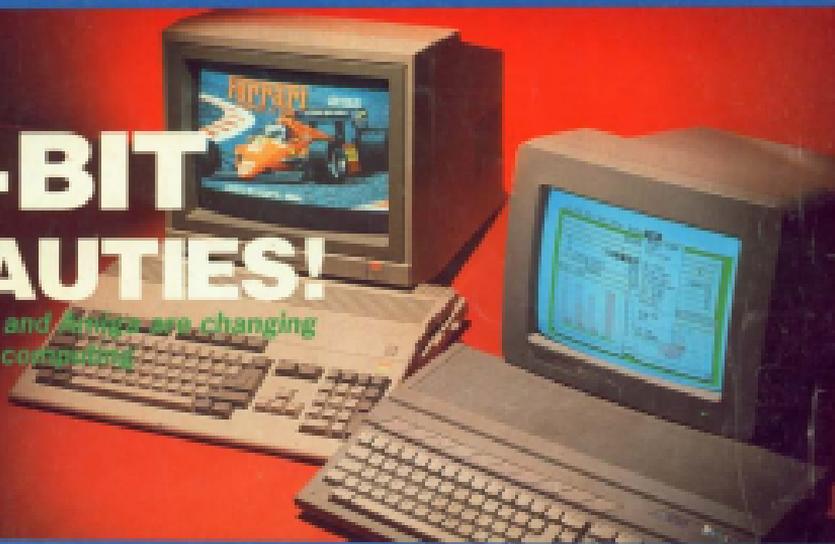


# STAMIGA

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Start and Commodore plans revealed
- **MIDI MARVELS** —  
How STs help out at a major recording studio
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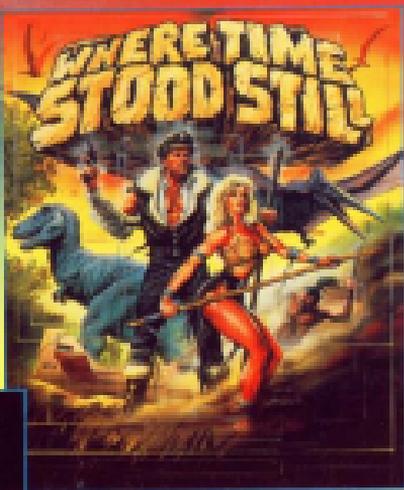
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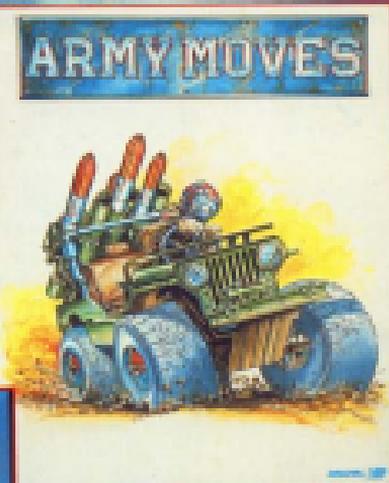


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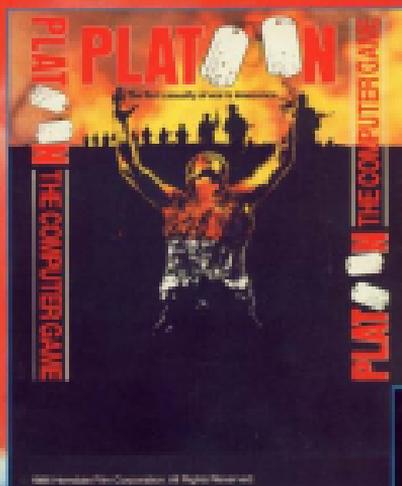


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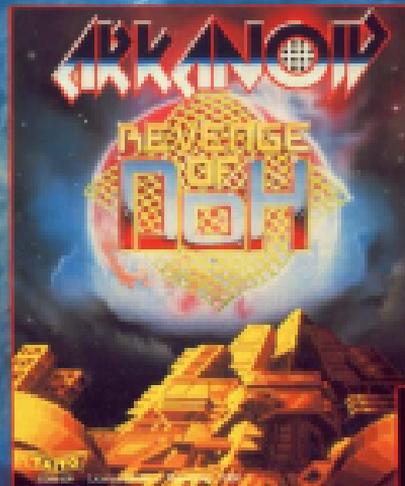
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# BEYOND THE T HEIGHTS'S I CAN

# ALWAYS

the name  
of the game



Games have passed... yet despite opponent confusion in the engine ARKNOID game. [revenue controlling force] "DOB" has come back to life, and occupying the huge space and ZARU has introduced Universal ARKNOID type speed-lighter MATEO runs through long forgotten computer data and it finds the answer to the threat. "VALSD" is launched and speeds towards the threatening alien presence, before it can destroy its revenge. "The Revenge of Dob"



**ST AMIGA  
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1988

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# ST AMIGA FORMAT

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# NOT ANOTHER MAGAZINE!

What's that you say? You already buy a monthly magazine for your ST or Amiga, so why should you buy another? Well, there's no reason really. Not if you're happy reading formula-written reviews of tired old games; not if you're happy ploughing through pages of target techno-jargon; not if you're happy playing though the noise to get hold of useful software.

Still reading that? Good. You're the kind of reader we want. We on ST Amiga Format know that there are a plethora of magazines out there for ST and Amiga, so we've got to work hard to keep your interest. And we're going to. We've got a load of great features lined up for future issues, but the single thing we're most excited about is our cover disk. We've managed to find a way of bringing you great software each month at a price barely above that of the other

magazines. When you think that a blank disk alone costs around £1.50, ST Amiga Format looks like the unbeatable value.

But Confucius, he say, 'Life is a bit of give and take, matey.' (That's a loose translation from the original Mandarin.) We want you to help us, write ST Amiga Format. The first thing we want is letters - tell us what's right and wrong with Format, ask us technical questions, praise us when we're right, or tell us what's wrong. We'll be glad to print you if you let us. We need software for our disk, we want device drivers for squeezing extra lines out of games; we want technical tips on using the ST and the Amiga.

We've also got a host of other things for you to write. We need software for our disk, we want device drivers for squeezing extra lines out of games; we want technical tips on using the ST and the Amiga.

Now stop reading the editorial stuff. Get stuck into issue 1, and happy reading!

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## DTP

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## NEWS

### Games prices to drop?

The inevitable pricing of 16 bit games could be a thing of the past. At the moment, owners of 16-bit machines pay around £13 for a game, but ST and Amiga owners have to stump up twice that for some titles.

However, Prime Leisure's latest product schedule looks set to cut our prices. They plan to release new ST and Amiga titles at £10.99 each.

Between July and November this year Prime will be putting out *Terminator*, *Mega Drive Wars 4*, *2nd Rocket Racer*, *Battlegrounds*, *Artificial Dreams*, *Acad*, *Tap and Push Games* on both machines, and *Adrenaline on the Amiga*.

### Multiface for ST and Amiga

Remarc's *Palms*, based in the backwoods of Cornwall, are about to release an ST version of their successful loading utility. *Palms* works on the Multiface.

Previously available to Amstrad CPCs, *Multiface* is a hardware add-on which can interrupt the central processor at any time and let you respond and alter memory. It can also copy most formats of disk, using its own backup of favourite games.

However, it's not a great device. Once you've copied a disk you need to have the *Multiface* unit plugged in to your ST to allow you to run the copy, so only the original owner can do it.

Price should be around £20 when it's released in September and Remarc's intend to start an Amiga version, but only once the ST model is up and running. ■ Remarc's *Palms*, ST-200 2072.

## Laptop ST looks definite

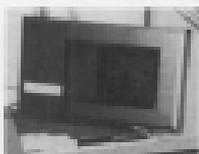
As Weston Churchill might have said, "Never in the field of human endeavour have so many rumours been used to so few machines." Amidst the widespread announcements of 68010 and 68010-based versions of ST and Amiga, it seems that a laptop version of the ST is being planned for Autumn/Winter launch.

Bearing the in-house nickname "Slazy", the machine's specification is as yet still the subject of the usual optimistic rumours. What seems certain is that the bottom of the range model will essentially be a 5000T with a flat LCD screen and single floppy disk. It would be impractical to have a mouse on a portable computer, but in the past other manufacturers have got round this by using a trackball (you've seen them on arcade machines) or mini-joystick.

For the bigger models, an internal hard disk drive is thought to be an option, however, bearing in mind that a hard disk for an ST costs less in three times as much as for an IBM PC, and that laptop PCs with hard disks cost over £2,000 it isn't going to be a cheap option.

Slazy is being developed by Perfection Hardware of Cambridge - the same company who have done the transputer-based *Slazy*. We say they for now, but if they committed, "If Apple want to tell you anything that's up to them, but we certainly won't." Commandably optimistic, but at least it seems to confirm they are doing it.

Price? Well, full-size 500 (25 LDB) screens alone cost a fair bit, so it's going to be expensive. It may go down particularly well with musicians who need portable MIDI capabilities.



■ The clear flat screen LCD on display at this year's Hannover computer show. Could this be Slazy's screen?

## Light years ahead

Emtech Research are at the moment finalising developments on their *Parflec* graphics system, which sounds as though it could be achieving both technical and price goals.

*Parflec* is a custom built board designed to interface with STs and Amigas. It provides high speed graphics processing with a refresh-rising range of 15 million colours. This is based around an unnamed 30-bit processor chip running at a staggering 40 MHz - that's five times the speed of an ST or Amiga.

The plans are to release three different versions of *Parflec*. The top of the range system is called *Parlec*, and features a 1024x1024 pixel display with 16 million colours. The colour palette system allows you 256 different colours per line.

First of the brood though will be a more basic system called *Colour+* - at 1024x512 resolution, the 4096 colour palette allowing 16 different colours per line.

The third option will be called *Text+*, designed for serious business users wanting high quality displays for

desktop publishing and the like. This will have a stand 1024x1024 display, with GTP and word processing software in ROM.

*Parflec* has its own processor and video memory and a graphics programming language to drive it. Since the graphics output quality is above the display capabilities of the standard ST or Amiga monitors you will need a decent multi-line monitor too. A *Parflec* will be available at around £1.6k for interfacing to video editing equipment.

And the price? Excluding VAT, Emtech are aiming to bring out *Colour+* at £495 and *Parlec* at £995. *Text+* is as yet unpriced. *Colour+* should go into production within a month. *Parlec*, a little later.

The first versions of *Parflec* will work with any model of ST - interfacing through its cartridge port - with the Amiga and other versions to follow closely.

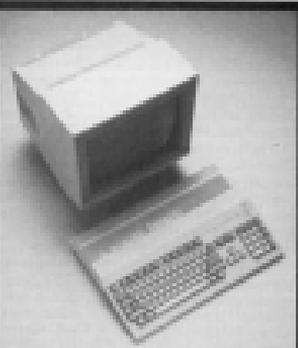
■ Emtech Research, 1 Victoria Arcade, Aldgate, London, SE1 7JL, (0127 28892)

### Amiga price cut

Despite the widespread complaints in the computer manufacturing industry about the price of 64kAs, Commodore has announced to cut the price of the Amiga 500 to match the Atari 1000T.

The price to dealers of the Amiga was officially reduced for the duration of the Commodore show, June 24-26. Buyers who made the trip to the Festival in London could have walked away with a 500 for £189 or less - which isn't much consolation if you weren't there.

As we wait to press it wasn't clear whether the price cut would be held. Commodore have scheduled a press conference for an announcement on the Amiga range. It's likely to shake the computer market to its very foundation. Allowing for being damn fondamentalist, this could either have been a price cut across the Amiga range, or one of the other new Amiga products designed by Steve Goss in his return this month - see page 14.





# STs at the Café Royal

Atari held a trade and press show on May 26th as a platform for their UK desktop/hot-of-press activities. The only new product there was an 80088 PC clone — yeah — but a few old favourite projects which have long been "a few months away" were on show and declared now to be only "a few weeks away".

## CD ROM closer

Atari's CD ROM system seems set for a Summer release, after being announced last year. The CD40504 CD ROM unit is a standard Compact Disc player with interface circuitry for the ST's DMA port (where a hard disk connects). You can put special CDs into it which can store up to 500 megabytes of information — encyclopaedias, movies, documentaries and all standard reference works. All you need is the software to use them.

You can't write your own files to the CD ROM — it isn't like a big hard disk — so punters would seem to be rather dependent on useful CDs being developed. At least you can use the player as an ordinary 16-bit CD as a last resort!

Atari are standing by their original price of £299 inclusive of VAT, and now estimate an August/September date for retail sale.



■ Atari's CD ROM unit

## Abags on display

The Atari transporter based workstation project, provisionally named Abag and described in more detail later in this issue, had a public outing. Tim King and Jack Long, developers of the software and hardware respectively, were showing off their babies with some stunning graphics demos.

50 Abag machines have been loaned to developers to ensure that there is adequate software at launch time. Atari's marketing supports Lee

Player reckoned that any serious commercial shipping was "4 to 6 weeks away", with a target price of £5,000 to £4,000 for base systems.

## Personal robots

It's a rare thing to be able to combine being futuristic with being less, but the company's name does it. Personal Robots Ltd. Call for names would be proud.

Their contribution to the Atari show was a robotic stationer kit for the ST, due for autumn release. This combines a simple drawing package, with which you sketch your industrial robot, and an interface to drive a Lego-built physical version. You can attach commands to screen items, so when you click on them the robot moves.

Richard Bass, their software development manager, reckoned that apart from soft toy novelty value it would be mainly of interest to the educational market, teaching the principles of feedback and robotics. Cost will be £75 or so, without the Lego.

■ Personal Robots Ltd. 2 Reading Road, Weymouth, Dorset PO9 1AB (0481 57001)



■ Richard Bass plays with his robots

## Oscillating ST

If you're a clock-watching not-watcher, and you own an ST, then there's good news from Kroma.

K-Scope and K-Speed are two packages for the ST to allow it to work as an oscilloscope or spectrum analyser respectively, using the ST as the display. They're priced at £149.95 each, although because they use the same interface hardware the two can be bought as a pair at £239.95 VAT inclusive.

For the technically minded, the K-Scope has sensitivity from 2mV to 50V per division, DC to AC to 50MHz, as well as being displayed, the incoming signal can be stored on the ST for later regeneration or histogram as a graph in documents. K-Speed can cope with inputs up to 50MHz, displaying them on-line or logarithmic scale.

■ Kroma, 51 Hovehouse Park, Pangbourne, Berks RG9 5AF (02957 4333)

## QUICKIES

Microcosm (0273 42679) have released version 2.0 of their Amiga Pascal compiler at £99.95 (£99.50 as an upgrade to v1.0 users). Among the new features are flexible length string handling and C71-801-W32 clauses in CASE statements. Rex announced its Microcosm ST LSP system at £89.95.

Amer (0733 33601) now has an office management system. Project Office (254-95) and Project File (254-95) are invoicing and data management systems respectively that integrate with their Project 800 Manager. The popular Amiga disk copying utility, seems to be in trouble. Outlook is that Commodore U.S. feel it encouraged piracy and, bowing to industry pressure, have forced Discovory Inc to cease production. Drop it up while you can. 800Call (800 718181) have been busy with their ST. New out is Degas 37 7 (208-95) which boasts

a really integrated edit-assembly-debug cycle. They are also distributing Mark's Aster C (2126, or 2179 for the developer's kit. Aster (226-95) is a switcher to allow the ST to run several programs in memory at once. M2002-229-95

stands for RAMP Environment Resource Construction Set, and allows programmers to automatically generate the assembler. G. BASIC, Pascal, Fortran or Modula-2 loaders related to set up any IBM window system.

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Get the Amiga, like Commodore's "Amiga Assembly Language Programming" which is a good combination of 68000 assembly tutorial and Amiga-specific material. Contact the publishers John Wiley at Franchise 248.

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# Format in the U.S.A.

In the UK, software technical manuals of the two machines is generally accepted that the ST has sold about three times as many units as the Amiga. However, in the States the picture looks odd: the Amiga is very much the dominant party. ST Amiga Personal missed the gate to sell the Commodore computer store in Atlanta that our writer's last time in the Summer and Autumn the year.

## Head monitor

In the past, the Amiga colour monitor has attracted criticism on two counts. Firstly, it can't display the Amiga's high resolution interface mode screen without featuring flicker, so irritating Amiga users or their customers' most powerful asset. Secondly, for business users the lack of a high-definition mode screen has always been a problem.

Commodore themselves have now rectified this with the official announcement of a long persistence phosphor colour monitor, the 2000, and also the 2024 high resolution monitor. The 2024 is a strange beast, and a bit quite clear how it fits into an Amiga. It will be a 1000 to 800 pixel screen with 2 bit planes, so it isn't really new.

## AmigaDOS 1.3

Most exciting news for Amiga owners is the impending launch of a new version of AmigaDOS, 1.3.

With a new fast file filing system Commodore reckon they have speeded up disk access by a factor of five at times — but only for fast disk users. The improvements won't apply to floppy disk drives until AmigaDOS 1.6 hits the streets.

On the printing front, more and better writer paper sheets claim to speed up graphics printing up to four times. Owners of Epson LX printers and HP desktops are excited for interestingly Commodore seem to be gearing up for a desktop publishing assault, as the new *Fontworks* disk contains versions of Times, Helvetica and Courier fonts designed by Adobe, the leading typeface company. Adobe fonts have been instrumental in the success of the Apple Macintosh as a DTP system.

For number-crunching fans out there, there will be improvements in the speed of the mathematical libraries, and the Amiga will be able to define and use the 66666 matrix co-processor if it is fitted.

For non-fanatics who enjoy the CLI and only use programs from the 'WIMP' Workbench interface,

there is still good news. The contents of the RAM disk will be preserved during a well used log, a Comco-Amiga-Amiga keyboard. There is a screen snapshot utility for saving your display to a graphics file at any time. Finally, for program developers there is a utility to create icons and link them to CLI programs.

CLI users at last get the benefit of a command line history — the ability to edit the last command line you typed if you made a mistake.

The upgrade comes in three parts — Workbench disk, Drive disk and Keyboard ROM chips. Most users only need the disks, but a couple of changes need to be made in the ROMs if, for instance, you want to save back off a hard disk.

And as to availability, Commodore reckon it should be out by the end of the summer, and are looking to set a low price. "We regard it as a service to our users, so we aren't looking to make a killing out of it — just cover our costs," said US marketing man Paul Higginbottom. He reckoned \$15 might be reasonable for the disk version.

Commodore UK, The Switchboard, Clarendon Hill, Maidenhead, Bucks SL2 7DA (0494 733000)

## 3-D Amiga

Remember those 3-D shooter films at the local cinema? They could now be on your Amiga screen with X-Specs 3D hardware.

X-Specs is a headset through which you view your screen. It consists of liquid crystal panels capable of switching from opaque to transparent, exceptionally fast. On a UK TV the screen in fact displays two interlaced images at 26 frames a second each. The first image is all the even-numbered lines on the screen, the second all the odd-numbered lines. 25 frames a second is sufficient that the human eye naturally merges the two into one continuous picture.

X-Specs exploits this: the LCD headset tracks out, up, the screen frames from your left eye and the odd frames from your right eye. The frames your brain is fooled into thinking is getting true stereoscopic signals, and with suitable pictures you see in 3-D.

Frames are selling in X-Specs in the States at \$104.95. No UK deal has been announced yet.

Headset are at 208 Carillon Park, Suite 1207, Carrollton, Texas 75006 054

## Flicker-free screens

Commodore's long persistence phosphor monitor is one solution to the problem of the Amiga's high-resolution graphics flicker, but not the best one. Long-persistence phosphors tend to blur the image.

Mostly they have developed the Flicker Free 15 to fit the job neatly. Flicker Free is a plug-in board to the Amiga which effectively sets up a fast video memory and sends the display frames to the monitor at a higher rate, eliminating flicker.

Results are nice at CGM004 was very impressive, but it's not really a home user's solution. Flicker Free costs £299.75 (or £425 in the UK), and you need a MultiSync monitor like (2000-1) to display the faster refresh rates.

Monobay Europe, 37 High Street, Kingston-on-Thames, Surrey KT1 5LJ, 071 541 5440

## Animated excitement

The Amiga is pretty good at producing colourful 2D pictures, but who wants 2D? Two new animation packages are out to change your screen forever. Morpholution's contribution is Photo Video; its rival from Electronic Arts is Deluxe Video. We hope to have a detailed comparison of the two next month.

Animation packages at a price and advancing steadily in sophistication, but what makes these two different is that they can also process a digitised soundtrack and synchronise it with the visual display. You can then send the results to a home video recorder. It should be a piece of cake to combine together your own home Max Headroom show.

Photo Video in the U.S. costs \$149.95. For the professionals out there, an optional extra is the Transport Controller (\$200.00) which allows you to interface the Amiga into a studio quality frame by frame video editing console. Deluxe Video 1.3 costs £58.95.

Morpholution's UK distributor is Activision, 23 Ford St, Ashpstead, London W9J 3PW (071-621 1117).  
Electronic Arts, 11119 Sunset Road, Longley, Beverly Hills CA 90230 (0752-0440)

## DTP gets serious

That Commodore are about to produce an Amiga-based Desktop Publishing package is all but official news now. The question is *why* today's top 5. "Where software will be chosen to lead it up"

■ X-Specs 3D

■ Deluxe Video 1.3

■ AmigaDOS 1.3 disk

Commodore

■ Flicker Free board



# Raring to go

At COMDEX, the flagship STP package was Galt Dorn's Professional Page, at the flagging price of \$299, or \$269 in the UK. The "Professional" part of the title reflects the fact that it has full PostScript output, so can be directly linked into Apple iMacintosh laser printers or even photocopiers.

