

## A NEW SYNTHESIS OF SUBSTITUTED 2,5-DIHYDRO[*b*]-OXEPINES

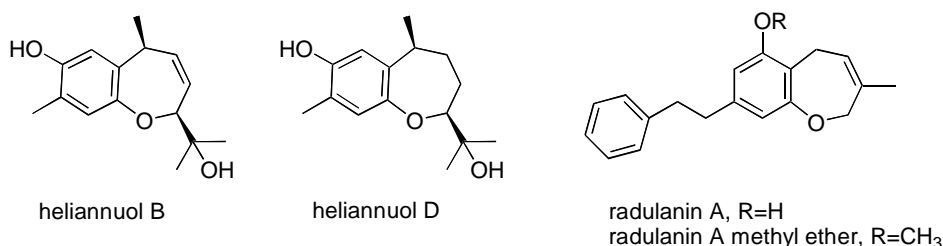
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**Abstract-** Based on Claisen rearrangement, Baeyer-Villiger oxidation, and ring-closing metathesis (RCM), a series of substituted 2,5-dihydrobenzo[*b*]-oxepines were synthesized from isovanillin in good over-all yields. Other appropriate substituted 2,5-dihydrobenzo[*b*]oxepines prepared from corresponding phenol derivatives were also described.

### INTRODUCTION

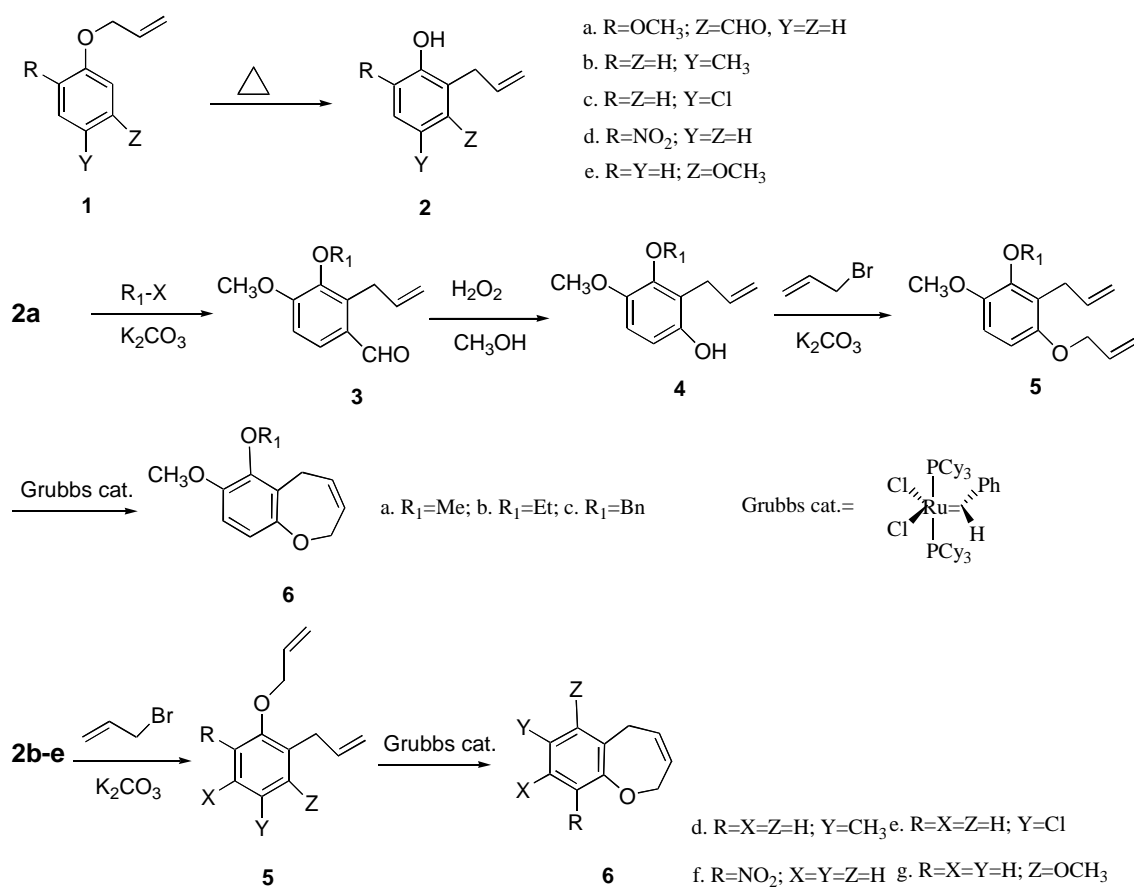
Benzo[*b*]oxepine, a structural unit of some natural occurring sesquiterpines, attracts the attention of either synthetic or natural product chemists for their activities. Just as heliannuol B isolated from *Helianthus annuus* var. *SH-222* and *VYP* exhibited allelopathic activity in the cultivated sunflower to make a defense against dicotyledon species.<sup>1</sup> Heliannuols D,<sup>1</sup> a reduced form of heliannuol B, synthesized by Takabatake, *et al.*<sup>2</sup> has also revealed an alleochemical activity. Radulanin A, and its methyl ether isolated from *Radula complanata* by Asakawa, *et al.*,<sup>3a</sup> and synthesized *via* Mitsunobu's reaction by Yamaguchi, *et al.*,<sup>3b</sup> have shown 5-lipoxygenase and calmodulin inhibitory activity, and vasopressin antagonist activity.<sup>3a</sup> However those synthetic methods still have disadvantages including tedious reaction conditions, multi-synthetic steps, low over-all yields, and commercial unavailable intermediate, which difficulty to prepared. Thus, to build-up a brief and rationale synthetic method for those title compounds is requisite.



Since 1995 Grubbs *et al.*<sup>4</sup> discovered a novel alkylidene-ruthenium complex as a catalyst for ring-closing metathesis (RCM), it has been widely applied in organic synthesis in many aspects.<sup>5</sup> Based on this chemistry, we have recently reported a new route to *N*-aryl  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated lactams,<sup>6</sup> substituted

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naphthalenes.<sup>7</sup> Although ring-closing metathesis has been preliminarily applied for the synthesis 2,5-dihydrobenzo[*b*]oxepines by Fuerstner, *et al.*,<sup>8a</sup> and Miyaki, *et al.*,<sup>8b</sup> but for their substituted derivatives is only paid a little attention.<sup>8c</sup> In this our continuing studies, based on Claisen reaction, Baeyer-Villiger oxidation and RCM, we herein reported a versatile synthesis of some new substituted 2,5-dihydrobenzo[*b*]oxepines, which started from isovanillin. Furthermore other appropriate new substituted 2,5-dihydrobenzo[*b*]oxepines prepared from corresponding phenol derivatives were also described. The synthetic scheme was shown in **Scheme 1**.



