CONVENIENT PREPARATIONS OF 1,8-DIOXO-6-THIOXOPIPERAZINO[1,2-c] - PERHYDROPYRIMIDINES

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Abstract — Hydrolysis of 4-thiocarbamoyl-3-ethoxycarbonylmethylpiperazin-2-ones 3 in alkaline solution followed by
acidification afforded 1,8-dioxo-6-thioxopiperazino[1,2-c]perhydropyrimidines 4 in 65-85% yields.

3-Ethoxycarbonylmethylpiperazin-2-one 1 which was prepared from ethylene-diamine and diethyl fumarate has been utilized to synthesize piperadino-pyrimidines. $^{1-3}$)

In our study on the synthesis of fused saturated heterocyclic compounds aimed at the biological activity, we examined the reaction of 1 with isothiocyanates 2 followed by cyclization to thioxopiperidino[1,2-c]perhydropyrimidines 4.

The reaction of ${\bf 1}$ with ${\bf 2}$ was carried out in benzene at room temperature to afford 4-thiocarbamoyl-3-ethoxycarbonylmethylpiperazin-2-ones ${\bf 3}$ in 80-90% yields. The structure of ${\bf 3}$ was determined on the basis of ir and ${}^1{\rm H-nmr}$ spectral data and elemental analyses. The results are summarized in Table 1.

Table 1 5,6-Disubstituted 3-Ethoxycarbonylmethyl-4-thiocarbamoylpiperazin-2-ones 3

	mp(°C)	Yield(%)	IR _{V max} cm-	1 1 H-NMR(DMSO- d_{6}) δ	Analysis(%) Calcd. (Found) C H N
3a	136-137	92	3250 (NH) 3150 (NH) 1723 (C=0) 1680 (C=0)	1.33 (3H,t,CH ₃ ,J=7.2Hz), 2.86-3.40 (4H,m,CH ₂ x2), 3.70 (1H,m,CH),4.30 (2H,q, CH ₂ ,J=7.2Hz),5.15 (2H,m, CH ₂),6.94 (1H,s,NH),7.04- 7.57 (5H,m,Ph),9.89 (1H,s,	
3b	150	97	3320 (NH) 3180 (NH) 1720 (C=O) 1670 (C=O)	1.33(3H,t,CH ₃ ,J=7.2Hz), 3.09-3.32(4H,m,CH ₂ x2), 3.75(1H,m,CH),4.29(2H, q,CH ₂ ,J=7.2Hz),5.47(2H, m,CH ₂),6.96(1H,s,NH),7.3 7.57 and 7.75-7.98(7H,m, Napth),9.77(1H,s,NH)	61.44 5.70 11.31 (61.19) (5.55) (11.57)
3c	159-160	90	3250 (NH) 3060 (NH) 1700 (C=O) 1680 (C=O)	1.20(3H,t,CH ₃ ,J=7.2Hz), 2.93(2H,d,CH ₂ ,J=6.0Hz), 3.35(2H,s,CH ₂),4.08(2H, q,CH ₂ ,J=7.2Hz),4.51-4.91 (2H,m,CH ₂),5.63(1H,t,CH, 6.0Hz),7.35(4H,s,Ph),8.2 (1H,s,Ph),9.57(1H,s,NH)	
3d	94-95	98	3350 (NH) 3325 (NH) 1720 (C=O) 1690 (C=O) 1640 (C=O)	1.12(3H,t,CH ₃ ,J=7.2Hz), 2.74-3.05(4H,m,CH ₂),3.34 (2H,q,CH ₂ ,J=7.2Hz),5.40 (1H,m,CH),7.24-7.61 and 7.88-8.20(5H,m,Ph),8.22 (1H,s,NH),10.84(1H,s,NH)	55.00 5.48 12.03 (54.84) (5.27) (11.78)
3e	129	80	3310 (NH) 3210 (NH) 1728 (C=O) 1667 (C=O)	1.15(3H,t,CH ₃ ,J=7.2Hz), 1.30-2.00(11H,m,CH ₂ x5 and CH),2.78-3.27(4H,m, CH ₂ x2),4.03(2H,q,CH ₂ ,J=7.2Hz),4.56(2H,m,CH ₂), 5.40(1H,t,CH,J=6.0Hz), 7.41(1H,d,NH,J=6.0Hz), 8.08(1H,br,NH)	55.02 7.70 12.83 (54.76) (7.48) (13.12)
3£	89	70	3276 (NH) 3170 (NH) 1710 (C=O) 1684 (C=O)	1.36(3H,t,CH ₃ ,J=7.2Hz), 1.44-1.90(8H,m,CH ₂ x4), 2.70-3.16(4H,m,CH ₂ and CHx2),7.28-7.66(5H,m,Ph and NH),10.20(1H,s,NH)	60.78 6.71 10.93 (60.54) (6.73) (10.93)
3g	125	84	3330 (NH) 3150 (NH) 1720 (C=O) 1670 (C=O)	1.30(3H,t,CH ₃ ,J=7.2Hz), 1.50-2.20(8H,m,CH ₂ x4), 2.79-3.27(7H,m,N-CH ₃ ,CH ₂), and CHx2),7.73(1H,s,NH), 8.20(1H,s,NH)	53.65 7.40 13.40 (53.87) (7.11) (13.17)

