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SYNTHESIS OF SUBSTITUTED

1,3-DIMETHYL-1*H*-QUINOXALIN-2-ONES FROM ANILINE DERIVATIVES

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Abstract – Substituted 1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-quinoxalin-2-ones (7) have been synthesized through the procedures of acylation, nitration, reduction, intramolecular alkylation, oxidation, and *N*-methylation starting from 3,4-disubstituted aniline.

INTRODUCTION

Substituted phenoxymethylquinoxalinones, which can selectively antagonize P-glycoprotein (Pgp) other than multidrug-resistance-related protein-1 (MRP-1), have been reported by Smith groups to be used as multiple drug resistance (MDR) antagonists to reverse tumor resistance to many chemotherapeutic agents.¹ A variety of substituted phenoxymethylquinoxalinones with different substituents on the phenol ring have been prepared to study their structure-activity relationships. During the process to develop a drug candidate, we required an efficient and practical method to obtain sufficient 1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-quinoxalin-2-ones as key intermediates.

The principal synthetic route for the substituted 1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-quinoxalin-2-ones comprised the condensation of N-methyl-1,2-phenylenediamines with pyruvic acid, but multiple by-products were obtained when unsymmetrical diamine were used, which leading to the target compounds in extremely low yields. Therefore, a highly regioselective method is urgently needed. However, there have been relatively few such methods available to produce substituted 1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-quinoxalin-2-ones.² In this we reported а regioselective methodology for the synthesis of substituted paper, 1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-quinoxalin-2-ones through a quite efficient sequence of acylation, nitration, reduction, intramolecular alkylation, oxidation, and N-methylation.(Scheme 1)



RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Reaction of substituted anilines with 2-chloropropionyl chloride in toluene under refluxing afforded acetamides (2) in excellent yield (>90%). Base was not used to prevent the hydrolysis of 2-chloropropionyl chloride and refluxing was needed to decompose the chloride generated in the reaction to force the reaction completely, thus hydrogen chloride could be released as gas.

Nitration of **2** with appropriate nitrating reagents led to the formation of a single product (**3**), isolated in $87\sim95\%$ yields. The results illustrated that when R₁ or/and R₂ was electron-withdrawing group, KNO₃/H₂SO₄ could be used. Whereas R₁ or/and R₂ was electron-donating group, mild nitrating reagents such as HNO₃/AcOH should be selected to improve the reaction regioselectivity.

Reduction of nitro group with iron powders afforded *o*-aminoacetamides (**4**) in 83~97% yields. The reaction proceeded in DMF/H₂O (1:9) at 50~60 °C with little or none dechlorinating by-products. The conjugative effect of amino group on the benzene ring led to the difficulty of intramolecular alkylation of **4**. The reaction proceeded rapidly in the presence of two equivalents of NaHCO₃ in CH₃CN with sodium iodine as catalyst and the corresponding substituted 3-methyl-3,4-dihydro-1*H*-quinoxalin-2-ones (**5**) were obtained in 31~82% yields, and 10~15 h were still needed to make the reaction completely. The subsequent oxidation of **5** with H₂O₂ in 5% NaOH solution at 60 °C afforded **6** in 51~93% yields.

The *N*-methylation reaction of **6** with CH_3I in the presence of NaH in THF proceeded smoothly at room temperature to afford the desired product (**7**), isolated in 50~93% yields. Other methods such as $(CH_3)_2SO_4/NaOH$,³ diazomethane⁴ and so on were less efficient in our hand. The isolated overall yields of 1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-quinoxalin-2-ones from substituted anilines were 14~32%.

To confirm that the methyl group occurred at the 1-*N* position not *O*-position, 6,7-difluoro-2-methoxy-3-methylquinoxaline (9) was prepared (Scheme 2) in 42% total yields. Compared the ¹H NMR spectra of **7e** with **9**, different chemical shift (δ =3.57 ppm for CH₃ group of **7e** while δ =4.03 ppm for OCH₃ group of **9**) supported the conclusion.⁵



Scheme 2

In summary, we have reported an approach for the synthesis of 1,3-methyl-1*H*-quinoxalin-2-ones using substituted anilines as readily available starting materials.

EXPERIMENTAL

All reactions except those in aqueous media were carried out by standard techniques for the exclusion of moisture. Reaction courses and product mixtures were routinely monitored by thin-layer chromatography on silica gel (precoated GF_{254} plates) and visualized with iodine. Flash chromatography was performed using 200~300 mesh silica gel and the solvent system indicated in the procedure. All commercially available solvents and reagents were used as received. Melting points were determined with capillary apparatus and are uncorrected. IR spectra were recorded in the range of 4000~600 cm⁻¹ using a Nicolet Nexus 470FT spectrophotometer, KBr disks were used as indicated. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AM-400 spectrometer. Chemical shift (δ) are given in ppm upfield from tetramethylsilane as internal standard, and the spectra were recorded in Hz. Microanalyses were performed on a Perkin-Elmer C, H and N elemental analyzer.

