

A CONVENIENT SYNTHESIS OF 3-HETEROARYLTHIOMETHYL-1H,8H-CYCLOHEPTA[d]PYRAZOL-8-ONES

Itsuko Kishi, Kimiaki Imafuku,^{*} Kazuo Ogawa,⁺ and Yoh-ichi Matsushita⁺

Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Kumamoto University,
Kurokami, Kumamoto 860, Japan

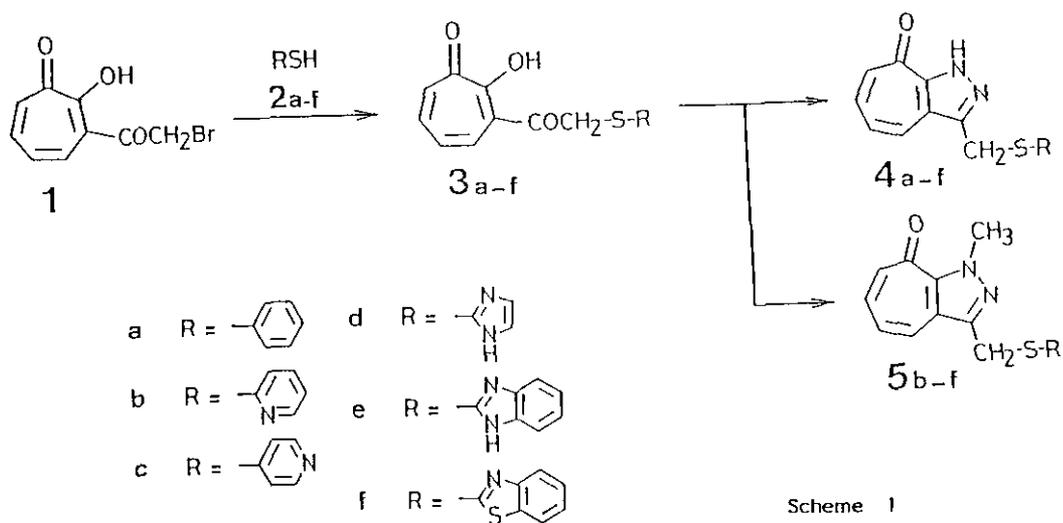
⁺ Research Institute, Taiho Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Kawauchi-cho,
Tokushima 771-01, Japan

Abstract — The reactions of 3-(bromoacetyl)tropolone (1) with benzenethiol (2a) and heteroarene thiols (2b-f) gave 3-[(phenylthio)acetyl]tropolone (3a) and 3-[(heteroarylthio)acetyl]tropolones (3b-f), respectively. These compounds (3a-f) reacted with hydrazine hydrate and methylhydrazine to afford 3-phenylthio-methyl- (4a) and 3-heteroarylthiomethyl-1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-ones (4b-f) and their corresponding 1-methyl substituted compounds (5b-f), respectively.

For many years, we have engaged in the synthesis of heterocycle-fused tropenoids from 3-acetyltropolone. Recently, gastric antisecreting effect has been found in 2-(heteroarylmethylthio)cycloheptimidazoles and their S-oxides,² which have the five-membered diazaheterocycle-fused tropoid structure. On the other hand, their partial structure is very similar to that of omeprazole, 5-methoxy-2-[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridyl)methylsulfinyl]-1H-benzimidazole,³ which is undergoing the clinical trial as an anti-ulcer agent. In order to obtain biologically more active heterocycle-fused non-benzenoid aromatic compounds, we introduced heteroarylthiomethyl group into the 3-position of 1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-one. This paper deals with these results.

