

**1,4-Bisamides of 1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroquinoxaline.**—To a solution of 0.05 mole of tetrahydroquinoxaline in 100 ml of anhydrous chloroform at 0° was added dropwise with constant stirring a solution of 0.11 mole of the acyl chloride in 50 ml of anhydrous CHCl<sub>3</sub>. When the addition was complete, the mixture was refluxed until evolution of HCl had ceased. Filtration, followed by concentration *in vacuo*, and when necessary trituration with ether, gave solids that were purified by recrystallization from ethanol. The compounds prepared by this method are listed in Tables I and II (method A).

**1-Ethyl-4-(3-chloropropionyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoxaline (IV).**—Reaction of 0.031 mole of 1-ethyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoxaline<sup>14</sup> in 75 ml of chloroform with 0.031 mole of 3-chloropropionyl chloride in 25 ml of CHCl<sub>3</sub> by the general procedure described above gave an 84% yield of a thick oil. Treatment of this oil in ether with HCl gave the hydrochloride, mp 140–142° (from tetrahydrofuran).

*Anal.* Calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>17</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub>O·HCl: C, 54.05; H, 6.27; N, 9.69; Cl, 24.52. Found: C, 54.16; H, 6.51; N, 9.91; Cl, 24.25.

**Amides of Tetrahydroquinoline and Tetrahydroisoquinoline.**—Using the same general procedure as described above for the bisamides, 0.05 mole of amine and 0.06 mole of acyl chloride were allowed to react to give after recrystallization from ethanol the materials listed in Table III.

**1,4-(Diacrylyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoxalines.**—The 1,4-bis-(3-chloropropionyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoxalines in benzene were chromatographed over Merck reagent grade aluminum oxide and eluted with benzene-ethanol (9:1) to give, as previously reported,<sup>5</sup> the compounds listed in Table II (method B).

(14) R. F. Smith, W. J. Rebel, and T. N. Beach, *J. Org. Chem.*, **24**, 205 (1959).

**1,4-Diformyl-1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroquinoxaline (V, R = H).**—A solution of 0.036 mole of quinoxaline in 30 ml of formic acid and 100 ml of dimethylformamide was refluxed for 16 hr. The resulting solution was poured onto ice and the aqueous solution was extracted continuously with ether for 48 hr. The ethereal solution was dried and concentrated *in vacuo* to give an oil which crystallized on trituration with ethanol. Recrystallization from ethanol gave 3.0 g (44%), mp 125–126°, lit.<sup>7</sup> mp 119–122°.

*Anal.* Calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>10</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>: C, 63.14; H, 5.29; N, 14.72. Found: C, 63.12; H, 5.14; N, 14.69.

**1,4-Bis(chlorocarbonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoxaline (V, R = Cl).**—A solution of 0.03 mole of 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoxaline in 30 ml of benzene was added dropwise with stirring and cooling to a solution of 0.06 mole of phosgene in 50 ml of benzene. After addition the mixture was refluxed for several hours and concentrated *in vacuo* to give 5.9 g (76%) of a solid, mp 92–93° (from isopropyl ether).

*Anal.* Calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>8</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>: C, 46.35; H, 3.11; N, 10.81; Cl, 27.37. Found: C, 46.50; H, 3.22; N, 10.66; Cl, 27.16.

**1,4-Bis(2-chloroethyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoxaline (VI).**—A solution of 0.015 mole of 1,4-bis(chloroacetyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoxaline in 200 ml of tetrahydrofuran (THF) was added dropwise with stirring to 50 ml of a 1 N solution of borane under nitrogen at –10°. After the resulting mixture was refluxed for 1 hr, 8 ml of 6 N HCl was added followed by 75 ml of water. The THF was distilled and excess solid NaOH was added. The resulting mixture was extracted with ether, and the dried ether extract was concentrated to give 3.55 g (80%) of a yellow oil. The hydrochloride was prepared and recrystallized from THF, mp 149–152°.

*Anal.* Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>16</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>·HCl: C, 48.76; H, 5.80; N, 9.48; Cl, 35.98. Found: C, 49.00; H, 5.71; N, 9.47; Cl, 35.92.

## Hypoglycemic Activity and Pharmacological Picture of 4-(1-Naphthyl)butylamine Derivatives

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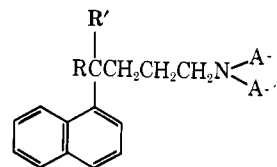
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Forty-nine 4-(1-naphthyl)butylamine derivatives were prepared for hypoglycemic tests. They were also submitted to comprehensive screening, in order to obtain as complete as possible a pharmacological picture. The majority of the compounds examined revealed marked hypoglycemic activity, and of these the  $\alpha$ -isopropyl- $\alpha$ -(3-dimethylaminopropyl)- (XXIII) and  $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -di(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-1-naphthylacetic acids (XXIV) were found to be the most active and comparable with chlorpropamide. None of the other actions investigated revealed anything of particular interest.

Our finding<sup>1</sup> that some  $\alpha$ -aminoethyl-1-naphthylacetic acids possess hypoglycemic activity has led us to extend this investigation to compounds with related structures. Preliminary studies showed that substitution with an aminopropyl chain in the  $\alpha$  position of 1-naphthylacetic acid was the most promising for reaching the highest activity, and an extensive series of 4-(1-naphthyl)butylamines of the following general structure was prepared. The methods used in obtaining the new compounds were quite similar to those reported in previous papers<sup>1,2</sup> and, in any case, are well illustrated in the Experimental Section.

(1) G. Pala, T. Bruzzese, E. Marazzi-Uberti, and G. Coppi, *J. Med. Chem.*, **9**, 603 (1966).

(2) (a) S. Casadio, G. Pala, E. Crescenzi, T. Bruzzese, E. Marazzi-Uberti, and G. Coppi, *ibid.*, **8**, 589 (1965); (b) S. Casadio, G. Pala, T. Bruzzese, E. Crescenzi, E. Marazzi-Uberti, and G. Coppi, *ibid.*, **8**, 594 (1965); (c) G. Pala, T. Bruzzese, E. Marazzi-Uberti, and G. Coppi, *Farmaco (Pavia)*, *Ed. Sci.*, **19**, 731 (1964); (d) G. Pala, T. Bruzzese, E. Marazzi-Uberti, and G. Coppi, *ibid.*, **19**, 933 (1964).