General procedures were as follows:

2: To a stirred solution of substituted anilines (10 mmol) in 20 mL of toluene was added 2-chloropropionyl chloride (1.52 g, 12 mmol), the mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 1 h. Toluene was removed under vacuum and the residue was recrystallized from ethyl acetate/petroleum ether (1:2) to give crystalline products.

2a: 98%; mp 109-110 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.39 (s, 1H, NH), 7.61 (d, 2H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 7.38 (d, 2H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 4.54 (q, 1H, *J*=5.1, CH), 1.76 (d, 3H, *J*=1.6, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₉NOCl₂: C, 49.54; H, 4.13; N, 6.42. Found: C, 49.79; H, 3.88; N, 6.57.

2b: 99%; mp123-124 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.33 (s, 1H, NH), 7.54 (d, 2H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 7.41 (d, 2H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 4.54 (q, 1H, *J*=8.0, CH), 1.76 (d, *J*=1.6, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₉NOBrCl: C, 41.16; H, 3.43; N, 5.34. Found: C, 41.33; H, 3.50; N, 5.25.

2c: 98.5%; mp 83-84 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.33 (s, 1H, NH), 7.62 (q, 2H, *J*=8.0, ArH), 6.97 (q, 2H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 4.54 (q, 1H, *J*=6.0, CH), 1.76 (d, 3H, *J*=2.4, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₉NOClF: C, 53.60; H, 4.47; N, 6.95. Found: C, 53.76; H, 4.50; N, 6.88.

2d: 95%; mp 113-114 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.34 (s, 1H, NH), 7.53 (d, 2H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 7.40 (q, 1H, *J*=8.0, ArH), 7.01 (m, 1H, ArH), 4.59 (q, 1H, *J*=9.0, CH), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.77 (d, 3H, *J*=3.2, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₁NOCl₂: C, 51.72; H, 4.74; N, 6.03. Found: C, 51.77; H, 4.82; N, 5.90.

2e: 99%; mp 78-79 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.31 (s, 1H, NH), 7.39 (q, 1H, *J*=8.0, ArH), 7.33 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.93 (q, 1H, *J*=6.8, ArH), 4.57 (q, 1H, *J*=7.0, CH), 1.75 (d, *J*=4.8, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₈NOClF₂: C, 49.20; H, 3.64; N, 6.38. Found: C, 49.12; H, 3.76; N, 6.33.

2f: 99%; mp 119-120 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.32 (s, 1H, NH), 7.52 (q, 2H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 7.04 (d, 2H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 4.54 (q, 1H, *J*=6.8, CH), 1.76 (d, *J*=1.6, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₂NOCI: C, 60.76; H, 6.08; N, 7.09. Found: C, 60.68; H, 6.13; N, 7.20.

2g: 97%; mp 76-77 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.36 (s, 1H, NH), 7.59 (d, 2H, *J*=1.6, ArH), 7.10 (d, 2H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 4.59 (q, 1H, *J*=7.0, CH), 2.51 (t, 2H, *J*=10.3, CH₂), 1.62 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.34 (q, 2H, *J*=3.2, CH₂), 1.77 (d, *J*=8.8, 3H, CH₃), 0.96 (t, 3H, *J*=4.0, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₃H₁₈NOCl: C, 65.14; H, 7.52; N, 5.85. Found: C, 65.23; H, 7.48; N, 5.97.

2h: 98%; mp 105-106 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.34 (s, 1H, NH), 7.53 (d, 2H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 6.75 (d, 2H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 4.54 (q, 1H, *J*=7.2, CH), 1.76 (d, *J*=2.4, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₂NO₂Cl: C, 56.21; H, 5.62; N, 6.56. Found: C, 56.33; H, 5.74; N, 6.48.

2i: 96%; mp 120-121 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.33 (s, 1H, NH), 7.53 (d, 2H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 6.77 (d, 2H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 4.59 (q, 1H, *J*=3.6, CH), 4.09 (q, 2H, *J*=10.5, CH₂), 1.76 (d, *J*=2.4, 3H, CH₃), 1.35 (t, 3H, *J*=7.7, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₄NO₂Cl: C, 58.02; H, 6.15; N, 6.15. Found: C, 57.99; H, 6.23; N, 6.20.

