

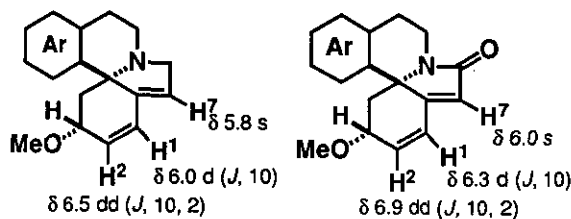
REVISED ASSIGNMENT OF OLEFINIC PROTON SIGNALS IN
THE $^1\text{H-NMR}$ SPECTRA OF DIENOID-TYPE ERYTHRINAN
ALKALOIDS¹

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Abstract — Previous assignment of the olefinic proton signals (H-1 and H-2)
in the $^1\text{H-nmr}$ spectra of dienoid-type erythrinan alkaloids was interchanged on the
basis of the synthesis of the stereoisomers, nOe experiments, and theoretical
calculations.

Dienoid-type erythrinan alkaloids are known more than 40 species in the plants of Genus *Erythrina* (Leguminosae) and *Cocculus* (Menispermaceae).² All of them bear 3 α -methoxy (or hydroxy) group and exhibit three olefinic proton signals in the $^1\text{H-nmr}$ spectra at around δ 5.8, 6.0, and 6.5 (in CDCl_3) with the multiplicities of broad singlet (s), doublet (d, $J=10$ Hz), and doublet-doublet (dd, $J=10$ and 2 Hz), respectively. The corresponding signals in the 8-oxo alkaloids appear at δ 6.0, 6.3, and 6.9 with similar multiplicities. These proton signals have been assigned as those of H-7, H-1, and H-2, respectively, assuming that the vicinal coupling between



Previous assignment

H-2 and H-3 β is *ca.* 2 Hz.^{3,4} However, recent synthesis of the various 3 β -isomers and 3,8-dioxo derivatives⁵⁻⁸ throw a doubt on the previous assignment, suggesting that the previous assignment for H-1 and H-2 has to be interchanged.

Olefinic Proton Signals of 3,8-Diones 3,8-Dioxo derivatives show the signals of H-7, H-1, and H-2 at *ca.* δ 6.4, 7.7, and 6.4 as s, d ($J=10$ Hz), and d ($J=10$ Hz), respectively. This assignment was supported by AM1 calculations⁹ of the electron densities of the corresponding positions and proved by observation of nOe's for 40: irradiations of the singlet at δ 6.26 and the doublet at δ 6.39 gave 4.7% and 10% enhancements of the intensity on the doublet signal at δ 7.56, respectively, while irradiation of the doublet at δ 7.56 produced 17% and 4% enhancements of the two protons at δ 6.26 (s) and 6.39 (d). The dimethoxy derivative (37) gave similar results.

Olefinic Proton Signals of 3 β -Substituted Alkaloids All synthetic 8-oxo-3 β -methoxy (or 3 β -hydroxy) alkaloids showed olefinic protons at similar positions with the corresponding 3 α -isomers (*ca.* δ 5.9, 6.3, and 6.8), but with different multiplicities of s, dd ($J=10, 5$ Hz), and d ($J=10$ Hz). Supposing the previous assignment is correct and the chemical shifts are comparable with those of 3 α -isomers, the coupling constant of 5 Hz for H-1 is too large to assign as an allylic coupling with H-3 α , instead it is rather the value of a vicinal coupling, suggesting that this proton should be attributed to H-2. Thus olefinic protons should be assigned as shown in Figure 1. Removal of 8-oxo group from these compounds produced up-field shifts on the above protons by 0.1-0.2, 0.1-0.2, and 0.2 ppm as expected. Thus they are assigned as H-7, H-2, and H-1, respectively.

Olefinic Proton Signals of 3 α -Isomers Since the chemical shifts of olefinic protons should not be much affected by the stereochemistry of the 3-OR substituents, the above evidence suggests that the olefinic proton signals at δ 5.8, 6.0, and 6.5 (for the natural alkaloids) should be assigned to H-7, H-2, and H-1, respectively. The corresponding signals for 8-oxo derivatives are at δ 6.0, 6.3, and 6.9. Comparing the latter values with those of 3,8-diones, the shift values are -0.4, -0.1, and -0.8 ppm, respectively, being compatible to the common shift rule. If the previous assignment was taken, those values were -0.4, +0.5, and -1.5 ppm, respectively, violating the common shift rule at H-2. Therefore, the small coupling (2-2.5 Hz) for H-1 is attributed to an allylic coupling between H-1 and H-3 β , and the vicinal coupling constant between H-2 and H-3 β is 0 Hz, suggesting the dihedral angle between H-3 β and H-1 (and H-2) is *ca.* 90°. In contrast, $J_{2,3\alpha}=4-5$ Hz and $J_{1,3\alpha}$ (allylic)=0 Hz for 3 β -isomers.