R = H, alkyl, or aminopropyl

R' = CN, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>H, CO<sub>2</sub>R'', CONHR'', CONPr<sub>2</sub>,

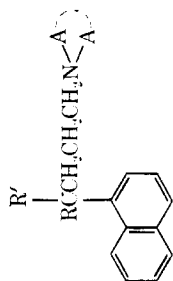
CONHCONHPr, CNHR'', or COEt (R'' = alkyl, cyclohexyl, allyl, or phenyl)

NAA = tertiary amino group

The title compounds were submitted to a pharmacological investigation which included not only examination of the hypoglycemic action, but also studies of acute toxicity, behavioral effects, and antiinflammatory, analgesic, local anesthetic, antitussive, diuretic, antispasmodic, antipyretic, choleric, and hypoten-

TABLE I  
4-(1-N-ARYLDI)BO-PYLAMINE DERIVATIVES

| Compound | R  | R'                | N <sup>(A)</sup> <sub>A</sub>                  | Method | Yield, %        | Bp (mm) or mp, °C                    | Formula   | Elemental, % |       |       |
|----------|--|-------------------|--|--------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------|-------|-------|
|          |  |                   |  |        |                 |                                      |   | C            | H     | N     |
| I        | H  | CN                | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | A      | 82 <sup>a</sup> | 163-165 (0.6)                        | C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>20</sub> N <sub>2</sub>                      | 80.91        | 7.99  | 11.10 |
| II       | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>  | CN                | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | B      | 83 <sup>a</sup> | 154-156 (0.3)                        | C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>24</sub> N <sub>2</sub>                      | 81.38        | 8.63  | 9.99  |
| III      | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | CN                | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | B      | 90 <sup>a</sup> | 144-146 (0.2),<br>84-85 <sup>b</sup> | C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>26</sub> N <sub>2</sub>                      | 81.58        | 8.90  | 9.52  |
| IV       | (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> N(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>               | CN                | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | B      | 86 <sup>a</sup> | 172-173 (0.3)                        | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>31</sub> N <sub>3</sub>                      | 78.29        | 9.26  | 12.45 |
| V        | H  | CN                | N(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> | A      | 74 <sup>a</sup> | 156-158 (0.2)                        | C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>24</sub> N <sub>2</sub>                      | 81.38        | 8.63  | 9.99  |
| VI       | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | CN                | N(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> | B      | 80 <sup>a</sup> | 167-168 (0.3)                        | C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>30</sub> N <sub>2</sub>                      | 81.93        | 9.38  | 8.69  |
| VII      | (C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> N(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> | CN                | N(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> | B      | 85 <sup>a</sup> | 178-180 (0.2)                        | C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>28</sub> N <sub>3</sub>                      | 79.34        | 9.99  | 10.68 |
| VIII     | H  | CN                | Pyrrolidino                                    | A      | 61 <sup>a</sup> | 85-86 <sup>d</sup>                   | C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>22</sub> N <sub>2</sub>                      | 81.97        | 7.97  | 10.06 |
| IX       | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | CN                | Pyrrolidino                                    | B      | 74 <sup>a</sup> | 165-168 (0.1)                        | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>32</sub> N <sub>2</sub>                      | 82.45        | 8.81  | 8.74  |
| X        | H  | CN                | Piperidino                                     | A      | 89 <sup>a</sup> | 100-101 <sup>d</sup>                 | C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>28</sub> N <sub>2</sub>                      | 82.14        | 8.27  | 9.58  |
| XI       | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | CN                | Piperidino                                     | B      | 73 <sup>a</sup> | 175-178 (0.1)                        | C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>36</sub> N <sub>2</sub>                      | 82.58        | 9.04  | 8.38  |
| XII      | H  | CN                | Morpholino                                     | A      | 92 <sup>a</sup> | 105-106 <sup>d</sup>                 | C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>23</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O                    | 77.52        | 7.53  | 9.52  |
| XIII     | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | CN                | Morpholino                                     | A      | 58 <sup>a</sup> | 188-191 (0.3)                        | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>32</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O                    | 78.53        | 8.39  | 8.33  |
| XIV      | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>  | CONH <sub>2</sub> | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | C      | 85 <sup>a</sup> | 210-212 (0.6)                        | C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>23</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O                    | 76.47        | 8.78  | 9.39  |
| XV       | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | CONH <sub>2</sub> | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | D      | 77 <sup>a</sup> | 194-196 (0.2)                        | C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>25</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O                    | 76.88        | 9.03  | 8.97  |
| XVI      | (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> N(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>               | CONH <sub>2</sub> | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | C      | 92 <sup>a</sup> | 133-134 <sup>d</sup>                 | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>32</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O                    | 74.32        | 9.36  | 11.82 |
| XVII     | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | CONH <sub>2</sub> | N(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> | D      | 73 <sup>a</sup> | 201-203 (0.4)                        | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>32</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O                    | 77.60        | 9.47  | 8.23  |
| XVIII    | (C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> N(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> | CONH <sub>2</sub> | N(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> | C      | 70 <sup>a</sup> | 98-99 <sup>b</sup>                   | C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>34</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O                    | 75.86        | 10.04 | 10.21 |
| XIX      | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | CONH <sub>2</sub> | Piperidino                                     | D      | 72 <sup>a</sup> | 134-135 <sup>d</sup>                 | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>30</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O                    | 78.06        | 8.93  | 8.28  |
| XX       | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | CONH <sub>2</sub> | Piperidino                                     | D      | 79 <sup>a</sup> | 112-113 <sup>d</sup>                 | C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>32</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O                    | 78.36        | 9.15  | 7.95  |
| XXI      | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | CONH <sub>2</sub> | Morpholino                                     | D      | 70 <sup>a</sup> | 222-225 (0.2)                        | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>32</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O                    | 74.54        | 8.53  | 7.90  |
| XXII     | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>  | COOH              | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | E      | 94 <sup>a</sup> | 251-252 <sup>e,f</sup>               | C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>23</sub> NO <sub>2</sub> ·HCl                | 67.93        | 7.80  | 4.17  |
| XXIII    | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | COOH              | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | F      | 92 <sup>a</sup> | 228-229 <sup>g</sup>                 | C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>27</sub> NO <sub>2</sub> ·HCl                | 68.65        | 8.07  | 4.00  |
| XXIV     | (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> N(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>               | COOH              | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | E      | 94 <sup>a</sup> | 241-242 <sup>e,f</sup> dec           | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>32</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ·2HCl | 61.53        | 7.98  | 6.53  |
| XXV      | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | COOH              | N(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> | F      | 86 <sup>a</sup> | 205-206 <sup>e,h</sup>               | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>30</sub> NO <sub>2</sub> ·HCl                | 69.91        | 8.54  | 3.71  |
| XXVI     | (C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> N(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> | COOH              | N(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> | F      | 95 <sup>a</sup> | 231-232 <sup>e,i</sup>               | C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>29</sub> NO <sub>2</sub> ·2HCl               | 64.31        | 8.72  | 5.77  |
| XXVII    | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | COOH              | Piperidino                                     | F      | 80 <sup>a</sup> | 172-173 <sup>e,j</sup>               | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>31</sub> NO <sub>2</sub> ·HCl                | 70.84        | 8.05  | 3.59  |
| XXVIII   | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | COOH              | Piperidino                                     | F      | 88 <sup>a</sup> | 227-228 <sup>e,k</sup>               | C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>33</sub> NO <sub>2</sub> ·HCl                | 70.84        | 8.27  | 3.57  |
| XXIX     | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | COOH              | Morpholino                                     | F      | 93 <sup>a</sup> | 226-227 <sup>e,l</sup> dec           | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>32</sub> NO <sub>2</sub> ·HCl                | 67.41        | 7.72  | 3.57  |
| XXX      | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | COOH              | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | G      | 66 <sup>a</sup> | 158-160 (0.1)                        | C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>29</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>                     | 77.02        | 8.93  | 4.28  |
| XXXI     | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | COOH              | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | G      | 63 <sup>a</sup> | 172-174 (0.9)                        | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>31</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>                     | 77.37        | 9.15  | 4.10  |
| XXXII    | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | COOH              | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | G      | 85 <sup>a</sup> | 167-170 (0.3)                        | C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>33</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>                     | 77.70        | 9.36  | 3.94  |
| XXXIII   | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | COOH              | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | G      | 68 <sup>a</sup> | 177-179 (0.4)                        | C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>33</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>                     | 77.70        | 9.36  | 3.94  |
| XXXIV    | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | COOH              | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | G      | 43 <sup>a</sup> | 201-203 (0.5)                        | C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>37</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>                     | 78.94        | 9.43  | 3.54  |
| XXXV     | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>  | COOH              | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | G      | 68 <sup>a</sup> | 175-177 (0.4)                        | C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>33</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>                     | 78.11        | 8.84  | 3.96  |