2j: 97%; mp 139-140 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.35 (s, 1H, NH), 7.35 (d, 2H, *J*=2.4, ArH), 7.33 (s, 1H, ArH), 6.92 (d, 2H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 4.57 (q, 1H, *J*=8.2, CH), 2.35 (s, 6H, 2CH₃); 1.76 (d, *J*=1.6, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₄NOCI: C, 62.41; H, 6.62; N, 6.62. Found: C, 62.53; H, 6.58; N, 6.69.

3: To a stirred solution of **2** (4.20 mmol) in 10 mL of acetic acid was added 1 mL of 65% nitric acid at 0 °C, or to a stirred solution of **2** (4.20 mmol) in concentrated sulfuric acid (15 mL) was added potassium nitrate (509 mg, 5.04 mmol), the mixture was stirred at rt for 1 h. The resulting yellow-brown solution was poured into 50 g of crushed ice, and the yellow solid product was filtered off, washed with water (10 mL). The crude product obtained was purified by recrystallization from methanol and dried to give crystalline product (**3**) in 70~90% yield.

3a: 92%; mp 219-220 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.54 (s, 1H, NH), 8.18 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.83 (d, 1H, *J*=9.6, ArH), 7.36 (d, 1H, *J*=6.8, ArH), 4.59 (q, 1H, *J*=4.2, CH), 1.67 (d, 3H, *J*=8.4, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₈N₂O₃Cl₂: C, 41.06; H, 3.04; N, 10.65. Found: C, 41.14; H, 3.11; N, 10.58.

3b: 94%; mp 106-107 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.54 (s, 1H, NH), 8.18 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.86 (d, 1H, *J*=9.6, ArH), 7.74 (d, 1H, *J*=6.8, ArH), 4.59 (q, 1H, *J*=8.1, CH), 1.67 (d, 3H, *J*=8.8, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for

C₉H₈N₂O₃ClBr: C, 35.13; H, 2.60; N, 9.11. Found: C, 35.20; H, 2.66; N, 9.03.

3c: 95%; mp 68-69 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.48 (s, 1H, NH), 7.88 (q, 2H, *J*=4.8, ArH), 7.34 (q, 1H, *J*=4.0, ArH), 4.59 (q, 1H, *J*=4.8, CH), 1.67 (d, 3H, *J*=8.4, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₈N₂O₃ClF: C, 43.81; H, 3.25; N, 11.36. Found: C, 43.78; H, 3.20; N, 11.44.

3d: 91%; mp 94-95 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.54 (s, 1H, NH), 8.72 (s, 1H, ArH), 8.26 (s, 1H, ArH), 4.54 (q, 1H, *J*=2.2, CH), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃); 1.76 (d, *J*=8.4, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₀N₂O₃Cl₂: C, 43.32; H, 3.61; N, 10.11. Found: C, 43.26; H, 3.59; N, 10.17.

3e: 92%; mp 111-112 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.53 (s, 1H, NH), 7.86 (q, 1H, *J*=11.5, ArH), 7.54 (q, 1H, *J*=8.6, ArH), 4.59 (q, 1H, *J*=9.0, CH), 1.67 (d, 3H, *J*=8.4, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₇N₂O₃ClF₂: C, 40.83; H, 2.65; N, 10.59. Found: C, 40.86; H, 2.72; N, 10.50.

3f: 93%; mp 77-78 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.48 (s, 1H, NH), 7.97 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.62 (d, 1H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 7.43 (d, 1H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 4.57 (q, 1H, *J*=8.7, CH), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.74 (d, 3H, *J*=8.4, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₁N₂O₃Cl: C, 49.48; H, 4.54; N, 11.55. Found: C, 49.41; H, 4.59; N, 11.60.

3g: 87%; mp 76-77 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.52 (s, 1H, NH), 8.03 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.85 (d, 1H, *J*=2.0, ArH), 7.48 (d, 1H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 4.59 (q, 1H, *J*=8.5, CH), 2.55 (t, 2H, *J*=8.9, CH₂), 1.73 (d, 3H, *J*=2.4, CH₃), 1.63 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.35 (m, 2H, CH₂), 0.95 (t, 3H, *J*=8.8, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₃H₁₇N₂O₃Cl: C, 54.83; H, 5.98; N, 9.84. Found: C, 54.79; H, 5.61; N, 9.84.