**Scheme 1**

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

According to the general procedure,<sup>9</sup> by the reflux of the corresponding phenols (**1a-f**) with allyl bromide in the presence of anhydrous K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> in acetone, it gave phenyl ethers (**2a-f**) in good yields. These phenyl ethers were respectively heated to boil as previous study<sup>7, 10</sup> to undergo Claisen rearrangement to give 2-allylphenols (**2a-e**) in good yields. The migration of allyl group to the *ortho*-position of corresponding phenol was confirmed by <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectra. For example chemical shifts of **2a** showed two aromatic signals with doublet at δ 7.0, and 7.5 having coupling constant, *J* = 8.8 Hz, indicated *ortho*-couple of each other. Thus, the evidence of the migration of allyl group from allyloxy to the *ortho*-position of phenolic OH of **2a** was confirmed.<sup>7</sup> As the procedure previously described,<sup>7</sup> these 2-allylphenols (**2a**) were respectively alkylated with various alkyl iodide or bromide to give 2-allyl-3-alkoxy-4-methoxy-

benzaldehydes (**3a-c**) in good yields. Followed by undergoing Baeyer-Villiger oxidation,<sup>11</sup> **3a-c** was respectively converted into corresponding phenols (**4a-c**) in yields of 71-75 %. The structure of **4a-c** was confirmed by <sup>1</sup>H-NMR and <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectrometry. For example, **4a** exhibited a phenolic proton at  $\delta$  4.89 (D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), no formyl proton or carbon observed either in <sup>1</sup>H-NMR or <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectra, indicated the work of oxidation. Furthermore the molecular ion of **4a** in EI-MS is  $m/z$  194, which is coincident with the calculated one for **4a**, C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O<sub>3</sub>. Then, allylation of **4a-c** and **2b-e** was smoothly carried out as general procedure<sup>10</sup> to lead **5a-g** in yields of 82-88 %. The structure of **5a-g** was confirmed by spectral data such as <sup>1</sup>H-NMR, <sup>13</sup>C-NMR, and EI-MS. For instance, **5b** revealed two sets of allyl group in <sup>1</sup>H-NMR, one at  $\delta$  3.47 (dt,  $J$  6.3, 1.9 Hz, 2H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.94 (ddt,  $J$  10.2, 1.9, 1.9 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.01 (ddt,  $J$  17.5, 1.9, 1.9 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), and 5.99 (ddt,  $J$  17.5, 10.2, 6.3 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), the other one at  $\delta$  4.46 (dt,  $J$  5.0, 1.8 Hz, 2 H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.23 (ddt,  $J$  10.5, 1.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.40 (ddt,  $J$  17.2, 1.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), and 6.03 (ddt,  $J$  17.2, 10.5, 5.0 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>). Furthermore fifteen lines were found in <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectra, matched the carbon numbers for **5b**. On the other hand, the molecular ion,  $m/z$  248 was found in EI-MS, which is coincident with the calculated one for **5b**, C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>3</sub>. Finally **5a-f** was respectively treated with Grubbs' catalyst in dichloromethane to undergo RCM reaction, it furnished substituted benzo[*b*]oxepines (**6a-g**) in yields of 80-88 % yields. The structure of **6a-g** was supported by the data of <sup>1</sup>H-NMR, <sup>13</sup>C-NMR, and EI-MS spectra. Such as **6c**, two *cis*-olefinic protons at  $\delta$  5.36 ( $J$  14.4, 5.3, 2.4 Hz, 1H, H-4), and 5.68 ( $J$  14.4, 8.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-3) in <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum, and two olefinic carbons at  $\delta$  110.09 and 116.28 in <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectrum were found, respectively. The molecular ion,  $m/z$  282 was found in EI-MS spectrum, which is coincident with the calculated one for **6c**, C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.

In conclusion, besides 6-methoxybenzo[*b*]oxepines (**6g**),<sup>8c</sup> such as 6-alkoxy-7-methoxybenzo[*b*]oxepines (**6a-c**) 7-methyl or 7-chlorobenzo[*b*]oxepines (**6d-e**), and 9-nitrobenzo[*b*]oxepines (**6f**), which are all new compounds, were synthesized in good over-all yields. Thus, our study gave a new and versatile route to substituted benzo[*b*]oxepines from isovanillin, and various phenols. Furthermore the <sup>1</sup>H-NMR, <sup>13</sup>C-NMR, EI-MS, and HRMS spectral data for those substituted benzo[*b*]oxepines (**6a-g**) were also established. The synthesis of other new substituted benzo[*b*]oxepines is currently in progress in our lab.

## EXPERIMENTAL

Melting points (Yanaco micro melting-point apparatus) are uncorrected. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR and <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectra were obtained on a Varian Gemini-200 or Varian Unity plus 400 or Bruker Avance 600 Spectrometer. Chemical shifts are measured in parts per million with respect to TMS. Elemental analyses were recorded on a Heraeus CHN-O Rapid analyzer. MS spectra were recorded on Chem/hp/middle instrument, and HRMS were recorded on JEOL, JMSD-200 or on JEOL, JMS-SX. Silica gel (230-400 mesh) for column chromatography, and precoated silica gel plates (60F-254) for TLC was purchased from E. Merck. UV light (254 nm) was used to detect spots on TLC plates after development.

**General procedure for *o*-allylation of corresponding phenolic compound to give allyloxyl**

## compounds (1a-e)

The corresponding phenols (20 mmol) were respectively reacted with allyl bromide as the known procedure<sup>10</sup> to give allyloxyl compounds (1a-e).

### 3-allyloxy-4-methoxybenzaldehyde (1a)<sup>12</sup>

Pure **1a** (3.34 g, 87%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f$  0.36 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane = 1/3); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz)  $\delta$  3.96 (s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.67 (dt,  $J$  = 5.2 Hz, 1.2 Hz, 2H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.32 (ddt,  $J$  = 10.4 Hz, 1.2 Hz, 1.2 Hz, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.45 (ddt,  $J$  = 17.2 Hz, 1.2 Hz, 1.2 Hz, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.09 (ddt,  $J$  = 17.2, 10.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.99, 7.46 (each d,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.41 (s, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz)  $\delta$  56.08, 69.64, 110.62, 110.82, 118.51, 126.72, 129.94, 132.44, 148.45, 154.77, 190.76.