| Compd   | R  | R'   | N<sup>A</sup>                                  | Method | Yield, %        | Bp (mm) or mp, °C    | Formula   | Calcd, % |       |       | Found, % |      |       |
|---------|--|--|--|--------|-----------------|----------------------|---|----------|-------|-------|----------|------|-------|
|         |  |  |  |        |                 |                      |   | C        | H     | N     | C        | H    | N     |
| XXXVI   | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>                          | COOC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                     | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | H      | 81 <sup>c</sup> | 111–112 <sup>d</sup> | C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>31</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> | 80.17    | 8.02  | 3.60  | 80.78    | 8.09 | 3.62  |
| XXXVII  | (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> N(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> | COOC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                     | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | G      | 62 <sup>a</sup> | 179–180 (0.2)        | C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>30</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> | 74.95    | 9.44  | 7.29  | 75.69    | 9.53 | 7.36  |
| XXXVIII | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>                          | COOC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                     | N(C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> | G      | 42 <sup>a</sup> | 172–174 (0.2)        | C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>32</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> | 78.00    | 9.55  | 3.79  | 77.45    | 9.57 | 3.89  |
| XXXIX   | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>                          | CONHC <sub>3</sub>                                   | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | I      | 84 <sup>a</sup> | 180–181 (0.2)        | C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>30</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O              | 77.25    | 9.26  | 8.58  | 77.82    | 9.44 | 8.42  |
| XL      | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>                          | CONHC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                    | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | I      | 57 <sup>a</sup> | 183–185 (0.3)        | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>26</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O              | 77.60    | 9.47  | 8.23  | 77.59    | 9.36 | 8.08  |
| XLI     | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>                          | CONHC <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>                    | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | J      | 70 <sup>a</sup> | 182–183 (0.3)        | C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>29</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O              | 77.92    | 9.67  | 7.90  | 77.01    | 9.57 | 7.79  |
| XLII    | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>                          | CONHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub>                   | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | J      | 46 <sup>a</sup> | 202–205 (0.2)        | C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>34</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O              | 79.14    | 9.71  | 7.10  | 79.11    | 9.60 | 7.09  |
| XLIII   | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>                          | CONHC <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> CH=CH <sub>2</sub> | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | J      | 59 <sup>a</sup> | 185–187 (0.4)        | C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>29</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O              | 78.36    | 9.15  | 7.95  | 77.78    | 9.04 | 7.84  |
| XLIV    | (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> N(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> | CONHC <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>                    | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | I      | 53 <sup>a</sup> | 200–202 (0.5)        | C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>33</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O              | 75.52    | 9.89  | 10.57 | 74.91    | 9.96 | 10.64 |
| XLV     | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>                          | CON(C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>     | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | K      | 28 <sup>a</sup> | 167–169 (0.3)        | C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>34</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O              | 78.73    | 10.17 | 7.06  | 78.10    | 9.94 | 6.92  |
| XLVI    | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>                          | CONHC <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>                    | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | L      | 94 <sup>c</sup> | <i>k</i>             | C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>30</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> | 72.51    | 8.87  | 10.57 | 72.20    | 8.99 | 10.58 |
| XLVII   | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                                    | C(NH) <sub>2</sub> C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>5</sub>     | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | M      | 83 <sup>a</sup> | 173–175 (0.3)        | C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>30</sub> N <sub>2</sub>                | 81.23    | 9.74  | 9.02  | 80.81    | 9.67 | 8.89  |
| XLVIII  | <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>                          | C(NH) <sub>2</sub> C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>     | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | N      | 70 <sup>a</sup> | 169–171 (0.3)        | C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>29</sub> N <sub>2</sub>                | 81.60    | 10.12 | 8.28  | 81.48    | 9.99 | 8.39  |
| IL      | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                                    | COC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                      | N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>               | O      | 67 <sup>a</sup> | 160–162 (0.5)        | C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>30</sub> NO                            | 80.98    | 9.39  | 4.50  | 81.97    | 9.36 | 4.63  |

<sup>a</sup> Once distilled. <sup>b</sup> Crystallized from petroleum ether (bp 40–70°). <sup>c</sup> Crude product. <sup>d</sup> Crystallized from ligroin (bp 75–120°). <sup>e</sup> Hydrochloride. <sup>f</sup> Crystallized from ethanol. <sup>g</sup> Crystallized from ethanol–ligroin (bp 75–120°). <sup>h</sup> Crystallized from acetone–isopropyl alcohol. <sup>i</sup> Crystallized from isopropyl alcohol. <sup>j</sup> Crystallized from acetone. <sup>k</sup> Attempts at distillation resulted in some decomposition.

sive action, as well as their *in vitro* antibacterial, antifungal, trichomonocidal, and antiamebal effects.

