

THIOAMIDE-CLAISEN REARRANGEMENTS AND ITS APPLICATION TO
THE SYNTHESIS OF INDOLE ALKALOIDS

Seiichi Takano, Michiyasu Hirama, and Kunio Ogasawara

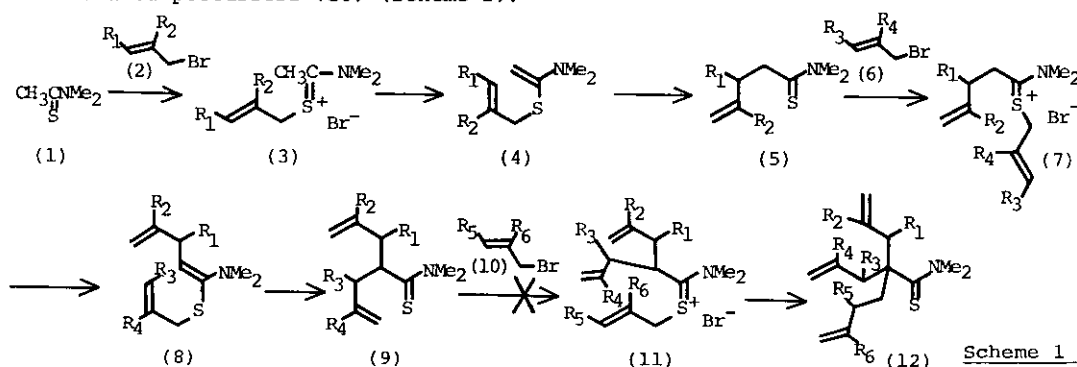
Pharmaceutical Institute, Tohoku University

Aobayama, Sendai 980, Japan

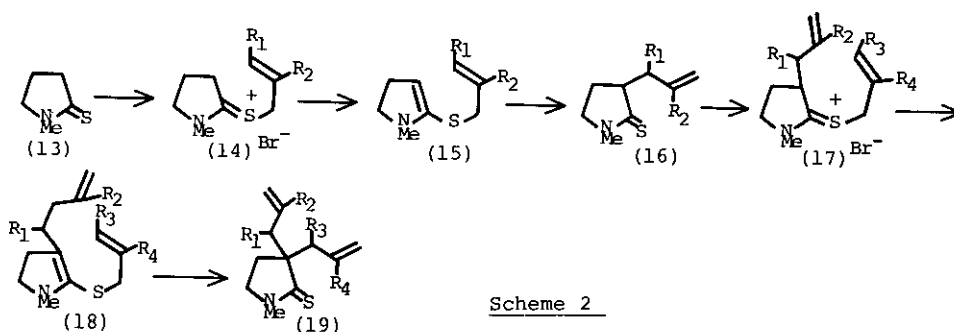
Using an acyclic (1) and a cyclic (13) thioamides as substrates, thio-Claisen rearrangement reaction has been examined.

In the acyclic substrate, the rearrangement can be reiterated to give di- γ,δ -unsaturated thioamides (9) via mono- γ,δ -unsaturated precursors (5), but further iteration forming quaternary α -center cannot be achieved because of unreactivity of the α,α -disubstituted compounds to allyl bromides due to steric hindrance (Scheme 1).

On the other hand, in the cyclic substrate, the rearrangement can be reiterated to give di- γ,δ -unsaturated thioamides with quaternary α -center (19) via mono- γ,δ -unsaturated precursors (16) (Scheme 2).



Scheme 1



Scheme 2

Employing the thio-Claisen rearrangement reaction as a key stage, a new synthetic approach to some indole alkaloids have been developed.