This month's STP surprise is 'Colour Separations'. To print a colour page, a printer (the blob who runs a printing press, that is) needs to do four passes, one each in magenta, cyan, yellow and black. Professional Page can take an Amiga 4000 or screen and print out the four separations with the registration marks needed for printing.

Colour is certainly the area that the Amiga is strongest in, if Commodore are thinking of making an assault on Apple. The Professional Page demonstration at COMDEX was impressively sending draft prints to a Hewlett Packard colour dot matrix printer, and printing draft separations on a laser test to it.

■ **Code/Link UK distributors are:**  
All Marketing, Brookley House, 27  
The Green, Westborough, Midsx  
167 770 0860-444433.

## Go faster

Forget all those fancy 68000 and 68000 stories. Strange Systems were showing their ST Accelerator board, which 64,000x the speed of any model of ST for \$299.

Kevin Henderson, a partner in Strange Systems, had to admit that Ray were demonstrating an early prototype. It seems his car had been broken into on the way to COMDEX and all their other models stolen.

ST Accelerator works by replacing the 6 MHz 68000 chip at the heart of the ST by a 16 MHz version, the 68000-16. The clock generating hardware also need to be replaced, and the whole upgrade is automatic - you can turn it off if it is making your favourite game too fast to play!

■ **Strange Systems, 778 W. Bay Area Blvd, Houston, Texas 77066, USA.**

■ **Kevin Henderson taking photo-creditably the loss of all his best ST stock, destined for the COMDEX show.**



**Andy "cap-tem" Storer eyes up the news and games that arrived too late for review. Only the finest fresh titles make it into his roundup.**

## STARFLEET 1

Electronic Arts ■ ST & Amiga, £24.95, £24.95

Judging by the manuals, which are at least two pages thick, you could be travelling the galaxy for years in this strategy game. You battle go where aliens have no right to go and let them know it - introduce them to the four points of laser and photon torpedo technology.

## MINDFIGHTER

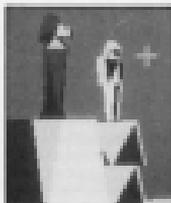
Artisoft ■ ST & Amiga, £24.95

Complete with a full-length novel, parapsychology is the central theme of this graphic adventure in which you have glimpses of the future - and it looks bleak. An impending nuclear holocaust is to avoid, it's your small job to save the world (yet again). Digitized photos add a neat edge to your thoughts.

## SENTINEL

Pondera ■ Amiga, £19.95

An eagerly awaited conversion of one of the most original releases of



recent years. A strategy game in which you absorb and transfer energy from objects scattered about a series of landscapes in an attempt to defeat the Sentinel overwatching all. Since there are 10,000 levels you could end up expanding quite a lot of energy yourself.

## PANDORA

Pondera ■ ST, £19.95

Having beamed aboard the space ship Pandora, your task is to salvage alien artifacts and disable the craft. Assured psychics, aliens and robots roam to vast interior. Crazy comic strip lights and a wealth of interactive characters look set to make this punch-in-up worth waiting for.

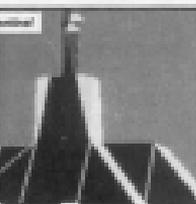
## CORRUPTION

Bandai ■ ST & Amiga, £24.95

Prove your innocence in Mag. Sock's quest, and yuppert, adventure. Put down Fido's menu card.



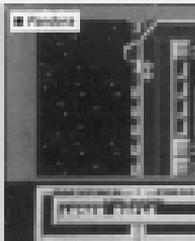
Live with solid images to illustrate a tale of high finance and low ethics. Decent, good and double double come your way after you're banned as the bad guy for causing double high fives.



## WHIRLIGIG

Pondera ■ ST, £19.95

Whirligig described as a sort of Pony express in space, it claims to



have 4.1 billion levels (count 'em) of cloning and combat between dragons. The four-way shoot-up features solid 3D space craft with excellent light surface illumination.

## CAPTAIN BLOOD

Infogrames ■ ST, £24.95

The English version is almost a brand new game compared to the French original. Now there's four times as many ways to converse with those strange aliens, and 92,000 planets later you may have found the few bones you're searching for. A visual treat with a certain



Minisaur J.M. Jane providing the sound.

## STARGLIDER 2

Bandai ■ ST & Amiga, £24.95

A sequel which cuts through the haze stacked on its counterpart predecessor. The demo of Starglider 2 we saw left all other animated solid 3D releases firmly on the ground. With over a hundred 3D objects moving at unhand of robotics, you'll appreciate why it took eight people a year to put this together.

## SPACE HARRIER

Elite ■ ST, £19.95

A conversion of the stunning coin-op which doesn't seem to suffer in the way it looks and feels. Prudent advice for which you should really be plugged into the main - you'll be glad you don't have to keep sliding real ST coins in the slot.

# It's time we gave you the BASIC facts ...

BASIC for the Atari ST	HiSoft Basic	Power Basic	GFA Int.	GFA Comp.	Fast Basic	ST Basic 2
Detail review text: VAT	\$70.95	\$70.95	\$45.95	\$45.95	\$44.95	
GEM Editor	X	X	X	No editor	X	X
Max string length	No limit	No limit	32k	32k	64k	120 bytes
Max multi-GEM array size	No limit	No limit	64k	64k	No limit	64k
Complete AIOs & VDI access	X	X	X	X	X	X
Produce stand-alone programs	X	X	X	X	X	X
Assembly language support	X	X	X	X	X	X
Several standards	X	X	X	X	X	X
Joystick access	X	X	X	X	X	X
Quick reference card	X	X	X	X	X	X
Double precision floats	X	X	X	X	X	X
Multi-statement lines	X	X	X	X	X	X
Multi-line statements	X	X	X	X	X	X
Line numbers allowed	X	X	X	X	X	X
Line numbers optional	X	X	X	X	X	X
Load and use resource files	X	X	Line num. not allowed	X	X	X
Create Desk Accessories	X	X	X	X	X	X
Program profiling	X	X	X	X	X	X
Average PCW benchmark time	0.43	0.47	1.4	0.6	1.9	1.0
BYTE Calc (floating-point) time	1.37	1.87	6.50	3.00	7.14	1.6
Compatible with	ST BASIC & Microsoft QB			GFA Basic GFA Basic HiSoft Basic		

All the information given above is believed to be correct at time of printing. HiSoft BASIC & Power BASIC are HiSoft products.

**NEW** **ARISE C** produces the fastest & most compact code of all the C compilers. Industry standard with 4900 libraries, UNIX compliant, overlay loader, assembler & much more. Professional version only \$128. Developer includes UNIX solution \$178. Source code debugger coming soon.

**NEW** **WERCS** powerful, easy-to-use resource editor that works in any resolution and for all languages. Many unique features (e.g. find command). So much that we cannot list it all here. The most complete PCB available. Please write or phone for more details. \$99.95.

## FTL Modula-2

\$69.95

**FTL Modula-2**

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- full linker & assembler included
- multi-window GEM editor with macros
- very fast compact code generation
- full GEM libraries supplied with source code
- create desk accessories and menus directly
- library manager and a free CLI
- completely standard Modula-2 compiler
- source level debugger & tools package available

## Personal Pascal 2

\$79.95

**Personal Pascal**

- Fast, multi-window GEM editor
- Full, standard Pascal implementation
- Completely integrated edit/compile/link cycle
- Complete GEM support with windows, menus, alert boxes, dialog boxes etc. BIOS, XBIOS calls
- String management plus STRING type
- All standard types + LONG, INTEGER & BYTE
- Random access and sequential file handling
- Fast, compact code plus link with assembler

## DevpacST Version 2

\$59.95

**DevpacST 2**

- complete, integrated development system
- fastest, professional assembler - 75,000 lines
- DSE and GST linkable code, TEXT, DATA & BSS
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- read-verify, multi-resolution debugger
- disassemble to disk with labels
- full expression handling, conditional breakpoints
- source-code viewing, auto-resident debugger
- DevpacST 2** - now there is no competition

## Saved! Version 2

\$29.95

**Saved! V2**

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■ Kuma's 8-Max 1 transputer board, already commercially available, it plugs into the ST's 8088 port, has a 1614 transputer chip and 256k of RAM. The processing speed is 7.5 mips. If you want, a second transputer can be added to the spare socket on P16 for a two-transputer system. Programs are written in transputer assembly on the ST, cross assembled and downloaded via Kuma's 'Calculator'. The results are then uploaded for the ST to display.

Kuma are great fans of Perihelion's Helix operating system. The 8-Max 2 is designed as a Helix engine, can plug into standard IBM card slots, and has got LoadMemory - up to 4 MB. At the moment, due to the fluctuating price of RAM, the 8-Max 2 is priced to enter, but is typically around £2000 fully populated. There's only room for one 1614 or 1608 on the boards, but extra boards can be plugged in to create a multi-transputer farm.



# TRANSPUTERS DO IT IN PARALLEL

**What's all this fuss about transputers? Both Atari and Commodore have announced transputer goings-on - ST Amiga Format battled its way through all the hype to discover who's doing what.**

In the beginning was the transputer. Well, more or less. It took the efforts of Ivan Sauter, and a fair bit of taxpayer's hard-earned, but they got there. Now that the transputer chip itself is established as a reliable computing engine, other companies are beginning to exploit it commercially.

Kuma already market a transputer add-on board for the Atari ST, called K-Max 1. This comes in two models: K-Max 1 has one or two transputer chips (depending on the wedge in your pocket) and 256k of RAM. It's merely an ST-controlled processing unit, not a speed-up board for the ST. The K-Max 2 has up to 4 Mbytes RAM and comes as either an ST add-on or on an IBM expansion card.

Atari themselves have recently announced the AMax. This is a wholly

new machine, which can run between one and thirteen transputers, depending on the configuration. Although not a new ST, the AMax is promised in both stand-alone form and as an add-on unit for the Mega. The AMax will run an operating system called Helix, currently being developed by German-based Perihelion Software. Commodore's efforts are a little more foggily. At the 1988 Hannover show they announced a transputer board for the Amiga, but the development is being done entirely by Commodore in Germany. Apart from confirming its existence, Commodore UK don't seem to know much about it.

**Kuma in control**

Based in an industrial park in exotic Pangbourne (near Reading), Kuma was

founded by John Day and Tim Moore. Despite a good deal of success in the PC and MSX markets MSX still being big in Brazil, Kuma haven't expanded widely. They have about around 15 employees, partly doing commercial database and spreadsheet programs for IBM PCs, with leading-edge transputer work.

Tim Moore, the technical go-to-hoarse behind their Transputer development, is the MD of Kuma and an ardent admirer of parallel computing as The Wily Forward. "It became clear after the Norway conference of 1984 that 8086 chips were really on the way, and that someone was going to go and do a proper job," he says. "We considered both the transputer and the Acorn ARM for our projects - the ARM is a good chip, better in some ways, but

■ **OCCAM'S RAZOR**

The efficient transputer language Occam, partly responsible for its success, was developed by Cambridge University. It is often referred to as a simple language.

■ **PERFORMANCE TESTING**

Transputers are expensive to test. A standard measure of processor performance, the Dhrystone benchmark benchmarking system, was the first to do this. It involves a transputer chip. Occam is a pure functional language. It's difficult to test the hardware. It's better to test the software. It's better to test the software. It's better to test the software. It's better to test the software.



## SUN PLANS

The latest Peritronics shipment from the west (meaning the oldest state) is the first in this category, destined to be assembled in Italy. This shipment is for the version of a reworked 8-Max computer intended for sale using the founder's Peritronics hardware. Since Sun computers are made in a very different RISC-based environment, the reimplementation strategy is to Sun-ize what is Peritronics hardware.

## WHAT'S IN A NAME

Although the name for their new processor is in the news, the name itself is only peripheral and is unlikely to be used for the final product as it already exists as a common term in Britain. Sun Microsystems suggested a name as called the "Sunrise" in a similar manner (Sun Rise) to find out why this is funny.

In the end we plumped for Imms because we needed technical support from the chip manufacturer and team just wasn't prepared to talk in an Imms way very highly."

Kulas received their first transputer chip in mid '88, and developed 8-Max 1 within six months. "There was a body of opinion within Imms at the time that Occam, their parallel programming language, was the only valid way to program a transputer. As an engineer I don't accept that," Moore says, "and wanted to get my hands on the assembly language. Imms wouldn't let, so I worked out how the chip used the machine code had to be. That a week before 8-Max was launched I rang Imms and said, 'Look, we're about to publish a transputer Assembler - surely it makes sense to use your standard mnemonics?' There was a long silence on the phone, then ten days later a complete instruction set arrived by post. As a result, our developers' job was the first ever transputer assembler on the market."

Kulas has been on sale for 18 months now, so what do its users do? "It's primarily a research tool, but many home users would have a genuine job for one," Moore reveals. "Many of our customers are defence contractors who aren't interested in profits, and of course education is a big area. We've also got an Occam simulator running on the ST, and that has still very real to universities. Students can write visual Occam programs without the need to actually have a transputer."

Moore isn't planning an Amiga version of 8-Max, though they comment that there's no reason why the 8-Max 2 shouldn't run in one of the PC slots on an Amiga 2000 with a Bridge Board. "The transputer is a pretty good fit," Moore concludes. "Better chips will be along, but Imms have done an excellent job for a first bash."

## WHAT IS A TRANSPUTER?

The transputer itself is effectively a super-fast microprocessor. It is one of the new breed of 'Reduced Instruction Set' chips, or RISCs for short. RISC chips work fast because there are very few basic machine code instructions available and they are all processed extremely efficiently. The idea is that the core instructions are the most commonly used ones. The transputer has 16 basic instructions, one of which is an 'extend' command to allow it to run a set of super-complex but less efficient microcoded subroutines.

The chips that are currently causing a stir, the 7404 at around £300 and the 7800 at over £500, are both 32-bit processors. They have a RISC-type control processing unit, fast on-chip cache on the 7404 and 4K on the 7800, an external memory interface capable of addressing up to 4 gigabytes and four serial links which may run at up to 30 Mbits per second. Both chips come in an 88-pin-square package.

From a programmer's point of view, the transputer offers three together, a stack, and workbooks and instruction pointers. The handful of instructions available are successful for loading and manipulating values on the stack and altering the flow of control. This could prove limiting if it weren't for the wealth of microcoded instructions - less efficient and slower perhaps, but greatly increasing the processor's capabilities.

Like other RISCs, the transputer has excellent communication. This means many transputers can be connected together into a Transputer 'farm' - which can be configured to elegantly parallel multiprocessor systems. Or to use the transputer itself that special, but when it's used with a battery of others, amazing things are possible. Of course, parallel programming confuses punters. Programmers are used to the serial nature of traditional processors, and trying to think in parallel isn't done programmatically during.

■ An important application for transputers is in the generation of stunning 3D - like these dimensional models for mechanical design. Of course, animated displays and video processing aren't just working the surface. The transputer generated graphics here give some indication of parallel processing power.

## Letting the sunshine in

The King of Peritronics software bases his offices in a converted brewery in Stephen Mallett, Somerset. Immsen pays on the top floor are quite very fast micros with some very clever software engineers programming them for all they're worth. Out of their work will come the production version of the Atari's multi-tasking operating system, Imms.

King left Cambridge for the academic wilds of Bath, where he resided for three years while

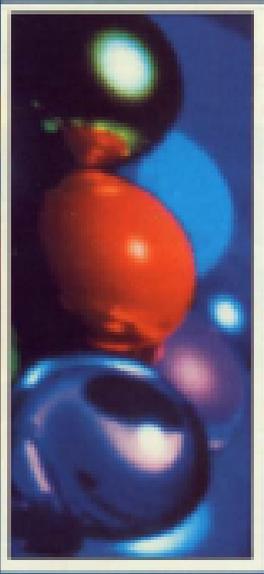
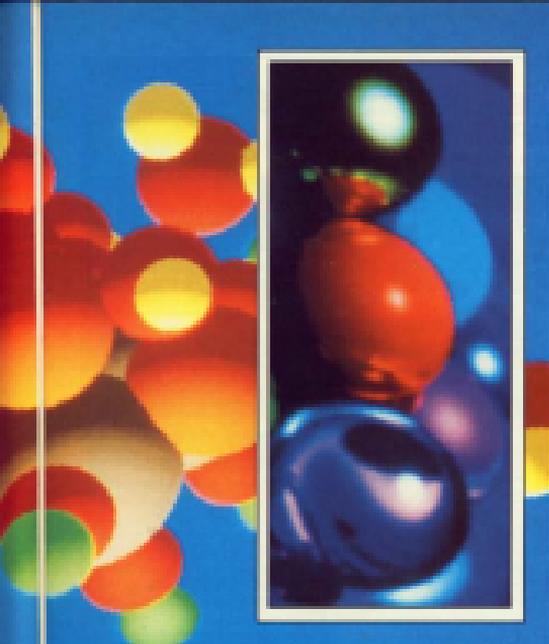
completing a PhD involving both database design and the workings of distributed systems (networks). After this he went to work for Metacomms.



■ Tim King of Peritronics, architect of the Atari's multi-tasking system

which at that time he describes as "three people working over a garage in Bristol" - very reminiscent of the early days at Apple Computers. It was while at Metacomms that King wrote much of AmigaOS for Commodore, before starting to look for projects that would further his interest in RISC. King knew Jack Lang, the founder of Peritronics hardware, from his days at Cambridge and became interested in his idea for a graphics workstation based around a RISC chip.

They singled out three candidates for the core processor of their new machine, the Fairchild Clipper, Altera's ARM and the Transputer. It was not initially the parallel processing architecture that attracted them, but the



ASIC features of the chip. As Acorn were already developing the ARM for themselves, they decided to go with the latest chip and set out looking for the



■ Jack King, founder of Perfitton Systems, sketches an ARM Vm Core.

capable to run the project. King and Lang approached various companies, most of whom showed interest but wanted to know where the machine was going to sell. After several fruitless consultations, they contacted Atari who said "Yes, it's interesting. Let's do it!" Development has continued apace since then and release of the Mega is scheduled for September. What markets does King see for the machine? "To some extent it's targeted at people like ourselves, program developers. Secondly we're targeting at top level academic, i.e. to research and teaching of parallel processing techniques themselves. There's then the whole area of

CAD/CAM and graphics, where you really do need the processing power. The ability to plug it up to 16 extra processors really does make a fantastic difference". King says the possibility of home computers based around transputers is very interesting but depends largely on the cost of the latest chips and on which way the home-market moves.

Perfitton themselves use a variety of different techniques to develop Helios. There are plenty of transputers, but in a host of different configurations ranging from cards in PCs through K-Max add-ons for Atari STs, to Acorn development machines, all linked together through a network to a large, Unix-based mini-computer.

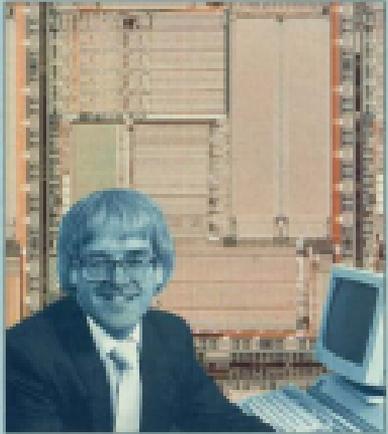
Helios is written in a combination of RISC assembler and C, both of which were written in-house by Perfitton to

### THE THIRTEENTH PARALLEL

On its own a transputer is basically a fast microprocessor. When the fun starts (and the fun really isn't the fun) is when you link several of them together. The chip has a special communications link so that many transputers can be easily networked together.

On a transputer the program being run is split into several parallel parts, all parts running simultaneously. The results are then combined at various strategic synchronisation points to get the desired results. Because most programs written nowadays run sequentially, they don't really convert to parallel processing. Instead, programs are best designed from the start to be split between several parallel processors.

There are two ways of doing this: you can use Occam or run under Perfitton's forthcoming Helios operating system, which should do this allocation automatically for high-level languages.



■ This cheap chip is from Baron who played an important role in the formation of Inmos. Together with a band of top brass he built the 1914 and 19000 wire on the production line.

minimise time lost through problems with the software. That's not to say that Perfitton's C is bug-free, but any problems that do appear can be corrected by allocating programmers from within the company, presumably at about parallel processor! ■

### THE INMOS CONNECTION

Inmos began life in 1970 with funding of 65 million pounds from the British Government's National Enterprise Board. The company's British headquarters are in Oxford and its US counterpart is located in Santa Jose. Back in the early days Inmos produced 10K static vms, which they'd introduced to the world in '81. In the following years they devised a family of 64K dynamic vms, a million-lookup table (included in 1985's PD2 computer) and a digital signal processor. Today this boasts over 250 computer products.

It was after the crunch years of 1984-85 - during which time the Government sold its share of Inmos to Thomson ISE - that Inmos announced the

Transputer. The project, spearheaded by Tom Baron (then chief strategic officer at Inmos) was completed in '88 with the advent of the 1914. Last year Inmos introduced its Transputer with on-chip floating point processor, the 1900.

Occam, the official transputer programming language promoted by Inmos, was written in 1982 by David May and Tony Hoare. May, who now works for Inmos, is still introducing modifications and improvements to it. Essentially Occam takes the sting out of parallel processing, it can capture the integrated structure of a system by allowing an interconnected set of processes to be regarded from the outside as a single process.



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picture for format called "W", whereas the ST has several different formats to choose programs with.