### Experimental Section<sup>3</sup>

**Chemistry.**—The new compounds are listed in Table I, along with yields, physical constants, and analytical data.

**Nitriles (I–XIII)** were prepared according to the general procedure we recently described,<sup>2a</sup> and which consists in alkylating nonsubstituted nitriles with an aminoalkyl or alkyl halide in the presence of sodamide.

**Method A.  $\alpha$ -(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-1-naphthylacetone-trile (I).**—Sodamide (8.2 g, 0.21 mole) was cautiously added to a solution of 1-naphthylacetone-trile (33.4 g, 0.2 mole) in anhydrous benzene (200 ml), refluxing the mixture with stirring for 2 hr. After cooling to 40°, a solution of 3-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-chloropropane (25.5 g, 0.21 mole) in anhydrous benzene (150 ml) was added dropwise over 1 hr. The suspension was then refluxed for 6 hr and cooled to room temperature, and water was cautiously added. The benzene layer was separated and extracted with dilute HCl and the acid extract was washed with ether and made alkaline with 10% NaOH. The oil which separated was extracted with ether and the solution was washed with water and dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>). After removal of the solvent the residue was distilled at 163–165° (0.6 mm) to give a colorless oil.

**Method B** differed from method A in that an aminoalkyl or an alkyl halide was treated with an  $\alpha$ -aminoalkyl nitrile.

**$\alpha$ -Isopropyl- $\alpha$ -(3-diethylaminopropyl)-1-naphthylacetone-trile (VI).**—Sodamide (10.1 g, 0.26 mole) was cautiously added to a solution of V (56.1 g, 0.2 mole) in anhydrous benzene (300 ml) and the mixture was refluxed with stirring for 2 hr. After cooling to 40°, 2-bromopropane (32 g, 0.26 mole) was added dropwise over 1 hr. The mixture was refluxed for 6 hr and then treated as described in method A, yielding a viscous oil, bp 167–168° (0.3 mm).

**Primary Amides (XIV–XXI).**—The procedure consisted of hydrolyzing the nitriles with sulfuric and acetic acid, according to the general method previously described.<sup>2b</sup>

**Method C.  $\alpha$ -Ethyl- $\alpha$ -(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-1-naphthylacetamide (XIV).**—II (28 g, 0.1 mole) was dissolved in a 1:1:1 mixture of concentrated H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, glacial acetic acid, and water (109 ml). The solution was refluxed for 24 hr, cooled to room temperature, diluted with water, and made alkaline with 30% NaOH. The oil was separated and extracted with ether and the ethereal solution was washed with water and dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>). After removal of the solvent, the residue was distilled at 210–212° (0.6 mm), giving a glassy product.

**Method D.  $\alpha$ -Isopropyl- $\alpha$ -(3-piperidinopropyl)-1-naphthylacetamide (XX)** was obtained by hydrolyzing XI for 216 hr as described in method C. After distillation at 214–217° (0.2 mm), the product was treated with ligroin (bp 75–120°) yielding colorless crystals, mp 112–113°.

**Acids (XXII–XXIX).**—Following the general procedure previously described,<sup>1</sup> the required acids were prepared by reaction of the amides with isoamyl nitrite in glacial acetic acid, and in the presence of HCl.

**Method E.  $\alpha$ -Ethyl- $\alpha$ -(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-1-naphthylacetic Acid Hydrochloride (XXII).**—Hydrogen chloride was slowly bubbled, for 1.5 hr, at room temperature, through a cooled solution of XIV (29.8 g, 0.1 mole) in glacial acetic acid (200 ml). Freshly distilled isoamyl nitrite (37.2 ml) was added over 2 hr, with stirring, and the bright red solution was then maintained at room temperature for additional 2 hr and afterwards heated at 100° overnight. The solvent was removed at 50° under reduced pressure, and the residue was triturated with ether. On crystallization from ethanol a colorless product, mp 251–252°, was obtained.

**Method F.  $\alpha$ -Isopropyl- $\alpha$ -(3-morpholinopropyl)-1-naphthylacetic Acid Hydrochloride (XXIX).**—XXI was treated as described in method E, but the above procedure was repeated several times until a sample of the reaction mixture, evaporated to dryness, gave a residue completely soluble in dilute NaOH. After crystallization from ethanol, the product gave colorless crystals, mp 226–227° dec.

**Acid Chlorides. General Procedure.**—The appropriate acid hydrochloride (30 g) was dissolved in SOCl<sub>2</sub> (150 ml) and the

(3) Boiling points are uncorrected. Melting points are corrected and were taken on a Büchi capillary melting point apparatus.

