

Preliminary communication

Polysilane derivatives of the transition metals

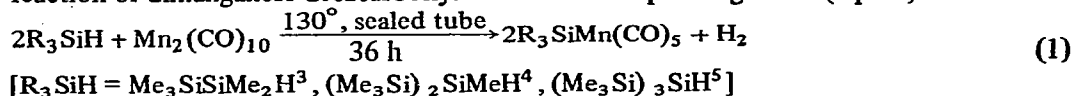
I. Synthesis of $(\text{Me}_3\text{Si})_3\text{SiMn}(\text{CO})_5$ and related compounds

B.K. NICHOLSON and J. SIMPSON

Department of Chemistry, University of Otago, P.O. Box 56, Dunedin (New Zealand)

(Received August 27th, 1971)

Although the preparations of some straight-chain polysilane derivatives of iron¹ and a similar compound of cobalt² have been reported, attempts to synthesise polysilane derivatives of other transition metals have been unsuccessful. Thus King *et al.*¹ were unable to isolate compounds containing silicon-transition metal bonds from salt elimination reactions of chloropentamethyldisilane with the anions $[\text{M}(\text{CO})_5]^-$ ($\text{M} = \text{Mn}, \text{Re}$) and $[\text{M}(\text{CO})_3\text{C}_5\text{H}_5]^-$ ($\text{M} = \text{Mo}, \text{W}$). We wish to report the preparation of a series of polysilane derivatives of manganese $(\text{Me}_3\text{Si})_n\text{SiMe}_{3-n}\text{Mn}(\text{CO})_5$ ($n = 1-3$) by the reaction of dimanganese decacarbonyl with the corresponding silane (eqn. 1)



The products were isolated by preparative scale thin layer chromatography (elution with hexane from silica-gel plates) and siloxane impurities were removed by extraction with concentrated sulphuric acid at 0°. Vacuum sublimation gave the products, in ~ 20% yield, as white waxy crystals. The compounds were stable for long periods in an inert atmosphere but underwent slow hydrolysis on exposure to air.

TABLE 1

Compound	$\nu(\text{CO})^a$ (cm^{-1})	Chemical shifts τ^b (ppm)
$\text{Me}_3\text{SiMn}(\text{CO})_5$	2094 s 1993 vs	9.51 ^c
$\text{Me}_3\text{SiSiMe}_2\text{Mn}(\text{CO})_5$	2092 m 1999 w (sh) 1993 vs	9.83 (Me_3Si) 9.54 (Me_2Si)
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ \\ (\text{Me}_3\text{Si})_2\text{SiMn}(\text{CO})_5 \end{array}$	2091 m 1998 vw (sh) 1995 vs	9.78 (Me_3Si) 9.57 (MeSi)
$(\text{Me}_3\text{Si})_3\text{SiMn}(\text{CO})_5$	2091 m 1998 vs	9.75

^a Hexane solution. ^b 90% CS_2 /10% C_6H_6 solution; TMS as internal standard. ^c 50% solution in cyclohexane⁶.

Satisfactory analyses have been obtained for the compounds, and Table 1 shows the carbonyl absorption frequencies and proton NMR chemical shift data together with those for the corresponding monosilane derivative $\text{Me}_3\text{SiMn}(\text{CO})_5$ ⁶. Work is now in progress on the preparation of polysilane derivatives of other transition metals, together with investigations of the effect of the presence of silicon atoms β to the transition metal atom on the physical and chemical properties of the silicon-metal bond.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

One of us (B.K.N.) thanks the New Zealand Universities Grants Committee for a Postgraduate Scholarship; financial support from the Research Committee of this organisation is also gratefully acknowledged.

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