### 1-Allyloxy-4-methylbenzene (1b)<sup>13</sup>

Pure **9a** (2.58 g, 87%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f$  =0.89 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/12); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz)  $\delta$  2.25 (s, 3H, ArCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.46 (dt,  $J$  = 5.2 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.24 (dd,  $J$  = 10.4 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.37 (dd,  $J$  = 17.2 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.02 (ddt,  $J$  = 17.2 Hz, 10.4 Hz, 5.2 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.79 (d,  $J$  = 8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.04 (d,  $J$  = 8.6 Hz, 2H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz)  $\delta$  20.35, 68.73, 114.51, 117.25, 129.77, 129.88, 133.49, 156.43; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  148 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100), 133 (65), 131 (4), 120 (5), 107 (76), 91 (17), 80 (6), 77 (54), 65 (12), 51 (12); HRMS calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O: 148.0888. Found: 148.0888.

### Allyloxy-4-chlorobenzene (1c)<sup>14</sup>

Pure **1c** (3.04 g, 90 %) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f$  =0.87 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/12); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz)  $\delta$  4.47 (dt,  $J$  = 5.2 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.27 (ddt,  $J$  = 10.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.38 (ddt,  $J$  = 17.2 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.01 (ddt,  $J$  = 17.2 Hz, 10.0 Hz, 5.2 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.81 (d,  $J$  = 8.8 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.20 (d,  $J$  = 8.8 Hz, 2H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz)  $\delta$  68.94, 115.95, 117.72, 125.58, 129.21, 132.87, 157.13; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  168 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100), 153 (13), 140 (4), 133 (81), 111 (12), 99 (60), 91 (4), 75 (31), 63 (26), 50 (14); HRMS calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>9</sub>ClO: 168.0342. Found: 168.0339.

### 1-Allyloxy-2-nitrobenzene (1d)<sup>15</sup>

Pure **1d** (3.19 g, 89%) was obtained as yellow liquid,  $R_f$  =0.41 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/12); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz)  $\delta$  4.68 (dt,  $J$  = 4.8 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.31 (ddt,  $J$  = 10.8 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.49 (ddt,  $J$  = 17.2 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.03 (ddt,  $J$  = 17.2 Hz, 10.8 Hz, 4.8 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 7.02 (td,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.08 (dd,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.51 (td,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.82 (dd,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz)  $\delta$  69.81, 114.76, 118.07, 120.35, 125.43, 131.62, 133.96, 139.91, 151.74; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  179 (M<sup>+</sup>, 12), 139 (6), 123 (100), 106 (46), 92 (9), 78 (11), 63 (22), 51 (15); HRMS calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>9</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>: 179.0582. Found: 179.0585.

### 1-Allyloxy-3-methoxybenzene (**1e**)<sup>16</sup>

Pure **1e** (2.82 g, 86%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f = 0.59$  (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/12), <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 200 MHz)  $\delta$  3.75 (s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.49 (dt,  $J = 5.3$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.26 (ddt,  $J = 10.5$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.39 (ddt,  $J = 17.3$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.04 (ddt,  $J = 17.3$  Hz, 10.5 Hz, 5.3 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.48 (s, 1H, ArH), 6.50 (dt,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 2.1 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.15 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 50 MHz)  $\delta$  55.11, 68.70, 101.17, 106.34, 106.79, 117.50, 129.76, 133.22, 159.78, 160.76; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  164 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100), 149 (23), 136 (22), 121 (30), 109 (12), 105 (13), 95 (39), 77 (13), 64 (11), 52 (12); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>2</sub>: 164.0837. Found: 164.0835.

### General procedure for the preparation of **2a-e** via the Claisen rearrangement of **1a-e**

The corresponding allyloxyl compounds **1a-e** (15 mmol) were respectively heated to undergo Claisen reaction as the known procedure<sup>7, 8, 10</sup> to give **2a-e**.

### 2-Allyl-3-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzaldehyde (**2a**)<sup>7, 8</sup>

Pure **2a** (2.7 g, 94%) was obtained as pale yellow liquid;  $R_f$  0.47 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/3); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz)  $\delta$  3.75 (dt,  $J = 6.0$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.77 (s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.84 (dt,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.88 (dt,  $J = 10.0$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.89 (ddt,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 10.0 Hz, 6.0 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.28 (br s, 1H, OH), 6.71, 7.27 (each d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 9.90 (s, 1H, CHO); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz)  $\delta$  28.08 (ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 55.76 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 107.91, 114.96, 125.28, 127.31, 127.74, 136.07, 143.61, 150.80, 191.40 (CHO); EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  (rel. intensity, %) 192 (M<sup>+</sup>, 54), 177 (100), 159 (24), 149 (23), 143 (19), 131 (29), 115 (19), 103 (28), 91 (20), and 77 (23); HRMS calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>3</sub>: 192.0786. Found: 192.0789.

### 2-Allyl-4-methylphenol (**2b**)<sup>15</sup>

Pure **2b** (1.96 g, 88%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f = 0.32$  (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/12); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 200 MHz)  $\delta$  2.25 (s, 3H, ArCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.63 (d,  $J = 6.4$  Hz, 2H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.98 (s, 1H, ArOH), 5.13 (dd,  $J = 11.6$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.14 (dd,  $J = 15.6$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.01 (ddt,  $J = 17.6$  Hz, 9.7 Hz, 6.4 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.69 (d,  $J = 8.7$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.90 (s, 1H, ArH), 6.91 (d,  $J = 8.6$  Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 50 MHz)  $\delta$  20.42, 35.03, 115.60, 116.24, 125.07, 128.17, 130.08, 130.92, 136.52, 151.69; EIMS (70 eV)  $m/z$  148 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100), 133 (83), 131 (15), 105 (53), 91 (28), 77 (15), 65(6), 51(6); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O: 148.0888. Found: 148.0890.

### 2-Allyl-4-chlorophenol (**2c**)<sup>15</sup>

Pure **2c** (2.15 g, 85%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f = 0.79$  (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/12); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 200 MHz)  $\delta$  3.37 (dt,  $J = 6.4$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.11 (ddt,  $J = 10.4$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.18 (ddt,  $J = 17.5$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.65 (br s, 1H, ArOH), 5.98 (ddt,  $J = 17.5$  Hz, 10.4 Hz, 6.4 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.74, 7.04 (each d,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.09 (s, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 50 MHz)  $\delta$  34.57, 116.00, 116.82, 125.28, 127.37, 129.95,

130.20, 135.55, 152.69; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  168( $M^+$ , 100), 153(36), 141(13), 133(98), 115(33), 105(79), 89(14), 77(62), 66(16), 51(47); HRMS: Calcd for  $C_9H_9OCl$ : 168.0342. Found: 168.0344.