TABLE II: PHARMACOLOGICAL SCREENING RESULTS

| Compound | Approx<br>LD <sub>50</sub><br>(mouse),<br>mg/kg<br>ip | Behavior results<br>Effects on mouse                                 | mg/kg<br>ip | Hypoglycemic<br>activity (rat)   |                 | Anti-<br>inflammatory<br>activity (rat) | Analgesic<br>activity (mouse)            |             | Surface<br>local<br>anest-<br>hetic<br>activity<br>(guinea<br>pig),<br>% <sup>a</sup> | Anti-<br>tussive<br>activity<br>(guinea<br>pig)<br>Inhib of<br>coughing,<br>% | Diuretic<br>activity<br>(rat),<br>vol. T/C <sup>d</sup> | Antispasmodic activity <i>in vitro</i> , <sup>e</sup><br>% inhibition of spasm produced by |   |  |   |
|----------|---|--|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|---|--|-------------|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|
|          |   |  |             | Blood<br>sugar<br>decrease,<br>% | mg/kg<br>orally | Inhib of<br>edema,<br>%                 | Increase<br>of<br>reaction<br>time,<br>% | mg/kg<br>ip |   |   |   | Acetyl-<br>choline<br>$1 \times 10^{-7}$<br>g/ml   | Histamine<br>$1 \times 10^{-6}$<br>g/ml | Nicotine<br>$2 \times 10^{-6}$<br>g/ml | Serotonin<br>$1 \times 10^{-8}$<br>g/ml |
| I        | 195-215   | Mod spontaneous motility decrease                                    | 50          | 15                               | 50              | 16                                      | 44                                       | 50          |   |   | 1.24  | Inactive   | Inactive                                | Inactive                               | Inactive                                |
| II       | 150-170   | Mod behavior excitement, mod motor incoordination                    | 50          | Inactive                         | 50              | Inactive                                | 65                                       | 50          |   | 33  |   | 89   | 96                                      | 88                                     | 29                                      |
| III      | 140-160   | Mod CNS depression, mod muscle hypotonia                             | 25          | 21                               | 50              | 18                                      | 47                                       | 25          |   |   | 1.35  | 38   | 24                                      | 22                                     | 36                                      |
| IV       | 140-170   | Mod behavior excitement, marked motor incoordination                 | 100         | 40                               | 50              | Inactive                                | 54                                       | 100         |   | 18  | 1.19  | 27   | 46                                      | 27                                     | 28                                      |
| V        | 130-150   | Marked behavior excitement   | 50          | Inactive                         | 50              | 52                                      | 48                                       | 50          |   | 20  |   | 64   | 31                                      | Inactive                               | 39                                      |
| VI       | 140-160   | Mod spontaneous motility decrease                                    | 25          | 21                               | 50              | 28                                      | 30                                       | 25          |   | 13  |   | 100  | 100                                     | 100                                    | 100                                     |
| VII      | 160-190   | Mod behavior excitement, mod muscle hypotonia                        | 50          | 21                               | 50              | 15                                      | 32                                       | 50          |   | Inactive  |   | 28   | 71                                      | 59                                     | 16                                      |
| VIII     | 50-60   | Mod behavior excitement  | 25          | Inactive                         | 50              | 25                                      | 40                                       | 25          |   | Inactive  |   | 24   | 81                                      | 68                                     | Inactive                                |
| IX       | 60-80   | Marked CNS depression, marked motor incoordination, muscle hypotonia | 50          | 26                               | 50              | Inactive                                | 134                                      | 50          |   | Inactive  |   | 81   | 100                                     | 93                                     | 100                                     |
| X        | 130-150   | Marked CNS depression, motor incoordination, marked muscle hypotonia | 50          | Inactive                         | 50              | Inactive                                | 53                                       | 50          |   | 16  |   | 73   | 75                                      | 95                                     | 20                                      |
| XI       | 310-350   | Mod passivity increase, mod motor incoordination                     | 25          | 32                               | 50              | 16                                      | 43                                       | 25          |   | 20  | 2.00  | 57   | 85                                      | 73                                     | 100                                     |
| XII      | 340-370   | Behavior excitement, mod muscle hypotonia                            | 50          | Inactive                         | 50              | Inactive                                | 53                                       | 50          |   | 28  |   | 18   | Inactive                                | 91                                     | 38                                      |
| XIII     | 150-180   | Mod CNS depression, marked motor incoordination                      | 100         | 11                               | 50              | Inactive                                | 87                                       | 100         |   | Inactive  |   | 30   | 61                                      | 61                                     | 37                                      |
| XIV      | 90-110  | Behavior excitement, motor incoordination                            | 50          | 23                               | 50              | Inactive                                | 57                                       | 50          | 59  | 21  | 3.20  | Inactive   | 27                                      | Inactive                               | 31                                      |
| XV       | 185-195   | Mod behavior excitement, mod muscle hypotonia                        | 100         | 20                               | 50              | 18                                      | 13                                       | 100         | 33  |   | 1.66  | 96   | 100                                     | 94                                     | 98                                      |
| XVI      | 140-170   | Mod spontaneous motility decrease, mod                               | 25          | 36                               | 50              | Inactive                                | 47                                       | 25          | 40  | Inactive  |   | 28   | 12                                      | Inactive                               | 10                                      |

|        |           |  |     |                |          |          |    |     |    |          |          |          |    |          |    |
|--------|-----------|--|-----|----------------|----------|----------|----|-----|----|----------|----------|----------|----|----------|----|
| XVII   | 90-120    | mod behavior excitement, motor incoordination, marked muscle hypotonia                               | 50  | 19<br>13       | 50<br>10 | 44       | 37 | 50  | 52 | 16       | 1.41     | Inactive | 84 | 84       | 64 |
| XVIII  | 60-80     | Mod spontaneous motility decrease, mod muscle hypotonia  | 25  | 28<br>24       | 50<br>10 | Inactive | 60 | 25  | 49 | 45       | Inactive | 22       | 10 | 17       | 24 |
| XIX    | 150-170   | Mod spontaneous motility decrease, mod muscle hypotonia  | 100 | 30<br>20       | 50<br>10 | Inactive | 30 | 100 | 83 | Inactive | 1.74     | 28       | 20 | Inactive | 10 |
| XX     | 70-90     | Mod behavior excitement, mod motor incoordination  | 25  | 17             | 50       | Inactive | 49 | 25  | 61 | 17       |          | 37       | 22 | 15       | 55 |
| XXI    | 180-210   | Mod spontaneous motility decrease, mod motor incoordination, mod ipsilateral flexor reflex decrease  | 50  | 13             | 50       | 28       | 50 | 50  | 62 | Inactive | 1.31     | 18       | 63 | 13       | 28 |
| XXII   | 1150-1230 | Mod behavior excitement  | 200 | 27<br>16       | 50<br>10 | Inactive | 34 | 200 |    |          |          | Inactive |    |          |    |
| XXIII  | 600-650   | Mod motor incoordination   | 100 | 34<br>25       | 50<br>10 | Inactive | 30 | 100 |    |          | 1.27     |          |    |          |    |
| XXIV   | 1180-1250 | Mod spontaneous activity decrease  | 200 | 35<br>30       | 50<br>10 | Inactive | 58 | 200 |    |          |          | Inactive |    |          |    |
| XXV    | 580-650   | Mod CNS depression   | 200 | 25<br>13       | 50<br>10 | Inactive | 58 | 200 |    |          |          | Inactive |    |          |    |
| XXVI   | 380-420   | Mod CNS depression   | 200 | 27<br>25       | 50<br>10 | Inactive | 43 | 200 |    |          |          | Inactive |    |          |    |
| XXVII  | 290-330   | Mod spontaneous motility and irritability decrease   | 100 | 27<br>18       | 50<br>10 | Inactive | 47 | 100 |    |          |          | Inactive |    |          |    |
| XXVIII | 190-220   | Mod behavior excitement  | 100 | 27<br>16       | 50<br>10 | Inactive | 66 | 100 |    |          |          | Inactive |    |          |    |
| XXIX   | 270-320   | Mod behavior excitement  | 50  | 19<br>Inactive | 50<br>10 | Inactive | 55 | 50  |    |          |          | Inactive |    |          |    |
| XXX    | 130-160   | Mod spontaneous motility decrease, mod muscle hypotonia, moderate ipsilateral flexor reflex decrease | 25  | 30<br>28       | 50<br>10 | 16       | 38 | 25  | 15 | 42       |          | 47       | 52 | 79       | 75 |
| XXXI   | 60-75     | Marked behavior excitement, mod motor incoordination   | 50  | 49<br>31       | 50<br>10 | 16       | 46 | 25  | 39 | Inactive | 2.86     | 57       | 73 | 84       | 67 |
| XXXII  | 65-80     | Mod CNS depression, mod muscle hypotonia   | 50  | Inactive       | 50       | Inactive | 66 | 50  | 42 | Inactive | 1.70     | 79       | 96 | 42       | 62 |
| XXXIII | 60-80     | Irritability increase, mod pinna reflex increase, mod muscle hypotonia                               | 50  | Inactive       | 50       | 25       | 61 | 50  | 42 | Inactive | 1.71     | 40       | 89 | 68       | 38 |

