

Articles

VLE and VLLE Measurements of Dimethyl Ether Containing Systems. 2

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In total, 14 isotherms for systems composed of the components nitrogen, carbon dioxide, dimethyl ether (DME), water, ethanol, and 1-propanol were measured. Experimental data for all the phases present, vapor–liquid equilibria (VLE), or vapor–liquid–liquid equilibria (VLLE), in the temperature range (25 to 45) °C and in the pressure range (5 to 102) bar, are presented. The data were not correlated.

Introduction

In a continuation of a research program involving measurements of VLE and VLLE data,^{1,2} the systems nitrogen + DME + water + ethanol, carbon dioxide + DME + water + ethanol, carbon dioxide + DME + ethanol, carbon dioxide + 1-propanol, and carbon dioxide + DME + 1-propanol have been measured. No experimental data points for these systems have previously been published, except for the system carbon dioxide + 1-propanol.^{3–5} All the systems have been measured as isotherms at the temperatures (25, 35, and 45) °C and in the pressure range (5 to 102) bar. The mole fractions of both the liquid(s) and the vapor phase are given.

Experimental Section

Apparatus and Procedures. The measurements were previously described in detail.¹ The experimental apparatus is based on a high-pressure autoclave equipped with two windows, a movable sampling needle, and valves for performing on-line sampling from the cell. The equipment can be used to measure both VLE and VLLE, but not LLE, for safety reasons. In the methods applied, liquid samples are taken by recirculation of liquid through a liquid sampling valve, and gas samples are taken by flushing a vapor sampling valve with heated vapor from the cell.

The composition was measured using a Carlo Erba HRGC 5300 gas chromatograph based on pure component calibration. The uncertainty of the measured mole fractions is estimated to be 3%. The uncertainty of the temperature was found to be 0.2 K, while the uncertainty of the pressure was found to be 0.1 bar.

Chemicals. The materials used are listed in Table 1. The purity of each material was checked using GC, and they were used without any further purification.

Results and Discussion

Vapor–liquid equilibrium data for nitrogen + DME + water + ethanol at (25, 35, and 45) °C are presented in

Table 1. Materials Used, Supplier, and Purity

material	supplier	purity in %
carbon dioxide	Hede Nielsen	99.995
nitrogen	Hede Nielsen	99.995
dimethyl ether	Sigma Aldrich	99.7
water	J. T. Baker	99.998
ethanol	Danisco A/S	99.9
1-propanol	Merck	99.5

Table 2. Composition of the Liquid (x_i) and Vapor (y_i) Phases at the Pressure p for the VLE System Nitrogen (1) + DME (2) + Water (3) + Ethanol (4)

liquid			vapor			p/bar
x_1	x_2	x_3	y_1	y_2	y_3	
$T = 25.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$						
0.0000	0.2854	0.6271	0.0000	0.9975	0.0000	4.9
0.0005	0.2860	0.6265	0.4448	0.5541	0.0000	14.3
0.0009	0.2956	0.6162	0.5756	0.4233	0.0000	21.7
0.0018	0.2929	0.6162	0.6877	0.3114	0.0000	36.1
0.0026	0.2945	0.6121	0.7435	0.2553	0.0000	50.7
0.0035	0.2923	0.6151	0.7719	0.2273	0.0000	66.7
0.0043	0.2871	0.6183	0.7878	0.2113	0.0000	80.0
0.0054	0.2883	0.6177	0.7980	0.2011	0.0000	102.1
$T = 35.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$						
0.0000	0.2921	0.6188	0.0000	0.9978	0.0000	6.2
0.0005	0.2948	0.6147	0.3422	0.6560	0.0000	14.3
0.0010	0.2945	0.6153	0.5090	0.4900	0.0000	23.2
0.0018	0.2902	0.6171	0.6270	0.3717	0.0000	37.1
0.0026	0.2882	0.6197	0.6834	0.3152	0.0000	50.9
0.0038	0.2905	0.6174	0.7283	0.2708	0.0000	66.7
0.0043	0.2836	0.6213	0.7468	0.2524	0.0000	81.7
0.0055	0.2806	0.6231	0.7652	0.2340	0.0000	101.9
$T = 45.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$						
0.0000	0.2416	0.6555	0.0000	0.9966	0.0000	7.3
0.0002	0.2376	0.6513	0.2023	0.7952	0.0000	11.7
0.0006	0.2474	0.6395	0.4163	0.5750	0.0000	21.0
0.0012	0.2403	0.6447	0.5609	0.4371	0.0000	33.8
0.0019	0.2387	0.6460	0.6477	0.3511	0.0000	47.7
0.0028	0.2347	0.6475	0.6995	0.2992	0.0000	66.5
0.0035	0.2296	0.6525	0.7267	0.2721	0.0000	80.1
0.0043	0.2293	0.6508	0.7456	0.2529	0.0000	101.4

Table 2. The system was measured by first adding water + ethanol to the cell followed by DME. The pressure was thereafter increased by adding nitrogen to the cell. The

