FACILE SYNTHESIS OF [5.n.1.0^{1,5}] TRICYCLES MEDIATED BY INTRAMOLECULAR PAUSON-KHAND REACTION OF 3-ALKYNYL-1-ALKYLIDENECYCLIC COMPOUNDS

Miyuki Ishizaki,* Mina Masamoto, and Osamu Hoshino*

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Tokyo University of Science, 12, Ichigaya Funagawara-machi, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 162-0826, Japan

Abstract – Intramolecular Pauson-Khand reaction of various 3-alkynyl-1alkylidenecyclic compounds gave corresponding $[5.n.1.0^{1.5}]$ tricyclic compounds (n = 2-4). Facile construction of core structure for total synthesis of cedrene-type terpenoid, cedranediol, was also investigated.

In this decade, Pauson-Khand reaction¹ has much attention for construction of cyclopentenone structures including natural product synthesis.² In our continuing studies on Pauson-Khand reaction of *exo*-cyclic enynes,³ we wish to report facile synthesis of $[5.n.1.0^{1.5}]$ tricyclic compounds (n = 2-4) by intramolecular Pauson-Khand reaction of various 3-alkynyl-1-alkylidenecyclic compounds (Scheme 1) and its application to construct functionalized core structure of oxygenated cedrane derivative, cedranediol (3).^{4,5}



At first, various 3-alkynyl-*exo*-1-cycloalkenes $(1a-e)^{6.7}$ were synthesized and examined intramolecular Pauson-Khand reaction by standard methods (refluxing in toluene or oxidative treatment with *N*methylmorpholine *N*-oxide⁸ at room temperature). The results are shown in Table 1. The reaction of methylenecyclo-hexane (1b) and –heptane (1c) gave corresponding tricyclic compounds (2b,c) in moderate to good yield. However, with methylenecylopentane (1a), although starting material was consumed, isolated yield of 2a was quite low. The result would be due to highly strained tricyclic system

Entry	Substrate	Additive ^b	Solvent	Temp.	Time (h)	Product	Yield (%)
1		-	toluene	reflux	4		4
2	1a	NMO		rt	2	2a 0	13
3		-	toluene	reflux	10		73
4	1b	NMO	CH ₂ Cl ₂	rt	2	2b	57
5		-	toluene	reflux	3		55
6	1c	NMO	CH ₂ Cl ₂	rt	2	20	21
_		-		a	_		
7			toluene	reflux	5		54
8	N Cbz	NMO	CH ₂ Cl ₂	rt	2		47
	1d					Cbz 2 Q	d
9		-	toluene	reflux	5	Z	14
10		NMO	CH_2Cl_2	rt	2	\square	10
	1e					<u></u> 0 20	e

Table 1. Intramolecular Pauson-Khand reaction of various exo-cyclic enynes (2a-e).^a

a) The reaction was carried out using 1 (0.3-0.5 mmol) with 1.1 equivalent of $Co_2(CO)_8$.

b) Nine (for **1a-c**) or twelve (for **1d,e**) equivalents of NMO was used.

in **2a**. The reaction of aza derivative (**1d**) afforded tricyclic compound (**2d**) in moderate yield. Contrary to other 6-membered enynes (**1b**,**d**), similar reaction of enyne (**1e**) attached to pyran ring resulted in formation of intractable mixtures, so that **1e** gave **2e** in low yield. It was found that generally the reaction in boiling toluene except for **1a** was superior to oxidative condition using NMO.

Next, we turned our attention to Pauson-Khand reaction of methylenecyclohexanones, because facile access to functionalized core structure of cedranediol (**3**), which is one of naturally occurring oxygenated cedrene-type terpenoids, could be expected. To synthesize Pauson-Khand precursor bearing carbonyl group, we adopted Nicholas reaction⁹ reported by Schreiber,¹⁰ in which direct synthesis of Pauson-Khand furnishes alkyne-cobalt complex (**7a**,**b**)^{6,12} in moderate yields. The reaction of **7a** in boiling toluene afforded expected [5.3.1.0^{1,5}] tricyclic compound (**8a**)⁶ in 52% yield, whereas similar reaction of **7b** afforded **8b**⁶



 $(76: 24 \text{ diastereomeric mixture})^{13}$ in only 12% yield. This findings suggested to be attributable to the carbonyl group in **7a,b**, because Pauson *et al*. have reported that similar reaction of acetal substrate gave the tricycle in high yield.⁵ Therefore, conversion of the carbonyl group in **7a,b** to acetal group¹⁴ might

proceed in a transition state through favored conformation by reactive rotamer effect¹⁵ (Figure 1) to increase the yield of tricyclic products. As expected, the reaction of enyne $(9a)^6$ gave **10a** in 78% yield. Also, yield of **10b**⁶ (74 : 26 diastereomeric mixture)¹³ from **9b**⁶ was improved to 42%.



In conclusion, we have investigated intramolecular Pauson-Khand reaction of various 3-alkynyl-1alkylidenecyclic derivatives to give corresponding $[5.n.1.0^{1.5}]$ tricyclic compounds (n = 2-4). Straightforward synthesis of alkyne-cobalt complex using Schreiber's method and subsequent Pauson-Khand reaction offered facile access to functionalized core structure of cedranediol.

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- 6. All new compounds gave satisfactory ¹H-NMR, IR, and MS spectral data.
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- 11. The silyl enol ether (5b) was obtained a mixture of regioisomers (68 : 32).
- 12. The alkyne-cobalt complex (**7b**,**8b**) were obtained as a mixture of regioisomers. Ratio of each complex was estimated by ¹H-NMR spectral analysis after decomplexation with $Ce(NH_4)_2(NO_3)_6$ (57 : 43 for **7b** and 58 : 42 for **8b**).
- 13. The ratio was determined by ¹H-NMR spectral analysis. Stereochemistry of each product could not be established at this stage and will be reported in due course.
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