Direct cyclization of 3 to 4 failed in treating with sodium ethoxide in ethanol, but the ring closure of 3 was achieved by hydrolysis in CH₂Cl₂-KOH in the presence of triethylbenzylammonium chloride as a phase transfer catalyst followed by acidification with 6N HCl to give 4 in 55-85% yields. The results are shown in Table 2.

The structure of 4 was assigned on the basis of the spectral data. The high resolution mass spectra indicated the parent ion corresponding to the assigned structure. The ir spectra showed two carbonyl absorptions of the amides at $1700-1650~\rm cm^{-1}$ and the NH absorptions at $3300-3150~\rm cm^{-1}$, respectively. The $^{13}\rm C$ -nmr spectra of 4a revealed three carbon atoms of the thione and the two carbonyl groups at 167.7, 172.8, and 182.7 ppm, respectively.

The reaction is assumed to proceed by alkaline hydrolysis of the carboxylates 3 followed by cyclization with dehydration between the resulting carboxylic acid and the thioureido NH group upon acidification.

The pharmacological activities of these new compounds are currently being investigated.

Table 2 3,4,7-Trisubstituted 1,8-Dioxo-6-thioxopiperazino[1,2-c]perhydropyrimidines 4

	mp(°C)	Yield(%)	IRv _{max} cm-1	1 H-NMR(DMSO- 1 6) δ	HR-MS(M ⁺) (Calcd.)
4a	196	65	3150 (NH) 1700 (C=O) 1660 (C=O)	2.40-3.20(2H,m,CH ₂),3.55 (4H,m,CH ₂ x2),5.58(1H,t,CH, J=7.2Hz),7.17-7.70(5H,m,Ph) 9.86(1H,s,NH)	275.0718 (275.0728)
4b ¹⁾	135	85	3300 (NH) 1670 (C=O) 1640 (C=O)	2.94(2H,d,CH ₂ ,J=7.2Hz),4.05 (4H,m,CH ₂ x2),5.48(1H,t,CH, J=7.2Hz),7.20-8.20(7H,m, Naph),8.24(1H,s,NH)	325.0870 (325.0885)
4 c	162	75	3220 (NH) 1700 (C=O) 1640 (C=O)	2.88(2H,d,CH ₂ ,J=7.2Hz),3.28 (2H,m,CH ₂),4.15-4.89(2H,m, CH ₂),5.36(1H,t,CH,J=7.2Hz), 7.31(4H,m,Ph),9.78(1H,br,NH)	309.0337 (309.0339)
4 d	172	75	3300 (NH) 1680 (C=O) 1630 (C=O)	2.74-4.03(6H,m,CH ₂ x3),5.51 (1H,t,CH,J=7.2Hz),7.39-7.91 (5H,m,Ph),10.90(1H,br,NH)	311.0308 (311.0311
4e	202	72	3300 (NH) 1730 (C=O) 1670 (C=O)	1.00-1.97(11H,m,CH ₂ x5 and CH),2.28(2H,d,CH ₂ ,J=7.2Hz), 3.23(2H,m,CH ₂),3.93-4.82(2H, m,CH ₂),5.09(1H,t,CH,J=7.2Hz) 8.16(1H,br,NH)	281.1230 (281.1198