#### AUTOSAVE

Some WPs can be told to save your document every 10 minutes or so, minimizing the risk of lost text should the worst happen. This can be very handy if your power supply is prone to spikes or other irregularities.

#### MULTICOLUMN TEXT

Being able to set text in two or three

columns like magazines can be ideal if you are preparing newsletters, but very few word processors offer it. (Like Douglas Import, if you are trying out for multicolored text you should be looking at Desktop Publishing.)

#### FOOTNOTES

A nice fill, particularly if you are an academic writing journal articles for earnest journals, is the ability to add superscripted numbers to the body of the text and print them out at the foot of

the page with small-type notes.

#### ASCII SAVE

ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) files are full document files with all the information about margins, bold, italics and dropped-out. This makes them totally independent of the word processor they were written on, and makes them suitable for exporting to other programs.

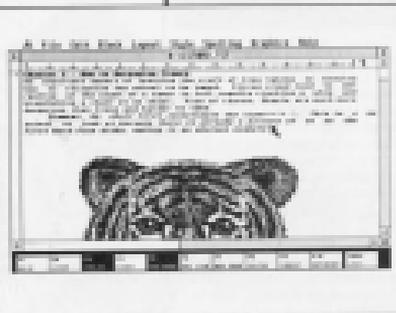
### 1st WORD PLUS

\$79.95 ■ Electric Distribution/OST ■ ST

of several little niggles, the manual here very few keyboard shortcuts which saves typing time, you can't print the file currently in memory (you have to save it to-disk and print it from there), if you select a block of text and choose a new style the font you have to click on *Apply* to effect the change, and a most famous crime, the manual has no index.

Still, 1st Word Plus is a fast and efficient word processor with good features and a good display. If the ability to mix graphics and text is important, it's most definitely the word processor to get for:

features	4.5
performance	3.0
ease of use	3.0
manuals	2.0
format value	4



1st Word Plus is one of the very few ST word processors that can handle graphics. You can read in Degas, Newsroom and Double format pictures, and there's even a "magical" ability to capture screens directly in Degas format. In fact, the full feature list is very impressive, including an efficient spell checker and mail merge. One nice feature is the ability to print in multiple columns, although this is purely a print-time operation and you can't see your document on-screen.

However, the package falls short of being a classic word processor because:

■ 1st Word Plus shows you all Word's OSB available - or is it a fidget?

When you're in graphics mode the screen is squeezed to give you a better idea of relative size of text and graphics with graphics off the text is normal height.

### K-WORD

\$89.95 ■ Kana ■ ST

K-Word doesn't pretend to be an all-singing, all-dancing word processor, and it isn't. It does come with a mail merge and spell checker, but to use it you have to get K-Word, run K-Spell and then return, which is tedious.

Disappointingly little use is

made of the menus. Functions like Print and Save are there, but there is no Style menu. To set text in bold you resort to good ol' control sequences like *Control-B*, which you have to look up in the manual and remember. Back marks for no index.

However, K-Word - is a competent WP which scrolls and

does find-and-replace efficiently, and since it is pleasantly priced it makes a fair entry level program.

features	3.5
performance	3
ease of use	3.5
manuals	3
format value	3

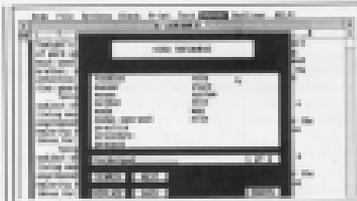
### WORD WRITER

\$79.95 ■ Electric Distribution/Tenetwork ■ ST

This is a lovely word processor, if I could mix graphics with text it would be perfect. Word Writer has a mail merge, spell checker and Thesaurus, all of which are well integrated.

There are simple keyboard menu shortcuts to justify the expert user, and a good selection of extra mouse-clickable panels at the bottom of the screen. If you dislike obscure keystrokes you can do and click on these panels to say, for bold on or off. In other words, mouse-operated stuff.

features	4.5
performance	4
ease of use	4.5
manuals	4
format value	4.5



■ Word Writer showing off its Thesaurus. It automatically looks up the word as the cursor and allows you to insert the replacement.

shortcuts! WordWriter scores over its nearest rival, 1st Word Plus, with an outline to help you flesh out the basic structure of more complicated documents.

The one serious complaint against WordWriter is its rules. You only have one per document, and no auto-reformatting. On a long document you are supposed to change the rules, reformat the paragraph you want,

leaving the rest unchanged, if you accidentally reformat the whole document you could lose a lot of structure. Multiple rules are definitely needed!

It's touch-and-go to decide between WordWriter and 1st Word Plus, but overall WordWriter simply feels better - it makes better use of the OEM windows and has a faster response.

## HAWAIIER \$29.95 ■ HD Marketing ■ ST

Hawaiter is the pick of the best proof word processors included in the relatively modest price as a full-featured and spelling checker, although like a Word you have to run the spelling checker as a separate phase after you've finished editing.

It has an amazingly sluggish

response to some commands like block definitions, but is quick enough at sorting and replacing. In contrast to Word it does not filter commands on key-combination only. Hawaiter has virtually no key shortcuts. Another niggler is that underlining is "word only," meaning it does not underline spaces and tabs, which looks odd.

Other than that, Hawaiter provides all the necessary features of

word processing completely enough, and is quite satisfactory for most purposes.

features	3
performance	3
ease of use	4
manuals	2.5
format value	3.5

## WORDUP \$39.95 ■ HD Marketing Receipt ■ ST

WordUp looks very sophisticated, it avoids the ordinary boring GEM character font but instead offers a choice of Gothic, Sans or Typewriter faces, in about three sizes, which can be freely mixed within a document. The fonts are proportionally spaced so its take up less space than "m's and, when justified, words are evenly spaced out on the line.

WordUp lacks a spelling checker, which is a bummer. On the plus side it has a mail merger, and lets you include any standard format picture file in your document. There is excellent control of the fine detail of style: you can specify how high superscripts ought to be and whether underlining should be dotted, single or double. Almost any system setting can be altered and saved.

However, when it comes to printing, you're in trouble. WordUp can only print in its three internal stylesets, so you cannot use your printer's built-in fonts.

features	4.0
performance	3
ease of use	4
manuals	4.0
format value	3.0

Text is output in graphics mode, which means it is relatively slow and tends to lag, lagged unless you have a high quality printer like WordUp's designers have chosen an italic font which is heavily over-rendered. You can actually send a file to the printer as simple ASCII, but all formatting and style information is then lost.

Still, if you use a laser printer, WordUp will produce excellent results, as its manual demonstrates. A word

processor lives or dies by the quality of its printed output — at the moment it's a case of "nice screen, shame about the print." When that's fixed, WordUp will be a cracking word processor.

■ WordUp has a beautiful screen display, but unless you've got a 24-pin or laser printer the output will disappoint.



## PROTEXT \$79.95 ■ Arner ■ ST now, Amiga in July

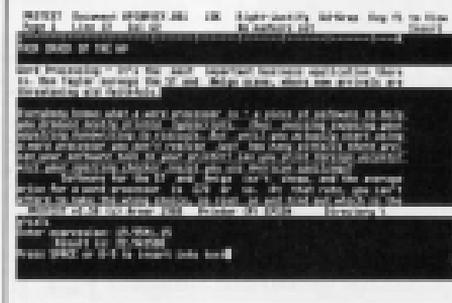
If you ever use IBM PCs or other personal-WIMP machines, you'll feel a nostalgia glow when you use Protext. It totally ignores all the GEM standards and is essentially a keyboard-driven text-editor. There are no menus or windows. To mark text insert/you type (Control/Insert).

Protext works by command lines — green [Esc] and you are in command mode where you can type GEM for a directory or LOAD PRSD to load a new file (called PRSD). All commands can be stored in files and run as macros.

Although there are no windows you can edit text files at once using the SWAP command to bring either file to the screen. Protext does use the mouse, but only for moving the cursor. The text is so dry that Protext is fast — it's just efficient.

features	4
performance	4
ease of use	2
manuals	3.5
format value	3.5

As a program for producing elegantly formatted documents, Protext leaves a lot to be desired, but as a full-featured editor program and programmer's editor it is superb. What does bulk text



■ Protext's distinctive split-screen display gives command mode. Here the result of a matrix calculation is about to be inserted into the document.

editor mean? you ask? As an example, we use Protext on ST Amiga format for typing all our articles: we never print anything on paper because we send the results for direct electronic posting; we need a word processor with a clean, near-ASCII virtual document format, so it can be read by virtually any other program. Protext also has a fast word cursor.

## GO WITH THE FONT!

If you're wondering how WordLily manages such lovely fonts, the answer lies in a program ability to let manufacturers freely modify fonts. This will let you change new GEM fonts from scratch or modify existing ones, to any size you like, and save them as printer fonts for any resolution printer. All-GEM programs which use the current GEM font mechanism can then access them. Watch those pages for more!

## WIN A PROTEXT!

Protext is a paradise for connoisseurs of tidiness: one beautiful command is "space". Type space addresses from command mode and you get a few/ASCII memory dump of part of the ST's RAM.

Now Arner seem curiously reluctant to reveal why the command is called "space", but they have set readers of St Amiga Format a challenge: they will give away two copies of ST Protext to the best (and necessarily correct) guesses for what "space" is. Get your imaginations working and send your entries on a postcard to Q&A22, Competition, ST Amiga Format, 4 Queen St., Bath BA2 1EL, by July 23rd. Only one entry per person, and all the usual rules.



## AMIGA PHILOSOPHY

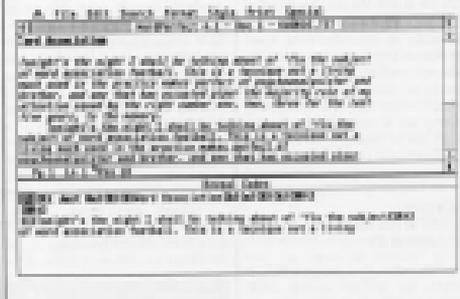
One big difference between the ST and the Amiga is the way files are used. On the ST, files are used for the software in progress, but on the Amiga they are built into the hardware Workbench hard disk. This means that most Amiga programs - graphics programs, word processors and all - offer you the same choice of fonts, Ruby Diamond, Geneva, Opta, Eurostile, Geneva and Superline screen fonts.

## WORDPERFECT 5208.00 (ST/5208.75 (Amiga) ■ Continued ■ ST and Amiga

WordPerfect is the big boy in the word processing field. It sells on all major computer formats, and is now referred to as the biggest selling word processor on little PCs. Its price shows a clear-cut bias for the opposition - the kind of people who will buy WordPerfect are (a) those for whom money is no object and (b) those who, how does one put it delicately, get on expenses.

It takes up 4 Amiga disks or 4 ST disks, and the manual weighs in at over 500 pages. WordPerfect has almost everything you could want - massive dictionaries for the spelling checker and thesaurus mean that you'll be very pushed to run WordPerfect on a single disk machine, although it's possible.

It has to be said that WordPerfect is a disappointment for the money - it



looks a bit. One incredible fact is that if you choose justified but (as you might expect) the right edge is still ragged on screen. The only way to tell that it is justified is by selecting 'Normal' under 'to show WordPerfect's unformatted printer codes.

Features	4.5
performance	4
ease of use	3
rewards	3
overall value	3

The screen display can be set up in two columns, and you can edit text in those columns with correct reformatting.

■ WordPerfect running on the Amiga, but the ST screen (above) is virtually identical. Right justification is turned on, but you can only tell by the 'RT' and 'G' marks in the Screen Editor window.

as you work. On the Amiga you can call up a new GUI (the Amiga's non-WIMP command line interpreter) built within the word processor, which is a nice touch.

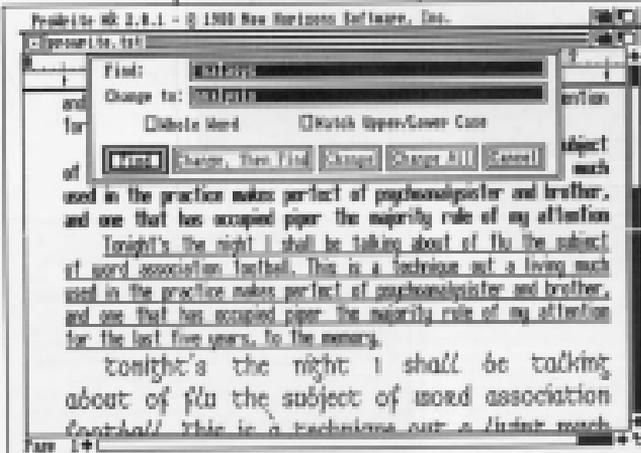
Very few concessions have been made to the WIMP environments of the ST and Amiga, and WordPerfect shows its generic PC origins with a bizarre choice of function key commands (though you do get a function key template as a reminder). There is no provision for graphics within documents and the mouse handling seems fussy when you try to define a block bigger than one sentence.

The manual is exemplary in its indexing and clarity, but frankly the only reason to buy WordPerfect is if you run an office where every other machine you have runs WordPerfect.



## PROWRITE 525.00 ■ Amiga Centre

## Scotlands/New Horizons ■ Amiga



The ProWrite master disk contains two versions of the program, one for medium-resolution screens and another for high resolution. As with the majority of Amiga WPs, ProWrite shares all the printer drivers and fonts provided with the micro. It's fully WYSIWYG, and boasts a spelling checker and mail merge, but no thesaurus. You can import graphics images into documents, and insert and crop them to suit. ProWrite converts your photos into T colour only, but since most colour printers can't do full justice to 4096 colours, this is no great loss.

ProWrite's screen update is not very fast - if you insert text into a paragraph, you notice quite a lag between typing and display. However, scrolling and other editing operations are fast enough.

■ ProWrite taking advantage of the Amiga's extra fonts.

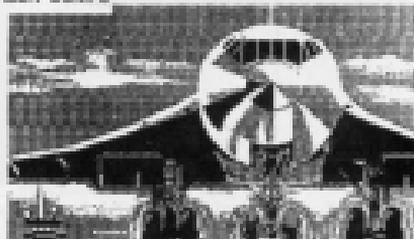
Features	3.5
performance	3
ease of use	4.5
rewards	3.5
overall value	3.5

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#### VIEWWRITE

**£89.00 ■ HD Marketing/Type ■ Amiga**

Despite a relatively high profile in the recent past, Viewwrite leaves a lot to be desired. It's a standard Amiga-type word processor, meaning that it can import graphics and display text in all the multicoloured glory of the standard screen fonts. However, its main fault is

being unacceptably slow at reformatting. Even a completed typed sheet two-fingered typists reach 30-40 words a minute will get ahead of the screen update as they type in new text. As for modifying existing paragraphs, forget it.

Viewwrite has no spelling checker; unlike most of the others, and uses an odd Atari background for its text

(although this can be changed). All in all, Viewwrite's really to recommend.

Features	3.5
performance	5
ease of use	5
manuals	3.5
format value	3.5

#### KEY WORDS

**£49.00 ■ Amiga Centre Scotland/The Disc Company ■ Amiga**

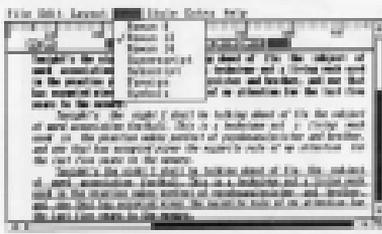
Key Words sets out to solve the problem of reproducing screen fonts properly on printers. The snag is that most Amiga WPs lets you produce lovely screens with the Amiga fonts, but the printed is always a disaster. KeyWords has a "Super Font" disk which allows you to print text in one of three resolutions (standard, final or MLC), in the lowest resolution a merely sends the text to the printer as ASCII codes to be dealt with by the printer. In the other two modes it sends graphics of varying complexity to the printer to produce nice fonts.

■ **Key Words.** The review copy will test the American-style short screen, but we're assured that the production version will have a full depth PAL screen.

KeyWords produces the best printed output of the Amiga WPs, and has good printer drivers to get results out of cheap printers. Even so, your printer's own R/LQ fonts would still be better. As a word processor, KeyWords has all the usuals in terms of mail merging, comments, spelling checker and graphics import. It lacks an independent word counter (you have to go to the spelling checker).

KeyWords has some nice ideas on the graphics and printing side, and its price gives it the edge over ProfitWise as the best all-round performer.

Features	4
performance	3.5
ease of use	4
manuals	3
format value	4

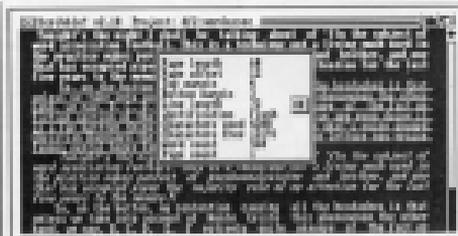


#### SCRIBBLE

**£89.00 ■ HD Marketing/Micro Systems Software ■ Amiga**

At first sight Scribble seems a bit lame, compared to the other Amiga word processors. Its screen display uses ordinary text as opposed to one of the larger fonts, and you can't incorporate graphics in your documents.

However, on reflection there are all advantages. Smaller text means more characters per line and more lines per page, with the result that you can't a much larger chunk of your document on the screen. Anyway, though Scribble's 24-point text looks lovely on screen, it really looks pretty well printed out. Scribble comes with mail merger



■ **As Harry Collett would say, there's a bushman for text on the screen.**

and spelling checker. It automatically reformats text as you type and is fully

text about it, since it is working with characters of fixed size it isn't a very conventional way of handling equations or blocks of text; first you choose the operation (the Calc), then you mark the block to be set out. Once you're used to it, though, it's fine.

If you think you can live without pictures in your text - and most of us can - Scribble's simplicity makes it the best Amiga word processor. Scribble is the WIP part of 'The Works' software bundle currently being sold in the Amiga 500 summer promotion.

Features	3
performance	4.5
ease of use	3.5
manuals	4
format value	4

### BEST BUYS

#### APPLICATIONS

- Writing letters
- Writing long documents (eg, a book)
- Writing business reports (where the ability to import a graph or other illustration into the document is needed)
- Preparing bulk text files for transmission to other systems
- **WORDIT**

#### DT

- 1st Word Plus, WordWriter, 5-Word or HubWriter
- 1st Word Plus, WordPerfect or HubWriter
- 1st Word Plus, Wordfly (if you have a laser printer)

#### PROTEXT, WORDPERFECT

- Protext, WordPerfect
- WordWriter (or 1st Word Plus if you need graphics)

#### MAILING

- Any will work adequately
- ProfitWise, Key Words, WordPerfect, Scribble
- ProfitWise, Key Words

#### WORDPERFECT, PROTEXT (Mac Only)

- WordPerfect, Protext (Mac Only)
- Scribble (or KeyWords if you need graphics)



## THE NAME GAME

There are 1001 different models of printer to choose from, but as a guide and advisory guide - good budget - £1000, here are the main printers on the market. For details, see the Amiga 1000 and Amiga 5000. If you want a colour printer, the Star LC100 Colour and Chromatic 200 are widely used. For documents, the Panasonic 3031 is good value as for letters, that make the case for the Amiga 1000. Amiga owners should use the list.

# What printer?

Printers come in three types - dot matrix, daisywheel and (more recently) lasers. By far the most common type is the dot matrix, where characters are formed by rows of tiny dots punching through an inked ribbon onto the paper. Daisywheels use spinner technology, punching a whole character at a time onto the ribbon - they give very high quality, but the dot matrix printer can put a dot anywhere on the paper and so produces graphics output too. 90% of home users have dot matrix printers.

Laser printers combine the best of both worlds. They are effectively very high resolution dot matrix printers which have enough dots per inch (usually around 300 dpi) to rival daisywheel text in quality. Lasers cost a lot (£1000 upwards), but if you can afford one it's a great status symbol.

## Setting up your printer

Once you've plumped for a particular printer, you've got to let your software know about it by setting the correct 'printer driver'. If you've invested in a Zanussi model 201044 you probably won't find it on the 'known printers' list, but don't panic as long as it seems to be Epson compatible you can let your computer to use the Epson printer driver and everything should work fine. Look for Dots/line compatibility for a daisywheel and HP LaserJet Plus emulation for a laser.

## On the Amiga

To set your Amiga what printer you have, you will need to run the preferences program on your Workbench test disk. Once in, click on



The Amiga's printer preferences screen, which you use to customise your Workbench disk.

the Change Printer panel at the bottom right and you'll see the Printer Preferences screen come up. The most important thing to do is to go to the window at the top right and click on the scroll arrows to look through the list of available printers, then click on the one most similar to your own printer.

Once you've saved these new preferences to your Workbench disk all your Amiga programs should pick up the correct driver. Most Amiga software comes on its own boot disk, so there may be a wider selection of printer types than on the standard Commodore Workbench disk.

## On the ST

There's no special set-up - most programs you run will have to use the

printer driver. Look in your manual to see how to select the correct one for your printer.