### 2-Allyl-6-nitrophenol (**2d**)<sup>15</sup>

Pure **2d** (2.07 g, 77%) was obtained as yellow liquid,  $R_f$  = 0.77 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane = 1/12); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 200 MHz)  $\delta$  3.48 (dt,  $J$  = 6.6 Hz, 1.3 Hz, 2H,  $ArCH_2CH=CH_2$ ), 5.12 (ddt,  $J$  = 15.0 Hz, 1.3 Hz, 1.3 Hz, 1H,  $ArCH_2CH=CH_2$ ), 5.11 (ddt,  $J$  = 17.7 Hz, 1.3 Hz, 1.3 Hz, 1H,  $ArCH_2CH=CH_2$ ), 5.98 (ddt,  $J$  = 17.7 Hz, 15.0 Hz, 6.6 Hz, 1H,  $ArCH_2CH=CH_2$ ), 6.92 (t,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 1H,  $ArH$ ), 7.46 (dd,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 1.0 Hz, 1H,  $ArH$ ), 7.97 (dd,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 1.0 Hz,  $ArH$ ), 10.93 (s, 1H,  $ArOH$ ); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 50 MHz)  $\delta$  33.55, 116.75, 119.42, 123.02, 131.34, 133.56, 135.05, 137.42, 153.20; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  179 ( $M^+$ , 56), 162(11), 132(12), 116(14), 103(61), 89(11), 77(46), 65(7.0), 51(17); HRMS: Calcd for  $C_9H_9NO_3$ : 179.0582. Found: 179.0582.

### 2-Allyl-3-methoxyphenol (**2e**)<sup>17</sup>

Pure **2e** (1.85 g, 75%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f$  = 0.47 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane = 1/12); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 200 MHz)  $\delta$  3.48 (dt,  $J$  = 6.3 Hz, 1.8 Hz, 1.7 Hz, 2H,  $ArCH_2CH=CH_2$ ), 3.80 (s, 3H,  $OCH_3$ ), 5.07 (br s, 1H,  $OH$ ), 5.08 (ddt,  $J$  = 10.4 Hz, 1.8 Hz, 1.8 Hz, 1H,  $ArCH_2CH=CH_2$ ), 5.10 (ddt,  $J$  = 18.0 Hz, 1.8 Hz, 1.8 Hz, 1H,  $ArCH_2CH=CH_2$ ), 5.98 (ddt,  $J$  = 18.0 Hz, 10.4 Hz, 6.3 Hz, 1H,  $ArCH_2CH=CH_2$ ), 6.49 (dd,  $J$  = 8.5 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2 H,  $ArH$ ), 7.08 (t,  $J$  = 8.5 Hz, 1H,  $ArH$ ); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 50 MHz)  $\delta$  27.32, 55.80, 103.33, 108.79, 113.61, 115.36, 127.51, 136.30, 155.14, 158.21; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  164 ( $M^+$ , 100), 149 (34), 135 (42), 121 (34), 107 (39), 103 (23), 91 (20), 77 (21), 65 (7), 51 (7); HRMS: Calcd for  $C_{10}H_{12}O_2$ : 164.0837. Found: 164.0837.

### General procedure for the preparation of **3a-c** from **2a-c**

The corresponding *o*-allylphenols (**2a-c**) (10 mmol) were respectively reacted with methyl iodide, ethyl bromide, and benzyl bromide as the known procedure<sup>7, 8</sup> to give allylalkoxy compounds (**3a-c**).

### 2-Allyl-3,4-dimethoxybenzaldehyde (**3a**)<sup>7, 18</sup>

Pure **3a** (1.81 g, 88%) was obtained as pale yellow liquid,  $R_f$  0.62 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane = 1/3); <sup>1</sup>H NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 200 MHz)  $\delta$  3.73, 3.85 (each s, 3H,  $OCH_3$ ), 3.78 (dt,  $J$  = 5.8, 1.8 Hz, 2H,  $CH_2=CHCH_2Ar$ ), 4.84 (ddd,  $J$  = 17.0, 3.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H,  $CH_2=CHCH_2Ar$ ), 4.93 (ddd,  $J$  = 10.3, 3.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H,  $CH_2=CHCH_2Ar$ ), 5.94 (dtd,  $J$  = 17.0, 10.3, 5.8 Hz, 1H,  $CH_2=CHCH_2Ar$ ), 6.85 (d,  $J$  = 8.6 Hz, 1H,  $ArH$ ), 7.54 (d,  $J$  = 8.6 Hz, 1H,  $ArH$ ), 9.95 (s, 1H,  $CHO$ ); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 50 MHz)  $\delta$  28.41 ( $CH_2=CHCH_2Ar$ ), 55.50, 60.60 (each,  $OCH_3$ ), 109.64, 115.24, 127.62, 128.88, 135.72, 136.91, 146.98, 157.22, 190.59 ( $CHO$ ); EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  (rel. intensity, %) 206 ( $M^+$ , 58), 191 (100), 175 (39), 174 (19), 163 (22), 147 (23), 131 (28), 103 (33), 91 (33); HRMS calcd for  $C_{12}H_{14}O_3$ : 206.0943. Found: 206.0935.

### 2-Allyl-3-ethoxy-4-methoxybenzaldehyde (**3b**)<sup>7</sup>

Pure **3b** (1.76 g, 80%) was obtained as pale yellow liquid;  $R_f$  0.55 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane = 1/3); <sup>1</sup>H-

NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 200 MHz)  $\delta$  1.36 (t,  $J = 7.0$  Hz, 3H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.84 (dt,  $J = 5.8, 1.8$  Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>=CHCH<sub>2</sub>Ar), 3.89 (s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.96 (q,  $J = 7.0$  Hz, 2H, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 4.88 (ddd,  $J = 17.0, 3.3, 1.8$  Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>=CHCH<sub>2</sub>Ar), 4.98 (ddd,  $J = 10.3, 3.3, 1.8$  Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>=CHCH<sub>2</sub>Ar), 5.99 (dtd,  $J = 17.0, 10.3, 5.8$  Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>=CHCH<sub>2</sub>Ar), 6.88 (d,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.57 (d,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 10.02 (s, 1H, CHO); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 50 MHz)  $\delta$  16.09 (OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 29.33 (CH<sub>2</sub>=CHCH<sub>2</sub>Ar), 56.27 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 110.26, 115.98, 128.43, 129.34, 136.69, 137.68, 146.96, 158.11, 191.47 (CHO); EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  (rel. intensity, %) 220 (M<sup>+</sup>, 68), 205 (100), 192 (32), 191 (38), 177 (99), 164 (31), 159 (38), 143 (35), 135 (46), 131 (57), 103 (73), 91 (53); HRMS calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>3</sub>: 220.1099. Found: 220.1104.