3h: 89%; mp 63-64 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.48 (s, 1H, NH), 7.79 (d, 1H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 7.68 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.14 (d, 1H, *J*=8.0, ArH), 4.61 (q, 1H, *J*=4.4, CH), 3.68 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.75 (d, *J*=15.6, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₁N₂O₄Cl: C, 46.42; H, 4.26; N, 10.83. Found: C, 46.39; H, 4.30; N, 10.89.

3i: 87%; mp 50-51 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.46 (s, 1H, NH), 7.79 (d, 1H, *J*=2.8, ArH), 7.68 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.14 (d, 1H, *J*=3.6, ArH), 4.60 (q, 1H, *J*=5.4, CH), 4.04 (q, 2H, *J*=5.1, CH₂), 1.76 (d, *J*=2.4, 3H, CH₃), 1.33 (t, 3H, *J*=8.7, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₃N₂O₄Cl: C, 48.44; H, 4.77; N, 10.28. Found: C, 48.37; H, 4.81; N, 10.32.

3j: 90%; mp 114-115 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.56 (s, 1H, NH), 7.84 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.63 (s, 1H, ArH), 4.56 (q, 1H, *J*=6.5, CH), 2.29 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.27 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.76 (d, *J*=8.8, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₃N₂O₃Cl: C, 51.46; H, 5.07; N, 10.92. Found: C, 51.49; H, 5.05; N, 11.05.

4: A mixture of reduction iron powder (2.00 g, 35.71 mmol), ammonium chloride (0.10 g, 1.85 mmol) and acetic acid (0.50 mL, 8.74 mmol) in water (30 mL) was vigorously stirred at 50 °C for 10~15 min. A solution of **3** (4 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was then added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 50 °C until TLC showed the reaction was completed (about 15 min), the residual slurry was basified with 10% aqueous Na₂CO₃ solution to pH=8~9. The resulting suspension was filtered, washed with water (2×20 mL) and ethyl acetate (2×30 mL). The filtrate and washings were combined, and the organic phase was separated and the aqueous phase was further extracted with ethyl acetate (4×10 mL). The combined

organic extracts were washed with water $(3 \times 25 \text{ mL})$ and brine (25 mL), dried (sodium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuum yielded the reduction compound (4) as oil. The crude product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate/petroleum ether (4:1) to give the solid compound.

4a: 90%; mp 112-113 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.03 (s, 1H, NH), 7.53 (d, 1H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 6.87 (d, 1H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 6.45 (s, 1H, ArH), 5.29 (s, 2H, NH₂), 4.59 (q, 1H, *J*=7.3, CH), 1.76 (d, 3H, *J*=7.2, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₁₀N₂OCl₂: C, 46.35; H, 4.29; N, 12.02. Found: C, 46.41; H, 4.20; N, 12.07.

4b: 93%; mp 69-100 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.13 (s, 1H, NH), 7.28 (d, 1H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 6.77 (d, 1H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 6.61 (s, 1H, ArH), 5.27 (s, 2H, NH₂), 4.59 (q, 1H, *J*=3.3, CH), 1.76 (d, 3H, *J*=7.2, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₁₀N₂OBrCl: C, 38.93; H, 3.60; N, 10.09. Found: C, 39.01; H, 3.58; N, 10.00.

4c: 90%; mp 107-108 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.13 (s, 1H, NH), 7.68 (q, 1H, *J*=6.8, ArH), 6.66 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.25 (q, 1H, *J*=7.2, ArH), 5.23 (s, 2H, NH₂), 4.57 (q, 1H, *J*=6.3, CH), 1.83 (d, 3H, *J*=8.4, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₁₀N₂OClF: C, 49.88; H, 4.62; N, 12.93. Found: C, 49.93; H, 4.74; N, 12.02.

4d: 92%; mp 155-156 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.13 (s, 1H, NH), 7.28 (s, 1H, ArH), 6.18 (s, 1H, ArH), 5.27 (s, 2H, NH₂), 4.59 (q, 1H, *J*=7.7, CH), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.76 (d, 3H, *J*=8.0, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₂N₂OCl₂: C, 48.58; H, 4.86; N, 11.34. Found: C, 48.66; H, 4.89; N, 11.27.

4e: 83%; mp 131-132 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.09 (s, 1H, NH), 7.08 (q, 1H, *J*=5.4, ArH), 6.17 (q, 1H, *J*=5.1, ArH), 5.27 (s, 2H, NH₂), 4.59 (q, 1H, *J*=7.5, CH), 1.76 (d, 3H, *J*=9.6, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₉N₂OClF₂: C, 46.06; H, 3.84; N, 11.94. Found: C, 46.13; H, 3.76; N, 11.92.