TABLE II (Continued)

| Compound | Approx. L.D. <sub>50</sub> (mouse), mg/kg ip | Behavior results<br>Effects on mouse  | Hypoglycemic activity (rat) |              |                       |                           | Anti-inflammatory activity (rat) |  | Analgesic activity (mouse)              |                                     | Surface local anesthetic activity (guinea pig), % <sup>b</sup> | Anti-tussive activity (guinea pig) Inhib of coughing, % <sup>c</sup> | Antispasmodic activity <i>in vitro</i> <sup>d</sup> |                                     |  |  |
|----------|--|---|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|
|          |  |   | Blood sugar decrease %      | ug/kg orally | Edema, % <sup>a</sup> | Inhibition of reaction, % | ug/kg ip                         | Diuretic activity (rat), vol. T/C <sup>d</sup> | Acetylcholine 1 × 10 <sup>-7</sup> g/ml | Histamine 1 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> g/ml |  |  | Nicotine 2 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> g/ml                  | Serotonin 1 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> g/ml |  |  |
| XXXIV    | 95-110                                       | Marked CNS depression, motor incoordination, mod muscle hypotonia                 | Inactive                    | 50           | Inactive              | 73                        | 50                               | 38   | 30                                      | Inactive                            | 70   | 43   | 49  | 49                                  |  |  |
| XXXV     | 280-310                                      | Mod spontaneous motility decrease, moderate motor incoordination                  | Inactive                    | 50           | 31                    | 52                        | 50                               | 28   | Inactive                                | 82                                  | 83   | 64   | 55  |                                     |  |  |
| XXXVI    | 285-320                                      | Mod behavior excitement, muscle hypotonia, mod pinna reflex increase              | Inactive                    | 50           | Inactive              | 31                        | 50                               | 32   | 47                                      | 46                                  | 83   | 58   | 49  |                                     |  |  |
| XXXVII   | 145-165                                      | Marked CNS depression, marked motor incoordination, mod muscle hypotonia          | 25<br>15                    | 50<br>10     | 13                    | 82                        | 100                              | 35   | Inactive                                | Inactive                            | 22   | 24   | Inactive  | 41                                  |  |  |
| XXXVIII  | 70-85  | Mod CNS depression, motor incoordination, marked pinna reflex decrease            | 17<br>13                    | 50<br>10     | 42                    | 57                        | 50                               | 28   | 38                                      | 82                                  | 89   | 38   | 50  |                                     |  |  |
| XXXIX    | 185-210                                      | Mod behavior excitement, mod motor incoordination                                 | 29<br>20                    | 50<br>10     | 28                    | 20                        | 50                               | 20   | Inactive                                | 26                                  | 37   | 74   | 67  |                                     |  |  |
| XL       | 140-160                                      | Mod behavior excitement   | 26<br>15                    | 50<br>10     | 21                    | 19                        | 50                               | 22   | Inactive                                | Inactive                            | 32   | 35   | 56  |                                     |  |  |
| XLI      | 275-310                                      | Mod spontaneous motility decrease   | 35<br>31                    | 50<br>10     | Inactive              | 37                        | 50                               | 15   | Inactive                                | 2.43                                | 41   | 34   | 25  | 33                                  |  |  |
| XLII     | 135-160                                      | Mod behavior excitement   | 30<br>20                    | 50<br>10     | 48                    | 31                        | 50                               | 29   | 14                                      | 3.56                                | 46   | 45   | 37  | 48                                  |  |  |
| XLIII    | 120-140                                      | Mod behavior excitement, motor incoordination, mod muscle hypotonia               | 28<br>19                    | 50<br>10     | 21                    | 25                        | 50                               | 17   | Inactive                                | 18                                  | 75   | 14   | Inactive  |                                     |  |  |
| XLIV     | 70-85  | Mod CNS depression, marked motor incoordination, mod muscle hypotonia             | 24<br>Inactive              | 50<br>10     | Inactive              | 77                        | 50                               | 35   | 35                                      | Inactive                            | 32   | 26   | Inactive  | 80                                  |  |  |
| XLV      | 130-150                                      | Mod behavior excitement   | 33<br>27                    | 50<br>10     | 34                    | 49                        | 50                               | 19   | Inactive                                | 1.43                                | Inactive   | 94   | 78  | 81                                  |  |  |
| XLVI     | 195-210                                      | Mod spontaneous motility decrease, mod motor incoordination, mod muscle hypotonia | 31<br>Inactive              | 50<br>10     | 28                    | 39                        | 50                               | 61   | Inactive                                | 1.31                                | 24   | 24   | 50  | 30                                  |  |  |

| Compound            | 75-85  | 140-160 | 90-105 | 50 | 31 | 50 | 25 | 43 | 50  | 55 | 13       | 45 | 35 | 35  | Inactive |
|---------------------|--|---------|--------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|----------|----|----|-----|----------|
| XLVII               | Mod motor incoordination, mod pinna reflex decrease        |         |        |    | 23 | 10 |    |    |     |    |          |    |    |     |          |
| XLVIII              | Mod spontaneous motor incoordination, mod muscle hypotonia |         |        | 50 | 38 | 50 | 19 | 20 | 50  | 71 | Inactive | 93 | 88 | 100 |          |
| II.                 | Mod spontaneous motor incoordination, mod muscle hypotonia |         | 25     | 50 | 27 | 50 | 45 | 30 | 25  | 85 | Inactive | 87 | 97 | 100 |          |
| Chlorpropamide      |  |         |        |    | 37 | 50 |    |    |     |    |          |    |    |     |          |
| Phenylbutazone      |  |         |        |    | 32 | 10 |    |    |     |    |          |    |    |     |          |
| Morphine-HCl        |  |         |        |    |    |    | 37 | 61 | 100 |    |          |    |    |     |          |
| Cocaine-HCl         |  |         |        |    |    |    |    | 67 | 5   |    |          |    |    |     |          |
| Oxolamine           |  |         |        |    |    |    |    |    |     | 50 |          |    |    |     |          |
| Hydrochlorothiazide |  |         |        |    |    |    |    |    |     |    |          |    |    |     |          |

