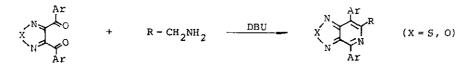
PREPARATION OF 1,4-DIPHENYL-3-SUBSTITUTED ISOQUINOLINES Shuntaro Mataka, Kazufumi Takahashi, Yuhsuke Tsuda and Masashi Tashiro<sup>\*</sup> Research Institute of Industrial Science, Kyushu University 86, Hakozaki, Higashi-ku, Fukuoka 812, Japan

Abstract — The reaction of o-dibenzoylbenzene ( $\downarrow$ ) with benzylamine (2a), m-(2b) and p-xylylendiamine (2c), n-butylamine (2d), ethylglycinate (2f) and aminoacetonitrile (2g) in the presence of basic catalysts afforded the corresponding 3-substituted 1,4diphenylisoquinolines (3a-d,f,g, and  $\downarrow$ ), while the reaction of  $\downarrow$ with ethanolamine (2e) gave a trace amount of 3-hydroxymethylisoquinoline (3e) and 1,3-diphenylisobenzofuran (4) in 25% yield.

It has been previously reported<sup>1)</sup> that the reaction of 3,4-diaroy1-1,2,5-thia-(oxa) diazoles with primary amines in the presence of 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0] undecene (DBU) gave the corresponding 1,2,5-thia(oxa) diazolo[3,4-c] pyridines.

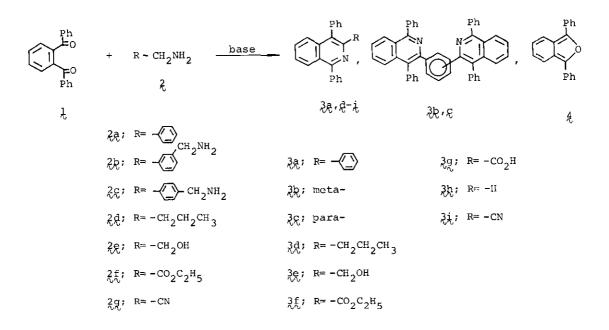


For the purpose of developing a new preparative method of isoquinolines, we investigated the reaction of o-dibenzoylbenzene $(\frac{1}{k})^{2}$  with a variety of primary amines (2a-g) in the presence of basic catalysts and the results are summarized in Table 1. The structures of the products were determined by their elemental analysis and spectral data, as well as some chemical conversions.

It took 24 hr for the reaction of 1 with 2a in refluxing toluene in the presence of DBU, while the reaction was completed in one hour in 10 mole % ethanolic potassium hydroxide solution and the expected 1,3,4-triphenylisoquinoline  $(2a)^{3}$ was easily isolated in an excellent yield by pouring the reaction mixture into a large amount of water.

Bis-isoquinolinobenzenes,  $\mathfrak{Z}\mathfrak{h}$  and  $\mathfrak{Z}\mathfrak{L}$ , were similarly prepared in good yields, respectively.

The reaction of 1 with 2d did not proceed under the influence of DBU and KOH.

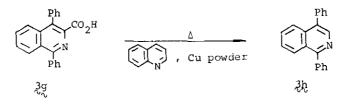


## Scheme 1

It was needed a strong base such as t-BuOK in t-BuOH and a long reaction time to complete the reaction of 1 with 2d and 3-n-propyl-1,4-diphenylisoquinoline (2d) was obtained in 59% yield.

Only a trace amount of 3-hydroxymethyl-1,4-diphenylisoquinoline (3e) was isolated in the reaction with 2e and, interestingly, diphenylisobenzofuran  $(4)^{4}$  was obtained in 25% yield. The pathway of the formation of 4 will be briefly mentioned later.

When the reaction of  $\frac{1}{4}$  with  $2\frac{1}{4}$  was carried out in the presence of DBU, the corresponding isoquinolinecarboxylate  $(\frac{3}{4})$  was obtained in 61% yield, while the reaction in 10 mole % ethanolic potassium hydroxide solution afforded the isoquinoline-carboxylic acid  $(\frac{3}{4})$ , the hydrolyzed product of  $\frac{3}{4}$ , in 75% yield. The compound  $\frac{3}{4}$  was decarboxylated into 1,4-diphenylisoquinoline  $(\frac{3}{4})^3$  in 61% yield when heated at 230° for 3 hr in quinoline with copper powder. The reaction of  $\frac{1}{4}$  with  $\frac{2}{4}$  in t-BuOH in the presence of DBU gave 3-cyano-1,4-diphenylisoquinoline  $(\frac{3}{4})$  in a poor yield



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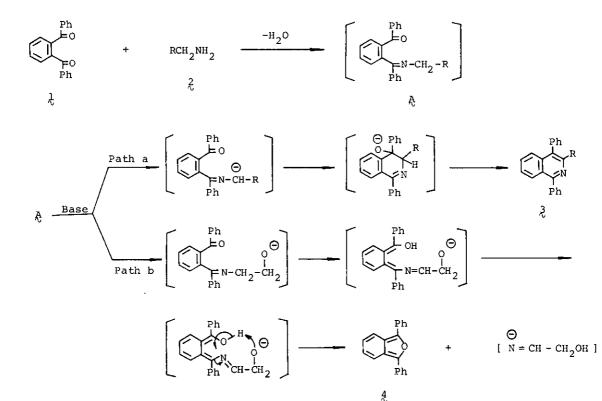
(18%) because of the instability of free aminoacetonitrile. Hydrolysis of 3i in 50% sulfuric acid afforded 3g in 91% yield.

The pathways of the formation of 3 and 4 are now tentatively considered as shown in Scheme 2; the reaction of  $\frac{1}{2}$  with  $\frac{2}{2}$  might afford the Schiff base A and isoquinolines (3) were supposed to be formed via a base-catalyzed condensation (pathway a), while the presence of hydroxy group in  $\frac{2}{2}$  might cause the formation of  $\frac{4}{2}$  via the pathway b.

The reactions of other 1,2-dicarbonyl aromatics with primary amines are now in progress.

Run	R	molar ratio l : l	Base	Solvent	Reaction time (hr)	Product (yield %)
1	ረቂ	1: 1.5	DBU	toluene	24	देव (96)
2	æ	1: 0.75	КОН	ethanol	1	2a (91)
3	ĘĘ	1: 0.75	DBU	toluene	24	<del>,</del> ϟϟ (74)
4	ŁŁ	1: 0.75	КОН	ethanol	1	.2b (79)
5	રદ	1 : 0.75	DBU	toluene	24	.रेट्ट (72)
6	રેક	1 : 10	кон	ethanol	1	<del>ટ્</del> રُε (95)
7	ŁĄ	1 : 10	t-BuOK	t-BuOH	72	,३ूत (५९)
8	ЯĄ	1 : 10	кон	ethanol	48	
9	2¢	1 : 10	DBU	toluene	48	
10	ረቂ	1 : 10	t-BuOK	t-BuOH	48	没定(+), Ą(25), 辶(5)
11	ଽ୧	1 : 10	КОН	ethanol	48	,3्रि (+), 4 (25), रे (6)
12	гŧ	1 : 10	DBU	toluene	24	我 (61), 1 (7)
13	zŧ	1 : 10	КОН	ethano1	24	ಸ್ವೆ (81)
14	£ą	1 : 10	DBU	n-BuOH	24	<u> Ді</u> (14)

Table 1. The reaction of o-dibenzoylbenzene (1) with primary amines (2a-g).





## REFERENCES

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