4f	300	85	3150 (NH) 1730 (C=O) 1620 (C=O)	0.92-2.10(10H,m,CH ₂ x4 and 329.1180 CHx2),2.57(2H,d,CH ₂ ,J=7.2Hz)(329.1198) 3.80(1H,t,CH,J=7.2Hz),7.09- -7.59(5H,m,Ph),7.94(1H,br,NH)	
4 g ²⁾	262-263	69	3200 (NH) 1680 (C=O) 1670 (C=O)	1.10-1.92(10H,m,CH ₂ x4 and CHx2),3.06(2H,d,CH ₂ ,J= 7.2Hz),3.28(3H,s,CH ₃),4.70(1H,t,CH,J=7.2Hz),8.33(1H,br,NH)	267.1047 (267.1042)

¹⁾ ${}^{13}\text{C-Nmr} (\text{DMSO-d}_6) \delta: 36.3, 39.7, 42.4 (\text{CH}_2), 57.7 (\text{CH}), 123.7, 125.6, 125.8, 126.0, 126.6, 128.0 (aromatic CH), 130.5, 133.8, 137.0 (aromatic -¢-), 167.7 (C=S), 172.8, 182.7 (C=O)$

EXPERIMENTAL

All the melting points were determined on a Yanagimoto micro-melting point apparatus and are uncorrected. Ir spectra were recorded as KBr pellet on a Jasco IRA-1 grating infrared spectrophotometer. ¹H-Nmr spectra were deter mined with a Hitachi R-600 spectrometer using tetramethylsilane as an internal standard. ¹³C-Nmr spectra were recorded with a JEOL JNM-GX400 (100MHz). Mass spectra were measured with a JEOL JMX-DX 303 HF mass spectrophotometer.

3-Ethoxycarbonylmethylpiperazin-2-ones 1

The compound 1a was prepared from ethylenediamine 6.0g (100 mmol) and diethyl fumarate 17.2g(0.1 mol) by Philip's method. 4) yield 18.2g (92%). mp 101.5-102.5°C (lit. 4)109-110 C).

The compound 1b was obtained by refluxing a solution of 1,2-diaminocyclohexane (mixture of cis and trans) 11.4g (0.1 mol) and diethyl fumarate 17.2g (0.1 mol) in EtOH (80 ml). yield 21.8g (91%). mp 123-124 °C. IR $_{\rm V}$ max cm $^{-1}$:3290(NH), 3180(NH), 1730(C=O). 1 H-Nmr(DMSO-d $_{6}$) δ :1.27(3H,t,CH $_{3}$,J=7.2 Hz),1.40-1.86(9H,m,CH $_{2}$ x4 and NH),2.52-3.40(4H,m,CH $_{2}$ and CHx2),3.92(3H,m,CH $_{2}$ and CH),6.78(1H,s,NH). Hhms(EI):240.1474(M $^{+}$,calcd 240.1492).

The $^{1}\text{H-nmr}$ spectrum (400MHz) of 1b showed the mixtures of diastereomers, but each isomers could not be assigned.

3-Ethoxycarbonylmethyl-4-thiocarbamoylpiperazin-2-ones 3

To a stirred suspension of 1 (1.86g,10 mmol) in benzene (30 ml) was added isothiocyanate 2 (10 mmol) at room temperature. After stirring was continued for 2 h, the precipitates were filtered. The filtrate was

²⁾ 13 C-Nmr(DMSO-d₆) δ :24.0,27.4,27.7,29.6(CH₂),33.3(N-CH₃),52.2,53.1,70.2 (CH),164.1(C=S),169.9,180.1(C=O)

evaporated to one-third volume in vacuo. Ether was added to the residue to separate the precipitates. The combined precipitates were recrystallized from CHCl3-hexane. The results are summarized in Table 1. 7-Substituted 1.8-Dioxo-6-thioxopiperazino[1,2-c]perhydropyrimidines 4

To a solution of 3 (10 mmol) in CH2Cl2 (30 ml) was added aqueous 10% KOH (18 mmol, 10ml) and a samll amount of benzyltriethylammonium chloride as a phase-transfer catalyst. The reaction mixture was vigorously stirred for 4-5 h at room temperature. The aqueous layer was separated and acidified with 6N HCl. The separated crystals were collected and recrystallized from dioxane or ethyl acetate. In the case of 3f-g, powdered KOH 0.56g (10 mmol) was used instead of 10% KOH.

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