This revised assignment (listed in Table I) was proved by nOe experiments for **16** and **31**, although decoupling experiments did not give a definite conclusion. For **16**, irradiation of the proton at δ 6.69 produced 4.4% and 9.5% enhancements on the signals at δ 5.86 and 6.31, while irradiation of either proton at δ 5.86 or 6.31 resulted in an nOe enhancement only on the proton at δ 6.69 by 3.7% or 11%. For **31**, nOe enhancements between H-7 at

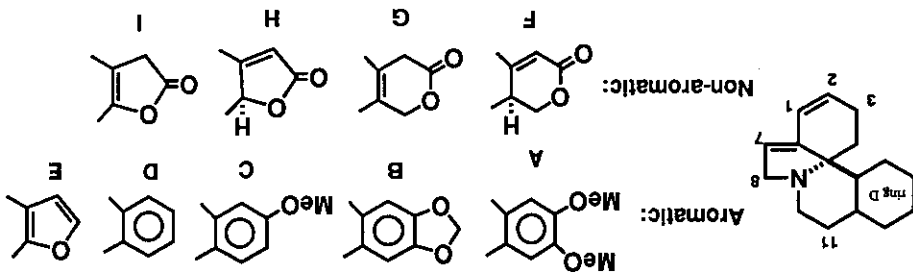
Table I. Revised Assignment of Olefinic Protons for Dienoid-type Erythrinan Alkaloids (in CDCl₃)

Name@	D-ring	3-OR	Others	H-1	H-2	H-7	ref
1 Erysoxime	A	α-OMe	8=0	6.56(ddd, 10, 2)	5.98(d, 10)	5.70(br s)	15
2 Erythraline	B	"	8=0	6.62(ddd, 10, 2)	5.90(br d, 10)	5.73(br s)	11
3 Cocovinine	C	"	8=0	6.56(ddd, 10, 2)	5.99(d, 10)	5.72(s)	6
4	D	"	8=0	6.55(ddd, 10, 2)	5.97(d, 10)	5.71(s)	6
5 α-Erythroidine	F	"	8=0	6.38(ddd, 10, 2.5)	5.88(d, 10)	5.75(br s)	14
6 β-Erythroidine	G	"	8=0	6.44(ddd, 11, 2)	5.90(d, 11)	5.71(s)	14
7 Erythravine	A	α-OH	8=0	6.57(ddd, 10, 2)	6.05(d, 10)	5.77(br s)	17
8 Erythristerimine	A	α-OMe 11β-OMe	8=0	6.56(ddd, 10, 2)	5.98(br d, 10)	5.68(br s)	3
9 Erythrarine	A	α-OMe 11β-OH	8=0	6.66(ddd, 10, 2.5)	6.09(br d, 10)	5.80(br s)	4
10 Erythrasine	A	" 11β-OAc	8=0	6.46(ddd, 10, 2.5)	5.92(br d, 10)	5.68(br s)	16
11 Erythrine	B	" 11β-OH	8=0	6.60(ddd, 10, 2.5)	6.00(br d, 10)	5.75(br s)	11
12 Erysoxamidine	A	α-OMe	8=0	6.90(ddd, 10, 3)	6.32(br d, 10)	6.02(s)	4
13 8-Oxoerythrine	B	α-OMe 11β-OH	8=0	6.85(ddd, 11, 2)	6.34(br d, 11)	6.03(s)	13
14 Coccolimine	C	"	8=0	6.89(ddd, 10, 2)	6.30(br d, 10)	6.03(s)	6
15 8-Oxoerythraline	B	"	8=0	6.83(ddd, 10, 2)	6.27(br d, 10)	6.00(s)	5
16	E	"	8=0	6.88(ddd, 10, 2)	6.30(d, 10)	6.02(s)	6
17 8-Oxo-α-erythroidine	F	"	8=0	6.74(ddd, 10, 2)	6.25(d, 10)	6.02(s)	14
18 8-Oxo-β-erythroidine	G	"	8=0	6.77(ddd, 12, 2.5)	6.25(d, 12)	5.96(s)	14
19	H	"	8=0	6.73(ddd, 10, 2)	6.30(d, 10)	6.02(s)	8
20	I	"	8=0	6.68(ddd, 10, 2)	6.25(d, 10)	5.92(s)	8
21	A	α-OH	8=0	6.91(ddd, 10, 3)	6.30(br d, 10)	6.00(s)	5
22 8-Oxoerythrine	B	α-OMe 11β-OH	8=0	6.85(ddd, 11, 2)	6.34(br d, 11)	6.03(s)	13
23 Erythrabine	A	α-OMe Δ10	8=0	6.96(ddd, 10, 2.5)	6.35(br d, 10)	6.08(s)	4
24 Crystamidine	B	α-OMe Δ10	8=0	6.93(ddd, 10, 2.5)	6.32(br d, 10)	6.07(s)	12
25	A	α-OH Δ10	8=0	6.98(ddd, 10, 2)	6.32(d, 10)	6.09(s)	7
26	B	α-OH Δ10	8=0	6.91(ddd, 10, 2)	6.29(d, 10)	6.07(s)	7
27	A	β-OMe	8=0	6.70(d, 10)	6.15(ddd, 10, 5)	5.80(s)	5
28	B	"	8=0	6.67(d, 10)	6.11(ddd, 10, 5)	5.85(br s)	5
29	A	"	8=0	6.92(br d, 10)	6.35(ddd, 10, 5)	5.94(s)	5
30	B	"	8=0	6.89(d, 10)	6.30(ddd, 10, 5)	5.96(s)	5
31	E	"	8=0	6.70(d, 10)	6.33(ddd, 10, 5)	5.80(s)	8
32	H	"	8=0	6.77(d, 10)	6.33(ddd, 10, 2)	5.98(s)	8
33	I	"	8=0	6.64(d, 10)	6.23(ddd, 10, 4)	5.85(s)	8
34	D	β-OH	8=0	6.93(d, 10)	6.28(ddd, 10, 5)	6.02(s)	6
35	E	"	8=0	6.70(d, 10)	6.29(ddd, 10, 4)	5.81(s)	8
36	A	β-OMe Δ10	8=0	6.95(d, 10)	6.30(ddd, 10, 5)	6.00(s)	7
37	A	"	8=0	7.75(d, 10)	6.41(d, 10)	6.36(s)	5
38	B	"	8=0	7.72(d, 10)	6.35(d, 10)	6.36(s)	5
39	C	"	8=0	7.75(d, 10)	6.38(d, 10)	6.38(s)	6
40	E	"	8=0	7.56(d, 10)	6.39(d, 10)	6.26(s)	8
41	H	"	8=0	7.63(d, 10)	6.34(d, 10)	6.41(s)	8
42	I	"	8=0	7.55(d, 10)	6.33(d, 10)	6.32(s)	8
43	A	Δ10	8=0	7.85(ddd, 10, 1)	6.37(d, 10)	6.46(s)	7

