, 2 and 3 to 6, 7 and 8, respectively.

The 13 C-NMR spectrum (δ in DMSO- d_6) of the halolactone 7a showed a methine carbon at 82.9 due to C_3 and an unusually deshielded one at 104.4 due to C_1 together with seven resonances at 175.1, 168.3 53.7, 52.3, 51.2, 47.8 and 39.5. These data ruled out the structure $2a^3$ reported in the previous paper and supported 7a proposed by Woodward. Moreover, the 1 H-NMR spectrum (δ in CDCl $_3$) revealed the C_1 -proton at 6.08 (1H) as a doublet having J=3 Hz in addition to the C_4 -proton at 3.28 (1H, dd, J=2 and 12 Hz) and the C_5 -proton at 3.06 (1H, dd, J=5 and 12 Hz), indicating both hydrogens to have cis-relationship.

Similarly, the lactone 7b exhibited the methine carbon due to the C_1 -position at 104.7 in the $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ spectrum (δ in DMSO-d $_6$: 175.0, 167.6, 154.4, 86.4, 63.8, 55.1, 53.4, 52.9, 51.9, 46.5 and 41.4) and one of C_1 -proton at 6.06 (1H, d, J = 3 Hz) in the 1 H-NMR spectrum.

Therefore, the structures 1 and 3 should be also revised to 6 and 8, respectively.

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