<sup>a</sup> Tested orally at 100 mg/kg. <sup>b</sup> The compounds were tested at a concentration of 1 mg/ml. The ED<sub>50</sub> value for the standard is 0.7 mg/ml. <sup>c</sup> Tested intraperitoneally at 5 mg/kg. <sup>d</sup> Tested orally at 50 mg/kg; the standard was tested at 6.25 mg/kg. <sup>e</sup> The compounds were tested at a concentration of 1 μg/ml. The ED<sub>50</sub> values for the standards are atropine sulfate (antiacetylcholinic), 0.0035 μg/ml; diphenhydramine hydrochloride (antihistaminic), 0.0074 μg/ml; hexamethonium bitartrate (anticochlinic), 0.88 μg/ml; and chlorpromazine hydrochloride (antiserotoninic), 0.035 μg/ml.

solution was allowed to stand for 3 hr. Anhydrous ether was added and the solid precipitate was collected by filtration and triturated with ether, giving 90-95% yields of fairly pure product.

**Esters (XXX-XXXVIII).**—The method adopted involved the reaction of acid chlorides with sodium alkoxides.

**Method G. Isopropyl α-Isopropyl-α-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-1-naphthylacetate (XXXIII).**—Sodium (4.6 g, 0.2 g-atom) was dissolved in isopropyl alcohol (300 ml) with heating to 50°, and α-isopropyl-α-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-1-naphthylacetyl chloride hydrochloride (36.8 g, 0.1 mole) was then added to the cooled solution. The mixture was stirred for 3 hr, the solvent was distilled under reduced pressure, and ether was added to the residue and filtered. After removal of the solvent, the product distilled as a colorless oil, bp 177-179° (0.4 mm).

**Method H. Phenyl α-isopropyl-α-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-1-naphthylacetate (XXXVI)** was prepared from the acid chloride and phenol as described in method G, but ethanol was added as the solvent. After crystallization from ligroin (bp 75-120°), it melted at 111-112°.

**Secondary amides (XXXIX-XLIV)** were prepared by reaction of the acid chlorides with excess amines, in benzene solution.

**Method I. N-Propyl-α,α-di(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-1-naphthylacetamide (XLIV).**—α,α-Di(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-1-naphthylacetyl chloride hydrochloride (44.8 g, 0.1 mole) was added in portions to a solution of propylamine (29.5 g, 0.5 mole) in anhydrous benzene (400 ml), cooling moderately. The mixture was stirred for 3 hr and then allowed to stand overnight, afterwards filtering, and distilling the benzene under reduced pressure. Ether was added to the residue, the solution was filtered, and the solvent was removed. Distillation of the residue at 200-202° (0.5 mm) gave a colorless oil.

**Method J. N-Allyl-α-isopropyl-α-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-1-naphthylacetamide (XLIII).**—Reaction of the acid chloride with allylamine, as described in method I, gave a mixture which was allowed to stand for 3 hr at room temperature and then refluxed for 2 hr. The crude product isolated was then refluxed with 15% NaOH for 1 hr to destroy any unreacted chloride, the oil in suspension was extracted with ether, and the solution was washed with water and dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>). After removal of the solvent the residue was distilled at 185-187° (0.4 mm) to give an oily product.

**Miscellaneous Derivatives. N,N-Dipropyl-α-isopropyl-1-naphthylacetamide.**—α-Isopropyl-1-naphthylacetyl chloride<sup>4</sup> (49.3 g, 0.2 mole) was added dropwise to a solution of dipropylamine (48.6 g, 0.48 mole) in anhydrous benzene (300 ml), with stirring. The mixture was refluxed for 2 hr, allowed to stand overnight, and then filtered. The solution was then washed with water and dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and the benzene was removed under reduced pressure. Distillation of the residue at 154-156° (0.1 mm) gave a colorless oil (54.1 g, 87% yield).

*Anal.* Calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NO: C, 80.98; H, 9.39; N, 4.50. Found: C, 80.64; H, 9.35; N, 4.58.

**Method K. N,N-Dipropyl-α-isopropyl-α-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-1-naphthylacetamide (XLV).**—N,N-Dipropyl-α-isopropyl-1-naphthylacetamide was alkylated with 3-(N,N-dimethylamino)-1-chloropropane in the presence of sodamide, as described in method B. Anhydrous toluene was used as the solvent, as in the preparation of the analogous tertiary amides.<sup>2c</sup> The crude product was fractionated, bp 167-169° (0.3 mm), giving a very viscous oil.

**Method L. N-[α-Isopropyl-α-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-1-naphthylacetyl]-N'-propylurea (XLVI).**—A solution of XV (31.2 g, 0.1 mole) and propyl isocyanate (21.3 g, 0.25 mole) in toluene (500 ml) was refluxed for 48 hr, cooled, and extracted with dilute HCl. The solution was made alkaline with 5% Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, the oil was separated and extracted with ether, and the ethereal solution was washed with water and dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>). Removal of the solvent under reduced pressure gave a viscous oil which, on attempts at distillation, showed some decomposition.

**Method M. 1-Dimethylamino-4-ethyl-4-(1-naphthyl)-5-iminoheptane (XLVII).**—This method follows the general procedure previously described.<sup>2d</sup> A solution of II (28 g, 0.1 mole) in anhydrous toluene (100 ml) was added to Grignard reagent prepared from magnesium (4.86 g, 0.2 g-atom) and ethyl iodide (31.2 g, 0.2 mole) in anhydrous ether (100 ml). The ether was

(4) G. Pala, T. Bruzzese, and A. Mantegani, *Farmaco (Pavia), Ed. Sci.*, **19**, 235 (1964).

distilled and the residue was maintained at 95° for 16 hr. The mixture was then cooled and 10% HCl was cautiously added (400 ml). The acid layer was separated and made alkaline with 30% NaOH, the oily product was extracted with ether, and the resulting ethereal solution was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>). The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was distilled at 173–175° (0.3 mm), giving a colorless oil.

