CYCLOADDITION REACTION OF A PYRIMIDINE-DIENOL

Shigeo Senda, Kosaku Hirota, Tetsuji Asao, and Isao Sugiyama Gifu College of Pharmacy, Mitahora-Higashi, Gifu 502, Japan

During studies directed toward the development of new synthetic routes to fused pyrimidines employing 6-methyluracils, we have found that 5-acyl-1,3,6-trimethyluracil (I) causes base-catalyzed isomerization to the dienol(II) which is a reactive and versatile heterocyclic diene in the Diels-Alder reaction.

Thus, treatment of 5-formyl-1,3-dimethyluracil(I) (R=H) with lithium diisopropylamide(LDA) afforded a dimer (III) (R=1,3,6-trimethyluracil-5-yl), which would be formed by the Diels-Alder reaction of the dienol(II) (R=H) and the aldehyde group of (I). The dimer was converted to a quinazoline (IV) $(R^1=H, R^2=CO_2Me, R^3=Me)$ by refluxing in methanolic sodium hydroxide. 5-Acyl-1,3,6-trimethyluracil(I) (R=H,Me,OEt) reacted readily with dimethyl acetylenedicarboxylate in the presence of LDA yielding quinazolines (IV) $(R^1=H, R^2=R^3=CO_0Me; R^1=Me, R^2=R^3=CO_0Me; R^1=OH, R^2=R^3=CO_0Me)$. Base-catalyzed cycloaddition of I (R=H, Me) with dimethyl maleate or dimethyl fumarate led to the formation of the 5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinazoline (IV) ($R^1=H$, $R^2=R^3=CO_2Me$; $R^1=Me$, $R^2=R^3=CO_2Me$; $R^1=Me$, $R^2=R^3=CO_2Me$; $R^2=CO_2Me$; $R^2=CO$ CO_0Me) with high stereoselectivity. In both the tetrahydroquinazolines, the relationship between the hydroxyl group at 5 position and the ester group at 6 position was determined to be cis. The adduct must be therefore formed by the Diels-Alder reaction of the (\underline{E})-dienol(II). Reaction of I (R=H) with other nucleophiles such as methyl vinyl ketone and N-phenylmaleimide afforded 7,8-dihydroquinazolines (IV) ($R^{1}=R^{3}=H$, R^2 =COMe; R^1 =H, R^2 =CONHPh, R^3 =CO₂H), respectively. Furthermore, the dienol (II) underwent cycloaddition reaction with aldehydes to yield pyrano[4,3-d]pyrimidines(III) (R=H, Et,Ph,PhCH₂,2-furfuryl), stereospecifically. Compound III (R=Ph) was epimerized to a 2:1 mixture with trifluoroacetic acid in DMSO and transformed to 1,3-dimethy1-6-(2styryl)uracil(V) by refluxing in 10% HCl.