It is well-known that treatment of α -haloketones with thiols gives α -alkylthio or α -arylthio ketones.⁴ A mixture of 3-(bromoacetyl)tropolone (1)⁵ and benzenethiol (2a) in absolute ethanol was refluxed for 30 min to give 3-[(phenylthio)acetyl]tropolone (3a) in 48% yield. Heteroarene thiols (2b-f) also reacted

with the α -bromoketone (1) to afford the corresponding 3-[(heteroarylthio)acetyl]tropolones (3b-f) in 51-87% yields. Heating of these compounds (3a-f) with hydrazine hydrate for 1 h in methanol gave 3-phenylthiomethyl- (4a) and 3-heteroarylthiomethyl-1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-ones (4b-f) in 21-76% yields. In a similar manner, the reaction of the compounds (3b-f) with methylhydrazine gave 3-heteroarylthiomethyl-1-methyl derivatives (5b-f) in 20-32% yields. The procedure in this work provides a simple and convenient method for the preparation of a series of biologically active 3-heteroarylthio-methyl substituted 1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-ones.



Scheme 1

EXPERIMENTAL

The melting points were determined with a Yanagimoto MP-S2 apparatus and are uncorrected. The ir spectra were taken on a JASCO A-102 spectrophotometer. The ¹H nmr spectra were recorded with a JEOL JNM-PMX60SI spectrometer (60 MHz). The mass spectra were measured on a JEOL JMX-DX303HF spectrometer.

3-[(Phenylthio)acetyl]- (3a) and 3-[(Heteroarylthio)acetyl]tropolones (3b-f); General Procedure:

A solution of 3-(bromoacetyl)tropolone (1) (1.22 g, 5.0 mmol) and benzenethiol (2a) or heteroareneithiol (2b-f) (5.0 mmol) in absolute ethanol (40 ml) was refluxed for 30 min. After cooling, the precipitates were collected and recrystallized from ethanol to give 3a or 3b-f.

3-[(Phenylthio)acetyl]tropolone (3a). Yellow prisms (from EtOH); yield 631 mg (48%); mp 106-107 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 3125 (OH), 1695 (C=O), 1620 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 4.41 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.81-7.78 (10H, m); ms m/z 272 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₅H₁₂O₃S: C, 66.16; H, 4.44. Found: C, 66.10; H, 4.57.

3-[(2-Pyridylthio)acetyl]tropolone (3b). Yellow prisms (from EtOH); yield 919 mg (64%); mp 180-183 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 3424 (OH), 1686 (C=O), 1600 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 5.20 (2H, s, CH₂), 7.10-8.06 (9H, m); ms m/z 273 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₁₁NO₃S: C, 61.52; H, 4.06; N, 5.13. Found: C, 61.35; H, 4.34; N, 5.32.

3-[(4-Pyridylthio)acetyl]tropolone (3c). Yellow prisms (from EtOH); yield 1.26 g (87%); mp 223-225 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 3664 (OH), 1747 (C=O), 1589 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 4.87 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.30-8.07 (5H, m), 7.85 (2H, d, J = 6 Hz, H-3', H-5'), 8.65 (2H, d, J = 6 Hz, H-2', H-6'); ms m/z 273 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₁₁NO₃S: C, 61.52; H, 4.06; N, 5.13. Found: C, 61.49; H, 4.07; N, 5.41.

3-[(2-Imidazolylthio)acetyl]tropolone (3d). Yellow prisms (from EtOH); yield 1.10 g (81%); mp 190-192 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 3320 (OH), 3108 (NH), 1661 (C=O), 1591 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 4.85 (2H, s, CH₂), 7.11-8.15 (8H, m); ms m/z 262 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₀N₂O₃S: C, 54.95; H, 3.84; N, 10.68. Found: C, 54.65; H, 4.11; N, 10.92.

3-[(2-Benzimidazolylthio)acetyl]tropolone (3e). Yellow prisms (from EtOH); yield 1.40 g (87%); mp 180-183 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 3424 (OH), 3104 (NH), 1686 (C=O), 1600 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 5.20 (2H, s, CH₂), 7.10-8.06 (10H, m); ms m/z 312 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₂N₂O₃S: C, 61.52; H, 3.87; N, 8.97. Found: C, 61.56; H, 3.98; N, 9.27.