### 2-Allyl-3-benzyloxy-4-methoxybenzaldehyde (3c)<sup>7, 19</sup>

Pure **3c** (2.76 g, 98%) was obtained as pale yellow liquid,  $R_f$  0.56 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/3); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 200 MHz)  $\delta$  3.88 (dt,  $J = 5.8, 1.8$  Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>=CHCH<sub>2</sub>Ar), 3.92 (s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.91 (ddd,  $J = 17.0, 3.3, 1.8$  Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>=CHCH<sub>2</sub>Ar), 4.99 (s, 2H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), 5.02 (ddd,  $J = 10.3, 3.3, 1.8$  Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>=CHCH<sub>2</sub>Ar), 6.01 (dtd,  $J = 17.0, 10.3, 5.8$  Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>=CHCH<sub>2</sub>Ar), 6.94 (d,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.34 (d,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, 2H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), 7.42 (d,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, 2H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), 7.48 (d,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, 1H, OCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), 7.67 (d,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 10.06 (s, 1H, CHO); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 50 MHz)  $\delta$  29.41 (CH<sub>2</sub>=CHCH<sub>2</sub>Ar), 56.37 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 75.41 (OCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), 110.49, 116.21, 128.57, 128.72, 128.85, 128.96, 129.69, 136.90, 137.71, 137.96, 146.59, 158.12, 191.42 (CHO); EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  (rel. intensity, %) 282 (M<sup>+</sup>, 0.3), 192 (2), 191 (20), 177 (9), 163 (2), 159 (2), 135 (3), 131 (3), 105 (3), 103 (5), 92 (10), 91 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>3</sub>: 282.1256. Found: 282.1259.

### General procedure for the preparation of 4a-e from 3a-e via Baeyer-Villiger oxidation<sup>11</sup>

Compound (**3a-e**) (15 mmol) dissolved in methanol (45 mL) was added with 35% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (3 mL, 35 mmol), and *conc.* H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (3 drops), and stirred at rt by monitoring with TLC until the disappearance of starting material for 1.5 h. The solution was concentrated under *vacuo* to remove methanol. And then the residue was suspended in water (20 mL), and extracted with ethyl acetate (20 mL x 3). The mixture of organic phases was washed with brine (10 mL x 2), and then dried with anhydrous MgSO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration, the filtrate was concentrated in *vacuo* to give the crude **4a-e**. When subjected to chromatographic column (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/6), it gave pure **4a-e** in yields of 71-74 %.

### 2-Allyl-3,4-dimethoxyphenol (4a)<sup>20</sup>

Pure **4a** (2.16 g, 74%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f$  =0.57 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/3); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz)  $\delta$  3.48 (ddd,  $J = 6.0$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.80 (s, 3H, ArOCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.81 (s, 3H, ArOCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.89 (br s, 1H, ArOH), 5.10 (ddt,  $J = 10.6$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.11 (ddt,  $J = 17.6$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.01 (ddt,  $J = 17.6$  Hz, 10.6 Hz, 6.0 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.56, 6.71 (each d,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz)  $\delta$  28.33, 56.32, 61.01, 110.56, 111.37, 115.75, 120.29, 136.37, 147.10, 147.80, 148.77; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  194 (M<sup>+</sup>, 87), 179 (100), 163 (9), 147 (73), 123 (18), 119 (34), 107 (7), 91 (22), 77 (6), 55 (3); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O<sub>3</sub>: 194.0943. Found: 194.0941.

### 2-Allyl-3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenol (4b)

Pure **4b** (2.22 g, 71%) was obtained as white solid,  $R_f$  = 0.60 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/3);  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 200 MHz)  $\delta$  1.35 (t,  $J$  = 7.1 Hz, 3H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.49 (ddd,  $J$  = 6.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 3.79 (s, 3H,  $\text{ArOCH}_3$ ), 4.00 (q,  $J$  = 7.1 Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$ ), 4.91 (br s, 1H,  $\text{ArOH}$ ), 5.10 (ddt,  $J$  = 10.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.11 (ddt,  $J$  = 17.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 6.00 (ddt,  $J$  = 17.6 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 6.0 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 6.54 (d,  $J$  = 8.8 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$ ), 6.7 (d,  $J$  = 8.8 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$ );  $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 50 MHz)  $\delta$  15.62, 28.57, 56.37, 69.10, 110.42, 111.39, 115.74, 120.42, 136.40, 146.95, 147.19, 148.82; EI-MS (70eV)  $m/z$  208 ( $\text{M}^+$ , 100), 193 (28), 165 (85), 147 (23), 137 (67), 119 (33), 109 (16), 91 (13), 77 (4), 53 (3); HRMS: Calcd for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_3$ : 208.1099. Found: 208.1098; Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_3$ : C, 69.21; H, 7.74. Found: C, 79.51; H, 7.56.

### 2-Allyl-3-benzyloxy-4-methoxyphenol (4c)

Pure **4c** (3.04 g, 75%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f$  = 0.45 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/3);  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 400 MHz)  $\delta$  3.43 (ddd,  $J$  = 6.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 3.83 (s, 3H,  $\text{ArOCH}_3$ ), 4.89 (s, 1H,  $\text{ArOH}$ ), 4.99 (s, 2H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_5$ ), 5.07 (ddt,  $J$  = 10.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.08 (ddt,  $J$  = 17.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.87 (ddt,  $J$  = 17.6 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 6.0 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 6.57, 6.74 (each d,  $J$  = 8.8 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$ ), 7.29 (d,  $J$  = 7.8 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_5$ ), 7.36 (t,  $J$  = 7.8 Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_5$ ), 7.48 (d,  $J$  = 7.8 Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_5$ );  $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 100 MHz)  $\delta$  26.62, 56.46, 75.03, 110.77, 111.58, 115.90, 120.47, 127.89, 128.24, 128.34, 136.32, 137.69, 146.48, 147.17, 148.87; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  270 ( $\text{M}^+$ , 16), 179 (25), 147 (16), 119 (8), 91 (100); HRMS (EI,  $m/z$ ): Calcd for  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_3$ : 270.1256. Found: 270.1254; Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_3$ : C, 75.53; H, 6.71. Found: C, 75.88; H, 6.56.

### General procedure for the preparation of 5a-g from 4a-c, and 2b-e via *o*-allylation

The corresponding phenols (**4a-e**) or (**2b-e**) (10 mmol) were respectively reacted with allyl bromide (10.5 mmol) to give **5a-g** as the same process described for the preparation of **1a-e**.