4f: 89%; mp 145-146 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.19 (s, 1H, NH), 7.27 (d, 1H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 6.40 (q, 1H, *J*=7.5, ArH), 6.24 (s, 1H, ArH), 5.26 (s, 2H, NH₂), 4.54 (q, 1H, *J*=6.3, CH), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.76 (d, 3H, *J*=8.8, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₃N₂OCl: C, 56.47; H, 6.12; N, 13.18. Found: C, 56.55; H, 6.08; N, 13.27.

4g: 83%; mp 96-97 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.35 (s, 1H, NH), 7.47 (d, 1H, *J*=1.2, ArH), 7.26 (s, 1H, ArH), 6.87 (d, 1H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 5.41 (s, 2H, NH₂), 4.58 (q, 1H, *J*=8.7, CH), 2.57 (t, 2H, *J*=6.5, CH₂), 1.78 (d, 3H, *J*=9.2, CH₃), 1.59 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.29 (m, 2H, CH₂), 0.89 (t, 3H, *J*=5.3, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₃H₁₉N₂OCl: C, 61.30; H, 7.47; N, 11.00. Found: C, 61.38; H, 7.40; N, 10.95.

4h: 85%; mp 137-138 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.50 (s, 1H, NH), 7.28 (d, 1H, *J*=2.0, ArH), 6.71 (q, 1H, *J*=5.1, ArH), 6.04 (d, 1H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 5.17 (s, 2H, NH₂), 4.58 (q, 1H, *J*=7.7, CH), 3.75 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.75 (d, 3H, *J*=7.2, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₃N₂O₂Cl: C, 52.52; H, 5.69; N, 12.25. Found: C, 52.48; H, 5.76; N, 12.29.

4i: 90%; mp 164-165 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.68 (s, 1H, NH), 7.29 (d, 1H, *J*=2.8, ArH), 7.06 (d, 1H, *J*=3.6, ArH), 6.98 (q, 1H, *J*=7.1, ArH), 5.26 (s, 2H, NH₂), 4.58 (q, 1H, *J*=6.3, CH), 4.04 (q, 2H, *J*=3.4, CH₂), 1.69 (d, 3H, *J*=7.2, CH₃), 1.33 (t, 3H, *J*=8.9, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₅N₂O₂Cl: C, 54.43; H, 6.19; N, 11.55. Found: C, 54.38; H, 6.25; N, 11.64.

4j: 86%; mp 140-141 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.56 (s, 1H, NH), 7.07 (s, 1H, ArH), 6.12 (s, 1H, ArH), 5.28 (s, 2H, NH₂), 4.54 (q, 1H, *J*=7.5, CH), 2.39 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.76 (d, 3H, *J*=8.4, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₅N₂OCl: C, 58.28; H, 6.62; N, 12.36. Found: C, 58.27; H, 6.70; N, 12.41.

5: A mixture of **4** (3.88 mmol), NaI·2H₂O (301 mg, 1.62 mmol) and NaHCO₃ (546 mg, 6.50 mmol) in 50 mL of acetonitrile was refluxed for about 15 h. After cooling to rt, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was stirred in water (100 mL) for 10 min. The resulting suspension was acidified with 2*N* HCl to pH=5~6. The pale gray solid was collected by filtration then washed successively with water (2×20 mL), dried in *vacuo* to give the crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether = 2:3, v/v) as pale yellow solid. The solid was recrystallized from ethyl acetate to give the target compound (**5**).

5a: 55%; mp 243-244 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.33 (s, 1H, NH), 6.67 (d, 1H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 6.65 (d, 1H, *J*=2.0, ArH), 6.57 (q, 1H, *J*=7.6, ArH), 6.21 (s, 1H, NH), 3.74 (m, 1H, CH), 1.43 (s, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₉N₂OCl: C, 54.96; H, 4.58; N, 14.25. Found: C, 54.88; H, 4.60; N, 14.33.

5b: 52%; mp 211-212 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.35 (s, 1H, NH), 7.95 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.70 (d, 1H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 7.25 (d, 1H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 6.27 (s, 1H, NH), 3.74 (m, 1H, CH), 1.44 (s, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₉N₂OBr: C, 44.83; H, 3.74; N, 11.62. Found: C, 44.91; H, 3.76; N, 11.59.

5c: 48%; mp 252-253 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.30 (s, 1H, NH), 7.40 (q, 1H, *J*=7.7, ArH), 6.25 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.17 (q, 1H, *J*=7.6, ArH), 6.08 (s, 1H, NH), 3.71 (m, 1H, CH), 1.48 (s, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₄N₂OClF: C, 60.00; H, 5.00; N, 15.56. Found: C, 60.03; H, 4.91; N, 15.60.