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**Amiga Centre Scotland** - 4  
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## HOW THEY MEASURE UP

Name	Price	Resolution	Print Speed	Print Quality	Print Size	Print Cost	Print Speed	Print Quality	Print Size	Print Cost	Print Speed	Print Quality	Print Size	Print Cost
1st Word Plus 78 96	37	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Word Writer 79 96	37	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Printed 79 96	370	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Winged 79 96	37	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Word Writer 79 96	37	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Word Sp. 79 96	37	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
WordPerfect 1278 85 1279 85	1279 85 1279 85	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Printline 85 85	Amiga	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Viasante 90 85	Amiga	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
KindWords 49 85	Amiga	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Scratch 99 85	Amiga	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

1 Word/Case means without spell checking the file

2 Amiga version due out in July

3 Prints in 2 columns but doesn't show on screen display

4 Partial - bold shows as reverse video

5 K/Regal is £27 95 extra, but needs 2MB.

6 Only prints in graphics, can't print in a printer's internal M/Q font

7 Amiga graphics fonts microprogrammed, printer M/Q fonts loaded with hard copy

# STREET FIGHTER

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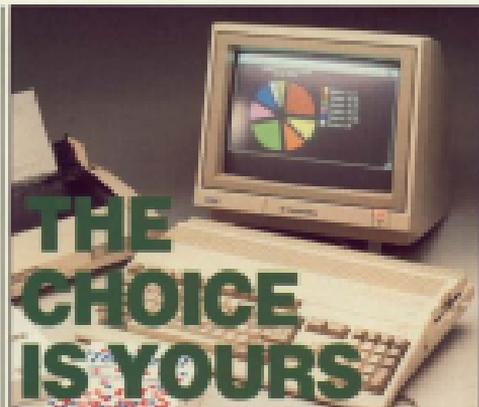
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# THE CHOICE IS YOURS



Which machine – ST or Amiga? Richard Monteiro wades through the waffle to highlight the differences and similarities between the two micros and recommends the best choice for particular applications.

**F**or business or pleasure, the machines making waves are Atari STs and Commodore Amigas. That's undebatable. But if you're a newcomer to the 16-bit world or you fancy upgrading your current mode, the problem is deciding which machine to choose. Each has its good points and each its bad. More confusing is that both manufacturers have introduced several versions of each computer – some are being pushed into the entertainment areas and others into the domains of business.

Machines are one thing, but what about software and support? Thankfully, there's no longer that nagging doubt. Software is out there – plenty of it, with new releases hitting the shelves every month. The same is true for hardware: there are enough add-ons to keep the most ardent gadget freak happy. Even Atari and Commodore are about to produce new machines, that can't be said.

That's the short-term view. What will happen in six months, a year, even two years? The popular belief is that both machines are here to stay – in this clarity at least. In America the Amiga is seen as the machine to own; the converse is true in Germany where STs have the stronghold. This division is reflected globally – some countries have taken to the Amiga, some to the ST. It means good news for machine owners here, as foreign favours in hardware and software will be around for a long time to come. Indeed, this is already much in evidence with many companies already importing goods.

## Electric avenue

In the beginning there was the 5200ST. This useful beast had no internal drive and GEM (the operating system) had to be loaded from disk. Soon afterwards the 5205TM arrived. This too had no in-built drive, but had the operating system embedded in ROM and a modulator board for connection to a TV – hence the M in the name.

After the 5205TFM – which now comes with a double-sided 80-track drive (take care when buying one that you're not put off with an earlier model with a single-sided drive) – came the 1040. And it was less than a year ago that the Mega, with larger memories and better, made an appearance in Britain.

Not to be outdone, Commodore introduced the Am500 with 256K of memory, KickStart (the 16-bit-level operating system) on disk and a 61400 price tag shortly after the 5205T hit the

streets. Those that are gone, and so too has the 41880, in its place, Commodore giving the A500 and A2000 on the world. The 500 has 512K (expandable to 1 Mbyte) while the 2000 has 1 Mbyte (expandable to 4 Mbytes and also for expansion cards).

Why so many versions of each computer? Commodore's line is that the 500 is a games machine, while the 2000, which can be made to emulate an IBM PC, is being pushed as a business machine. It makes sense as the 2000 is well beyond the reach of most people's pockets, the starting price is around £1100 for a single drive machine without monitor – not very useful in the office. Atari are taking a similar stance. The 500, and to a certain extent the 1040, are aimed at the lower end of the market – the entertainment sector. Atari's current bundling deal emphasises the point: 20 major games titles and a joystick thrown in with the 500 for the summer.

## PING PONG

Atari (Atari) also created the first video game board. Ping, and other machines, to starting the company. "Watch out or you're going to get out on your own!" If you're responsible for the chosen game file, you'll make the best of the game file.

## FRIEND OR FOE?

Amiga is a game – and the Atari (Atari) is a game – for gamesters. But by focusing more money on the right games from the hardware and the software, Amiga will be a game – not a game. Amiga will be a game – not a game. Amiga will be a game – not a game. Amiga will be a game – not a game.

## BT CLUSTERS

So what's all the fuss about 16-bit? In one number, 68000. It's the common factor that links the ST and Amiga. At the heart of both computers is Motorola's 68000 silicon sibling. This chip – which was announced in 1977 and appeared in 1979 – was conceived as a competitor to Intel's 8086/8088 (which has since found a happy home in IBM PC and its countless clones).

Several processors can handle big numbers, up to 65535, in a single operation. This is the most significant difference between 8-bit and 16-bit processors. Of course, 8x16 different types of addressing mode, 17 registers capable of storing

32-bit numbers, relatively simple assembler syntax and the ability to address 16 megabytes of memory help to make it a firm favourite of software and hardware enthusiasts. The 68000 is the 16-bit beast causing the commotion and stealing the thunder from ageing foobars like the Z80 and 68010 which can be found in Spectrums and OSAs. The Amiga and ST are the next generation of computer as the cutting edge of home micro technology. Obviously, other custom chips inside the computers help to make the machines what they are – Powerful.

## COMMODORE AMIGA

The A500 comprises 12.2K of memory, an internal 3.5" double-sided 500-kt drive and operating system on ROM - the whole package in one plastic case unit (except for the power supply). The 2800 consists of two lots: the keyboard and processing unit. The main unit houses one megabyte of ram, and depending on unit requirements can hold a Bridge Board for PC emulation, hard drive or 5.25 drive. All units come with an internal 3.5" drive identical to the A500 and have the option of a second internal or external drive. Other differences include two internal slots for expansion cards and a better keyboard.

## GRAPHICS

Use definable modes and a staggering palette of 4096 colours. Normal operational modes include 320 by 200 resolution with 32 colours, or screen of size 640 by 200 with 16 colours and a special field and modify (HAF) mode which lets you have 4096 colours at the same time. Instructions come in to play which make this mode less than useful for animation. These modes can be displayed on televisions or Commodore's 1084 monitor. Using a special technique called interleaving the Amiga can double its horizontal line count, a specialising persistence monitor is required. With specialised chips like the Copper co-processor and Slider chip the Amiga makes light work of shifting large amounts of screen memory. AmigaKit facilities are eight 3-colour and four 15-colour hardware sprites.

## SOUND

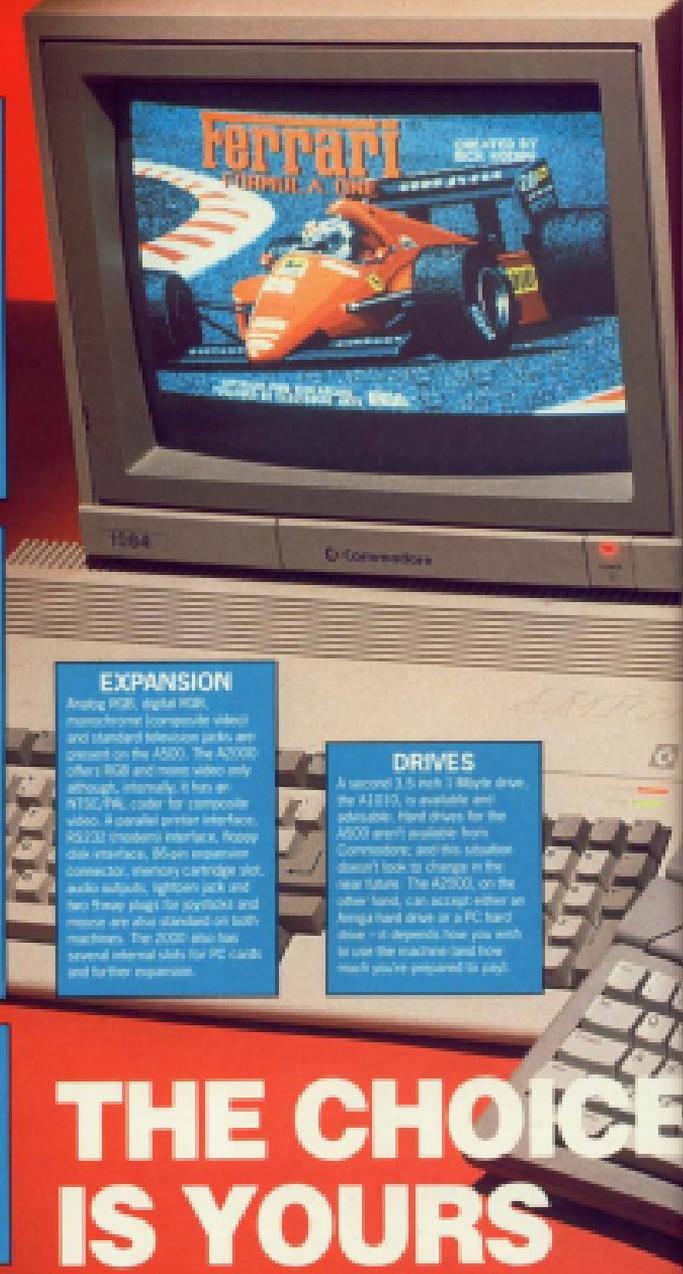
The native sound chip, affectionately called Paula (is she Spanish or Portuguese?) - 140 - provides the Amiga with steaming synthesizer-like musical power. Four voices can be used which have fully definable wave forms. Amplitude- or frequency modulated sounds are possible. And output is in stereo with two voices per channel.

## EXPANSION

Analog RGB, digital RGB, monochrome composite video and standard television jacks are present on the A500. The A2000 offers RGB and mono video only although, internally, it has an NTSC/PAL coder for composite video. A parallel printer interface, SCSI (massive interface, floppy disk interface, 80-pin expansion connector, memory cartridge slot, audio output, lightpen port and two floppy ports) for joystick and mouse are also standard on both machines. The 2000 also has several internal slots for PC cards and further expansion.

## DRIVES

A second 3.5 inch 1 Mbyte drive, the A1810, is available and soldable. Hard drives for the A500 aren't available from Commodore, and this situation doesn't look to change in the near future. The A2000, on the other hand, can accept either an Amiga hard drive or a PC hard drive - it depends how you wish to use the machine, and how much you're prepared to pay!



# THE CHOICE IS YOURS

## ATARI ST

Currently there are four models to choose from. Bottom of the range is the 1000ST which boasts 512K memory. The 1040ST, which is identical in design, has the advantage of a larger memory. At the top is the Mega ST - STX and STZ reflecting their memory sizes in Mbytes. The major difference between them and their lesser Ki cousins - is the addition of a battery chip, battery-backed real-time clock, and expansion connector.

## DRIVES

All STs come with a double-sided 80-track drive as standard. A second 1.5Mbyte drive, the ST 3.5", can be fitted which is helpful for disk and file copying. Hard disk drives for the ST are phenomenally priced. This stems from the fact that a special controller - which adds around £200 to the base price - is necessary. Atari's 30 megabyte 84000 is just under \$500.

## GRAPHICS

The ST has three modes or resolutions and a palette of 312 colours; only two of the modes permit colour. This is controlled by the video chip. Softer. Low resolution offers 250 dots (width) across by 200-dots (height) with a maximum of 14 colours on screen at once. Medium resolution maintains 640 pixels by 200 pixels with four colours on screen. Medium and low resolution can be displayed on a television or Atari's 50132M monitor. High resolution offers a whopping 640 by 400 image. The trade-off is colour: there isn't any. Only black and white pictures are produced and a special monitor, the 508 25, is required. Neither horizontal scrolling nor sprites are available through hardware, although vertical scrolling is. The Megs come with a Blitter chip while the other STs can have one added which speeds animation.

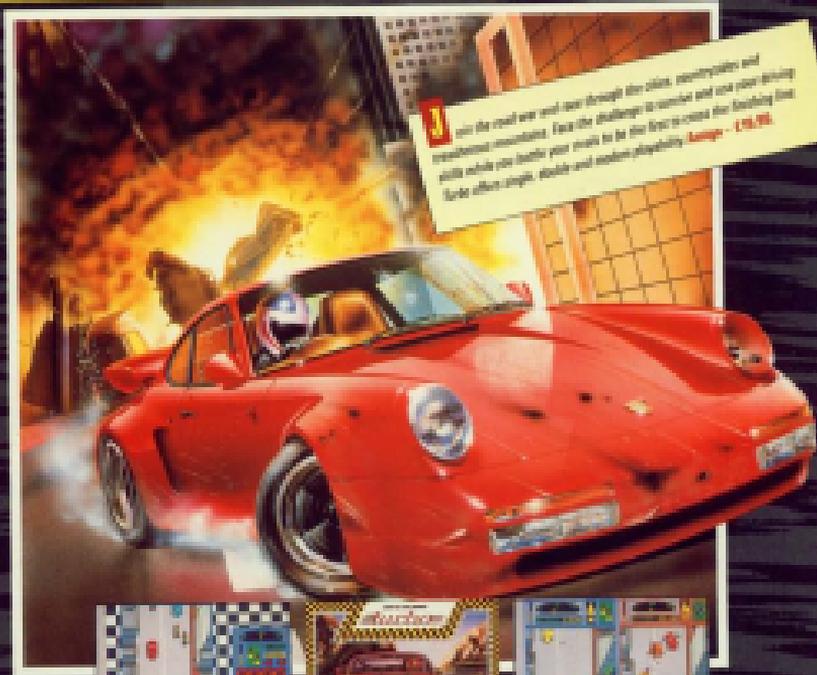
## SOUND

Sadly the STs sound chip, the Yamaha YM3545, hasn't got to be termed. It's only capable of producing beeping board noises through three channels - similar to the chips in the Amstrad CPC and Spectravox +2 computers. However, the inclusion of MIDI ports means there's a wealth of alternatives that can be controlled from the ST.

## EXPANSION

A nice standard 5-pin DIN plug lets you interface to either a high resolution monochrome monitor or a medium resolution colour monitor. A separate plug allows connection to a television. At present only the 5200 comes with the monitor. A parallel printer interface, RS232C (modem) interface, floppy disk interface, direct memory access port for a hard disk, musical instrument interface (MIDI), plug-in cartridge port capable of accepting a 128K ROM and two 8-way plugs for joysticks and mouse are also standard on all machines. In addition to that, all the Mega STs have an internal low expansion connector.

# TURBO... WAR ON WHEELS!



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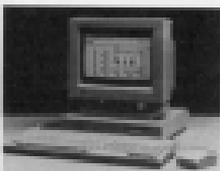
## Machine choice

Which machine is best for you? Decisions, decisions... we can't make them for you, but we can certainly put you on the right track. Do you want to use your machine in an office environment? Do you envisage your machine controlling your robotic assistant? Perhaps you see yourself spending hours in front of a monitor pumping out red-hot code? Or do you plan to stop the alarm from sounding itself? You know what you want to do with a computer, all you have to do is decide which machine will do the job best. Easy really.

Follow our tables to help you out if your queries. They show the various models available and the wedge it wins each demand.



■ Commodore's A2000. Papped into are specialist chips for Agnus, Denise, and Pico.



■ The 6400's sleek design hides the legendary Super Graphics chip.

## Other sources

The price of most official peripherals will certainly lessen the weight in your wallet; a two-party offering may give a minor choice. For instance, Atari's laser monitor, available as it may be, drops in at a penny under £400. Commodore's monitor isn't much cheaper (£260). The Philips 8000 at around £250 seems to be the favourite of many dealers. There are other options, but it's best to hunt around and decide exactly what you want and how much you can't fork out.

Mostly the Amiga's interface mode requires a high-performance monitor to do out the flicker. Mitsubishi manufacturers many. But there are several leaders to take into consideration: screen size, degree of persistence, size of gun and so on. Whatever you choose, it will suit you speeds of £200.

## THE PRICE IS RIGHT

	Atari	£	Commodore	£
<b>Computers</b>	520ST/50	599.00	A500	499.00
	1040ST	999.00	A2000	1199.00*
	Mega-512	1034.00†		
	Mega-614	1379.00†		
<b>Monitors</b>	587.25 mono	149.00	520 modulator	124.00
	50-1024 colour	289.00	1024 colour	349.00
<b>Drives</b>	5F14 3.5 inch	159.00	1010 3.5 inch	149.00
	8400 5.0 mag	259.00	20 mag PC	630.00*
			30 mag Amiga	730.00*

† Price includes monochrome monitor.

\* Prices are approximate and will vary from dealer to dealer.

### Atari ST

#### Art and design

Has less colour than the Amiga. 520ST/50 comes with modulator for connecting to TV, but for serious work the 50-1024 monitor is required.

#### Business software

A monochrome monitor, second drive – preferably hard – and large memory are the usual requirements for business applications.

#### CDP

Large-memory machines, monochrome monitor and Atari's laser printer make a perfect combination. Hard drive recommended.

#### Games

Disappointing three-channel sound chip. Mill parts are included, but software requires lots of memory.

#### Music

Large selection (better all the time). The minimum spec ST2 with modulator or colour monitor is fine.

#### Programming

Bundled BASIC is poor and can leave business/foundering. However, lots of other languages are available.

#### Word processing

Monochrome monitor is best. The more memory the machine has, the easier document handling becomes.

### Commodore Amiga

Favoured with artists, A500 can be connected to TV via modulator, but 1024-colour monitor is best for detailed design.

The A2000 is regarded as the business machine. Its PC emulation option gives access to thousands of applications, and utilities.

Impressionist A500 due to lack of memory. A2000 with hard drive is fine, although third-party laser printer is needed.

Custom four-channel sound-chip capable of AM and FM synthesis. Sound reproduction in starting stages.

Expansive and mutually available. However, relatively few titles are produced for it. A500 adequate.

Excellent BASIC comes with the machine. Learn level programming tough as the machine has a very closed architecture.

A second drive is a good idea. Its fee is the 62000 simply because it has more memory.

Hard drives – and, indeed, external disk drives – are another sore point. Commodore don't make a hard drive for the Amiga A500 so you have no choice but to seek elsewhere. Try Precision on 01-2207198. They distribute the Sanyo hard drive which costs 099-00 and has

20 megabytes of storage. Probably the cheapest 20 megabyte hard drive for the ST is the one offered by Intec Systems (041-444 8916). Big Deal. Cost is £249. Look around for external drives, it should be possible to put one up for a sprinkling under £100. ■

## FUTURE FORMATS

It looks certain that Commodore will release two new Amiga machines within the year. The first is the 62000 which is effectively seen as an expanded 63000 with 68020 processor (rather than the 68000), optional ST or Unix plug-in board and a more powerful graphics chip. The 62000 will be a souped-up 62000 with a 68000 processor. Given how fit the 68000 machine could be compared 10 times faster than current Amigas. Its price is yet, but you can bet they will cost

hundreds of pounds more than the A2000.

Perfection Hardware of Cambridge – best known for their work on the Alan Ayton transputer-based machine – are currently prototyping an ST lacking computer. Although little is known about the machine, rumours have it that it will be available around Christmas priced at under £600. Also at Atari's bid is a 10400STM which, logically, will have a modulator included.

## STORMY WEATHER

After meeting Commodore under a black sky, there was nothing left for me to do than "I can't say I'm a fan of Commodore's marketing strategy from when Commodore was a President of the company now, let me say that I'm a fan of Commodore's marketing strategy. It's just what the company does, and it's what it does well at.





### Left, no right

Who stole the whole computer world by to beat the ST and Amiga as pure games machines. They're so much more than this, with fast high-resolution graphics, superb sound systems and fast processors. There is now plenty of circuit software available which just goes to prove that they make ideal business machines. Don't forget them in the leisure playground, bring them into the office where they belong.

**B.B. Hess**  
London Centre for Hand Work

■ Couldn't agree more

### Right, no left

It's a everybody trying to beat the Amiga and ST into business. It's so obvious they were built to play games with their high-resolution graphics, superb sound systems and fast processors. There are masses of high quality games out there which prove that at last the micro's potential is being realised.

**Joy Black**  
Preston Road Playgroup Assoc

■ Couldn't agree more

### Moving files

How can I transfer files between my 1600ST and the IBM PC at work. The IBM is fitted with an internal ST drive (as are also exchange data with PC laptops) and will take an ST disk, but the PC comes up with a "General failure error".

**A.H. Tappin**  
Oswestry, Shropshire

■ You've obviously tried to run the ST disk directly and nearly cracked the problem yourself. If you'd tried transferring data from the PC on a disk formatted on the PC (720K drive, not the high density 1.44M variety) you would have found that the ST can read and write to it without problems. As long as the transfer disk is formatted on the PC, both machines should be able to share data.

The alternative route would be to transfer data via the serial ports of each micro. Contact the two

# FORMAT LETTERS

Totally genuine comments, questions and cat-calls on all aspects of the ST/Amiga scene.

with a 'real master' base (not one designed for a serial printer) and run a system package such as Xerox (versions are available for both micros) from main Public Domain libraries. Watch up the local rates, party and number of data and stop bits and away you go. The same serial technique can be used between the ST or Amiga and most other micros.

### Wrong mag

I've been reading *Magazine Tapes* for the last part of 10 years now and take strong exception to your recent feature on fertility testing. It's commonly known that the ovulatory cycle of Tapes is easily predictable with an instrument no more sophisticated than a clinical thermometer. Perhaps Mr Trumper should consider this book before the ground is put before making such rash statements as those in his article.

**L.E. Reid**  
Dares, Leics.

■ It's worth pointing out that ST/Amiga Format is designed to cover all hardware and software available for the Atari ST and Commodore Amiga micros, and can boast very little expertise in the area of Tapes (unless you have any problems directly concerned with the use of either of the above micro-computers we'd be only to happy to hear of them from you again. As it is, we feel your present letter would be better directed to a nature journal, though you are of course right about the ovulatory cycle.