@ Natural alkaloids are given with names. Others are synthetic compounds. Only selected compounds are listed.

* The assignment in the references must be revised as those shown in this Table.

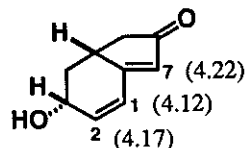
The values in benzene-d₆.



δ 5.80 and H-1 at δ 6.70 (4.4%) and between H-1 and H-2 at δ 6.33 (11-13%) were observed. Theoretical calculations also supported the above assignment: the electron densities calculated by AM19 for a model compound of 3-OR structure revealed that the order is C-7>C-2>C-1.

The above assignment is applicable not only to aromatic alkaloids but also to non-aromatic ones such as erythroidines, in which H-1 and H-2 appeared at slightly higher field than those of aromatic alkaloids.

For homoerythrinan alkaloids of dienoid-type, Johns and co-workers¹⁰ assigned the olefinic protons of H-1, H-2, and H-7 at *ca.* δ 6.2, 5.8, and 5.5 (in benzene-*d*₆), based on detailed decoupling experiments of the 3 α - and 3 β -isomers. This is in agreement with our revised assignment for erythrinan alkaloids.



Atom electron density

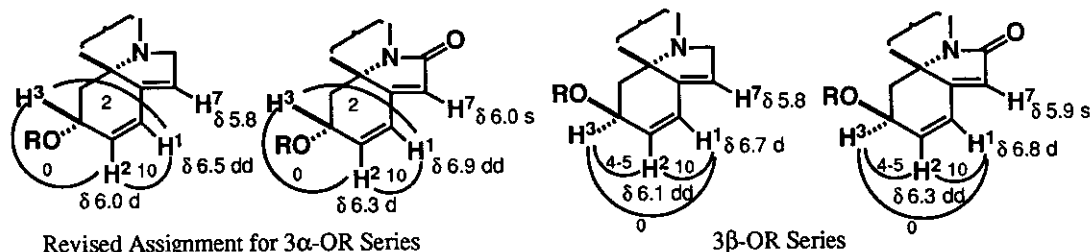


Figure 1

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