5d: 36%; mp 273-274 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.23 (s, 1H, NH), 7.31 (s, 1H, ArH), 6.52 (s, 1H, ArH), 6.12 (s, 1H, NH), 3.74 (m, 1H, CH), 2.38 (d, 3H, *J*=4.8, CH₃), 1.23 (d, 3H, *J*=4.8, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₁N₂OCl: C, 57.01; H, 5.23; N, 13.30. Found: C, 57.02; H, 5.27; N, 13.19.

5e: 47%; mp 221-222 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.28 (s, 1H, NH), 6.68 (q, 1H, *J*=7.6, ArH), 6.62 (q, 1H, *J*=7.8, ArH), 6.23 (s, 1H, NH), 3.73 (m, 1H, CH), 1.42 (s, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₈N₂OF₂: C, 54.55; H, 4.04; N, 14.14. Found: C, 54.62; H, 3.96; N, 14.10.

5f: 45%; mp 182-183 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.34 (s, 1H, NH), 7.57 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.36 (q, 1H, *J*=7.2, ArH), 7.19 (d, 1H, *J*=8.0, ArH), 6.23 (s, 1H, NH), 3.72 (m, 1H, CH), 2.37 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.42 (t, 3H, *J*=5.8, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₂N₂O: C, 68.18; H, 6.82; N, 15.91. Found: C, 68.11; H, 6.85; N, 15.82. **5g:** 82%; mp 157-158 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.28 (s, 1H, NH), 7.58 (d, 1H, *J*=1.6, ArH), 7.40 (q, 1H, *J*=7.4, ArH), 7.23 (d, 1H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 6.22 (s, 1H, NH), 3.74 (m, 1H, CH), 2.66 (t, 2H, *J*=6.4, CH₂), 1.59 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.43 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.31 (q, 2H, *J*=4.8, CH₂), 0.90 (t, 3H, *J*=6.1, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₃H₁₈N₂O: C, 71.56; H, 8.26; N, 12.84. Found: C, 71.48; H, 8.33; N, 12.92.

5h: 50%; mp 260-261 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.30 (s, 1H, NH), 7.28 (d, 1H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 7.25 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.21 (d, 1H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 6.24 (s, 1H, NH), 3.83 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.71 (m, 1H, CH), 1.44 (s, 3H,

CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₂N₂O₂: C, 62.50; H, 6.25; N, 14.58. Found: C, 62.47; H, 6.32; N, 14.66.

5i: 56%; mp 275-276 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.32 (s, 1H, NH), 7.27 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.23 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.20 (d, 1H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 6.22 (s, 1H, NH), 4.09 (q, 2H, *J*=7.7, CH₂), 3.72 (m, 1H, CH), 1.43 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.29 (t, 3H, *J*=6.4, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₄N₂O₂: C, 64.08; H, 6.80; N, 13.59. Found: C, 64.11; H, 6.71; N, 13.59.

5j: 53%; mp 294-295 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.22 (s, 1H, NH), 6.48 (s, 1H, ArH), 6.43 (s, 1H, ArH), 6.24 (s, 1H, NH), 2.03 (s, 6H, 2CH₃), 1.41 (s, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₄N₂O: C, 69.47; H, 7.37; N, 14.74. Found: C, 69.52; H, 7.44; N, 14.62.

6: To a stirred solution of **5** (1 mmol) in 5% aqueous NaOH solution (10 mL) were added 30% H₂O₂ (1 mL, 32.6 mmol) and H₂O (2 mL). The solution was stirred at 60 °C for 6 h. After the reaction mixture was cooled to rt, the solid was collected by filtration then washed with water (5 mL), dried in *vacuo* to afford the crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether = 2:3, v/v) as white solid. The solid was recrystallized from acetone/petroleum ether (4:1) to give the target compound (**6**).

6a: 62%; mp 264-265 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.33 (s, 1H, NH), 7.65 (d, 1H, *J*=2.4, ArH), 7.45 (q, 1H, *J*=9.0, ArH), 7.23 (d, 1H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 2.37 (s, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₇N₂OCl: C, 55.53; H, 3.60; N, 14.40. Found: C, 55.48; H, 3.69; N, 14.33.

6b: 76%; mp 256-257 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.37 (s, 1H, NH), 7.86 (d, 1H, *J*=2.4, ArH), 7.61 (q, 1H, *J*=8.1, ArH), 7.21 (d, 1H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 2.40 (s, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₇N₂OBr: C, 45.21; H, 2.93; N, 11.72. Found: C, 45.28; H, 2.85; N, 11.81.