### Software shortage

Why is it that the ST has much more software for it than the Amiga, which is so obviously a superior machine. There are at least three titles available for the ST for every one on the Amiga. Is this:

**S.T. Grant**  
Preston

■ *Format* doesn't really come into it. It's all down to market forces. In Britain and most of the rest of Europe, the ST was launched at a much lower price point than the Amiga 1000 and has since in a year's start before the Amiga was released as a competitor. Software houses started to write for the ST soon after its launch and have continued to regularly release new games or conversions in this format. The Amiga market is still somewhat 'behind' this, as have Amiga fans said. The situation is changing all the time, though, and

more titles are released simultaneously in both formats. There's also a lot more software imported from the US, as the Amiga has a much stronger market than the ST over there.

It's not really in the business of arguing which of the two machines is the better. They both have their strengths and weaknesses and it's pointless trying to pit one against the other. ST/Amiga Format intends as far as possible to maintain a balanced mix of features and reviews for the two machines.



### NAME CLEVER DISKS

OK, so the letters on this page aren't genuine. The spotted it but don't see it as being a spoiler. Rather than fill this page with letters from other mags which happen to be lying around the floor, we thought we'd put together a sample collection of 'would-be' letters to ST/Amiga Format. We don't really want to do the same thing next month, though, so please write to us with any comments on the ST and Amiga scene, ST/Amiga Format or any other relevant aspect of micro-computing. Technical questions are also welcome. We want to read your opinions and problems, and will publish the most interesting (or controversial) in our pages.

Send your letters to: *Format Letters*, ST/Amiga Format, 4 Queen Street, Bethnal Green, E2 8JF.



# SUPERBASE PROFESSIONAL

Much heralded as a 'serious' application for ST and Amiga, Superbase Professional claims to provide a true relational database with a dBase style programming language. Simon Williams gets caught up with mice and dongles.

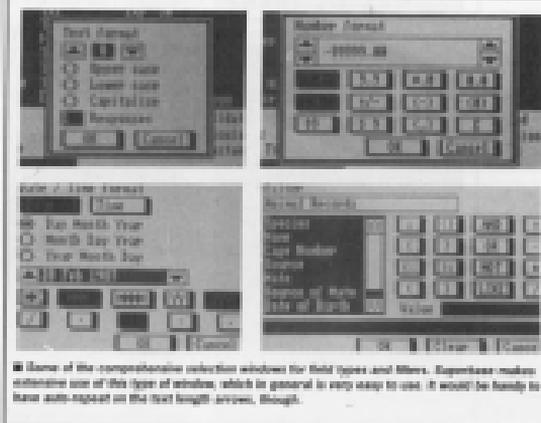
Amiga and ST ■ £249.95 ■ Precision Software, 8 Park Terrace, Worcester Park, Surrey KT4 7JZ ■ 01-835 7180

Since their launch onto the retro scene, both ST and Amiga have been thought of verily as games machines, graphics and sound manipulators and good home computers. Certainly there were a few word processors for each but they were still lacking the 'serious' programs which would earn them recognition as worthwhile business machines. One of the first such programs was Superbase Personal, a window-oriented relational database with cassette-recorder controls (insofar as if you want to be busy about it) and a wide range of 'user-user' functions. Precision Software's latest release, Superbase Professional, builds on this idea by adding a powerful form editor and a programming language for building your own applications.

## What's in the box?

Superbase Professional comes in a grey slipcase containing disks, two manuals and, in the Amiga version only, a small plastic 'dongle' which has to be plugged into the joystick port before the program will work. The manuals are fat, ring-bound affairs, well presented and with plenty of screen shots for illustration.

The first volume covers the basic features, essentially those of Superbase Personal, and has good tutorial sections on file creation, report generation and printing, and plenty of reference material. The second volume covers the additional features of the Professional version of the product, with details of the programming language and forms editor. The programming language is given much the same coverage as a BASIC reference manual gives BASIC and there is no illustration



■ Some of the comprehensive selection windows for field types and filters. Superbase makes extensive use of this type of window, which is generally in very easy to use. It would be handy to have data repeat on the text length arrows, though.

tutorial material on program writing. This may be OK with BASIC, where there are plenty of third party books on programming, but a specialist language like this does require guidance from the authors. The occasional program fragment is not really enough.

## Forms, records and tables

As with any database manager, the first thing you have to do is define your file structure. In Superbase this means selecting the New File option from the Project menu. After giving the file a name and optional password the main field window

## DONGLES

Software protection is a thorny problem, with software companies wanting to protect their investment and software users wanting as little hindrance as possible in using their purchases. Large companies and general market resistance have virtually ended software protection on serious PC software and it's worrying that Precision still feel they need to protect the Amiga version of Superbase with a dongle, especially when the ST version doesn't have one.

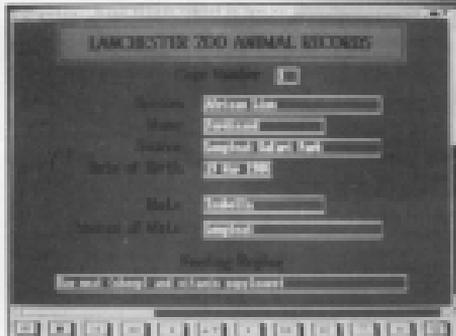
The Superbase Amiga dongle is a small, sealed unit which plugs into the second joystick port. Without it the program won't run and dangles you unconsciously back at the workbench. While ST Amiga format deplores the illegal copying of software, we also stand by those users who expect to be able to win and lose the software for which they have paid good money without the inconvenience of dongles and other protection devices.

## I SAY, I SAY

On the Amiga environment more attention is taken of the opportunity by the day system. Various extensions to the system programmer, which attempt through the existing software systems. If the programmer instead in reports, if there were more regional connections instead direct commands on if the speech synthesizer could be used in other parts of the program, there would be more advantages to be gained by a portable system. As this, the day system will have more than a growth.



■ Check you've defined the fields in your file. Form view lets you rearrange them on the screen and group them together for readability. If you want more sophisticated formatting facilities though...



■ ...you have to go to the Form Editor, which lets you add colour, boxes, lines and graphics to the screen and include fields from more than one file.



■ The split-screen program editor lets you see your record and a program segment at the same time. Full text editing facilities are available and, as you'd expect, line numbers are not in evidence.

comes up and it's then just a question of naming fields and deciding on their types. However sophisticated your database program there's no real alternative to planning out your record on paper before entering figures into your memo. Plan the overall shape of the screen display, where you want different fields to appear and which ones should be grouped together. Make sure you've got the lengths of each field right.

Superbase is more forgiving in this area than most databases as you can return to the fully windowed at any time and change the size or type of a field. You can also change the format of the record itself in the Forms View mode, one of three optional display formats available for any file. You simply click on the field you want to move and drag it to its new position. To complete a file definition you have to specify at least one of the fields as a key by which Superbase can sort its records into order.

Once the file is defined, a blank record is displayed in Record View. This simply shows down the left hand side of the screen all the fields listed in the order they were created. The alternative view is the Form View, where you can position fields in any order and in any position you like on the screen, and fields View where each record takes up one line of the display and you can scroll sideways to see all the fields. Fields can be alternated at any time, but new records are always added in Form or Record view and the format shifts automatically. Entries are formatted according to the attributes you set up when defining the file, so for instance you can enter a date as 21.5.88 and it will be automatically reformatted to 21 June 1988, if that is the specified format for the field.

With a few records entered into your file you can start using the control panel. This is the line of buttons at the bottom of the screen which have been designed to mimic the operation of a cassette deck control panel. You can move forward or back a record at a time, or flip through records on 'fast forward' or 'rewind'. You can also change the file's key field, filter records for particular information or call up an auxiliary external file to import graphics or extra text.

Superbase includes a text editor designed for putting together the form letters and resembles most closely with a mail merger, which is also included. Both work well and for simple applications should mean that you can do without a word processor.

## JARGON JUNGLE

If you have trouble with some of the terms used in this column think of the meaning of a word like that of some cards. The face itself is broken up as the word individual-card is shown and a simple piece of information like examples is written on some cards in a field.

## A good relationship

Superbase claims to be a relational database, which means you can call up fields from one file while working on another. The advantage of this is that you can economise on disk space by only storing each field once. You could, for instance, call up coverings from a finance database against the part numbers in a stock file, or even store details of the animals in a zoo and call up feeding information from a separate file for each animal in turn. Superbase Personal, the original product on which the Professional version is based, can only make these relational links using its query language. The newer product takes this idea a step further with its forms editor which can continuously display fields from many different files on the same screen.

Query is a way of filtering out records which don't match a particular set of rules, using if you can create a sub-set of the records in your file, which you can then display or print out. It is an address list, for example, you might want to pull out records of all people living in a particular area, aged under 26, who own a pet. You could then mail them with details of your latest animal stocklist and expect to get a good response.

Query reports can be very useful and are easy to generate. They also enable information from other files to be brought into the report by specifying 'joins' between fields. You can direct the output of the report to the screen, to a printer or to a disk file. Query is the relational bit of Superbase Personal, which is fine for reports, but it would be much more handy if you could call fields from different files into a standard screen display. You can do this in the Professional version of the program using the Forms editor.

The Forms editor is like an expanded version of Form View, though much more versatile and containing many of the features of a painting package. You can use it to pull together fields from different files and to combine them on screen with lines, boxes and logos. The finished form can be displayed in a selection of colours and can be up to three pages (88 columns by 66 lines) in length. On the Amiga you can choose 4, 8 or 16 colour screens, with a proportional increase in the display memory used.

For instance, in the eye feeding example outlined earlier, the feedbills used to feed each animal

could be given a series of numbers which are used within the Animal Record and Animal Feed files to link them together. The feeds can then be called up via the form to save entering the feeding regime for each animal individually.

## Professional perk

The other innovations included in the Professional version of Superbase is the DML, or Database Management Language. This is a BASIC-like language especially geared to creating customised database applications. It starts with all the variables, arrays, and control structures you would expect to have in a programming language and then goes on to major in file handling and control of Superbase from within. You can substitute just about any procedure that you can perform manually through Superbase and can assign short programs (up to 256 characters) to the function keys.

The main use of the programming facility is to tailor the system to your own specific application. You can use it to refine the works of a database and at the highest level you can even redefine



the beginner can ease herself or herself into it comparatively painlessly. Considering that the language is largely for tailoring a personal copy of the program to a specific need and doesn't really open the doors to commercial program development, the asking price seems a bit steep, and most users will still be quite happy with the services of Superbase Personal at 298. It would also be reasonable

## STRANGE BUT TRUE

Taking off animals, too simple from that? Some reducing measures and the only animals other than humans that can suffer from depression are horses. If you keep one, feed it plenty of fruit and grains, regardless of what the

## MAKING SPACE

On an Amiga 500 you have only about 100K space for files. So you may want to put back on the contents of your RAM disk. One possible option is to back up space in the image to a hard or even another Amiga. Superbase, making it hard to use the control panel.

## VERSION TO VERSION

Superbase is available for both ST and Amiga. The Amiga version is written under Interleaf's AMP interface used by the Workbench while the ST version works through GEM. The two are sufficiently similar that the same manuals are usable for both systems, with occasional highlighting of differences. The main practical differences are the extra screen modes in the Amiga version, which allow most colours in forms if you have the

memory, and use of the speech synthesizer on records or from the DML.

The differing graphics systems of the two machines are also catered for by compatibility with Degas, Resochrome and MAC files on the ST and RT files on the Amiga. Differences in keyboard layouts and key names mean that certain operations described in the manual have alternatives or replacements on the ST.

the pull-down menus to contain only the commands you want. What it isn't capable of doing is writing stand alone databases which you can market independently of Superbase. In that sense it isn't a rival for a product such as dBase PC, but then that version of dBase isn't yet available on either ST or Amiga. A minor annoyance is that you can't create a field within Superbase with the same name as any keyword in the DML. An odd restriction in a modern language.

## And for you?

Without doubt Superbase is a powerful and very complete database management system. Because of this power it can also appear complex in use, but Precision have sensibly confined off the more esoteric parts such as the programming language, so that

to argue that a Forms Editor of the type now included should really be standard equipment in a modern micro database.

## for

- Very full featured database
- Users graphics interface need
- Allows structural changes at any stage
- Can display pictures with data

## against

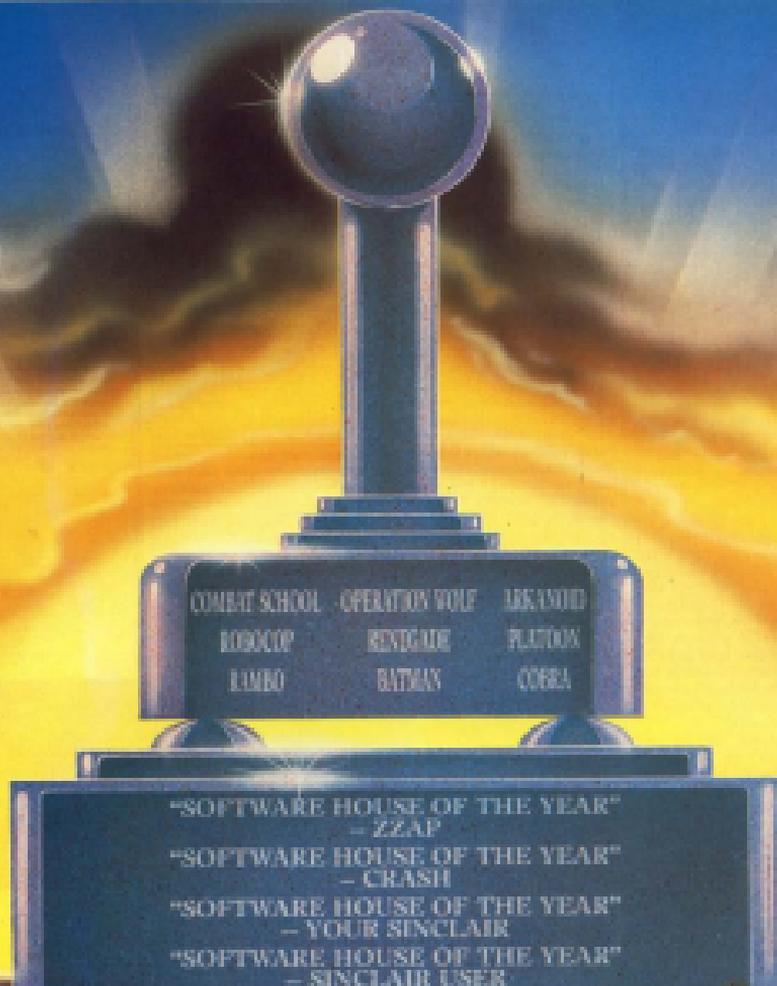
- Tight on space in a half Mbyte machine
- Dangle on Amiga version

## features



## format value





COMBAT SCHOOL    OPERATION VOICE    URSANOID  
LOGOCOP    KENTGADE    PLATON  
LIMBO    BATMAN    COBRA

"SOFTWARE HOUSE OF THE YEAR"  
- ZZAP  
"SOFTWARE HOUSE OF THE YEAR"  
- CRASH  
"SOFTWARE HOUSE OF THE YEAR"  
- YOUR SINCLAIR  
"SOFTWARE HOUSE OF THE YEAR"  
- SINCLAIR USER

## AN INVITATION TO JOIN THE BEST

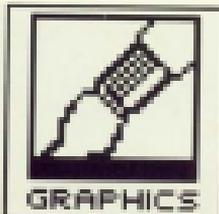
- You* could be part of the team that creates the blockbusters.
- You* could be part of the program development force which has won commendations and acclaim from the computer industry.
- You* could be the name featured and revered as creator in the national reviews.
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# OVER THE RAINBOW

If you thought the spectrum was made up of only seven colours, we've news for you. It's 64 with *Photon Paint* on the Amiga and a brilliant 512 in the ST's *Spectrum 512*. Matthew Gales and Oliver Shepley dip their electronic brushes.

## SPECTRUM 512

ST Only. Requires colour monitor.

£59.95 ■ Electric Software/Antic ■ 0954 61258

**A** s I sat, from the ever-expanding and more confusing ranks of ST art packages comes one which seems to have a legitimate claim to the coveted title of 'ultimate' art package. *Spectrum 512* is the first ST art package to be able to display all 512 colours on screen at once.

### Getting in Sync

Displaying all 512 colours at once makes heavy demands on the ST's video chip, and so such a test program correctly synchronizes them at switch-on. *Spectrum 512* will only run in low resolution, and automatically selects that mode when run. The main workspace appears as a menu bar at the top and one of three colour palettes in the side borders. The menu bar, which can be hidden with a click of the right mouse button, includes the standard icons found in other art packages: Save, Line, Circle, Arrow, Brush, Fill, Magnify, Erase and Load & Save.

Although all are fairly common among art packages, *Spectrum 512* has a good few extras which differentiate it from the rest. Because there are so many available colours, the package uses three palettes instead of the usual one. The GUS (on palette) allows you to create your own selection of colours for use in a painting. You can save this palette to disk. The FIDALING palette automatically calculates the 65 colours nearest to the one you're currently using, so you have a good range to tinting and subtle shading. The palette is updated each time you select a new colour. The third palette is Filled and shows a particular range of colours which you have selected is useful.

NO ZAG is a particularly impressive feature. Used in conjunction with the line or cross functions it smooths lines so they appear to be seamless as opposed

to the straight jagged lines formed by only using one colour to build up the shape. NO ZAG works by building up shades of the original colour and blending them with the background, so effectively forming a smooth transition.

The ANTI-ALIASER is a classic, and far superior, version of the smear command found in packages such as the 16 colour Digital Arts. It has three distinct parts: The anti-aliaser tool which works in a similar way to NO ZAG, but smooths off the edges in a pre-defined area; the Mirror which acts in a more exaggerated way, and does

indeed blur objects round the edges, and lastly the contrast, usually the opposite of the other two functions, which increases the contrast between adjacent pixels and changes the image. These functions can either be used within a pre-defined square block area (up to the size of the full screen) or with a brush on small selected areas. The degree to which they work, and accordingly the time they take, can be set on a scale of 1 to 9.

[YOU] works with the brush or air-brush, automatically changing the colour as you draw and working through all the



■ Creating smoothly lined colours is easy in *Spectrum 512*.



colours present in the custom palette.

BUGS has all the usual functions for manipulating areas of the screen. Cut, Paste, Resize and Flip enable you to move parts of your picture around the screen, altering their dimensions and orientations. Blocks can be moved into a buffer which can hold several screens or a basic 512 512 or hi-res screen or a 1024 512. Blocks can also be loaded or saved (but this is by no means all the block features can do) hidden in the depths of the block function is the most powerful feature on any art package - ST or Amiga.

OPACITY/FILL is used to smooth fill an area with colours emanating from two or more base colours. Given the

number of colours available, the result is an area of incredibly smoothly graduated colour. First results may be a little flat and dull, but with practice it is possible to predict and control the final result. Using gradient fill on large areas can be a very lengthy process, sometimes taking over 30 minutes to complete.

### Conclusions

512 colours on screen has to be great, and Spectrum 512 is one of only two packages to offer this feature as present on the ST. A direct comparison of pictures created with Spectrum 512 and other leading art packages shows that the others really can't compete. When it comes to the crunch this must be the most important consideration and Spectrum 512 is a clear winner. There are a few niggling problems, though the program makes quite ingenious alterations each time you change the job colour and when using some other functions. This can be rather annoying at times. Far more important, though, is the omission of features which are normally considered standard in ST art packages.

Firstly there is no way of seeing text in pictures. This came as a great surprise, as it imposes quite a limitation. Secondly there is no way to define an irregularly shaped block (ie. a general polygon draw-and-fill routine), and thirdly there's no gradient, or set positioning of bars on the screen. These omissions are all the more surprising when you look at the sophistication of some of Spectrum 512's features. It gives the impression that the designers of Spectrum 512 went all out for innovation and in doing so missed out the intermediate functions. This is by no means a condemnation, as Spectrum 512 is a competent, easy to use art package which with a little practice can be used to create spectacular artwork. Its ability to load other picture file formats - Degas, Neochrome and even Amiga PIF files, if you can find some way of getting them onto your ST disk, is a definite plus. It's a pity other screen resolutions



can't be used, but this is not a major problem.

This type of art package represents a significant advance in ST art and there are sure to be many more like it in the future.

### BEST OF THE REST - ST

While Spectrum 512 offers the greatest colour range available to 32001 owners, owners of ST's with larger memories may feel themselves being drawn towards Quantum Paint, which boasts a massive 4096 colours on machines of over 1. Mops and a free-arming, but still respectable 129 colours on the half megabyte ST's. What makes this package more amusing in its price - at £25, Quantum Paint offers power and economy to the budding artist. Its power is hard to beat, even for Spectrum 512.

If popularity is any indicator of quality, Degas 512 must be one of the best art packages around. When you use it you can use only Degas works in all of three screen resolutions, and is packed with features which all go towards making computer art as painless as possible. If you are looking for versatility and ease of use at a once and for all price among the budget art packages, latter a second reduction, Degas 512 should be on your short list.

For those who are only interested in more pictures, there are a number of packages worth a second look. One recent one is Grafik from Black Soft. Purely on number of features offered, it would seem to challenge the might of Degas and other more expensive packages. Grafik is priced at around £17.

