NOVEL SYNTHETIC METHOD OF TOBACCO ALKALOIDS : FORMATION OF N, a-DILITHIATED N-PYRIDYLMETHYLBENZAMIDES AND THE REACTION WITH DIELECTROPHILES

Kosei Ohno, Hiroko Ishikawa, Nariko Kinjo, and Minoru Machida Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Higashi-Nippon-Gakuen University, Ishikari-Tobetsu, Hokkaido 061-02, Japan

We have investigated the formation of N,lpha-dianion(II) bearing a heteroaromatic ring(Ar: furan, thiophen, pyridine) and the reaction with various electrophiles(E^{Θ}) to give α -alkylated amine derivatives(III). This method was applied to the synthesis of Tobacco alkaloids bearing a pyridine ring.

3-Aminomethylpyridine derivative(I), N-protected with benzoyl group, underwent efficient and regioselective lithiation on treatment with LDA/THF(-70 \sim -85 $^{\circ}$ C) to give N, α -dilithium salts(II), which reacted with α, ω -dielectrophiles(IV) such as Br-(CH₂)_n-X or Cl-CH₂CH=CHCH₂-Cl(cis) to yield N-(3-pyridyl- α -halogenoalkylmethyl)benzamides(VI). The cyclization of (VI) to azacycloalkanes(VII) via intramolecular C-N bond formation was achieved with KH/DMF(-10 --15°C). (VII) could also be obtained by one-pot reaction from (II) without isolation of (VI). Hydrolysis of N-benzoyl derivatives(VII) with 6N-HCl followed by methylation with HCHO/HCOOH yielded the following Tobacco alkaloid:



- n=3,R=H(d1-nornicotine)
- 2. n=4,R=H(dl-anabasine)
- n=3,R=Me(dl-nicotine)

6. R=Me

- 5. R=H(d1-anatabine)
 - (dl-N-Me-anatabine)

4. n=4, R=Me(dl-N-Me-anabasine)

Similar procedure was applied not only to the synthesis of 2- and 4-pyridyl derivatives but also to the formation of other derivatives with 4- and 7-membered azacycloalkanes (n=2,5).