List of Physico-chemical Symbols adopted by the Chemical Society. [See J.C.S., 1921, 119, 502—512.]

1. Mathematical Symbols.

Base of natural (Napierian) logarithms Diameter	Usual symbol. e d r π Σ	Alternative symbol.
Total differential Partial differential	d ò	
2. Universal Cons	tants.	

Acceleration due to gravity	\boldsymbol{g}
Mechanical equivalent of heat	$oldsymbol{J}$
Avogadro's constant [number of molecules	
in I gram-molecule (mole)]	N
Gas constant per mole	R
Faraday's constant (number of coulombs	
per gram-equivalent of an ion)	F
Charge on an electron	e

3. General Physics and Chemistry.

_		
Length	l	
Height	h	
Mass	m	
Time	t t	
Volume	v, V	
Density (mass per unit volume)	d	B
Pressure	p, P	
Concentration	c, C	
Mole fraction	x x	
Critical constants: pressure, volume, tem.) (po, v.	
perature (centigrade), temperature	$\mid \cdot \mid t_{\bullet} T_{\bullet} \mid$	
(absolute), density	d _c	
Reduced quantities: pressure; volume,) pr. vr	
temperature, density	$\{t_r, T_r, d\}$	
van der Waals's constants	\tilde{a}, \tilde{b}	
Fluidity	φ	
Viscosity	η	
Surface tension	γ	o
Diffusion coefficient	Δ	
Atomic weight	A	
Molecular weight	M	
Velocity coefficient of reaction	k k	
Equilibrium constant	$K_{\bullet}(K_{\bullet},K_{p})$	
van 't Hoff coefficient	· · · · · · ·	
Degree of dissociation (electrolytic, thermal,		
etc.)	a	
•	•	

4. Heat and Thermodynamics.

	Usual symbol.	Alternative symbol.
Temperature (centigrade)	t on	θ
Temperature (absolute)	T_{T}	
Critical temperature	$egin{array}{ccc} t_o, & T_o \ t_r, & T_r \end{array}$	
Critical solution temperature	t_{cs}, T_{cs}	
Quantity of heat	Q S	
Entropy		
Specific heat	c	
Specific heat at constant pressure Specific heat at constant volume	$c_p \ c_s$	
Ratio of specific heats, $c_p:c_r$		
Molecular heat	δ	
Molecular heat at constant pressure	C_{p}	
Molecular heat at constant volume	$egin{pmatrix} C_{m{i}}^{m{r}} \ m{l} \end{pmatrix}$	
Latent heat per gram Latent heat per mole	$oldsymbol{L}$	
Maximum work (diminution of free energy)		
5. Optics.	,	•
Wave-length of light	Ι λ Ι	
Refractive index	n n	n,
Specific refractive power (Gladstone and	e af°	·
Dale)	r_{G} , $[r_{G}]_{\lambda}^{t^{o}}$	
Lorenz)	r_L , $[r_L]_{\lambda}^L$	
NET 1 Court	. n n	
Molecular refractive power	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} R_{\boldsymbol{\theta}}, R_{\boldsymbol{L}} \\ [R_{\boldsymbol{\theta}}]_{\lambda}^{p}, [R_{\boldsymbol{L}}]_{\lambda}^{p} \end{array}\right.$	
Angle of optical rotation	α	
Specific rotatory power	[a]	
Molecular rotatory power	M[a]	
Specific magnetic rotation	$egin{array}{c} [\omega] \ M[\omega] \end{array}$	
	,	l
6. Electricity and M	=	
Quantity of electricity	$\begin{vmatrix} Q \\ I \end{vmatrix}$	
Current intensity	R	SV .
Electromotive force	E	
Electrode potential, or discharge potential		
of an ion	E	€
Electrode potential referred to the normal		
hydrogen or normal calomel electrode respectively, the potential of which is		
taken as zero	E_{h}, E_{a}	€h, €
Normal potential, i.e., the electrode poten-		
tial referred to the normal hydrogen or		
normal calomel electrode respectively, when the solution is molecular-normal		
in respect of all participating sub-	Ì	
stances and ions of variable concentra-		
tion	$_{o}E_{h}$, $_{o}E_{o}$	0 EM 0 E
Dielectric constant	€	
Conductivity (specific conductance) Equivalent conductivity	κ Δ	
Equivalent conductivity at different dilu-	••	
Equivalent conductivity at different dilu- tions—volumes in litres containing	1	
1 gram equivalent	Λ_{10} , Λ_{ν} , Λ_{∞}	I

6. Electricity and Magnetism-(continued).

	Usual symbol.	Alternative symbol.
Equivalent conductivity of cation and		
of anion	Λ_{k}, Λ_{a}	
Equivalent conductivity of specified ions	$\Lambda_{\mathbf{K}}$ · $\Lambda_{\mathbf{Cl}}$	
Molecular conductivity	μ	
Velocity of cation and of anion in cm./ sec.		
when the potential gradient is 1 volt		
per cm	$U_k,\ U_a$	
Transport number of kation and of anion	n_k, n_a	
Magnetic permeability	μ	
Magnetic susceptibility	ĸ	

List of Symbols, Arranged Alphabetically.