Finally, if you find yourself at a state of complete bewilderment, know little about computer art, or are not even sure if it will cut you, then do not despair before spending wads of money on an art package. Here is one in the public domain catalogue. You'll find various versions of Atari's Neochrome program (one of which may well have been bundled with your ST) and Neochrome itself offers a good start into computer graphics. Later versions offer functions that many expensive art packages omit - animation for instance! There are also other PD art packages, some of which come from higher educational establishments - they may be the results of experimental research and are often well worth checking out.

#### features



#### performance



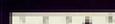
#### ease of use



#### accuracy



#### format verdict



## Spectrum 512 for

- 512 colours on screen at once
- Variety of good anti-aliasing methods for smooth edges
- 'Gradient fill' gives subtle shading
- Can't work on two or more screens at once, even on a bit!

### against

- Can't directly type text onto images
- Lacks polygon drawing and grid locking



■ Spectrum 512 showing its multi-coloured splendors.



■ With a little skill, a digitiser, an interesting face and Spectrum 612 all things are possible!

## ■ TWICE AS GOOD

There is a small secret to the way the Amiga's built-in mode generator which makes it better in one respect at the same time better in another than one pixel using the hardware helps reduce the colour resolution on the screen. The problem is a feature of the video chip.

## ■ FOR THE FAINT-HEARTED

Restoring computer text is one thing, restoring graphics is quite another. Simply and easily opening, saving, printing.

While in the standard 70 and 80-line modes in the USA, the video base hardware does not exceed that used by the European system, so specially formatted international programs often have a hard 'field error' at the bottom of the Amiga's screen format. This is the European 70 and 80-line standard, is a higher quality than 80-line.

Overlays is a technique to accurately mark pixels into the screen then separately to crop the normally blank top, bottom, left and right margins.

Overlays is a technique to divide the normal resolution of a screen by halving or the parts. On the Amiga you must use a special tag system, some graphics modes, the standard monitor shows clearly.

Anti-aliasing is a technique to reduce the jagged edges between what images are drawn in pixels of pixels. This is done by using a special colour dithering to fill your eye into seeing a smooth edge.

## PHOTON PAINT

Amiga only

£68.99 ■ Activision/MicroIllusions

■ 0933 76768

**T**here is one aspect of the Amiga's graphics that angles it out from other recent releases, the so-called HAM display mode. Hal and Melt, as it is in fact, is a means of ensuring each separate pixel of a screen can hold a colour of its own without altering any other pixel on the screen. This technique allows for 4096 colours (something ST owners can only dream about). A heavy Amiga with 512K of RAM can display this mode at 1 only takes up about 60 or 70K.

To date, this facility has been slow and painful with few packages showing any real achievements in handling HAM images. A package not to change at that is Photon Paint from MicroIllusions. It has a load of features missing from the likes of DigPaint, and now the

acknowledged leader.

The first thing you notice about Photon Paint is the colour palette - it shows 64 colours as opposed to the normal 30. This palette is comprised of 30 base colours and 30 HAM colours. The base colour set is exactly the same way as conventional art package palettes like Deluxe Paint, but the other 30 may be selected from the theoretical maximum of 2.2 million different colours available on the Amiga.

## Drawing the line

The colour palette is just one item in the tool selector window, which also includes the basic art tools: Clone, Line, Rectangle, Circle, Ellipse, Quick Freehand, Arrow, Fill, Brush,

## GET IT OUT

Now that you know about the various ways of getting a respectable image into a computer, how do you get hard copies of your masterpiece?

The best true way to reproduce a colour screen is by photography. You must have a camera which allows you to set the shutter speed, which most 35mm SLR cameras do. Because the display is a video screen displaying 50 frames a second, you must use a slow shutter speed to avoid strobe lines (causing the screen refresh in mid scene). Experience shows that shutter speeds of 1/8 or 1/4 of a second work best. Experiment with a variety of aperture settings. Slide film tends to give finer colours than print film, especially if you use a cheap 35-film developing shop.

An alternative is to use a colour printer. The need for colour printing requires a few breeds of printers from standard dot matrix ones, namely the thermal transfer printer. These printers use heat instead of hammer's to print the required information onto the paper. Therefore, they are relatively quiet in operation. The Okidata 30 printer retails for about £1150 and produces very good quality prints for the price. An alternative to the above is a little over £200 is the Star LC10, which also does poor black text printing very efficiently.

#### THE ARTIST AT WORK

To put Photon Paint to the test, and to see if it could load 32-colour digital pictures as created by the "best" picture, here's how it was done:

■ The master head was taken from a Budget 35 shot and desaturated in the 16-bit mode of Photon Paint (120x800). The final image, cleaned up, was saved to disk.

■ High-View was used to colour the head in 32 colours. The result was again saved to disk.

■ The 32-colour-head was loaded into Deluxe Paint II. The ground of reality was created using high anti-aliasing techniques (with Photon Paint tools) and the 80 screen pixels. This "ground" was saved to disk as a brush.

■ Working again in Photon Paint, the ground sky and green ground were created using gradient fill. The head ground was then loaded as a brush and painted down in the appropriate place. The final large head was then loaded in the same place twice to give it the appearance of glass. The whole picture took 25 minutes to create.

Magnify, Undo and Redo. Most of these tool names are self-explanatory. Though perhaps perhaps needs a little note. It takes a group of pixels around the cursor pointer position, finds the colour which has been used most in that area and draws a 160x160 rectangle in that colour. This process can be used to produce a mosaic effect with a starting size of between 3 and 16 pixels. The Magnify function creates a new edit window, which can be resized and has gadgets for zooming in or out, selecting a new work area and jumping

from minimum to maximum zoom.

The File menu offers options for selecting the data colour and remapping the picture (that is, redrawing it with the new palette) as well as the obvious functions for loading and saving pictures. You can also create a spare screen, even an AMIB. The Preferences menu includes a Screen Mode option which brings up a scrolling bitmap selector from the bottom of the screen (a neat touch) and allows for NTSC, PAL, Overseas and Interface displays. Overseas in PAL mode is two

edges to edge video - very effective. Other options from this menu allow for various screen adjustments, as well as for a mouse speed controller, which is other of garbage inboxes.

The Brush menu is probably the best part of Photon Paint. It lets you load and save brush definitions from disk, switch it from opaque to transparent and mirror the colours in its objects. Not impressed? Well, so early on - the power of Photon Paint comes from the bottom half of the menu options. There are options to load the brush into an arbitrary shape, to fit it in 3D (only effective), bend it and turn "Wrap On". This function displays a side menu which maps the present brush onto a cube, cone, ball, ellipse, cube, circle with the brush showing on all 3 faces, or a free-hand shape. This freehand option can create weird effects - you draw one half of the brush's new shape outline in a box and the computer calculates the rest. All of these functions take a while to calculate and a counter is displayed in the tool window to show you how things are progressing. There is one last feature in the brush menu - LUM, which provides primitive lighting.

#### GET IT IN

Other than drawing every image you could from scratch, most serious computer and fast-digitalists very useful items. A digitiser is a piece of equipment used to capture an image from a video source like a camera or a video recorder and turn it into a series of pixels which your computer can display and edit.

Digitisers: £700-95, Amiga-only. Resolution: a range of all producing scanned pictures in all of the Amiga's graphics resolutions. The image may then be made into black and white, negative or colour (separate line images), and the colour palette of 32 colours may be reduced to 16, 4 or 1 colour. The calculation of shading is extremely good and, for example, the well-known picture of King Mid may be reduced to 8 colours with little noticeable degradation of image. ROM owners are restricted to 120x200 and

640x400 (black and white scans only).

588 (£249.99, ST only, Silicon Software) is only capable of making fast grey-scale scans of an incoming video image. It is so fast that you can play a video tape into it and it will pick up each frame from the tape perfectly. The 526 ST can load 18 pictures in memory at any one time. 5040 ST owners can save 25 (about 3 seconds' worth of animation) and Mega ST owners can store between 50 and 300. The software that accompanies the digitiser can create line frame animation and time-lapse photographs.

These days the Amiga is creating something of a specialist market for itself in video editing, so it's a better bet than the ST for serious video artists. ST AmigaFormat will be covering the video market in more detail at a later date.

#### Show but sure

Text in a wide variety of styles can be loaded from any standard Amiga font





#### SOFTWARE



with foreground color



to start off again



reverses colors



#### format verdict



## Photon Paint for

- Palette of 4096 colours and 1024 quality
- 10000 to-can be "wrapped" around images
- Shows all colour gradients can be generated
- Works in 16- and 24-bit, and operators made guess big picture sizes

### against

- Light mouse ray tracing sounds useful but not powerful enough
- Hard to change colours once chosen

file, and the Blend menu provides more valuable options. From here you can select solid colour fills or add or subtract colour from other sections already in the picture. The Blend option itself is very powerful, offering gradient fills and showing the way in which most other functions work. Set brings up another file screen which lets you load up gradient fills from left to dark and back again. The Set function lets you fade colours in varying amounts up and across the screen, which can be used to produce some exciting effects.

With all these features, it is easy to forget what the package was actually intended for - creating stunning art pictures people like. Well, that aim certainly is met and the program - about a little

size at times - really does show off the graphical capabilities of the Amiga to the full.

### Does Photon shine?

The obvious comparison that will be made is between Photon Paint and Deluxe Paint 3, and there are definite omissions from Photon Paint. In particular, Photon Paint provides no Anti-aliasing techniques and there is no way to create a tiled background as seen in the composite-test picture printed here (it couldn't have been easily created that either Photon Paint). Another problem is that once you have painted a colour onto the screen, it is very hard to change other than by remapping the entire picture with a



■ Photon Paint showing off its capabilities with a magical display

#### RAY TRACING

This is the technique used to create those spectacular images of interlocking and transparent spheres that you've just "roughed-in" to make the object look more realistic. The art program creates pictures from highlights and reflections, simulates light sources and predicts how the light will fall on every object (with pictures by drawing raytracing lines and testing them as they pass through the scene).

#### BEST OF THE REST - AMIGA

As programmers develop and overcome their initial panic when faced with the Amiga's "fronzo" RAMP programming environment, so art packages have become very powerful.

Deluxe Paint, which used to be bundled with the ROM, is one of the all-time classics and few art packages can be as easy to use as this masterpiece of programming. The most complicated part is learning how to use brushes and high resolution graphics modes, which are offered with the standard palette of 16 or 256 colours from the CG.

Another classic is Aegis Images (now being bundled with Aegis-Format). This program provides more advanced features than Deluxe Paint and has therefore created a genre of artists tuned to its capabilities. Deluxe Paint II is probably the best art package on the Amiga, having the extra features of Photon Paint so reviewed this month. Every imaginable feature is on offer and the program retains the look and easy use of the original Deluxe Paint. The program provides very good anti-

aliasing, and the results can be very good.

The first package to break out of the 32 colour cage was Express Paint which offered 64 colours on the screen by a trick the Amiga has a special graphics mode called Half-Brite where, as the name suggests, each primary colour within the 32 colour palette has a twin, but half as bright. Express Paint also has impressive text handling techniques which allow text to be imported easily and moved around pictures and into custom shapes.

The final, and most impressive leap for Amiga art is the arrival of the RAMP paint packages. From the first of these packages, appeared about two years ago. Soon after that came Digi-Paint. This is a rather simple program and to some extent is the game that Photon Paint. Digi-Paint features particularly good shading - it is possible to make a sphere from a circle that actually looks like a solid 3D object with proper highlights and reflections. Among the PG art programs are the imaginatively named Paint on PD Fish disk 128.

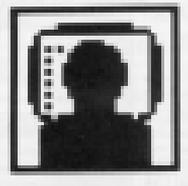
new points, but that can lead to strange colours appearing in other parts.

There are no real complaints about the features that are included - there are certainly enough of them, but an art program that applies to excellence is severely limited without a good anti-aliaser.

The ray tracing LUM function is extremely limited, and is best left alone. The manual did explain that it only works with the Wrap On function, but surely it would be better to make it work on all of the brush functions.

With these features though, and after a little practice with the package it's hard to go back to lesser programs like Deluxe Paint 3. Overall, Photon Paint far exceeds any other art package available for any other home computer in terms of the results achievable with a little expertise. With care the finished result can look like a digitised photo. ■





# GOLD DUST

**Steve Gold, electronic mole extraordinaire, sniffs out the news behind the news on both sides of the Atlantic.**

**A**t the May Comdex show in Atlanta, USA, the net has been buzzing on the Amiga front with the unveiling of a 68000 accelerator card for the A2000, as well as a variety of early university's favorite operating system, Unix, for the machine. Commodore US has also confirmed the development of an 80386 card for the A2000, plus a very high resolution monochrome monitor for the Amiga range.

That's the good news. The bad news for Amiga and Unix fans is that Amiga Unix applications will not run concurrently with standard AmigaDOS applications software. Commodore has said, however, that

if Motorola 68000 chips don't take your fancy, then how about a lesser powered 68010 coprocessor board? Commodore has confirmed the development of just such an IBM PC-AT compatible board, as well as the much-sought (but never seen) 68009-based coprocessor card for the A2000.

## Monitoring progress

All that processor power doesn't deserve to go undisplayed, so Commodore also unveiled their Model 2024 high resolution monochrome monitor for the Amiga. The monitor can be connected to a

**ST AND AMIGA ON-LINE**  
In the world of modems and terminals, Commodore has now branched to ST and Amiga terminals.

Unlike the Commodore 64, the ST and Amiga computers do not require a special modem with onboard software. Instead, users of the ST or Amiga can use any Hayes-compatible modem, but require the special Commodore terminal-handling software at £29.95. A package deal for both modems, including software, a free month's usage of CompuLink and a Price Limit modem, is available at £125.00 (plus VAT). Subsequently, Commodore will send you between £9.00 and £15.00 per month.

■ Commodore Telecommunications Limited, Stratford Business Centre, Stratford Road, Farnham, Middlesex, UB8 3JL. (01-927-2581)



■ The baby Amiga 500 - 1MB version with enhanced graphics (see page 7)

if the A2000 is equipped with an 80386 coprocessor board, then Dos and Unix applications can run concurrently on-screen.

The reason for this strange anomaly is that the Amiga Unix environment requires the exclusive use of the A2000's 68000 microprocessor. The Dos applications meanwhile, run quite happily (and independently) on the 68010-based coprocessor card.

Of course, if it's speed you're after, then the 68009-based accelerator card comes equipped with its own memory management unit and can support up to 20MB of its own RAM.

1MB Amiga and supports a resolution of 1024 by 800 pixels with 2 bit planes.

Existing Amiga owners needn't despair either, as Commodore has also confirmed that it's working on a new resolution-enhancing chip set. This is reported to be pin-compatible with existing chip sets and will allow Amiga users to double the amount of video RAM in their machines. This would in turn allow a new enhanced resolution of 1024 by 800 pixels - even in the baby Amiga V10s.

Pricing and firm delivery dates on all these new goodies has not been announced on either side of

the Atlantic, but a little bird tells us that they should be on show (and about certainly available) by the



■ Goldie - surprisingly candid

the UK. Personal Computer Show (formerly the PCW Show) comes around in September.

Hot rumors still surround the 'Baby Amiga' - the A400. This is still in line for a launch, say Commodore US contacts. It's expected to be a 1MB-equipped A500 (maybe called the 61000?) Plus! See How.

## ST laptop latest

Back in April, I bumped into Alan Reid (aka Goldie) at the Amiga Computer Show. I raised some interesting topics of information. Stay, the code codename of Atari's ST laptop, is coming very soon indeed - faster than anyone thought.

Goldie was surprisingly candid on the ST laptop. "We hope to have the laptop finished and on sale

before the end of the year," he said. "It all goes well, you could see it on sale around October/November time," he added.

Goldie remains open as to the subject of pricing, but the grapevine has it around the £700 price point. LCD screen resolution shouldn't pose any problems, said Goldie, claiming that with Atari's expertise any screen graphics problems should easily be solved.

And now on to the ST software front. Multi-tasking on the Atari ST, as seen on the Commodore Amiga, has been around for some time, but true concurrent running of 68k applications has yet to be seen. The reason for this is that 68k requires operating system control of the system - a task not possible for two or more packages to share at the same time.

Computer programmer Hank Hubbard (of Amiga Software) feels sad that he's about to solve the problem, thus putting the final ST's capabilities out to meet the Amiga.

"I've written a package to support ST applications software in a multi-tasking environment, and now I'm working on solving the OEM problem," Hubbard told me. "I believe I should have solved this problem very shortly," he added.

Hubbard hasn't priced his at yet (un-named) MYOS (multi-tasking operating system) for the ST. "I'll be making an announcement shortly," he said. "But I never intended to market it as a commercial package."







# GOLDEN GAMES

**L**et's start by introducing you to the man who's going to have the stressful job of testing out all these games - Andy Stone. Andy's a screenplay writer and filmmaker who's got his feet on the small screen. And who can blame him? Of course the games will be seen and played by at least two other people, so that the opinion of the game that we present is that of the whole magazine.

## THE REVIEWING SYSTEM

So what's so special about this reviewing system that you haven't seen it furnished times elsewhere? The revolutionary step we've taken is to dispense with the traditional review to concentrate on the most important features of an ST or Amiga game - its visual impact. By doing this we can much more easily explain exactly what happens in a game and make the most of those fabulous graphics at the same time.

For all the big games you'll be treated to a sequence of screenshots, accompanied by detailed, descriptive captioning, that take you through the game. In addition there will be test boxes in which we'll summarize areas of the game that can't be conveyed visually. You should find everything well explained when you flip over this page to our first game, *Interceptor*, but here's a quick run-down.

Welcome to the pages that are going to bring a whole new look to the ST and Amiga games scene. Every month we'll be providing in-depth coverage of all the big games in our own unique fashion. Once we've told you what we think are the hottest games around, we'll help you get more out of them with pokes and playing tips.

**Introduction** - Here you'll find all the relevant details of price, machine availability, any compatibility problems and control methods. The text following that box sets the scene for the game and covers all the relevant background information.

**Gameplay** - This scenario stuff is all very well, but what do you actually have to do? You'll find the answer to that question here.

**Graphics and sound** - You can see what the game looks like, but here we tell you just how good those graphics are in action and what the accompanying music and sound effects do for the action.

**Conclusion** - We've told you everything there is to tell about the game and now we're going to tell you whether we think that adds up to a great joystick experience. We'll be highlighting the game's most important points, that may make you love or hate it.

## THE RATINGS

**Best graphics** - This star reflects the quality of the background graphics, the screen presentation and any other static elements.



**Best graphics** - It may look OK in screenshots but what happens in those pretty graphics when they actually go into action? What's the scrolling like? Is the animation up to scratch? Does anything really slip away? These are the factors that determine this rating.

**Soundtrack** - There's no way a magazine can play you the music and sound effects, so this rating

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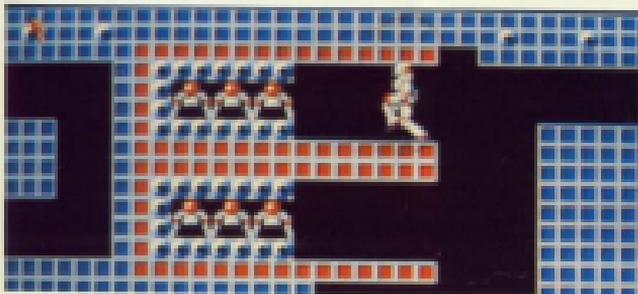
reflects their impact on the game and whether you'll want to see them again or give to the sea-stalls.

**lasting interest** - This tells you how long we reckon you'll be hooked. Is it a one-day wonder or will you be playing it for months to come?

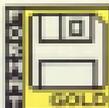
**Overall** - This takes into account all of the other ratings and reflects our general opinion - whether the game is actually worth shelling out hard earned cash for.

## SMALLER REVIEWS

We'll be giving our most detailed coverage for the big games, we've committed every gameplayer will want to add to their collection. Where games are covered in less detail, it doesn't reflect the time spent on them. Every game will be thoroughly tested so the ratings here give a fair and accurate opinion.



It's a killer that from *Thriller*, one of this month's top games.



# INTERCEPTOR

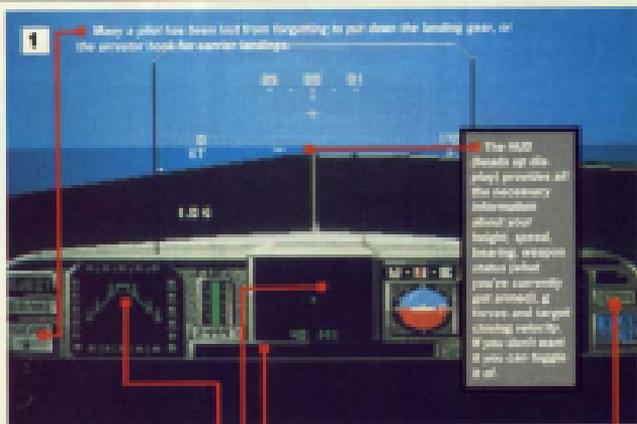
ELECTRONIC ARTS

Amiga — 024.05, Japanese on keys, any machine.

TV — no version planned.

**T**here are two things you can be sure of when dealing with Hornets: disturb a nest of them and you'll regret it, disturb an F-18 Hornet and you won't live to regret it. The F-18 is mis-named. In this combat simulator it's a cageid beast that roars to life in response to your controls.

The setting is San Francisco and the surrounding coastline. Here you can train and experiment with flying the internet amongst the bridges and skyscrapers, before tackling the hazardous combat missions. It's not a true flight simulator, but takes the best elements of a flight sim and turns them into an airborne adventure.