6c: 88%; mp 274~275 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.34 (s, 1H, NH), 7.48 (d, 1H, *J*=9.2, ArH), 7.35 (t, 1H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 7.26 (d, 1H, *J*=4.4, ArH), 2.38 (s, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₇N₂OF: C, 60.67; H, 3.93; N, 15.73. Found: C, 60.59; H, 4.00; N, 15.80.

6d: 75%; mp 293 °C (decomp); ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.19 (s, 1H, NH), 7.63 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.24 (s, 1H, ArH), 2.37 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.34 (s, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₉N₂OCl: C, 57.55; H, 4.32; N, 13.43. Found: C, 57.63; H, 4.39; N, 13.31.

6e: 60%; mp 318 °C (decomp); ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.34 (s, 1H, NH), 7.74 (q, 1H, *J*=8.7, ArH), 7.14 (q, 1H, *J*=5.4, ArH), 2.34 (s, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₆N₂OF₂: C, 55.10; H, 3.06; N, 14.29. Found: C, 55.06; H, 3.13; N, 14.37.

6f: 93%; mp 258-259 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.19 (s, 1H, NH), 7.48 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.28 (q, 1H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 7.16 (d, 1H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 2.38 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₀N₂O: C, 68.97; H, 5.75; N, 16.09. Found: C, 69.03; H, 5.81; N, 15.98.

6g: 73%; mp 163-164 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.20 (s, 1H, NH), 7.47 (d, 1H, *J*=1.2, ArH), 7.29 (q, 1H, *J*=9.0, ArH), 7.17 (d, 1H, *J*=8.4, ArH), 2.49 (m, 2H, CH₂), 2.37 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.56 (m, 2H, CH₂),

6h: 83%; mp 254-255 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.17 (s, 1H, NH), 7.21 (d, 1H, *J*=3.2, ArH), 7.18 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.10 (q, 1H, *J*=8.7, ArH), 3.79 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.38 (s, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₀N₂O₂: C, 63.16; H, 5.26; N, 14.74. Found: C, 63.22; H, 5.18; N, 14.81.

6i: 78%; mp 238-239 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.16 (s, 1H, NH), 7.19 (d, 1H, *J*=2.8, ArH), 7.17 (d, 1H, *J*=3.6, ArH), 7.09 (q, 1H, *J*=8.3, ArH), 4.05 (q, 2H, *J*=6.3, CH₂), 2.38 (m, 3H, CH₃), 1.33 (m, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂N₂O₂: C, 64.71; H, 5.88; N, 13.73. Found: C, 64.80; H, 5.96; N, 13.69.

6j: 76%; mp 276-277 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.13 (s, 1H, NH), 7.45 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.01 (s, 1H, ArH), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.29 (m, 3H, CH₃), 2.26 (m, 3H, CH₃). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂N₂O: C, 70.21; H, 6.38; N, 14.89. Found: C, 70.17; H, 6.43; N, 14.95.

7: To a stirred solution of **6** (1 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (15 mL) were added 50% NaH (96 mg, 2 mmol) and CH₃I (283.8 mg, 2 mmol) successively, the resulting solution was stirred at rt for 10~12 h. Evaporation of solvents and the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (ethyl acetate:petroleum ether =2:3, v/v) as pale gray solid. The solid was recrystallized from ethyl acetate/petroleum ether (3:1) to afford the final compound (**7**).

7a: 65%; mp 147-148 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 2.58 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.67 (s, 3H, CH₃), 7.19~7.24 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.45~7.48 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.79 (d, 1H, *J*=2.4, ArH); IR: 1647.8(C=O), 1589.3 (C=N). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₉N₂OCl: C, 57.55; H, 4.32; N, 13.43. Found: C, 57.66; H, 4.29; N, 13.50.

7b: 64%; mp 171-172 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 2.62 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.67 (s, 3H, CH₃), 7.16 (d, 1H, *J*=8.8, ArH), 7.60~7.63 (m, 1H, ArH), 8.02 (d, 1H, *J*=2.4, ArH); IR: 1660.1 (C=O), 1597.4 (C=N). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₉N₂OBr: C, 47.43; H, 3.56; N, 11.07. Found: C, 47.49; H, 3.40; N, 11.19.

7c: 70%; mp 152-153 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 2.58 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.68 (s, 3H, CH₃), 7.23~7.26 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.47~7.50 (m, 1H, ArH); IR: 1644.3 (C=O), 1599.7 (C=N). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₉N₂OF: C, 62.47; H, 4.69; N, 14.58. Found: C, 62.59; H, 4.83; N, 14.39.