### 2-Allyl-1-allyloxy-3,4-dimethoxybenzene (5a)

Pure **5a** (1.94 g, 83%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f$  = 0.76 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/3);  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 400 MHz)  $\delta$  3.46 (ddd,  $J$  = 6.2 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 3.80 (s, 3H,  $\text{ArOCH}_3$ ), 3.81 (s, 3H,  $\text{ArOCH}_3$ ), 4.47 (ddd,  $J$  = 5.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 4.95 (ddt,  $J$  = 10.5 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.02 (ddt,  $J$  = 16.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.23 (ddt,  $J$  = 10.4 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.40 (ddt,  $J$  = 16.9 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.98 (ddt,  $J$  = 16.6 Hz, 10.5 Hz, 6.2 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 6.03 (ddt,  $J$  = 16.9 Hz, 10.4 Hz, 5.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 6.55, 6.70 (each d,  $J$  = 8.8 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$ );  $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 100 MHz)  $\delta$  28.27, 56.08, 60.77, 69.41, 107.04, 110.14, 114.45, 116.57, 123.53, 133.67, 137.05, 147.29, 147.98, 151.07; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  234 ( $\text{M}^+$ , 80), 219 (8), 193 (100), 178 (68), 162 (37), 150 (18), 135 (16), 107 (9), 105 (15), 79 (6); HRMS (EI,  $m/z$ ): Calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_3$ : 234.1256. Found: 234.1255; Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_3$ : C, 71.77; H, 7.74. Found: C, 72.04; H, 7.58.



### 2-Allyl-1-allyloxy-3-ethoxy-4-methoxybenzene (5b)

Pure **5b** (2.04 g, 82%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f=0.74$  (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/3);  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 200 MHz)  $\delta$  1.37 (t,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, 3H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.47 (ddd,  $J = 6.2$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 3.79 (s, 3H,  $\text{ArOCH}_3$ ), 4.01 (q,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$ ), 4.46 (ddd,  $J = 5.6$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 4.94 (ddt,  $J = 10.5$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.01 (ddt,  $J = 16.6$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.23 (ddt,  $J = 10.4$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.40 (ddt,  $J = 16.9$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.99 (ddt,  $J = 16.6$  Hz, 10.5 Hz, 6.2 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 6.03 (ddt,  $J = 16.9$  Hz, 10.4 Hz, 5.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 6.53, 6.69 (each d,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$ );  $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 50 MHz)  $\delta$  15.64, 28.51, 56.16, 68.80, 69.41, 106.84, 110.12, 114.32, 116.56, 123.68, 133.73, 137.10, 147.21, 147.45, 151.15; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  248 ( $\text{M}^+$ , 100), 207 (63), 192 (68), 178 (54), 163 (22), 147 (81), 119 (41), 91 (28), 79 (10); HRMS: Calcd for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_3$ : 248.1412. Found: 248.1415; Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_3$ : C, 72.55; H, 8.12. Found: C, 72.90; H, 8.48.

### 2-Allyl-1-allyloxy-3-benzyloxy-4-methoxybenzene (5c)

Pure **5c** (2.64 g, 85%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f=0.75$  (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/3);  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 400 MHz)  $\delta$  3.46 (ddd,  $J = 6.2$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 3.81 (s, 3H,  $\text{ArOCH}_3$ ), 4.46 (ddd,  $J = 5.6$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 4.93 (ddt,  $J = 10.5$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 4.94 (ddt,  $J = 16.6$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 4.99 (s, 2H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_5$ ), 5.23 (ddt,  $J = 10.4$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.39 (ddt,  $J = 16.9$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.95 (ddt,  $J = 16.6$  Hz, 10.5 Hz, 6.2 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 6.02 (ddt,  $J = 16.9$  Hz, 10.4 Hz, 5.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 6.57, 6.73 (each d,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$ ), 7.30 (d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_5$ ), 7.36 (t,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_5$ ), 7.48 (d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_5$ );  $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 100 MHz)  $\delta$  28.49, 56.23, 69.43, 74.69, 107.21, 110.27, 114.52, 116.62, 123.82, 127.71, 127.92, 128.27, 133.68, 137.02, 137.99, 146.87, 147.43, 151.16; EI-MS (70eV)  $m/z$  310 ( $\text{M}^+$ , 46), 269 (6), 219 (93), 191 (14), 178 (29), 131 (11), 105 (10), 91 (100), 65 (8); HRMS (EI,  $m/z$ ): Calcd for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_3$ : 310.1569. Found: 310.1567; Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_3$ : C, 77.39; H, 7.14. Found: C, 77.55; H, 7.40.

### 3-Allyl-4-allyloxytoluene (5d)

Pure **5d** (1.62 g, 86%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f=0.91$  (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/12);  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 400 MHz)  $\delta$  2.25 (s, 3H,  $\text{ArCH}_3$ ), 3.38 (ddt,  $J = 6.4$  Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 4.49 (ddt,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.02 (ddt,  $J = 10.4$  Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.06 (ddt,  $J = 16.6$  Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.23 (ddt,  $J = 10.4$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.40 (ddt,  $J = 17.2$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 5.99 (ddt,  $J = 16.6$  Hz, 10.4 Hz, 6.4 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 6.03 (ddt,  $J = 17.2$  Hz, 10.4 Hz, 6.8 Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArOCH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ ), 6.71, 6.94 (each d,  $J = 7.0$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$ ), 6.95 (s, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$ );  $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$  ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 100 MHz)  $\delta$  20.53, 34.49, 69.02, 111.85, 115.31, 116.77, 127.49, 128.81, 129.95, 130.65, 133.81, 137.22, 154.21; EI-MS, (70 eV)  $m/z$  188 ( $\text{M}^+$ , 63), 147 (85), 132 (27), 119 (100), 91 (84), 77 (22); HRMS (EI,

*m/z*): Calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O: 188.1201. Found: 188.1202; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O: C, 82.94; H, 8.57. Found: C, 83.23; H, 8.89.

### 2-Allyl-1-allyloxy-4-chlorobenzene (5e)

Pure **5e** (1.82 g, 87%) was obtained as colorless liquid, *R<sub>f</sub>* = 0.90 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane = 1/12); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 200 MHz) δ 3.42 (ddt, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.55 (ddt, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.12 (ddt, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.13 (ddt, *J* = 16.6 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.31 (ddt, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.45 (ddt, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.99 (ddt, *J* = 16.6 Hz, 10.4 Hz, 6.4 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.07 (ddt, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 10.4 Hz, 6.8 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.78, 7.13 (each d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.17 (s, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 50 MHz) δ 34.10, 69.01, 112.73, 116.15, 117.18, 125.46, 126.78, 129.62, 130.83, 133.07, 135.99, 154.78; EI-MS (70 eV) *m/z* 210 (M<sup>+</sup>, 11), 208 (M<sup>+</sup>, 33), 167 (50), 132 (51), 115 (15), 103 (100), 89 (12), 77 (55), 51 (24); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>13</sub>OCl: 208.0655. Found: 208.0655; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>13</sub>OCl: C, 69.07; H, 6.28. Found: C, 69.36; H, 6.50.