Symbol.	Name of quantity.
A	Atomic weight; maximum work.
a	Van der Waals's constant.
b	Van der Waals's constant.
\boldsymbol{c}	Concentration; molecular heat.
c	Concentration; specific heat.
C_p , C_r	Molecular heat at constant pressure, and at constant volume.
c_p, c_*	Specific heat at constant pressure, and at constant volume.
D	Alternative symbol for density.
d.	Diameter; total differential; density.
d _e	Critical density.
d	Reduced density.
$oldsymbol{E}$	Electromotive force; electrode potential.
e 70	Base of Napierian logarithms; charge on an electron.
$E_{k},\ E_{c}$	Electrode potential referred to the normal hydrogen or the
	normal calomel electrode, respectively, the potential
101 E1	of which is taken as zero.
$_0E_{4}$, $_0E_{4}$	Normal potential, that is, the electrode potential referred to
	the normal hydrogen or the normal calomel electrode respectively, when the solution is molecular-normal in
	respect of all participating substances and ions of
	variable concentration.
F	Faraday's constant (number of coulombs per gram-equiv-
-	alent of an ion).
а	Acceleration due to gravity.
g h	Height.
\ddot{I}	Current.
I i	Van 't Hoff's coefficient.
$\hat{m{J}}$	Mechanical equivalent of heat.
K	Equilibrium constant.
K_{\bullet}, K_{\bullet}	Equilibrium constant, when molar concentrations and
	partial pressures respectively are employed.
$m{k}$	Velocity coefficient of reaction.
$oldsymbol{L}$	Latent heat per mole.
l	Length; latent heat per gram.
M	Molecular weight.
$M[\alpha]$	Molecular rotatory power.
$M[\omega]$	Molecular magnetic rotatory power.
m N	Mass.
N	Avogadro's constant (Loschmidt's number) or number of molecules in I gram-molecule.
76	Refractive index.

List of Symbols, Arranged Alphabetically—(continued).

	Supposed Trianges Trianges (Constitution).
Symbol.	Name of quantity.
nk, na	Transport number of cation and of anion.
n,	Refractive index (alternative symbol).
P	Pressure.
p	Pressure.
p_o, p_r	Critical pressure : reduced pressure.
\tilde{Q}	Quantity of heat; quantity of electricity.
R	Gas constant per mole; electrical resistance.
R_{θ}, R_{L}	Molecular refractive power, according to Gladstone and
	Dale, and to Lorentz and Lorenz respectively.
r	Radius.
re, r _L	Specific refractive power according to Gladstone and Dale,
_	and to Lorentz and Lorenz respectively.
8	Entropy.
<u>T</u>	Absolute temperature.
T_{\bullet}	Critical temperature (on the absolute scale).
T_{r}	Reduced temperature (absolute).
T	Critical solution temperature (absolute).
*	Time; temperature (centigrade).
t _c	Critical temperature (centigrade).
S _{co}	Critical solution temperature (centigrade).
$U_{k}^{t_{r}}U_{s}$	Reduced temperature (centigrade).
01, 0.	Velocity of kation and of anion in cm./sec. when the poten-
V	tial gradient is 1 volt per cm. Volume.
ย	Volume.
ve vr	Critical volume : reduced volume.
W	Electrical resistance (alternative symbol).
æ	Mole fraction.
α	Degree of dissociation (electrolytic, thermal, etc.); angle
	of optical rotation.
[a]	Specific rotatory power.
γ	Surface tension; ratio of specific heats.
Δ	Diffusion coefficient.
δ	Variation.
δ	Partial differential.
€	Electrode potential (alternative symbol); dielectric con-
	stant. Electrode potential referred to the normal hydrogen or the
€ A , €	normal calomel electrode respectively, the potential of
	which is taken as zero (alternative symbols).
o [€] A, o [€]	Normal potential, that is, the electrode potential referred to
0-41 0-	the normal hydrogen or the normal calomel electrode
	respectively, when the solution is molecular-normal in
	respect of all participating substances and ions of
	variable concentration (alternative symbols).
η	Viscosity.
в	Temperature (centigrade), (alternative symbol).
κ	Specific conductance (conductivity); magnetic suscepti
	bility.
Λ	Equivalent conductivity.
Λ_{10} , Λ_{θ} , Λ_{∞}	Equivalent conductivity at different dilutions (volumes in
	litres containing 1 gram-equivalent).
$\Lambda_{k_2}\Lambda_{\alpha}$	Equivalent conductivity of cation and of anion.
λ	Wave-length of light. Molecular conductivity; magnetic permeability.
μ	Ratio of circumference to diameter.
π Σ	Summation.
a	Surface tension (alternative symbol).
φ	Fluidity.
{ ω }	Specific magnetic rotation.
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