**1** Make a pilot has been fast from forgetting to put down the landing gear, or the screen took for carrier landings.

**The HUD**  
Keeps up the play provides all the necessary information about your height, speed, bearing, weapon status, what you're currently got armed, a threat and target status, etc. If you don't want it you can't fight it!

The message window gives information on a target's heading, speed and altitude — again invaluable in a fight. It also alerts you of incoming missiles, damage done to you and if you're about to crash.

The radar screen is invaluable during dogfights and for three resolutions: 2, 30 and 60 miles. It also colour codes identified craft to help you about down the right thing.

Four **ARMORs**, ten **Stealthers** and 570 rounds of cannon fire is your maximum armament. It may sound a lot but the opposition aren't usually sitting ducks. You can re-heat and re-arm at any of four bases including the carrier, but a stationary target is very inviting for an assault.

The **ECB** can be used to confuse or jettison an enemy missile attack. But it turns you into a beacon for the enemy to lock onto. More effective is dispensing chaff to confuse radar bearing missiles and hoses to draw your opponent's heading missiles.

## GAMEPLAY

Once you've familiarised yourself with the F-18's controls, which shouldn't take long, you can take her up for a spin. During training you can practice the manoeuvres that you'll need during combat. Like rolls, break turns, inverted flight and the split a. All you have to do them is manage a take-off and landing from the aircraft carrier to qualify for the combat missions. This shouldn't prove too difficult but penalties will appear and make life difficult if you take too long.

The instructions don't tell you about all the combat missions, and as in real life you'll find that the information and time given at the start of a mission aren't always accurate — so and think fast, you're judge, jury and executioner in the air.

The simplest mission is to assemble and identify a plane and then return to base. As with real missions you are instructed not to fire unless told open. As each mission is successfully completed you're allowed to progress on to the next — your personal flight log being updated at each time.



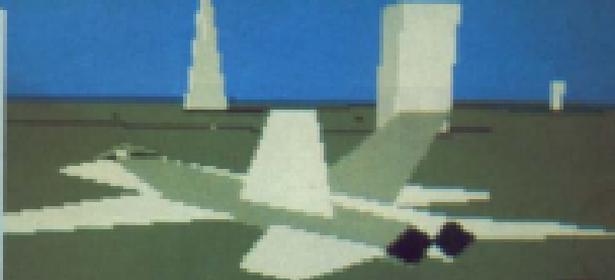
**2** This is the carrier you've searched from. It always faces to the north, so the landing approaches should be made from the south.



**3** Now you're up in the air with your instructor to practice a few aerial manoeuvres. You won't get marked on them but you'll need to be familiar with them if you're in trouble long in the air.



4 You've practiced enough and feel ready to take on a mission. It's a real tough one - saving the President's life. The map shows the position of Air Force One and a target. It can be referred to in flight to show you a wider area than your radar. If you don't intercept that Mig, bad luck! AF-1 is going to be so much wrap metal at the bottom of the Pacific.



5 Diving off from practicing you decide to take a brief test flight around the Bay Area. You can fly under bridges, around buildings with shadows and even bury 100 a million in San Mateo.

6



6 Missing over the water to intercept the Mig. A mistake at this height could be fatal, but from here you can blast up behind the Mig and catch them by surprise.

## GRAPHICS AND SOUND

The in-cockpit view isn't terribly interesting unless you blast buildings and bridges, but the screen updating is fast and convincing. Where the graphics really score is in the ability to go outside the cockpit and view the action and surroundings from all sorts of camera angles. This may not be realistic, but it adds tremendously to the presentation, atmosphere and overall effect of the game.

There isn't a great deal of detail or use-of-colour in the graphics, but they are sharp, clear and functional, giving a very atmospheric edge to the action. This is added to by the engine sound which is a creation that should meet impressive when you're outside the cockpit, and is complemented by some beeps, explosions, warning beeps, cannon fire and sometimes deathly silence as the fuel runs out and the nose cone starts to fall unceremoniously.

7



7 It's in your sights. You've locked off a couple of *missiles* - aimed by the target designer for square and missile counter-aimed on the HUD. The bottom right hand corner of the HUD tells you that's in range.

8



8 You distracted the enemy for long enough to allow AF-1 to make a safe landing at San Francisco airport. Now all you have to do is head for home and doubtless the President's congratulations.

9



9 Always. Lack of concentration on the homeward journey proved fatal as a mig knocked you out of the sky. Never mind, you managed to bail-out using the ejector seat and can spend all that time floating down thinking about your revenge.

## CONCLUSION

You can't help but be amazed by the graphic techniques that are possible. They are every bit as thrilling as those in films like Top Gun or Predator, but the big difference is that you're in control. The difficulty level has been set just right so that even a beginner can get plenty out of the game in a short time, but it will continue to offer increasingly difficult challenges as the player improves.

The control action is fantastic. You will have to work hard to put by a hostile Mig that has several missiles with your name on them. The satisfaction of bumping it a slight angle to a city apartment is immense. It's a stunningly absorbing game that is impossible to put down once you've taken up the challenge.

### skill graphics

1 2 3 4 5

### moving graphics

1 2 3 4 5

### sound effects

1 2 3 4 5

### handling controls

1 2 3 4 5

overall 91%



# VIRUS

FIREBIRD



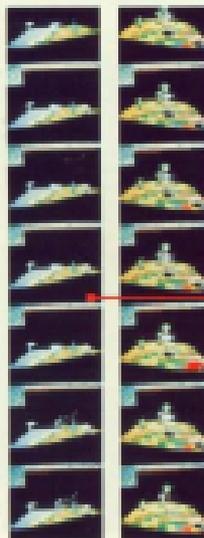
ST 10.55 Mouse or joystick, all models

Average version expected 1991



■ Move, home on the range... among the rockets where your mission begins and where you need to return to refuel. Mind that you tend strictly parallel to the surface though or it's curtains...

Something wonderful has happened... David Enaber's own conversion of his Archimedes' high profile shoot-'em-up, Zorch. Released to unanimous critical acclaim, the game had only one problem - you needed a cool £300 for the hardware to get it up and running. Now it's out on the ST, with seemingly little changed save the name. The only discernable differences are the loss of 'depth cueing' - the landscapes don't grow darker as they recede to the horizon - and the reduction in colour range - from the 256 on the Arch to 16 on the ST. Neither detract from the tirelessly smooth animation. Virus seems to run just as fast as Zorch, indeed it's all too easy to believe something wonderful has happened to your ST. But no, it hasn't become a PRCy 50-50.



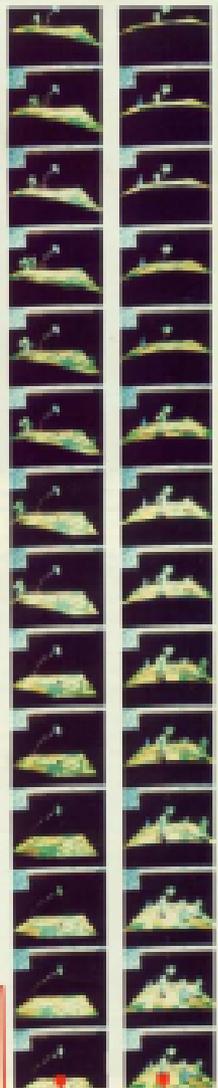
■ Your radar shows the arc-length over which you fly. Infected areas are shown as brown, you and the allies appear as coloured blips. If they have knocked out any computers, some areas will appear black, and you'll be flying blind.

■ Your energy just fills bottom and you ride the tail. You can't always win these off but you still have a couple of hoverplanes left...

■ Your pursuit falls as a Zorch disappears off screen towards you in less than 1/20th of a second. Did you hit him or not?

■ A gentle pull on your mouse and the landscapes shift from side view to plan. The transitions take less than half a second of effortlessly smooth motion.

■ Super 8 sequences - each frame 1/20th second.



3



■ A Destroyer sees its silent opponent and you move in for the kill... but what's that coming up fast on radar?

■ A Peet swoops in from behind on a familiar course. A quick turn and...



■ Almost blew it there, but you took him out first time. How white's that Destroyer got to?

■ Here he is...



■ ...and there he was.

## GAMEPLAY

The story is quite simple: ecology with a vengeance. Fly a hoverplane over a surface of oceans and catchwork fields on a beach to allow staff repairing the landscape beneath you with real-time. Leave and Destroy are the operative words here, with your scanner, laser cannons, and fast-loading missiles to help you. Flight, nothing highly original about that, but it's the position from which you view the proceedings which makes this unique.

First hoverplane flies before you in mid-screen, tracing the slightest touch of your mouse, in wide 3D flight. There's no simulation as such since you're well outside the action, but you certainly don't feel isolated for long. Translating 3D mouse movements into 3D flight paths can be quite tricky at first, but once you've learnt to keep the hoverplane's nose tilted down, maneuvering comes naturally and you're in control. Left button for forward, right for fly.

The landscape can scroll in all directions as you fly everywhere in pursuit of enemy ships and if you head off up into the black above you meet the stars. Back down below the game stabilizes at five, however, poppies and radar scanners play fast to the real object of your attention, the low flying Destroyer. They spend you about their work, hovering from one tree to the next, scanning sectors of killer games. Since you gain points and bonuses for the land areas remaining unpopulated, it's your job to blast all Destroyers to smother come and go for the 5000 points you need to take you to the next wave.

Flying on the delicious Destroyer brings out the heavy duty boys. Bombs and Missiles, Bombers and Peets and, worst of all, Fighters, out to kill you with their own beams and missiles. And this is where the real fun starts. The aerial combat is something else entirely. As what you see is only a virtual window on a much larger world, it's possible for your foe to disappear off screen towards you too! You'll be forgiven for ducking clear but your momentary lapse could be fatal. You soon find you have to weave, dart, swoop and weave in order to gain enough height on your opponents to take them out. But remember to watch the shadows below: tell-tale signs you are not about to suffer a real air collision.

## GRAPHICS AND SOUND

The solid, true perspective 3D imagery is certainly outstanding though it's the movement which puts this in a class of its own. You could quite easily just hover around up there all day and take in the world below. From the twisting contours of the landscape to high-speed low-level attack runs, looking action has an effortless grace. The effect is quite uncanny and difficult to explain, no matter what speed you move relative to the ground, the hoverplane seems to glide with an ease you'd normally equate with slow motion. When you fire off a burst of cannon, the shots fall to the ground as if striking gravel. Even the explosions have a smooth, serene quality: objects calmly cascade into a million points with ease. Perhaps this is why sound plays such a minor role in the game: anything even slightly jarring would destroy the sense of calm. What sound is there is almost ambient - nothing special.

## CONCLUSION

Is there any game that has attracted as much interest for its graphics? Although Zorn always seemed to be mentioned in the same breath as the tremendous processing power of the Amibeam, Virus underlines the vision, style and attention to detail contained in the original game design and coding. Of all the games of the late Eighties, people will take back on this one as setting a standard for graphics in the Nineties.

with graphics

1 2 3 4 5

moving graphics

1 2 3 4 5

overall rating

1 2 3 4 5

loading interest

1 2 3 4 5

overall 86%

4



■ Back on the beat wire, you may as well turn up those sectors from while you're at it - more points towards the bonus!

■ There's the subject! Just take position with a little threat... but he's about to take off.



■ And always, here we go again. Another Peet out for revenge.



■ A little threat to get your eye while you fly and take out the Destroyer... but that's it for this life. Well, that Peet is just about to hit another thing into you.

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# OUT RUN

US GOLD

ST - £19.99, joystick or mouse, colour only

Amiga - no version planned

**T**he much hoped, much sold and much pilloried arcade game has been big news for over a year now, but ST owners have had to wait a long time for the version. On the 8-bit machines it was a dreadful game - so have they come up with a winner this time?

The concept is simple: driving a Ferrari Testarossa you have to complete five stages of a road race course within the time limit. What made the arcade game a hit was the



■ Hit out at 200 kph on the first stage. Hit out for traffic and trees.

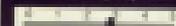
amazing graphics and 'feel' of the car. These have been well reproduced, except when driving with the mouse - very difficult.

The stages are branched so that at the end of each you can look left or right. The reviewer is sure that the stages range widely in terms of road layout and obstacles. Some roads are far easier than others.

The road dips and rises during at times and bends can be very tight. It's an obstacle and you'll be slowed down or commuted all over the place, losing you valuable time. Other vehicles on the road are quite a nuisance as well.

It's an excellent conversion of the game and captures the feel and action of the arcade version. However, it is a little on the easy side and it won't take long to exhaust the music. If you look to it the best time, Out Run delivers.

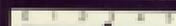
still graphics



moving graphics



soundtrack



lasting interest



overall 71%

# THEXDER

SIERRA

Amiga: £19.99, joystick

ST: No version planned

**B**ind us, the best selling action game from Japan will over half a million units sold, TheXder is a little like being in Tokyo - space is scarce, the heat alive, and the action frantic. Add to that the fact that you pilot a Hyper Destroyer Robot Jet Transformer, armed with heat seeking lasers, battling hundreds of bizarre creatures and you might get an idea of how the Japanese deal with claustrophobia.

There are 20 different enemies inhabiting the 10 levels of clouds, tunnels and target fields comprising yet another of those futuristic worlds run by an evil computer. You have to trace the various routes, dodge the Oodoo traps and maintain your energy by, yes, you guessed it, killing things.

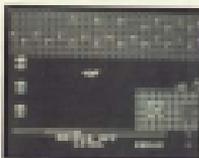
The most difficult stages are to be found at the beginnings and ends of levels, and so the Robot Jet Transformer doesn't do so brilliantly at first, you can

find yourself unable to fly just when you most need to. Whether this is a feature or a bug is unclear. Also, the heat seeking lasers have a habit of

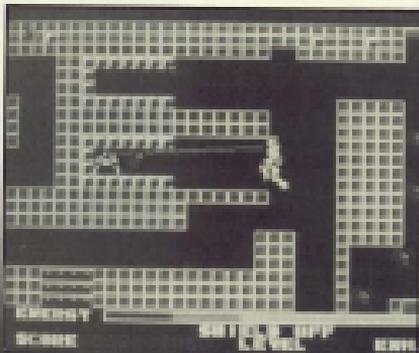
hitting the nearest creature or lava pool to hand - even if it's the other side of a wall. However, when combat gets tight they're wonderful things to have. No need to aim - just blast.

It's a shame though that TheXder, like other games ported over to the Amiga, hasn't been sprucing-up more to make fuller use of the machine's facilities. The graphics on this one are adequate, with the sound made up of a simple melody with overated machine gun fire, and even Beeftrover's

Midnight Sonata taking sound in their own hands. Maybe it should have been the North Symphony, it would still barely be enough time for you to get through all 10 levels of TheXder.

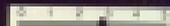


■ TheXder flies for cover and finds a few challenges on the way.



■ Here in robot mode, TheXder attempts to converse with the locals.

still graphics



moving graphics



soundtrack



lasting interest



overall 61%



# FIREPOWER

MICROILLUSSIONS/ACTIVISION

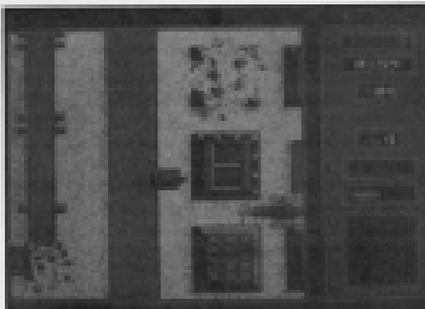
Amiga - \$19.99, joystick only, any monitor

BT - under development

**F**or some time now few player games have been at the top. Now you can not only take on another player at tank warfare, but tanks can be at the other end of a network too. Unfortunately it's restricted to those with 16-bit compatible monitors, but it's a step in the right direction.

You're in control of a tank that starts life safely ensconced in its own fortress. The task is to find and attack the enemy fortress, capture its flag and return to base. The action is viewed from above, with a vertically split screen for the two player game.

The tank can be one of three types, each having different speed, fuel capacity, armour, number of mines and capacity to rescue men.



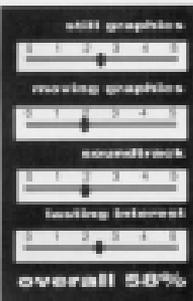
■ The two tanks are in the midst of the opponents fortress with debris scattered all around.

Each fortress is composed of a large number of gun turrets and other buildings. As you rumble around you have to watch the guns, mines and helicopters that can blast the rear end of your tank.

You can destroy just about everything in the game, even the trees and the hills that had run out of destroyed buildings. You can also

rescue your own men and return them to base. The two player game is a straight raceball to get the opponents flag first, while in the one player game you have a limited number of lives to die to.

The graphics are OK but lack zing. The sound effects are more pleasing - a near constant series of large explosions. Definitely best played with two, but even then the action eventually becomes repetitive.



# SUNDOG: FROZEN LEGACY

FTL/SOFTWARE HEAVEN

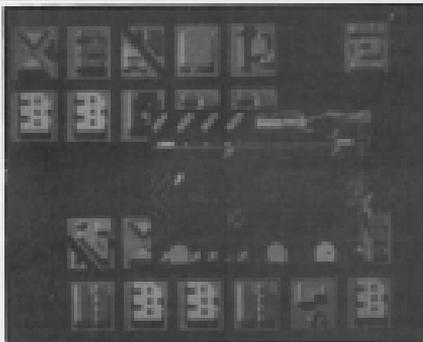
BT - \$14.99, mouse

Amiga: No version planned

**I**n which your long lost uncle leaves you a deep space freighter and a little unfinished business. You have to locate a religious colony your uncle was under contract to supply. Wowing among eighteen planets strung across the beam systems of the Orville Region, you need to find, buy and deliver all the goods needed to complete the colony's construction. Between planets pirates will attack you for your cargo, and once you've managed to land in a job it's the muggers' turn to clean you out. The colony has its problems too - like no calendar. They've been freeze-dried and stored in warehouses (positioned throughout Orville so you have to find and defrost them as well. A great joy your uncle - what an understatement!

Sundog's screen adopts a plan view of the colonisers and the

interior of your freighter, with sub-screen loop boxes for mouse commands and character interaction. In deep space you at least have the relief of moving star fields in which to lose your cargo and lasers, but neither styles are particularly interesting or convincing. However, some of the only sequences are quite compelling; you can visit bars, restaurants, hotels, amusement, tube stations, teleports - all the usual places where you meet crucial punters, the kind who say "Get lost wimp-head, you're wasting my time" when you refuse to bribe them for directions. And as the only food available on all eighteen planets seems to be beer and Big Macs, this kind of response is hardly surprising. Sabotage, charm, fast talking and, of course, armed combat are the kind of social skills you'll need to acquire.

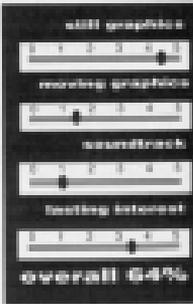


■ Into a hotel lobby for a quick beer and some information. That's you in white, behind the counter, the city waits for you.



■ The controls of Sundog await you. Stay inside, prepare for BT-ut!

Sundog should appeal to all those who enjoy an old fashioned space trading adventure and who aren't too fussy about sound and graphics.





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# TEN BRAVE NEW WORLDS

Double format, double trouble — the Pilgrims and the White Wizard, two of Britain's foremost adventure columnists, who share more pseudonyms between them than Moby-Dick, come up with their Ten Favourite Adventures. Choosing adventures is a highly subjective affair — as far as the Top Ten is concerned, the honour is not coming first, but simply being included.

## 1 Beyond Zork

Infocom ■ £24.95

Combines the character attributes of role-playing games with the wit and depth of Infocom's acclaimed text-only games — plus on-screen map-plot into the bargain. Your aim is to locate the fabulous Coconut of Quondor, using magic, ingenuity, and force of arms.



## 2 Guild of Thieves

Ballistic/Magnetic Books ■ £24.95

One for the graphics fans, this game has stunning pictures. We chose it because it combines a simple gametask (finding treasure) with some excellent puzzles. It isn't too difficult and although it's not quite as sophisticated as its later game, Jewel, we both had more fun playing it.

## 3 Jewels of Darkness

Ballistic/Level 9 ■ £19.95

A classic compilation of three early games, featuring Colossal Adventure, Dungeon Adventure,

and Adventure Quest. Although these old titles really show their age, they've been lovingly reprogrammed with graphics and a better parser. Discover the early days of adventuring, wad in nostalgia, and save a tribute with this bargain pack.



## 4 Darts Tale

Melodic Arts ■ £24.95

The Darts Tale series combines graphic action with role-playing exploration. You form teams of adventurers who then sally forth through town, country, and cavern battling, stealing, and generally wreaking havoc. Little brain-power required, but lots of long term enjoyment.

## 5 Lurking Horror

Infocom ■ £24.95

Almost certainly one of the best text-only games ever, in which Infocom lovingly recreates the horror fiction of H.P. Lovecraft. Explore the forgotten labyrinth beneath your American college and discover something a lot nastier than S.S....

## 6 Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy

Infocom ■ £24.95

Douglas Adams' iteration with interactive fiction led to this minor masterpiece. Like Infocom, though traditional adventures tend to be less impressed by the humour and uncomfortably aware of the flimsy quality of the game structure and puzzles — but then that's what Hitchhiker's is all about, isn't it?

## 7 Time and Magic

Mandarin/Level 9 ■ £19.95

Level 9 do it again with this intriguing release. The silent game, Lords of Time, is a treasure and

the best of the three. Red Moon comes a close second with a strong atmosphere and a few spells to cast. The Price of Magic rounds up the collection with lots of spells but not much else. However, for the price, this is definitely a winner.

