noncoordinating ether function occurs at higher wavenumbers; the less intense band is caused by a chelating ether phosphine.

Complex 2 does not react with  $H_2$  at atmospheric pressure, <sup>12</sup> the proton NMR spectrum of the complex dissolved in acetone remaining virtually unchanged after 20 min of hydrogen flushing. However, activation of the ruthenium-oxygen bond proceeds with addition of another 1 equiv of  $Ph_2PCH_2CH_2OCH_3$ , yielding the hydrido compound cis- $H_2Ru(P \sim O)_4$  (3). The cis configuration is obvious in the <sup>31</sup>P{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR spectrum: two identical triplets

(12) Knoth, W. H. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1972, 94, 104.

for pairs of cis and trans phosphorus nuclei appear.

In conclusion, 2 represents an excellent model complex to demonstrate the opening and closing mechanism of the P,O ligands under very mild conditions.

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## **Additions and Corrections**

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Laurence D. Rosenhein and John W. McDonald\*: Synthesis and Characterization of the  $[(CO)_4MoS_2MS_2]^{2-}$  and  $[(CO)_4MoS_2MS_2Mo(CO)_4]^{2-}$  Ions (M = Mo, W): Species Containing Group VI (6) Metals in Widely Separated Formal Oxidation States.

Page 3414. At the end of the introduction section, we should have quoted the following reference as a prior example of a dinuclear complex containing group 6 metals in widely separated oxidation states: Cotton, F. A.; Schwotzer, W. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1983, 105, 5639.—John W. McDonald