**Method N. 1-Dimethylamino-4-isopropyl-4-(1-naphthyl)-5-iminoctane (XLVIII).**—A solution of III (29.4 g, 0.1 mole) in anhydrous toluene (100 ml) was added to Grignard reagent prepared by magnesium (9.7 g, 0.4 g-atom) and propyl bromide (49.2 g, 0.4 mole) in anhydrous ether (200 ml). The ether was distilled and the residue was maintained at 95° for 120 hr. The mixture was then cooled and treated as described in method M. The product obtained was a colorless oil, bp 169–171° (0.3 mm).

**Method O. 1-Dimethylamino-4-ethyl-4-(1-naphthyl)-5-heptanone (IL).**—XLVII (31 g, 0.1 mole) was refluxed for 288 hr with concentrated HCl (500 ml), and the cooled mixture was diluted with water, washed with ether, and made alkaline with 30% NaOH. The oil was separated and extracted with ether, the solution was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and the ether was distilled yielding an oily product, bp 160–162° (0.5 mm).

**Pharmacology.**—The acute toxicity, behavioral effects, and hypoglycemic, analgesic, local anesthetic, antitussive, diuretic, antispasmodic, antipyretic, and choleric activities were investigated by the techniques previously described.<sup>1,2a,b</sup> The antiinflammatory activity was tested orally in rats, using the carrageenin-induced edema technique.<sup>3</sup> The action on the arterial pressure was studied in rats under urethan anesthesia (1 g/kg ip), recording the pressure at the carotid by means of a physiological pressure transducer connected to a Sanborn polygraph. The antibacterial, antifungal, and trichomonocidal activities were studied *in vitro*, as described by Coppi, *et al.*<sup>6</sup> the antiamebal action was examined *in vitro*, according to de Carneri.<sup>7</sup> Chlorpropamide, phenylbutazone, morphine, cocaine, oxolamine, hydrochlorothiazide, and atropine, diphenhydramine, hexamethonium, and chlorpromazine were used as standards for comparison, respectively, of the hypoglycemic, antiinflammatory, analgesic, local anesthetic, antitussive, diuretic, and antispasmodic activities.

## Results and Discussion

Table II gives the most interesting results of the pharmacological screening. As expected, the majority of the compounds examined displayed a marked hypoglycemic action on oral administration. Considered as a whole, the acids showed the greatest activity, whereas the amides, substituted or not, esters, and nitriles showed a decreasing order of activity. Nothing definite can as yet be stated about the ureides, ketimines, and ketones, because of the scarcity of available data. Moreover, when considering the toxicity, even if merely approximately, the series of acids is seen to be by far the most promising. Another point of interest was the increased potency imparted to the compounds by substitution of the  $\alpha$ -methylene group with an isopropyl or aminopropyl radical, compared with the other substituents tested. The hypoglycemic action was particularly evident in the case of XXIII ( $\alpha$ -isopropyl- $\alpha$ -3-dimethylaminopropyl-) and XXIV ( $\alpha,\alpha$ -di-3-dimethylaminopropyl-1-naphthylacetic acid), the potency of which, at a dose of either 50 or 10 mg/kg

was of the same order as that of the reference standard, chlorpropamide.

As for the other activities investigated, many of the compounds showed CNS depression which appeared as a slight motor incoordination, decrease of the spontaneous motility, body muscle tonus, and of the pinna and ipsilateral flexor reflexes. A number of the substances were found to exert antiinflammatory activity against carrageenin-induced edema, this effect being particularly marked for V ( $\alpha$ -3-diethylaminopropyl-1-naphthylacetamide), XVII ( $\alpha$ -isopropyl- $\alpha$ -3-diethylaminopropyl-1-naphthylacetamide), XXXVIII (ethyl  $\alpha$ -isopropyl- $\alpha$ -3-diethylaminopropyl-1-naphthylacetate), XLII (N-cyclohexyl- $\alpha$ -isopropyl- $\alpha$ -3-dimethylaminopropyl-1-naphthylacetamide), and IL (1-dimethylamino-4-ethyl-4-naphthyl-5-heptanone). As for the hot plate analgesic method, the activity found was modest in every case when compared with that of morphine, but was more interesting, especially for IX ( $\alpha$ -isopropyl- $\alpha$ -3-pyrrolidinylpropyl-1-naphthylacetamide), when phenylbutazone was taken as the reference standard. Many of the compounds showed a marked local anesthetic action which was most interesting in the case of XIX ( $\alpha$ -isopropyl- $\alpha$ -3-pyrrolidinylpropyl-1-naphthylacetamide), XLVIII (1-dimethylamino-4-isopropyl-4-naphthyl-5-iminoctane), and IL. Among the substances tested for antitussive activity, XVIII ( $\alpha,\alpha$ -di-3-diethylaminopropyl-1-naphthylacetamide), XXX (methyl  $\alpha$ -isopropyl- $\alpha$ -3-dimethylaminopropyl-1-naphthylacetate), XXXVI (phenyl  $\alpha$ -isopropyl- $\alpha$ -3-dimethylaminopropyl-1-naphthylacetate), and XXXVIII were found to inhibit significantly the experimental cough. A number of the compounds showed some diuretic activity, which was more pronounced for XIV ( $\alpha$ -ethyl- $\alpha$ -3-dimethylaminopropyl-1-naphthylacetamide), XXXI (ethyl  $\alpha$ -isopropyl- $\alpha$ -3-dimethylaminopropyl-1-naphthylacetate), and XLII. As for the antispasmodic activity *in vitro*, only compounds VI ( $\alpha$ -isopropyl- $\alpha$ -3-diethylaminopropyl-1-naphthylacetamide), IX, XV ( $\alpha$ -isopropyl- $\alpha$ -3-dimethylaminopropyl-1-naphthylacetamide), XLVIII, and IL were found to be of some interest. Nothing of particular interest was found in investigating the antipyretic, choleric, and hypotensive actions, as well as the *in vitro* antibacterial, antifungal, trichomonocidal, and antiamebal effects.

Due to the promising results shown in the preliminary hypoglycemic testing of XXIII and XXIV, these two compounds are now undergoing a more detailed pharmacological and toxicological study and this will be reported in the near future. An investigation of other substances chemically related to the title compounds is also in progress, in order to shed more light on the structure-hypoglycemic activity relationships.

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