## SYNTHESIS OF HETEROCYCLES VIA VINYL CATIONS

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Vinyl cations can be generated by photolysis or solvolysis of vinyl halides and react with various nucleophiles. We applied the reaction of vinyl cations to one-pot synthesis of heterocycles.

(1) <u>Heterocycles from vinyl azides or azirines formed by the reaction of</u> <u>vinyl cations with azide ion</u>. Photolysis of vinyl halides <u>1</u> and  $\operatorname{Bu}_4 \operatorname{N}^+ \operatorname{N}_3^-$  in the presence of dimethyl fumarate in acetonitrile gave pyrrolines <u>2</u>. The photolysis of <u>1</u> with sodium azide in a two-phase solution of methylene chloride and water with  $\operatorname{Bu}_4 \operatorname{N}^+ \operatorname{X}^-$  also led to the similar results. Photolysis of <u>1</u> with  $\operatorname{Bu}_4 \operatorname{N}^+ \operatorname{N}_3^-$  in acetone yielded oxazolines <u>3</u>.



(2) <u>Heterocycles by the intramolecular cyclization following the reaction of vinyl cations with nucleophiles</u>. Photolysis of vinyl bromides <u>1</u> and potassium cyanate or thiocyanate in a two-phase solution of methylene chloride and water with  $Bu_4N^+Br^-$  gave isoquinolinones or isothioquinolinones <u>4</u>, respectively. On the other hand, silver-assisted reaction of <u>1</u> in nitriles and the succesive photolysis yielded isoquinolines <u>5</u>.

