

Explosion warning

EXPLOSIONS WITH THE $(\text{BH}_2\text{CN})_n$ OLIGOMER

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In a recent paper on the preparation and properties of novel cyano and isocyno derivatives of borane and the tetrahydroborate anion we described the preparation of the $(\text{BH}_2\text{CN})_n$ oligomer [1]. We successfully prepared this material on several occasions without problems by the procedure A2 described in our paper. Recently however when this product, isolated by recrystallization of a syrupy residue, was being scraped off the walls of a Schlenk vessel under N_2 with a metal spatula, it exploded after 10–15 minutes. The explosion fragmented the vessel and was accompanied by a fire.

Subsequent experiments, using a previously isolated specimen of $(\text{BH}_2\text{CN})_n$ showed that the substance is sensitive to mechanical shock. Upon grinding small amounts of the substance in a porcelain mortar it decomposes into a dark-brown product with a barely audible crack. On heating in N_2 it decomposes violently at around 230°C . On heating in an open test tube it undergoes a slow reaction at $100\text{--}120^\circ\text{C}$, presumably with O_2 and/or H_2O , and the surface of the melt becomes covered by a white crust. The amount of the latter increases when the temperature is raised further, but no explosion occurs even up to 250°C . No explosion was observed on heating with concentrated HCl , concentrated H_2SO_4 , $2N$ NaOH , or 33% H_2O_2 but a mixture of $(\text{BH}_2\text{CN})_n$ with NaClO_3 exploded violently when mildly agitated mechanically.

It is evident that it may be dangerous to prepare larger amounts of $(\text{BH}_2\text{CN})_n$ in solid form. For preparative work a solution in Me_2S should be used, as in procedures B and F in our paper [1]. Such a solution can be made by our procedure A2.

Reference

- 1 B. Györy, J. Emri, and I. Fehér, *J. Organomet. Chem.*, 255 (1983) 17.