

# New Compounds

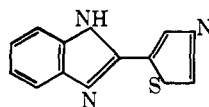
## Possible Anthelmintic Thiazol-5-ylbenzimidazoles. III<sup>1</sup>

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Received February 23, 1968

In view of the potent anthelmintic activity<sup>3</sup> shown by a large series of benzimidazole compounds, a few new thiazol-5-ylbenzimidazoles were synthesized.



### Experimental Section

**2-Chloro-4-methyl-5-carbethoxythiazole.**<sup>4</sup>—2-Amino-4-methyl-5-carbethoxythiazole (5 g) in a cooled solution of 80% H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (25 ml) was treated with concentrated HNO<sub>3</sub> (14 ml), cooled to -5°, diazotized with a solution of NaNO<sub>2</sub> (4 g) with stirring over 1 hr, and added to a solution of CuSO<sub>4</sub> (9 g) and NaCl (9 g) in water (40 ml); N<sub>2</sub> evolution ceased in 10 min. After standing an additional 1 hr, the mixture on neutralization and steam distillation afforded a cream-colored product which was recrystallized from absolute alcohol; yield 40%, mp 191–192° dec.<sup>5a</sup> *Anal.*<sup>5b</sup> (C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>8</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>SCl) N, Cl; S: calcd, 15.57; found, 15.82.

**2-Bromo-4-methyl-5-carbethoxythiazole.**—The above procedure using NaBr instead of NaCl afforded the compound recrystallized from ethyl acetate; yield 45%, mp 210–211° dec. *Anal.* (C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>8</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>SBr) N, S; Br: calcd, 32.00; found, 31.

**2-Propylamino-4-methyl-5-carbethoxythiazole.**—2-Amino-4-methyl-5-carbethoxythiazole (5 g), propyl alcohol<sup>6</sup> (25 ml) and 80% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (20 ml) was heated at 70° for 5 hr. The solution on pouring onto ice and neutralizing with NH<sub>4</sub>OH gave a colorless product which was recrystallized from dioxane, yield 45%, mp 176–177° dec. *Anal.* (C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S) S; N: calcd, 12.28; found, 12.38.

**2-Isopropylamino-4-methyl-5-carbethoxythiazole.**—The above procedure using isopropyl alcohol gave a product which was recrystallized from a mixture of ethanol and ethyl acetate, yield 45%, mp 195–196° dec. *Anal.* (C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S) N; S: calcd, 14.03; found 14.90

**2-(2-Chloro-4-methylthiazol-5-yl)benzimidazole.**—A mixture of 2-chloro-4-methyl-5-carbethoxythiazole (0.01 mole) and *o*-phenylenediamine (0.01 mole) in polyphosphoric acid (40 ml) was heated for 6 hr at 250°, cooled to 90°, poured onto crushed ice, neutralized with NH<sub>4</sub>OH, and filtered, and the filtrate was evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure. The residue on extraction with ethanol (50 ml) and concentration under reduced pressure gave a product which was recrystallized from dioxane, yield 42%, mp 176–177° dec. *Anal.* (C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>8</sub>N<sub>3</sub>SCl) N, Cl, S.

**2-(2-Bromo-4-methylthiazol-5-yl)benzimidazole.**—The above procedure gave a product which was recrystallized from acetone; yield 40%, mp 190–191° dec. *Anal.* (C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>8</sub>N<sub>3</sub>SBr) N; S: calcd, 10.88; found, 10.98.

**2-(2-Propylamino-4-methylthiazol-5-yl)benzimidazole** was recrystallized from dioxane, yield 42%, mp 182–184° dec. *Anal.* (C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>4</sub>S) N, S.

**2-(2-Isopropylamino-4-methylthiazol-5-yl)benzimidazole** was

recrystallized from ethyl acetate, yield 45%, mp 176–177° dec. *Anal.* (C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>4</sub>S) N, S.

**Acknowledgment.**—The author expresses his gratitude to the Head, Chemistry Department, Meerut College, Meerut, for providing necessary facilities.

