

Reactions Of 3-Methoxycarbonylmethylene-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoxaline and Its Derivative Hydrazide with Electrophilic Reagents

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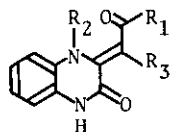
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The reactions of 3-methoxycarbonylmethylene-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoxaline (1) and its derivative hydrazide (5) with electrophilic reagents were investigated.

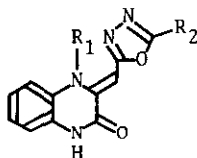
Halogenations of 1 with NBS and NCS afforded N_4 -halogeno compounds (2a,b). The systems of H_2O_2/HBr and H_2O_2/HCl were found to convert 1 to N_4 - and C-halogeno derivatives (3a,b), and N_4 -Br of 3a was eliminated with ZnI_2 to compound (4a).

The reaction of 3-hydrazinocarbonylmethylene-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoxaline (5) with orthoesters provided hydrazones (6a,b), which were cyclized to 1,3,4-oxadiazoles (7a,b). The structures of 7a,b were supported by N_4 -bromination with NBS to compounds (8a,b).

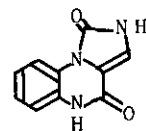
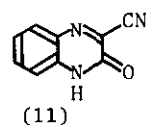
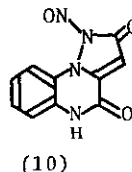
The reactions of 5 with 1.2 eq. of HNO_2 (I) and 5 eq. of HNO_2 (II) gave azide (9) (from I), and pyrazolo[1,5-a]quinoxaline (10) and 3-cyano-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoxaline (11) (from II). Heating of 9 in AcOH or AcOH- H_2O afforded imidazo[1,5-a]quinoxaline (12).



- (1) $R_1=OMe, R_2=R_3=H$
 (2a) $R_2=OMe, R_3=Br, R_4=H$
 (2b) $R_1=OMe, R_2=Cl, R_3=H$
 (3a) $R_1=OMe, R_2=R_3=Br$
 (3b) $R_1=OMe, R_2=R_3=Cl$
 (4a) $R_1=OMe, R_2=H, R_3=Br$
 (5) $R_1=NHNH_2, R_2=R_3=H$
 (6) $R_1=NHN=OEt$
 a, $R_4=H$; b, $R_4=Me$
 (9) $R_1=N_3, R_2=R_3=H$



- (7a) $R_1=R_2=H$
 (7b) $R_1=H, R_2=Me$
 (8a) $R_1=Br, R_2=H$
 (8b) $R_1=Br, R_2=Me$



(12)