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## ASYMMETRIC CYCLIZATION OF DIENE HAVING AN ALKOXY MOIETY IN A TETHER

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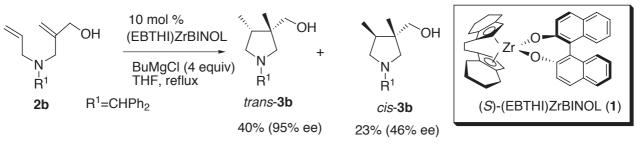
<u>Abstract</u> - Asymmetric cyclization of diene having a hydroxymethyl or hydroxyethyl group in a tether gave a *trans*-product with a high ee derived from *trans*-zirconacycle, while the ee of a *cis*-product derived from *cis*-zirconacycle was low. Coordination of the hydroxy group to zirconium as an intermediary zirconacycle would affect the ee of the cyclized product.

Zirconium-promoted cyclization is very useful in synthetic organic chemistry because the new carbon-carbon bonds are formed between the multiple bonds.<sup>1</sup> The reaction was further extended to the zirconium-catalyzed cyclization using a catalytic amount of  $Cp_2ZrCl_2$  and Grignard reagent.<sup>2</sup> As a result, the reaction could be extended to the asymmetric synthesis<sup>3</sup> using a catalytic amount of (EBTHI)ZrBINOL.<sup>4</sup> We have succeeded in the asymmetric cyclization of diene, and many heterocyclic and carbocyclic compounds could be synthesized.<sup>5</sup> In this reaction two new asymmetric carbons are formed. During the course of our study on this cyclization, we found that a hydroxymethyl group in a tether affects the ee of the *trans*-product<sup>6</sup> (*trans*-**3b**) derived from *trans*-zirconacycle. In this reaction, the ee of the *cis*-product (*cis*-**3b**) derived from

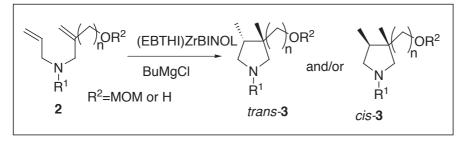
Dedicated to Professor Teruaki Mukaiyama on the occasion of his 73<sup>rd</sup> Birthday.

*cis*- zirconacycle is moderate.<sup>5a</sup> Here we report an asymmetric cyclization of diene having a hydroxyalkyl group on alkene using (EBTHI)ZrBINOL in the presence of BuMgCl, and the effect of the hydroxy group on the asymmetric cyclization.

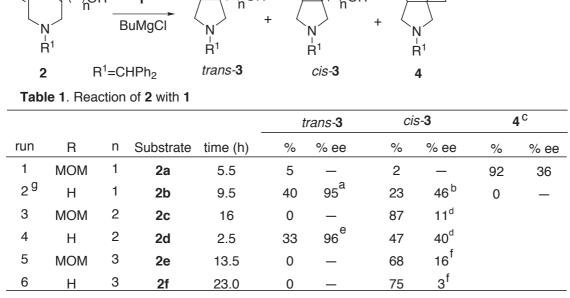




Scheme 2. Plan for asymmetric cyclization of diene having alkoxy group in a tether



When a THF solution of diene (2a) and 1 (10 mol %) was refluxed in the presence of BuMgCl (4 equiv) for 5.5 h, we are very surprised to find that spiro-compound (4) was obtained in 92% yield along with a small amount of *trans*-3a and *cis*-3a (Table 1, run 1). However, the ee of 4 was only 36%. The result was very different from that of the reaction of **2b** with **1**. The strong coordination of the oxygen of the methoxymethyl group to the zirconium metal of the zirconacycle (7) probably plays an important role in the formation of **4** in this reaction (Scheme 3). Thus, we prepared compounds (2c) and (2d), which have the alkoxyethyl moiety on the alkene. When the reaction of 2c with 1 was carried out in a similar manner, *cis*-3c was obtained as a main product. However. the ee of *cis*-3c was low (run 3, 11% ee,). On the other hand, compound (2d) having the hydroxyethyl group on the alkene gave *trans*-3d with 96% ee in 33% yield and *cis*-3d with 40% ee in 47% yield (run 4). In this case, *trans*-3d derived from *trans*-zirconacycle (3d) gave the high ee although the yield was moderate. Moreover, compounds (2e) and (2f) having hydroxypropyl group on the alkene were examined. In these cases, only cis-3e and *cis*-3f were obtained in good yields, but the ees of these compounds were low (runs 5 and 6).



The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (DAICEL CHIRALPAC AD; hexane:iPrOH=9:1) after conversion into <sup>a</sup>*trans-***3** (n=1, R<sup>1</sup>=Bz, R<sup>2</sup>=H), <sup>b</sup>*cis-***3** (n=1, R<sup>1</sup>=Bz, R<sup>2</sup>=H), <sup>c</sup>**4** (R<sup>1</sup>=Bz), <sup>d</sup>*cis-***3** (n=2, R<sup>1</sup>=Bz, R<sup>2</sup>=MOM), <sup>e</sup>*trans-***3** (n=2, R<sup>1</sup>=Bz, R<sup>2</sup>=MOM), and <sup>f</sup>*cis-***3** (n=3, R<sup>1</sup>=Bz, R<sup>2</sup>=MOM). <sup>g</sup>Published data. <sup>5a</sup>

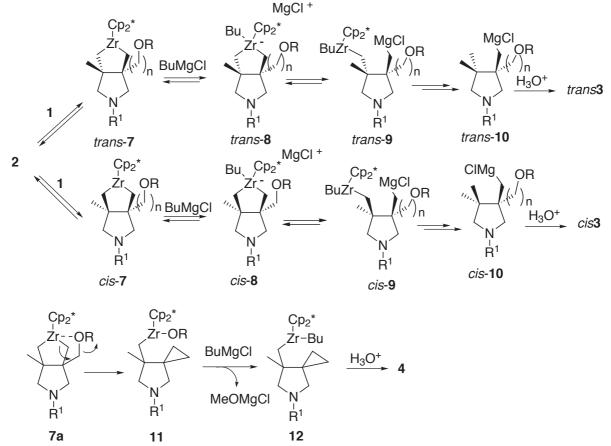
The reaction course is shown in Scheme 3. Reaction of 2 with 1 gives *trans-* and *cis*zirconacycles 7, which react with BuMgCl to give ate-complexes (8). Then carbonzirconium bond fission occurs to afford magnesium complex (9) and then (10). Hydrolysis of 10 affords 3. In this reaction, dienes (2b and 2d) having a hydroxymethyl or a hydroxyethyl group in the tether, respectively, gave *trans-*products (*trans-*3b and *trans-*3d) with the high ees derived from *trans-*zirconacycles (*trans-*7b and *trans-*7d). However, the ees of *cis-*products (*cis-*3b and *cis-*3d) derived from *cis-*zirconacycles (*cis-*7b and *cis-*7d) were low. Moreover, dienes (2e) and (2f) gave only *cis-*3e and *cis-*3f, respectively. In all cases, *cis-*products were formed, but the ees were moderate, and only dienes having a hydroxy group in the tether gave *trans-*products.

Further studies on asymmetric cyclization using zirconium complex are now in progress.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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Scheme 3. Reaction Course



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- 6. In this report, *cis* and *trans* refer to the relative positions of the corresponding substituents connected with the stereochemistry of the 5-5 membered ring junction of the zirconacycle.
- 7. The stereochemistry of *cis* and *trans*-isomers was confirmed by NMR experiments (COSY and NOESY).