### 1-Allyl-2-allyloxy-3-nitrobenzene (5f)

Pure **5f** (1.86 g, 85%) was obtained as yellow liquid, *R<sub>f</sub>* = 0.71 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane = 1/12); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 200 MHz) δ 3.49 (ddt, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.49 (ddt, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.09 (ddt, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.13 (ddt, *J* = 16.6 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.27 (ddt, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.39 (ddt, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.97 (ddt, *J* = 16.6 Hz, 10.4 Hz, 6.4 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.07 (ddt, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 10.4 Hz, 6.8 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 7.16 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.44 (dd, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.67 (dd, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 50 MHz) δ 33.61, 75.94, 116.97, 118.60, 123.28, 123.93, 132.72, 134.94, 135.70, 136.58, 144.48, 149.99; EI-MS (70 eV) *m/z* 219 (M<sup>+</sup>, 94), 202 (64), 172 (74), 129 (77), 128 (100), 77 (42), 65 (20); HRMS (EI, *m/z*): Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>: 219.0895. Found: 219.0897; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>: C, 65.74; H, 5.98. Found: C, 65.95; H, 6.31.

### 2-Allyl-1-allyloxy-3-methoxybenzene (5g)

Pure **5g** (1.80 g, 88%) was obtained as colorless liquid, *R<sub>f</sub>* = 0.68 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane = 1/12), <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 200 MHz) δ 3.45 (ddt, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.80 (s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.53 (ddt, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.92 (ddt, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.99 (ddt, *J* = 16.6 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.24 (ddt, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.41 (ddt, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.96 (ddt, *J* = 16.6 Hz, 10.4 Hz, 6.4 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.07 (ddt, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 10.4 Hz, 6.8 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.53 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.54 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.11 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 50 MHz) δ 27.37, 55.78, 69.08, 103.97, 105.18, 114.04, 116.67, 117.03, 126.99, 133.63, 136.87, 157.18, 158.29; EI-MS (70 eV) *m/z* 204 (M<sup>+</sup>, 74), 189 (13), 161 (40), 147 (41),

131 (26), 115 (16.26, 105 (46), 91 (45), 77 (31), 51 (8); HRMS (EI,  $m/z$ ): Calcd for  $C_{13}H_{16}O_2$ : 204.1150. Found: 204.1149; Anal. Calcd for  $C_{13}H_{16}O_2$ : C, 76.44; H, 7.90. Found: C, 76.80; H, 8.03.

### General procedure for the preparation of substituted 2,5-dihydrobenzo[*b*]oxepine (6a-g)

Compound (5a-g) (1 mmol) dissolved in anhydrous  $CH_2Cl_2$  (20 mL), was added with Grubbs catalyst (5mol %). The mixture was stirred for 12 h at ambient temperature under dry argon. Finally dichloromethane was removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was subjected to a silica gel column (3/1: hexane/MTBE) or to distill under vacuum to give 6a-g, respectively.

### 6,7-Dimethoxy-2,5-dihydrobenzo[*b*]oxepine (6a)

Pure 6a (0.2 g, 85%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f$  = 0.64 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/3);  $^1H$ -NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 600 MHz)  $\delta$  3.55 (dd,  $J$  = 5.3 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2H,  $ArCH_2CH=CH$ ), 3.77 (s, 3H,  $ArOCH_3$ ), 3.83 (s, 3H,  $ArOCH_3$ ), 4.54 (dd,  $J$  = 8.1 Hz, 2.4 Hz, 2H,  $ArOCH_2CH=CH_2$ ), 5.44 (dtt,  $J$  = 14.4 Hz, 5.3 Hz, 2.4 Hz, 1H,  $ArCH_2CH=CH$ ), 5.84 (dtt,  $J$  = 14.4 Hz, 8.1 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H,  $ArOCH_2CH=CH$ ), 6.69, 6.80 (each d,  $J$  = 8.8 Hz, 1H,  $ArH$ );  $^{13}C$ -NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 75 MHz)  $\delta$  22.98, 56.01, 61.99, 71.82, 109.93, 116.24, 125.56, 127.81, 130.89, 145.73, 149.59, 152.96; EI-MS (70eV)  $m/z$  206 ( $M^+$ , 75), 191 (100), 175 (34), 159 (18), 131 (22), 115 (12), 103 (21), 91 (13), 77 (4), 55 (2); HRMS (EI,  $m/z$ ): Calcd for  $C_{12}H_{14}O_3$ : 206.0943. Found: 206.0940; Anal. Calcd for  $C_{12}H_{14}O_3$ : C, 69.88; H, 6.84. Found: C, 70.14; H, 7.06.

### 6-Ethoxy-7-methoxy-2,5-dihydrobenzo[*b*]oxepine (6b)

Pure 6b (2.21 g, 82%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f$  = 0.71 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/3);  $^1H$ -NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 600 MHz)  $\delta$  1.36 (t,  $J$  = 7.2 Hz, 3H,  $ArOCH_2CH_3$ ), 3.55 (dd,  $J$  = 5.3 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2H,  $ArCH_2CH=CH$ ), 3.81 (s, 3H,  $ArOCH_3$ ), 3.97 (q,  $J$  = 7.2 Hz, 2H,  $ArCH_2CH_3$ ), 4.54 (dd,  $J$  = 8.1 Hz, 2.4 Hz, 2H,  $ArOCH_2CH=CH$ ), 5.43 (dtt,  $J$  = 14.4 Hz, 5.3 Hz, 2.4Hz, 1H,  $ArCH_2CH=CH$ ), 5.83 (dtt,  $J$  = 14.4 Hz, 8.1 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H,  $ArOCH_2CH=CH$ ), 6.68, 6.78 (each d,  $J$  = 8.8 Hz, 1H,  $ArH$ );  $^{13}C$ -NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 75 MHz)  $\delta$  15.53, 23.26, 56.05, 69.12, 71.82, 109.93, 116.02, 125.64, 127.74, 131.30, 144.74, 149.72, 152.91; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  220 ( $M^+$ , 100), 205 (96), 191 (20), 177 (84), 159 (17), 131 (15), 115 (8), 103 (18), 77 (11), 65 (5); HRMS: Calcd for  $C_{13}H_{16}O_3$ : 220.1099. Found: 220.1098; Anal. Calcd for  $C_{13}H_{16}O_3$ : C, 70.89; H, 7.32. Found: C, 71.22; H, 7.58.