## Synthesis of Some New 6-Chloro-S-substituted 2-Mercapto-3-aryl- (or -alkyl)-4(3H)-quinazolones as Antimalarials

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Received November 12, 1968

The antimalarial activity of febrifugine, an alkaloid having the 3-substituted 4(3H)-quinazolinone structure, created interest in the preparation and testing of a number of quinazolines.<sup>1</sup> Compounds having the side chain CH<sub>2</sub>COCH<sub>2</sub>R (where R = *ω*-N-piperidyl-*n*-butyl or *ω*-N-morpholinylpropyl) at position 3 of the 4(3H)-quinazolinone nucleus were shown to have significant antimalarial activity.<sup>2</sup> Gujral, *et al.*, observed the hypnotic activity of 2-alkyl-3-aryl-4(3H)-quinazolones in rats.<sup>3</sup> A potent anticonvulsant property of 2-methyl-3-*p*-bromophenyl-4-quinazolone hydrochloride has been reported against pentylenetetrazole-induced convulsions in mice.<sup>4</sup> These activities led to the synthesis of 2-S-substituted thio-3-aryl- (or -alkyl)-4(3H)-quinazolones<sup>5,6</sup> as possible antimalarials and ataractic agents.<sup>7</sup> In the present work, the synthesis of 6-chloro-2-mercapto-3-aryl- (or -alkyl)-4(3H)-quinazolones and their S-substituted derivatives from 5-chloroanthranilic acid,<sup>8</sup> aryl (or alkyl) isothiocyanates, and alkyl halides has been studied.

### Experimental Section

**6-Chloro-2-mercapto-3-benzyl-4(3H)-quinazolone.**—Equimolar quantities of 5-chloroanthranilic acid (19 g) and benzyl isothiocyanate (13.5 ml) in the presence of absolute EtOH (100 ml) were refluxed on a water bath for 4–5 hr. The product was cooled and dissolved (10% NaOH), filtered, and reprecipitated by dilute HCl. The precipitate was filtered, washed (H<sub>2</sub>O), and crystallized (AcOH). Similarly, other 6-chloro-2-mercapto-3-aryl- (or -alkyl)-4(3H)-quinazolones were prepared from the corresponding isothiocyanates and 5-chloroanthranilic acid (Table II).

**6-Chloro-2-methylthio-3-benzyl-4(3H)-quinazolone.**—MeI (3 ml) was added to a solution of 6-chloro-2-mercapto-3-benzyl-4(3H)-quinazolone (7.6 g) prepared in 10% alcoholic NaOH. The resulting mixture was stirred for 1 hr at room temperature and the separated crystalline product was washed (H<sub>2</sub>O, EtOH) and

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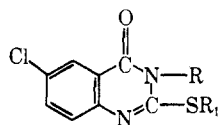
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(5) (a) All melting points are uncorrected. (b) Where analyses are given by symbols of the elements, analytical results were within ±0.4% of theory.

(6) During propylation in the presence of H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> the ester group remains unchanged as confirmed by infrared spectrum (5.85-μ peak).