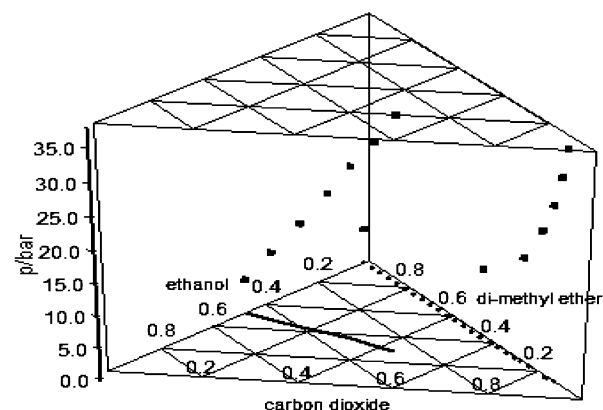
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Table 3. Composition of the Liquid (x_i) and Vapor (y_i) Phases at Pressure p for the VLLE System Carbon Dioxide (1) + DME (2) + Water (3) + Ethanol (4)

lower liquid			upper liquid			vapor			p/bar
x_1	x_2	x_3	x_1	x_2	x_3	y_1	y_2	y_3	
$T = 25.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$									
0.0000	0.2396	0.7164				0.0000	0.9985	0.0000	5.1
0.0152	0.1549	0.7869	0.1305	0.5200	0.3002	0.6413	0.3583	0.0000	14.1
0.0174	0.1163	0.8249	0.2491	0.5260	0.1813	0.7572	0.2425	0.0000	19.6
0.0205	0.0668	0.8730	0.3909	0.4277	0.1473	0.8385	0.1609	0.0000	26.7
0.0180	0.0394	0.9040	0.5480	0.3525	0.0734	0.8900	0.1092	0.0000	34.8
0.0214	0.0334	0.9082	0.5803	0.2907	0.1057	0.9044	0.0946	0.0000	37.9
$T = 35.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$									
0.0000	0.2577	0.6178				0.0000	0.9938	0.0000	5.3
0.0227	0.2250	0.6310				0.5811	0.4179	0.0000	13.9
0.0525	0.2031	0.6292				0.7381	0.2607	0.0000	22.0
0.0521	0.1427	0.6993	0.1925	0.3109	0.3764	0.8174	0.1819	0.0000	29.5
0.0420	0.0946	0.7683	0.3241	0.3230	0.2452	0.8532	0.1456	0.0000	35.6
0.0380	0.0664	0.7978	0.4279	0.3023	0.1773	0.8789	0.1199	0.0000	40.4
$T = 45.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$									
0.0000	0.2412	0.6568				0.0000	0.9972	0.0000	7.4
0.0242	0.2408	0.6348				0.5319	0.4668	0.0000	16.2
0.0416	0.2380	0.6220				0.6440	0.3548	0.0000	21.3
0.0682	0.2281	0.6072				0.7214	0.2771	0.0000	27.7
0.0399	0.1408	0.7320	0.1673	0.3408	0.3893	0.7474	0.2515	0.0000	31.3
0.0345	0.1035	0.7786	0.2525	0.3571	0.2931	0.7906	0.2081	0.0000	36.2
0.0336	0.0756	0.8101	0.3529	0.3375	0.2226	0.8344	0.1642	0.0000	42.4

Table 4. Composition of the Liquid (x_i) and Vapor (y_i) Phases at Pressure p for the VLE System Carbon Dioxide (1) + DME (2) + Ethanol (3)

x_1	x_2	y_1	y_2	p/bar	x_1	x_2	y_1	y_2	p/bar
$T = 25.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$									
0.0000	0.5601	0.0000	0.9883	4.2	0.2915	0.3974	0.8269	0.1701	21.7
0.1153	0.4991	0.6411	0.3542	11.2	0.3521	0.3698	0.8591	0.1381	25.5
0.2242	0.4387	0.7846	0.2120	17.6	0.4538	0.3132	0.8904	0.1068	31.8
$T = 35.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$									
0.0000	0.5319	0.0000	0.9846	5.3	0.2876	0.3832	0.8202	0.1761	26.5
0.0722	0.4921	0.5100	0.4811	10.7	0.3509	0.3504	0.8517	0.1452	31.1
0.1490	0.4558	0.6901	0.3050	16.2	0.4103	0.3181	0.8711	0.1256	35.7
0.2235	0.4162	0.7712	0.2239	21.7					
$T = 45.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$									
0.0000	0.4715	0.0000	0.9863	6.1	0.2168	0.3700	0.7755	0.2198	26.3
0.0551	0.4435	0.4675	0.5243	11.5	0.2708	0.3473	0.8168	0.1793	31.3
0.1032	0.4231	0.6197	0.3744	15.8	0.3486	0.3133	0.8521	0.1441	38.0
0.1638	0.3965	0.7226	0.2719	21.4					

**Figure 1.** 3D plot of the isotherms for the VLE system carbon dioxide + DME + ethanol at $T = 35.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$: liquid phase (—); vapor phase (---).

system showed no sign of any second liquid phase, and the solubility of nitrogen in the liquid phase was small. The solubility of water in the vapor phase was so small that it could not be detected properly with the GC used in this work.

