A RING DESTRUCTION APPROACH TO NOVEL FUSED AZECINE AND AND AZONINE DERIVATIVES FROM BRIDGEHEAD AMINES

J.B. Bremner and K.N. Winzenberg

Department of Chemistry, University of Tasmania, Hobart, Tasmania, Australia

Reaction of (1a) with cyanogen bromide in the presence of water gave the new fused azonine carbonitrile (2a) in 95% yield, while (1b) afforded the corresponding hydroxy azecine (2b) in low yield together with another major product, assigned as the 1,7-bridged naphthalene derivative (3) on present evidence. Analogous products were obtained from the indole-fused derivatives (4a-b). It is probable that these medium-ring derivatives arise in each case from N-cyanoammonium bromide salt intermediates.

Structural assignments for (la-b) and (4a-b), and for the medium-ring compounds will be discussed, together with the use of chloroformate esters in place of cyanogen bromide in the ring-opening reactions.



1 a, n = 1

b, n = 2





<u>2</u> a, n = 1 b, n = 2



3



4_a, n = 1 b, n = 2