7d: 66%; mp 176-177 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 2.44 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.63 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.66 (s, 3H, CH₃), 7.24 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.78 (s, 1H, ArH); IR: 1661.4 (C=O), 1590.4 (C=N). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₁N₂OCl: C, 59.33; H, 4.94; N, 12.58. Found: C, 59.45; H, 4.83; N, 12.66.

7e: 90%; mp 213-214 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 2.41 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.57 (s, 3H, CH₃), 7.69~7.74 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.81~7.86 (m, 1H, ArH); IR: 1656.3 (C=O), 1591.1 (C=N). Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₈N₂OF₂: C, 57.14; H, 3.81; N, 13.33. Found: C, 57.30; H, 3.93; N, 13.19.

7f: 93%; mp 115-116 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 2.43 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.56 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.66 (s, 3H, CH₃), 7.16 (d, *J*=8.4, 1H, ArH), 7.30~7.33 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.58 (s, 1H, ArH); IR: 1666.2 (C=O), 1597.1 (C=N). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂N₂O: C, 70.21; H, 6.38; N, 14.89. Found: C, 70.33; H, 6.47; N, 14.72.

7g: 67%; mp 67-68 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.89~0.93 (m, 3H, CH₃), 1.31~1.37 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.59~1.67 (m, 2H, CH₂), 2.57 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.67~2.71 (m, 2H, CH₂), 3.66 (s, 3H, CH₃), 7.18 (d, *J*=8.4, 1H, ArH), 7.31~7.34 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.59 (d, *J*=2.0, 1H, ArH); IR: 1664.8 (C=O), 1589.1 (C=N). Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₁₈N₂O: C, 73.04; H, 7.83; N, 12.17. Found: C, 73.06; H, 7.88; N, 12.09.

7h: 77.5%; mp 150-151 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 2.57 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.67 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.86 (s, 3H, CH₃), 7.11~7.14 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.19 (d, *J*=9.2, 1H, ArH), 7.27 (d, *J*= 2.8, 1H, ArH); IR: 1640.7 (C=O), 1594.3 (C=N). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₂N₂O₂: C, 64.71; H, 5.88; N, 13.73. Found: C, 64.72; H, 5.74; N, 13.79.

7i: 85%; mp 140-141 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.41~1.45 (m, 3H, CH₃), 2.57 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.67 (s, 3H, CH₃), 4.05~4.11 (m, 2H, CH₂), 7.10~7.13 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.19 (d, *J*=9.2, 1H, ArH), 7.25 (d, *J*=2.8, 1H, ArH); IR: 1643.5 (C=O), 1590.6 (C=N). Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₄N₂O₂: C, 66.06; H, 6.42; N, 12.84. Found: C, 66.19; H, 6.53; N, 12.69.

7j: 69%; mp 165-166 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 2.32 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.38 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.55 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.65 (s, 3H, CH₃), 7.03 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.53 (s, 1H, ArH); IR: 1663.7 (C=O), 1610.0 (C=N). Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₄N₂O: C, 71.29; H, 6.93; N, 13.86. Found: C, 71.34; H, 6.88; N, 13.92.

8: A solution of **6e** (19.6 mg, 100 mmol) in 5 mL of phosphoryl chloride was heated under reflux for 1.5 h. Then the reaction mixture was freed from phosphoryl chloride by distillation under reduced pressure. The residue was diluted with ice water, and the aqueous mixture was neutralized with saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃. It was extracted with ethyl acetate, and the extract was washed with water (10 mL) and brine (10 mL) respectively, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was removed by distillation under reduced pressure, the crude product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate/petroleum ether (4:1) to give the solid product (**8**) as gray solid (17.1 mg, 79.8%). mp 255 °C (decomp); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 2.54 (s, 3H, CH₃), 7.86 (q, 1H, *J*=11.6, ArH), 8.04 (q, 1H, *J*=11.6, ArH). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₅N₂ClF₂: C, 50.35; H, 2.33; N, 13.05. Found: C, 50.22; H, 2.41; N, 13.12.

9: To a stirred solution of **8** (21.5 mg, 100 mmol) in CH₃OH (10 mL) was added fresh prepared NaOCH₃ (5.4 mg, 200 mmol). The resulting solution was stirred at rt for 1 h, and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to give the crude product which was recrystallized from ethyl acetate/petroleum ether (2:3) to give the solid product (**9**) as white solid (11.1 mg, 52.6%).⁵ mp 276-277 °C; Anal. Calcd for $C_{10}H_8N_2OF_2$: C, 57.14; H, 3.81; N, 13.33. Found: C, 57.20; H, 3.73; N, 13.41.

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