3-[(2-Benzothiazolylthio)acetyl]tropolone (3f). Yellow prisms (from EtOH); yield 777 mg (51%); mp 86-88 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 3125 (OH), 1705 (C=O), 1620 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 4.78 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.77-7.91 (8H, m), 8.55 (1H, br, OH); ms m/z 329 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₅H₁₁NO₃S₂: C, 58.34; H, 3.37; N, 4.25. Found: C, 58.21; H, 3.53; N, 4.28.

3-Phenylthiomethyl- (4a) and 3-Heteroarylthiomethyl-1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-ones (4a-f); General Procedure:

A solution of 3-[(phenylthio)acetyl]- (3a) or 3-[(heteroarylthio)acetyl]tropolone (3b-f) (2.5 mmol) and 100% hydrazine hydrate (250 mg, 5.0 mmol) in methanol (10ml) was refluxed for 1 h. After removal of the solvent, the residue was recrystallized to give 4a and 4b-f.

3-Phenylthiomethyl-1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-one (4a). Orange prisms (from EtOH); yield 175 mg (27%); mp 117-118 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 3180 (NH), 1630 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 4.46 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.40-7.80 (10H, m); ms m/z 268 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₅H₁₂N₂OS: C, 67.14; H, 4.51; N, 10.44. Found: C, 66.98; H, 4.73; N, 10.56.

3-(2-Pyridylthio)methyl-1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-one (4b). Light orange prisms (from benzene);

yield 405 mg (59%); mp 159–160 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 3148 (NH), 1626 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 4.87 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.63–8.10 (8H, m), 8.50 (1H, dd, J = 5, 2 Hz, H-6'); ms m/z 269 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₁₁N₃OS: C, 62.43; H, 4.12; N, 15.60. Found: C, 62.71; H, 4.41; N, 15.53.

3-(4-Pyridylthio)methyl-1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-one (4c). Orange prisms (from benzene); yield 152 mg (21%); mp 193–194 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 3150 (NH), 1620 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 4.63 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.30–7.90 (5H, m), 7.37 (2H, d, J = 6 Hz, H-3', H-5'), 8.42 (2H, d, J = 6 Hz, H-2', H-6'); ms m/z 269 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₁₁N₃OS: C, 62.43; H, 4.12; N, 15.60. Found: C, 62.19; H, 4.34; N, 15.56.

3-(2-Imidazolyl)thiomethyl-1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-one (4d). Orange prisms (from benzene); yield 135 mg (21%); mp 189–190 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 3150 (NH), 1626 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 4.54 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.44–7.67 (8H, m); ms m/z 258 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₀N₄OS: C, 55.80; H, 3.90; N, 21.69. Found: C, 56.12; H, 4.08; N, 21.75.

3-(2-Benzimidazolyl)thiomethyl-1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-one (4e). Orange prisms (from EtOH); yield 478 mg (62%); mp 198–199 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 3156 (NH), 1622 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 4.91 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.71–8.06 (10H, m); ms m/z 308 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₂N₄OS: C, 62.32; H, 3.92; N, 18.17. Found: C, 62.17; H, 4.20; N, 17.89.

3-(2-Benzothiazolyl)thiomethyl-1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-one (4f). Orange prisms (from benzene); yield 608 mg (76%); mp 197–199 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 3170 (NH), 1635 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 4.99 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.63–8.20 (9H, m); ms m/z 325 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₁N₃OS₂: C, 59.06; H, 3.41; N, 12.91. Found: C, 59.26; H, 3.50; N, 13.00.

3-Heteroarylthiomethyl-1-methyl-1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-ones (5b–f); General Procedure:

A solution of 3-[(heteroarylthio)acetyl]topolone (3b–f) (1.0 mmol) and methylhydrazine (92 mg, 2.0 mmol) in methanol (10 ml) was refluxed for 2 h. After removal of the solvent, the residue was separated by preparative thin layer chromatography [Wakogel B-10 (35 g) on 30 x 30 cm] with ethyl acetate and the major product was recrystallized to give 5b–f.