TABLE I

6-CHLORO-S-SUBSTITUTED 2-MERCAPTO-3-ARYL- (OR -ALKYL-) 4(3H)-QUINAZOLONES

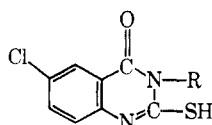


R	% yield	Mp, °C <sup>a</sup>	Formula <sup>b</sup>	R	% yield	Mp, °C <sup>a</sup>	Formula <sup>b</sup>
R <sub>1</sub> = Me				R <sub>1</sub> = C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (Continued)			
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	40	186	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>11</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	Et	49	122	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>15</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>o</i> -MeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	55	210	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>13</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	Me	85	123	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>13</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>m</i> -MeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	65	147	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>13</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	<i>n</i> -Bu	85	100	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>19</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>p</i> -MeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	60	248	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>13</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	80	113	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>m</i> -ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	65	160	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>10</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> OS	R <sub>1</sub> = <i>n</i> -Pr			
<i>p</i> -ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	55	241	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>10</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> OS	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	45	149	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>15</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>p</i> -EtOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	63	211	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>15</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	<i>o</i> -MeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	37	251	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>o</i> -MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	54	160	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>13</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	<i>m</i> -MeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	40	125	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>p</i> -MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	80	189	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>13</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	<i>p</i> -MeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	50	131	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
Et	66	124	C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>11</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	<i>m</i> -ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	40	155	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>14</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> OS
Me	75	158	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>9</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	<i>p</i> -ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	45	176	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>14</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> OS
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	76	97	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>13</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	<i>p</i> -EtOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	55	134	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>19</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S
R <sub>1</sub> = Et				<i>o</i> -MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	38	187	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	65	238	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>13</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	<i>p</i> -MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	70	158	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S
<i>o</i> -MeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	60	250	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>15</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	Et	45	197	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>15</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>m</i> -MeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	58	223	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>15</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	Me	50	224	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>15</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>p</i> -EtOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	55	146	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	<i>n</i> -Bu	46	71	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>13</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>p</i> -ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	70	182	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>12</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> OS	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	42	237	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>o</i> -MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	70	154	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>15</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	R <sub>1</sub> = <i>n</i> -Bu			
<i>p</i> -MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	68	172	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>15</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	47	233	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
Me	65	95	C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>11</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	<i>o</i> -MeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	50	258	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>19</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>n</i> -Bu	55	74	C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	<i>m</i> -MeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	48	221	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>19</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
R <sub>1</sub> = C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>				<i>p</i> -MeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	45	117	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>19</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>o</i> -MeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	65	235	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	<i>m</i> -ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	50	239	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>16</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>m</i> -MeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	69	130	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	<i>p</i> -ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	45	278	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>16</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>p</i> -MeC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	80	193	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS	<i>p</i> -EtOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	60	141	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>21</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S
<i>m</i> -ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	70	130	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>14</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> OS	<i>o</i> -MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	70	112	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>19</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S
<i>p</i> -ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	65	181	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>14</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> OS	<i>p</i> -MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	49	155	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>19</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S
<i>p</i> -EtOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	75	158	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>19</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	Et	45	121	C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>o</i> -MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	48	135	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	Me	40	122	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>15</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>p</i> -MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	73	160	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>17</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	85	77	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>19</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS

<sup>a</sup> Uncorrected. <sup>b</sup> Crystallization solvent: EtOH. All compounds were analyzed for N, S. The analytical results were within  $\pm 0.3\%$  of the calculated values.

TABLE II

6-CHLORO-2-MERCAPTO-3-ARYL- (OR -ALKYL-) 4(3H)-QUINAZOLONES



R	% yield	Mp, °C <sup>a</sup>	Formula <sup>b</sup>
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	75	265	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>11</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>p</i> -EtOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	80	328	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>13</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S
Me	70	214	C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>7</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
Et	60	217	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>9</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS
<i>n</i> -Bu	65	220	C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>13</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> OS

<sup>a</sup> Uncorrected. <sup>b</sup> Crystallization solvent: AcOH. All compounds were analyzed for N, S. The analytical results were within  $\pm 0.4\%$  of the calculated values.

crystallized (95% EtOH). Similarly, various 6-chloro-S-substituted 2-mercapto-3-aryl- (or -alkyl-) 4(3H)-quinazolones were prepared (Table I).

**Hydrolysis of 6-Chloro-2-methylthio-3-*m*-tolyl-4(3H)-quinazolone.**—A mixture of 6 *N* HCl (30 ml), 6-chloro-2-methylthio-3-*m*-tolyl-4(3H)-quinazolone (2.40 g), and EtOH (30 ml) was refluxed on a water bath for 6 hr. A trap containing 0.8 g of NaOH was connected to the top of the reflux condenser during this period. The resulting product was cooled, filtered, washed (H<sub>2</sub>O), and finally crystallized (EtOH), mp 298°, yield 70%. *Anal.* (C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>11</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>)N.

The content of the NaOH trap on treatment with Pb(OAc)<sub>2</sub> and HgCl<sub>2</sub> solution separately gave a yellow precipitate, confirming the presence of MeSH.

**Acknowledgment.**—The authors thank the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, New Delhi, for the award of a Junior Research Fellowship to one of them (V. N. C.).