

The first seven pages consist of a very useful list of books and reviews dealing with (or including) organotin compounds published since a corresponding list appeared in *Organotin Compounds Part 7* (in 1980). The remainder of the volume consists of the usual outline of the methods of preparation and the properties of each of the known compounds, with much of the information appearing in tables. Uses and physiological effects are mentioned where relevant. The literature is surveyed up to the end of 1979. The quality of the volume is up to the usual very high standard, in both content and presentation.

This is, I believe, page for page the most expensive book I have ever reviewed, but even so it is hard to see how any laboratory engaged in work on organotin compounds can afford to be without it and its companion parts. Those daunted by the cost should consider it in the light of the man-hours, equipment time, and materials which are likely to be wasted if there is not ready access to the concentrated information this set of volumes provides.

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Erratum

Übergangsmetall—Carbin-Komplexe. LXVI; by E.O. Fischer, N.H. Tran-Huy and D. Neugebauer (*J. Organometal. Chem.*, 229 (1982) 169–177).

Page 171, the last line of table 3 should read:

v	—	—	2.15 (M, 1)	1.28 (M, 4)
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Page 177, line 10–14 should read:

Ausbeute: 2.1 g (40% bez. auf I). Das Produkt zersetzt sich bei 52°C ohne zu schmelzen. Gef.: C, 31.97; H, 1.09; O, 29.16; Br, 15.50; Cr, 20.74, ber.: C, 31.93; H, 1.02; O, 29.43; Br, 16.34; Cr, 21.27%. Mol.-Masse 488.94.

(b) 300 mg (1.2 mmol) *trans*-Bromotetracarbonyl(cyclopropylcarbin)—