### 6-Benzyloxy-7-methoxy-2,5-dihydrobenzo[*b*]oxepine (6c)

Pure 6c (2.28 g, 88%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f$  = 0.72 (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/3);  $^1H$ -NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 400 MHz)  $\delta$  3.45 (dd,  $J$  = 5.3 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2H,  $ArCH_2CH=CH$ ), 3.83 (s, 3H,  $ArOCH_3$ ), 4.52 (dd,  $J$  = 8.1 Hz, 2.4 Hz, 2H,  $ArOCH_2CH=CH$ ), 4.94 (s, 2H,  $ArCH_2C_6H_5$ ), 5.36 (dtt,  $J$  = 14.4 Hz, 5.3 Hz, 2.4 Hz, 1H,  $ArCH_2CH=CH$ ), 5.68 (dtt,  $J$  = 14.4 Hz, 8.1 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H,  $ArOCH_2CH=CH$ ), 6.72, 6.80 (each d,  $J$  = 8.8 Hz, 1H,  $ArH$ ), 7.32 (tt,  $J$  = 6.8 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2H,  $ArCH_2C_6H_5$ ), 7.36 (tt,  $J$  = 6.8 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 2H,  $ArCH_2C_6H_5$ ), 7.42 (d,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, 1H,  $ArCH_2C_6H_5$ );  $^{13}C$ -NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 75 MHz)  $\delta$  23.24, 56.11, 71.77, 75.23, 110.09, 116.28, 125.60, 127.51, 127.95, 128.34, 128.37, 131.30, 137.54, 144.49, 149.63, 152.94; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  282 ( $M^+$ , 36), 192 (4), 191 (33), 159 (20), 131 (7), 103 (9), 91 (100), 65 (11); HRMS:

Calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>3</sub>: 282.1256. Found: 282.1259; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>3</sub>: C, 76.57; H, 6.43. Found: C, 72.04; H, 7.58.

#### 7-Methyl-2,5-dihydrobenzo[*b*]oxepine (6d)

Pure **6d** (0.15 g, 80%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f=0.83$  (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/12); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz) δ 2.27 (s, 3H, ArCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.43 (ddt,  $J = 4.8$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH), 4.54 (ddt,  $J = 5.0$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH), 5.44 (ddt,  $J = 11.6$  Hz, 4.8 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH), 5.83 (ddt,  $J = 11.6$  Hz, 5.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH), 6.89 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.94 (s, 1H, ArH), 6.96 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz) δ 20.65, 31.73, 71.25, 121.08, 125.73, 127.40, 128.15, 129.42, 133.35, 135.75, 156.50; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  160 (M<sup>+</sup>, 76), 146 (11), 145 (100), 131 (19), 127 (31), 115 (35), 105 (8), 91 (23), 77 (12); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O: 160.0888. Found: 160.0891; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O: C, 82.46; H, 7.55. Found: C, 82.80; H, 7.38.

#### 7-Chloro-2,5-dihydrobenzo[*b*]oxepine (6e)

Pure **6e** (0.17 g, 83%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f=0.79$  (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/12); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz) δ 3.44 (ddt,  $J = 4.8$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH), 4.56 (ddt,  $J = 5.0$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH), 5.47 (ddt,  $J = 11.6$  Hz, 4.8 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH), 5.82 (ddt,  $J = 11.6$  Hz, 5.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH), 6.97 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.08 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.13 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz) δ 31.47, 71.25, 122.79, 125.17, 127.42, 127.62, 128.68, 128.83, 137.81, 157.34; EI-MS (70eV)  $m/z$  182 (M<sup>+</sup>, 21), 180 (M<sup>+</sup>, 65), 165 (100), 145 (50), 115 (67), 114 (5), 89 (13), 63 (8); HRMS: Calcd for : C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>9</sub>OCl 180.0342. Found: 180.0345; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>9</sub>OCl: C, 66.49; H, 5.02. Found: C, 66.77; H, 5.26.

#### 9-Nitro-2,5-dihydrobenzo[*b*]oxepine (6f)

Pure **6f** (0.18 g, 80%) was obtained as yellow liquid;  $R_f=0.86$  (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/12); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz) δ 3.54 (ddt,  $J = 4.8$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>-CH=CH), 4.79 (ddt,  $J = 5.0$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH), 5.53 (ddt,  $J = 11.6$  Hz, 4.8 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH), 5.86 (ddt,  $J = 11.6$  Hz, 5.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH), 7.11 (t,  $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.33 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.65 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 1H, Ar-H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz) δ 31.38, 71.54, 122.90, 123.88, 124.46, 127.37, 127.49, 132.73, 140.39, 151.09; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  191 (M<sup>+</sup>, 33), 174 (57), 144 (100), 135 (11), 115 (93), 91 (13), 89 (16), 63 (11), 51 (11); HRMS: Calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>9</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>: 191.0582. Found: 191.0581; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>9</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>: C, 62.82; H, 4.74. Found: C, 63.02; H, 4.52.

#### 6-Methoxy-2,5-dihydrobenzo[*b*]oxepine (6g)

Pure **6g** (0.17 g, 82%) was obtained as colorless liquid,  $R_f = 0.59$  (ethyl acetate/*n*-hexane=1/12); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz) δ 3.55 (ddt,  $J = 4.8$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.77 (s, 3H, ArOCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.55 (ddt,  $J = 5.0$  Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 2H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH), 5.45 (ddt,  $J = 11.6$  Hz, 4.8 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH), 5.83 (ddt,  $J = 11.6$  Hz, 5.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArOCH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH), 6.63 (d,  $J = 8.3$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.70 (d,  $J = 8.3$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.10 (t,  $J = 8.3$  Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz) δ 22.17,

55.70, 71.10, 106.66, 113.98, 124.66, 126.02, 127.22, 127.49, 156.47, 159.87; EI-MS (70 eV)  $m/z$  176 ( $M^+$ , 96), 161 (100), 146 (27), 144 (19), 127 (79), 115 (35), 105 (16), 91 (17), 77 (83), 65 (15), 63 (14), 51 (32); HRMS: Calcd for  $C_{11}H_{12}O_2$ : 176.0837. Found: 176.0838; Anal. Calcd for  $C_{11}H_{22}O_2$ : C, 74.98; H, 6.86. Found: C, 75.21; H, 7.16.

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