1-Methyl-3-(2-pyridyl)thiomethyl-1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-one (5b). Light orange prisms (from hexane); yield 84 mg (30%); mp 98–99 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 1633 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 4.40 (3H, s, CH₃), 4.73 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.37–7.77 (7H, m), 8.49 (1H, dd, J = 5, 2 Hz, H-6'); ms m/z 283 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₅H₁₃N₃OS: C, 63.58; H, 4.62; N, 14.83. Found: C, 63.35; H, 4.70; N, 14.71.

1-Methyl-3-(4-pyridyl)thiomethyl-1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-one (5c). Light brown prisms (from benzene); yield 74 mg (25%); mp 135–136 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 1638 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 4.20 (3H, s, CH₃), 4.76 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.30–7.46 (4H, m), 7.09 (2H, d, J = 6 Hz, H-3', H-5'), 8.29 (2H, d, J = 6 Hz, H-2', 6'); ms m/z 283 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₅H₁₃N₃OS: C, 63.58; H, 4.62; N, 14.83. Found:

C, 63.71; H, 4.67; N, 15.02.

3-(2-Imidazolyl)thiomethyl-1-methyl-1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-one (5d). Brown prisms (from MeOH); yield 77 mg (29%); mp 157-160 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 3125 (NH), 1633 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 4.30 (3H, s, CH₃), 4.52 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.50-7.56 (7H, m); ms m/z 272 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₃H₁₂N₄OS: C, 57.33; H, 4.44; N, 20.58. Found: C, 57.07; H, 4.25; N, 20.81.

3-(2-Benzimidazolyl)thiomethyl-1-methyl-1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-one (5e). Orange prisms (from benzene); yield 61 mg (20%); mp 107-108 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 3150 (NH), 1630 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 4.61 (3H, s, CH₃), 5.22 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.84-8.21 (9H, m); ms m/z 322 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₁₄N₄OS: C, 63.33; H, 4.38; N, 17.38. Found: C, 63.12; H, 4.61; N, 17.52.

3-(2-Benzothiazolyl)thiomethyl-1-methyl-1H,8H-cyclohepta[d]pyrazol-8-one (5f). Orange prisms (from benzene); yield 119 mg (32%); mp 129-130 °C; ir (CHCl₃) ν 1625 cm⁻¹ (C=O); ¹H nmr (CDCl₃) δ 4.72 (3H, s, CH₃), 5.22 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.76-8.29 (8H, m); ms m/z 339 (M⁺). Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₁₃N₃OS₂: C, 60.15; H, 3.86; N, 12.38. Found: C, 59.94; H, 3.91; N, 12.28.

REFERENCES

1. K. Imafuku and Z.-T. Jin, Yanbian Daxue Xuebao, 1983(1), 35.
K. Imafuku, Mem. Fac. Gen. Educ., Kumamoto Univ., Ser. Nat. Sci., 1990, 25, 47.
2. T. Kawai, N. Tsuchiya, M. Yokota, M. Sonogawa, R. Hasegawa, H. Sekiguchi, T. Shirai, and T. Tomiyama, The 109th National Meeting of the Pharmaceutical Society of Japan., Nagoya, 1989, No. 4B 3-2.
3. S. Gustavsson, L. Löf, H. O. Adami, and O. Nyberg, Lancet, (ii), 1983, 124.
4. R. Verhe and N. de Kempe, "The Chemistry of Halides, Pseudohalides and Azides," Suppl. D, ed by S. Patai and Z. Rappoport, John Wiley & Sons, Chichester, 1983, p. 813.
5. C.-Y. Qian, Z.-T. Jin, B.-Z. Yin, and K. Imafuku, J. Heterocycl. Chem., 1989, 26, 601.

Received, 22nd January, 1990