## SYNTHESIS OF BENZINDENOAZEPINE ALKALOIDS, FUMAROFINE AND FUMARITRINE

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Benzindenoazepine alkaloids, fumarofine ( $\underline{1}$ ) and fumaritrine ( $\underline{2}$ ), were synthesized from the corresponding protoberberines ( $\underline{3a}$  and  $\underline{3b}$ ) via regioselective  $C_{14}$ -N bond cleavage of their 8,14-cycloberbines ( $\underline{5a}$  and  $\underline{5b}$ ), respectively.

The 8,14-cycloberbines ( $\underline{5a}$  and  $\underline{5b}$ ) were obtained by photochemical valence tautomerization of the betaines ( $\underline{4a}$  and  $\underline{4b}$ ) in good yields. Acidic treatment of  $\underline{5a}$  effected regionselective  $C_{14}$ -N bond cleavage to give  $\underline{6}$  and its diastereomer. N-Methylation of  $\underline{6}$  followed by hydrogenolysis afforded ( $\underline{+}$ )-fumarofine ( $\underline{1}$ ), which was methylated to provide O-methylfumarofine ( $\underline{8}$ ).

Reduction of  $\underline{5b}$  with NaBH<sub>4</sub> and subsequent treatment with acid gave the benz-indenoazepine (9) in high yield, which was transformed into ( $\underline{+}$ )-fumaritrine ( $\underline{2}$ ).

 M. Hanaoka, S. Yasuda, K. Nagami, K. Okajima, and T. Imanishi, Tetrahedron Letters, 1979, 3749.