

## THE MESOIONIC SYSTEM

## 3-METHYL-4-PHENYL-1,2,3-THIADIAZOLIUM-5-THIOLATE

## SYNTHESIS AND X-RAY STRUCTURE DETERMINATION.

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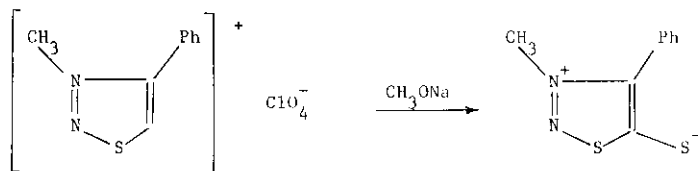
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We report the synthesis and the crystal structure determination of 3-methyl-4-phenyl-1,2,3-thiadiazolium-5-thiolate which belongs to a mesoionic system which has only recently been investigated.

Following the studies on methylation of 4-phenyl-1,2,3-thiadiazole<sup>1</sup> we have investigated the reaction of N-methyl-1,2,3-thiadiazolium salts with sodium methoxide. When a solution of 3-methyl-4-phenyl-1,2,3-thiadiazolium perchlorate in methanol was added to a methanolic solution of sodium methoxide (molar ratio 1 : 2) a reaction occurred. After evaporation of the solvent the remaining oil let separate a crystal compound which was recrystallized from chloroform or petroleum ether, yield 50%, m.p. 140°C. NMR(CDC1<sub>3</sub>) δppm: 7.55(5H, s); 4.05(3H, s). Mass: M<sup>+</sup> cluster, m/z : 207 (100); 208 (91); 209 (19); 210 (9). The data of NMR and Mass spectra suggested that this compound is the 3-methyl-4-phenyl-1,2,3-thiadiazolium-5-thiolate.



In a recent paper of Masuda et al.<sup>2</sup> the synthesis of compounds which belong to the same mesoionic system is reported.

The structure was confirmed by X-ray crystallographic analysis.

Crystal data: S<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>8</sub>, M = 208.3, orthorhombic, space group Pna2<sub>1</sub>, with a = 18.46(2), b = 7.03(1), and c = 7.59(1) Å, Z = 4, μ(Mo Kα) = 0.436 mm<sup>-1</sup>.

The 1208 observed reflections [I > 3σ(I)] having 2θ ≤ 60° were measured with a fully automated Philips PW1100 diffractometer. Data were corrected for Lorentz and polarization factors but not for absorption or extinction.