Vapor–liquid–liquid equilibrium data for carbon dioxide + DME + water + ethanol at (25, 35, and 45) $^\circ\text{C}$ are

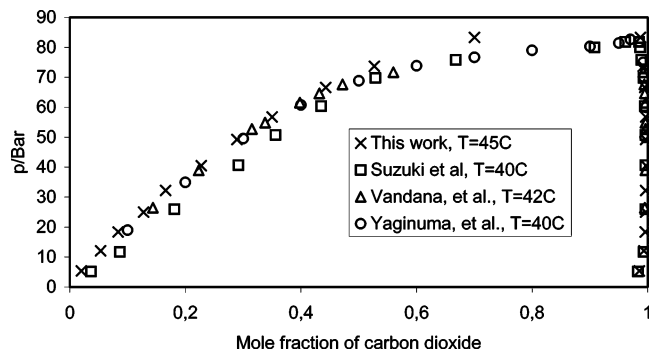
Table 5. Composition of the Liquid (x_i) and Vapor (y_i) Phases at the Pressure p for the System Carbon Dioxide (1) + 1-Propanol (2)

x_1	y_1	p/bar	x_1	y_1	p/bar
$T = 35.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$					
0.0185	0.9864	4.7	0.3385	0.9970	48.5
0.0359	0.9924	8.2	0.4068	0.9943	54.7
0.0848	0.9964	16.3	0.4142	0.9961	55.7
0.1508	0.9968	25.6	0.5281	0.9957	64.3
0.2202	0.9964	35.7	0.6765	0.9952	69.1
$T = 45.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$					
0.0200	0.9855	5.4	0.2892	0.9966	49.2
0.0534	0.9934	12.1	0.3502	0.9964	56.7
0.0836	0.9958	18.4	0.4428	0.9949	66.6
0.1276	0.9964	25.0	0.5269	0.9923	73.7
0.1657	0.9965	32.2	0.7001	0.9876	83.3
0.2276	0.9971	40.5			

presented in Table 3. The experimental procedure was the same as that for the previous system. A second liquid phase would form after raising the pressure, and this second phase would expand while the vapor phase would shrink as the pressure was raised. The measurements were stopped when the system was close to becoming an LLE system. The solubility of water in the vapor phase was so small that it could not be detected on the used GC.

Table 6. Composition of the Liquid (x_2) and Vapor (y_2) Phases at Pressure p for the VLE System Carbon Dioxide (1) + DME (2) + 1-Propanol (3)

x_1	x_2	y_1	y_2	p/bar	x_1	x_2	y_1	y_2	p/bar
$T = 25.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$									
0.0000	0.5901	0.0000	0.9950	4.3	0.2792	0.4459	0.8120	0.1865	21.6
0.1024	0.5518	0.5998	0.3980	10.8	0.3597	0.3953	0.8577	0.1409	27.2
0.2118	0.4872	0.7564	0.2420	17.2	0.3734	0.3827	0.8790	0.1197	31.3
$T = 35.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$									
0.0000	0.1741	0.0000	0.9949	5.2	0.2232	0.4294	0.7695	0.2288	22.6
0.0836	0.4987	0.5623	0.4345	11.9	0.2810	0.4012	0.8128	0.1852	27.0
0.1429	0.4842	0.6840	0.3136	16.3	0.3523	0.3624	0.8474	0.1509	32.3
$T = 45.0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$									
0.0000	0.5707	0.0000	0.9937	6.3	0.1813	0.4552	0.7219	0.2756	22.7
0.0600	0.5037	0.4304	0.5615	12.2	0.2480	0.4160	0.7774	0.2203	29.2
0.1246	0.4763	0.6367	0.3599	18.0	0.3160	0.3770	0.8176	0.1801	35.1

**Figure 2.** VLE curves for the system carbon dioxide (1) + 1-propanol (2) taken from different sources.

Vapor–liquid equilibrium data for carbon dioxide + DME + ethanol at (25, 35, and 45) °C are presented in Table 4. No second liquid phase was found. As the pressure was increased, the liquid phase would expand, and the measurements were stopped when the system was close to becoming a one-phase system. Figure 1 shows a 3D plot of one of the isotherms in Table 4. The figure shows the two phases both as 2D projection lines onto the composition space and as 3D points in the composition, pressure space.

Vapor–liquid equilibrium data for carbon dioxide + 1-propanol at (35 and 45) °C are presented in Table 5. No second liquid phase was found. As the pressure was raised, the liquid phase would expand, and the measurements were stopped when the system was close to becoming a one-phase system. A comparison between literature data and the data in Table 5 is shown in Figure 2. As can be seen, some minor deviations between data sets are observed. Only one data point is reported herein for the CO₂ mole fraction range 0.6 to 0.95, which is approximately 5%

higher than the literature values. However, this deviation is apparently less than that seen between the literature data from refs 4 and 5 both measured at 40 °C.

Vapor–liquid equilibrium data for carbon dioxide + DME + 1-propanol at (25, 35, and 45) °C are presented in Table 6. No second liquid phase was found. As the pressure was increased, the liquid phase would expand, and the measurements were stopped when the system was close to becoming a one-phase system.

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