## 8 Ultima IV

Microprose ■ £24.95

You visit the countryside in the form of an overcast peeling map, with close-up graphics when you're in towns or on boats. From a party of adventurers and lady-to-across the land of Britannia, casting spells, trading, murdering, and gaining experience of the way. Slightly over-graphics, but the gameplay is absorbing and lasting.

## 9 Kings Quest III etc

Activision/Orion ■ £24.95

Success remarkably well in combining graphical action with textual input. Your character



solves puzzles by finding and manipulating objects, casting spells, and so on. Very pretty graphics, slightly terse presentation, and different good things from Palace Quest through Space Quest to the magic of the King's Quest series.

## 10 Deja Vu

Movius/Level 9 ■ £24.95, £17 £24.95 (later titles £24.95 on tape)

The best of the open-domain adventure brigade. You manipulate objects and solve problems using the mouse and make good use of sound and graphics to generate atmosphere, though experienced gamers may find the game-world limited. *Deja Vu* is the earliest — later titles include the unlimited and *Shadows*. They get better every time...

## HOW TO USE THIS PAGE

1. You've never played an adventure... Put your Adventure and role-playing games on how the latest pricing leader of the software industry in the States, and are catching up over here. The game has been rapidly growing in popularity to include complex interaction with complex combined characters, powerful compression techniques, and superb graphics. The price is, as might be, a little higher than the rest.
2. You've played adventures and have upgraded to 19-bit... Lately you. Almost all your favourites are available on the CD, and although Amiga owners are slightly less fortunate the situation is steadily improving. Best thing about 19-bit games is the quality of the graphics (even, really).
3. You've never played an adventure, you hate Hobbits, you haven't upgraded, you can't type, you only like arcade games, you think adventures are for dummies, you can't spell for love, and so what anyway? Mutual assistance is available under the MSX, but you might have to wait some months. Best to overcome the condition yourself — to support hardware required only a resolution that adventure and role-playing software can, at its best, show you just what state of the art programming can achieve. And so for Hobbits, we think they should share between their 100 and get too.

# LEATHERNECKS

MICRODEAL

RT - \$19.95, joystick only (\$9.95 interface for 3 and 4 players, colour only.

Average - £19.95, colour screen.

**C**ommando had one player, Star Wars had two, now Leathernecks brings you simultaneous four player action in the jungle. Of course to get four players all on joysticks you have to buy the interface that plugs into the printer socket on the back of the machine.

It's not the most sophisticated game concept you'll have come across - kill or be killed - as the screen scrolls downward and the bad guys come charging at you. Of course you don't have to have four players, you can play with one or two if you don't want to get the interface. What's intriguing is the idea of the interface being used by other software houses to produce multi-player games as well. If it could be established as a standard then the potential is enormous - and no more cramping around the keyboard either.



■ With four players at once, a "buddy" system uses direct-up if anyone wants to fire long - you take the role, we'll take this one and shoot where you put those grenades.

■ The weapons each player is using are shown here. The heavy machine gun is best for long distance work and gets rid of bad guy fast. The primary fire is indicated by the bullet icon in the weapon, which gradually disappears.

■ Background scenery can cause problems since it can force players into "traps" where death can come quickly, sometimes from the gun button you.

■ These gun placements are difficult to get within range of to take out with a grenade, but they yield the points if you can do it.

## GAMEPLAY

Each player is equipped with three types of weapon: heavy machine gun, light machine gun and grenades. The RMG has a longer range and is preferable to the LMG, while grenades cover a wider area and destroy some special obstacles.

As the players move up the screen, obstacles and enemy soldiers will raise on long rifles and throwing grenades. All you have to do is either shoot or stay clear of their shots. You also have to be careful not to shoot, or be shot by, one of your comrades. It's a sufficient game and both shooters will be pretty dead with by their co-buddies.

The enemy will appear in various types of waves, made more awkward by the scenery which can get in your way - beware in particular of being "funneled" into one line. Large scale gun-furms and "roaming" guns are a big danger and only a well placed grenade will deal with them. Ammo is also a problem for bigger happy forces because once you've run out you'll either have to find an ammo box or lose a life to get some more.

## GRAPHICS AND SOUND

The scrolling is perfectly smooth and the background's well designed. The flashing of the bullets when they die seems unnecessary but it's a minor point. There's a good range of backgrounds and each is extensive and clearly designed.

The sound effects are excellent. Sounds when someone gets hit, when weapons noisier and explosions, and some OR like music too. The only mean about the presentation is that it would be nice to have had a wider playing area, because four players can get rather too cramped.

■ Just look at that screen - after being pummed with explosions, bullets and men. Surely that little bit and you're in line for a purple heart. If not the 10 score table.



## CONCLUSION

As a one- or two-player game it hasn't got anything you couldn't find elsewhere. Where it scores is in good presentation and the excitement of four player action. There's nothing like four gun-furms flanking round a machine, each on their own private and shouting instructions at each other as to what to do next. In such circumstances it becomes a much more tactical game than just a one player shoot-up.

It fun-action game for just one- or two players but a real sport for three or four. Inside your friends' round and you're guaranteed 1000 hours of magnificent, mind-blowing mayhem.

still graphics

moving graphics

sound effects

overall interest

overall 76%



# THE INDISPENSABLES

The 10 games that no ST or Amiga owner should be without, plus some commendable runners-up that were just out-gunned.

**P**icking the best games for the ST and Amiga is no easy task. Many titles fail to deceive with their graphics and sound, while others are little more than hurried conversions of 8-bit games. What we're after is games that stretch the machine and the player to the full.

The list we've arrived at almost certainly won't coincide with yours, but we've tried for a spread of titles from the most addictive and simple of arcade games to the most

involved and complicated of strategy games. The list is presented in purely alphabetical order because it's impossible to put them into any sort of order of merit.

There are so many contenders for a Top 10 that we've also come up with a list of commended titles that may appeal to your tastes as well. None of this month's games are included in the list - though some might deserve it.

## ST TOP 10

Balance of Power  
Bubble Bobble  
Carrier Command  
Chessmaster 2000  
Defender of the Crown  
Dungeon Master  
Fight Simulator II  
Impact  
Ods  
Sentinel

## AMIGA TOP 10

Balance of Power  
Bonecruncher  
Bubble Bobble  
Chessmaster 2000  
Ferrari Formula One  
Fight Simulator II  
Impact  
Mercenary  
Sentinel  
Sidewinder

## COMMENDED

Academy  
Get Dexter  
Leaderboard  
Powerplay  
Super Sprint  
Tetris  
UMS  
Warball

## Chessmaster 2000

Electronic Arts,  
Amiga £24.95,  
ST £24.95

A very strong chess game that provides all of the options you'll ever need. Plenty of difficulty settings, a pretty display and inter-speech synthesis to make this a match for any master.



## Balance of Power

Mindscape/Microsoft  
Amiga £26.95, ST £26.95

A classic game of international power and the struggle between the USA and USSR. You can control either side and try to spy the countries of the world to your camp. Make the wrong move and a nuclear war could ensue. A superbly detailed and thorough piece of work that really should win.



## Bonecruncher

Superior Software  
Amiga £14.95

One of those games that seems simple but traps you up in a series

of mind-bending puzzles. It's all down to collecting bones and making soup, but it's the kind of arcade puzzle that will turn a mid-range player into a totally manic obsessive.

## Carrier Command

Rainbird  
Amiga £24.95,  
ST £24.95

A strategy game that not only puts your strategy to the test but provides excellent real 3D graphics and a tough tactical challenge. Can you command the carrier and its weaponry to take control of a network of volcanic islands?

## Bubble Bobble

Plexid  
Amiga £19.95, ST £19.95

This one won't be the gray matter mush that with so many levels and such readily addictive action it's still a must. Two-droppers blowing bubbles are the stars, and after that it gets rather odd.



## Defender of the Crown

**Cinemaware/Microsoft  
Amiga £29.95, ST £29.95**

A graphical extravaganza that looks fantastic on both machines, but lacks a bit of gameplay on the Amiga. Betting for control of medieval Britain is more involved on the ST, but both versions are packed with atmosphere.



## Dungeon Master

**Cinemaware/  
Microsoft  
Amiga £24.99,  
ST £24.99**

Not out for the Amiga yet, but for ST owners it provides an enormous area of dungeon to explore in search of treasure, powers and nasty monsters. A terrific game for exploring long into the hours of the night.

## Ferrari Formula One Electronic Arts Amiga £24.95

The best racing simulator there is, behind the wheel of a Ferrari you can experience the thrill of driving at the world's greatest racing circuits. You are the manager, engineer and driver through a whole motor racing season.



## Flight Simulator II Sub-Logic Amiga £49.95, ST £49.95

This one is a bit expensive and is only available on Impact, but it is the best in its field. You can fly a Lear jet, Cessna or World War II bi-plane in solid 3D. There's even the modern option allowing two PCs or connected machines to fly against one another.

## Impact Audiogenic, Amiga £14.95, ST £14.95

The best of the new wave BreakOut clones. This has more levels than you can cope with, a clever design, good graphics and sound, and total addiction. An essential buy for all arcade heads.



## Sentinel Firebird Amiga £19.95, ST £19.95

An original concept of epic proportions because it has 10,000 levels. Fantastic landscapes are dominated by the Sentinel and on each one you have to escape the position by getting higher than him. Sounds easy, but every level is different and presents masterly difficulty.

## Sidewinder Melbourne House Amiga £19.95, ST £19.95

A shoot-em-up that has everything you could desire. Amazing graphics and explosions, an amazing sound effects, hordes of terrible aliens and increasing difficulty to challenge the best. Guaranteed to overwhelm the senses.



## THE SUPPORTING CAST

If you're looking for something a little more specialised than maybe the titles that don't quite make the grade will fit the bill.

War game fanatics will want to get to grips with the Universal Military Simulator which provides many scenarios and plenty of flexibility in creating your own. Got fans will want Leaderboard and its sequels that get you as near to the real thing as you mean will allow.

If you're looking for a really mental puzzle of speed and dexterity then Dots should do you nicely. It's all based around tetrahedrons don't you know? It's

like you're into them. Pencilball will not only provide that but a hot game too. It's a very playable mixture of the two.

If pure arcade action is what you're after then Super Spinball gives you British inspiration, three player driving action, off-road, provide bouncing, off-road, blasting action of stunning originality, and Academy sends you into a space adventure that only the toughest will survive. Arcade adventure fans will also get there money's worth from Car Center which presents lots of tricky puzzles and funnies.

**Academy**  
CRL  
Amiga £19.95, ST  
£19.95

**Get Dexter**  
Infogrames  
ST £19.95

**Leaderboard**  
US Gold,  
Amiga £24.95, ST  
£24.95

**Powerplay**  
Arcana  
Amiga £19.95, ST  
£19.95

**Super Spinball**  
Acclaim  
ST £19.95

**Tetris**  
Microsoft  
Amiga £19.95,  
ST £19.95

**Universal Military  
Simulator**  
Rainbird  
Amiga £24.95,  
ST £24.95

**Wishball**  
Ocean  
Amiga £19.95,  
ST £19.95



# DISK EXTRA

ST Amiga Format's unique dual format disk gives you the best of both ST and Amiga worlds!

Demos of the hottest new games – life-saving utilities – it's like a hundred extra pages!

## FOR THE ST

### 44 OIDS DEMO

A brand new level of Microsoft's incredibly addictive Oids game not found on the standard release. Whether you've not yet played Oids or are a seasoned Oidster, you'll find this playable demo ticks you.

### 44 VIRUS KILLER

Protect your disks against possible Virus attack.

### 45 RAM DISK

Configure part of your ST's memory as a fast disk drive. This appears to RAM as a perfectly standard disk, allowing you to run and save programs extremely quickly.

### 45 GAME POKES

A few underhand tactics to give you the upper hand in your game playing. Run these poke programs to get more out of Asteroid, Gauntlet and Microcosm.

### 46 MONOWARE

Do you own a colour ST but want to run programs written exclusively for mono monitors? This handy utility allows you to do just that.

### 46 INVADERS

A pleasant diversion for you sea-serpent-minded mono ST owners – a version of the classic Invaders game.

### 46 DISK FORMATTER

Format single or double-sided disks faster and to a larger capacity. Single-sided disks (normally 387k) will have roughly 400k free, and double-sided disks twice that.

### 46 ART GOODIES

A screen snapshot saver for any ST screen mode, and a utility to convert art packages that between art-palette formats.

### 46 DESKTOP ACCESSORIES

A set of desktop accessories to give you a finished game, a calculator,



etc. an MS-DOS-type command file interpreter, a text editor and a hidden mouse! Can you resist?

## FOR THE AMIGA

### 44 INTERCEPTOR DEMO

Electronic Arts' stunning Amiga fight simulator sets new standards in 3D graphics animation. Even though this month's review gives you a glut of screen shots, there's no substitute for the real thing – except a live demo of the real thing! Get stuck into 370k of superb aerial action graphics.

### 47 VIRUS KILLER

Kills 99% of all known Viruses dead. The file-saver gets rid of the original SOA virus, and also most of the newer and more insidious versions. Keep your disks clean, be long and prosper!

### 47 OTHELLO

A devilishly cunning version of the classic board game. Can you beat your Amiga?

### 47 DRUNKEN MOUSE

Click it and see a dot like number to confuse your mouse.

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We're looking for good quality software to fill our cover disk each month. If you're a nifty programmer you could earn big bucks from your labours – games, business applications, utilities, or anything of general interest. We're also interested in any especially original graphics you may have created with art packages, either for inclusion on the disk or printing in the magazine.

Turn to the end of this section for more details on how to get your software onto the ST Amiga Format cover disk.

16379  O AAAAAA ++++++



## SIZZLING GAME DEMOS!

### OIDS

All colour STs

Oids is possibly the most addictive ST game ever. In the unlikely event that you haven't played it yet (that is, you

haven't got Breakingfinger Obsessia, as the medical profession now terms it), here's a quick summary. You're in a spaceship whose roasts, thrust and fire actions are very like the famous Asteroids. You've got to manoeuvre your craft to blast the evil Bioores and rescue the beleaguered

Oids.

This demo gives you a whole playable level of Oids with one life - see how far you can get!

To run the demo, open the folder OIDS and double-click on OIDS.DEM. An instruction screen tells you what keys to use.

### COPYING INTERCEPTOR

If you'd like to take copies of the Interceptor demo, you will need to generate hard-disk and/or floppy diskettes using Amiga's Customised Low-Level Format (CLLF) as described in chapter 3 of the Amiga manual. The format of your disks must meet certain criteria, you can copy the Interceptor files to a diskette.

Make a copy of the demo if the disk you want to copy the Interceptor files onto. The demo filename is:intercept.am on the Interceptor 1 and Interceptor II 3.5" disks.

\* Always use a virus checker.

\* To copy files and sub-directories from the master disk, create a directory in the new disk, type:

copy: /d: /w: /r: /s: /m: /v: /x: /y: /z: /

and press the Enter key.

\* You may need to copy the files to a diskette through another copy mode function.

## INTERCEPTOR

All Amigas (except 256K A1000)

What can you say about Interceptor? Quite simply, no other flight simulator on any computer has ever given the sheer feeling of flying that Interceptor delivers. The solid graphics, the lightning targets, the veering horizon all combine to make you feel you are in total control at a high-tech 7-8th World fighter.

Yes, on these good ol' days of Electronic Arts you know how to program. (Okay, that's enough hype - O.S.) But don't just take our word for it. Read this month's review, then try it

yourself - that's the beauty of it having a disk on the front cover, each month.

To run the demo, take the ST Amiga Format master disk, turn your Amiga on and put the disk in. The Interceptor demo boots automatically. It's a watch-only demo, so there are no joystick controls to learn.

Note: The method of backing up the master disk described at the end of this Disk Data section does not transfer the Interceptor demo files, so you can't run it from your copy. Always

make sure the master disk is write-protected and run the demo from that, it is possible to copy the Interceptor files, if you know CUI commands - see the message menu.

**4096k users:** The Interceptor loading screen says that you get extra sound effects if you run with that or more memory. (ie. on an A286 or an expanded 4096k). However, because of the limitations on disk space we have been unable to include the extra sound effects with this version. On such machines you will see a warning message "6k error! 1 level not found" as the game loads, and there will be a few strange crashes or skips off. Don't worry, the demo runs fine!



# ST PROGRAMS

First, copy and load the disk as described at the end of the Disk Extra section.

## Virus Killer All STs

Nothing is so vital to the new ST game, as revealed in this issue. Sorry, but Viruses probably thought to be the best only of Amiga viruses, are the new ST virus.

With this Virus Killer you can check that your disks are infection free. It can be run directly from the CLICK ME menu program as described later. Alternatively, if you just go into the VIRUS.DSK folder and run VIRUS.KILL.PRG by double-clicking on it you will be asked to insert the disks you suspect of being infected, and they will be checked and (re)formatted.

**Warning:** don't use this program on any games disks or other copyrighted commercial software package master disks. The reformatting process can wreck the loading process of these non-standard disks. It is quite safe with ordinary CDD disks though.

## RAM Disk All STs

Well you've used a RAM disk, you'll know how how useful it can be. Essentially this utility makes the ST reserve an area of its memory for use as a disk drive. The RAM disk appears as a normal GEM disk icon, and files can be copied into it and run from it like any other disk. The utility is that it is lightning fast since there are no mechanical parts to put a spinner in the works.

Full details are given in the disk documentation, which you can read from the CLICK\_ME.PRG menu program. If you're the kind of person who just wants to read documentation files, here's a quick way to open the RAMDISK folder and copy the contents to a blank disk. Reset the computer and insert the disk with the files you just copied. A 20MB RAM disk (drive D) will install itself automatically.

For the more technically minded ST users, the ramdisk creation program itself can be run in several ways, either as a desktop accessory (ACCS), a TTP (DOS like) parameter file or a standard PRG file. It's simply a matter of re-naming the RAMDISK file. The mechanics of this can be found in the documentation file.

## Game Pokes All STs

This folder contains hacks which - by modifying certain commercial games - give you a better chance at winning, if you want to get your name faulted in

the hall of fame, these pokes will do the trick. The games in question are Microprose's Auto Quest (the pokes create a Supercharger with extra morns, armour etc.) and two US Gold titles, Gauntlet (get extra energy) and Melonies (get extra time).

The pokes can be run from the CLICK\_ME menu, instead double-click on the POKES folder and again on the file of your choice. For instance, if you want to cheat at Gauntlet, click on the file called GAUNTLET.TOG. When requested insert the correct original Gauntlet disk into drive A. Follow the prompts.

Take care when using the pokes. They mostly come off the code heap or the games disks - if you use them on the wrong disks you're asking for trouble. We can't accept any responsibility for your misuse of these files. And we certainly can't repair corrupted disks.

## Monoware Colour STs only

First! Over here! Want to run monochrome software on your colour monitor or television? Well, with this handy utility you can do just that, and it works with many commercial programs as long as they adhere to the constraints of GEM, the Signal, First Street Publisher and even the more invaders game featured elsewhere on the month's disk.

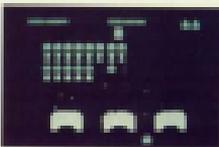
What are you waiting for? Simply select it from the CLICK\_ME menu, and wait for it to load. Note that executing it will cause the ST to perform a soft-reset - this means you will not be returned to the menu program. First row of everything will appear in glorious technicisms, black and white, wow. But don't get off there, run CLICK\_ME again and select invaders from the menu.

Of course, displaying such a high-resolution screen takes it out of the poor old ST's procession. For this reason, the program allows you to select a combination of fast screen updates (or slow program running) or fast programs (but reduced quality display).

## Invaders Mono STs only

Time a break from being really serious. Once your word processing, your desk-top publishing, your book reviewing and spend a few hours being planet Earth. What, you can't afford the time? Hmmmm. What's more important? Cash? Or a few busy facts and figures?

Good to see you're taking things seriously. Cause these Invaders guys are a menace. There are waves upon waves of the blighters and nothing except you to stop them. If you've been around a while you might even recognize the extra-breathless they used to



land sometimes in the late '70s.

Look, if you don't know what the game is by now, you'll just have to find out yourself. Suffice to say that Invaders only works on a monochrome monitor (or a colour monitor if Monoware has been fun beforehand) and uses right-Shift, I and the (ALT)SPACE key for control. You can run it from the CLICK\_ME menu.

## Fast Formatter All STs



GEM allows you to format a single-sided disk to a capacity of 357K - achieved by single clicking on a disk icon and selecting 'Format' from the Options menu. Twice this amount is attainable if the drive is capable of formatting both sides of the disk. It should occur this is simple, but what if you

### DISCLAIMER TIME

We have taken our best to check that the programs supplied on this month's disk are simple to use, error free and have no known viruses. However, we cannot answer telephone queries on using the software, and we do not accept liability for any consequences of using the programs.

If your ST Amiga Format disk is faulty - and not of 40,000 duplicated copies are unfortunately found to be - you should send it back for a free replacement for:

**ST Amiga Format July Disk, DoCopy Labs, 20 Oulton Close, Bracklands, Northampton NN4 3DT.**

Amiga owners: if your Amiga refuses to accept the disk, try using the DISKDOCTOR utility on your Commodore Workbench disk to ensure it before sending off for a replacement. For details on using DISKDOCTOR, see the Amiga Parts and Rep. section towards the back of the issue.

have a really huge text file or you want to fit just one more graphic picture on the disk? The answer is you use the Format program supplied.

You can boost your disk's storage capacity by over 50% on a single-sided disk (twice this on a double-sided disk). That's nothing to be sniffed at either.

Select **Fast Formatter** from the **DISK** menu and follow the prompts. By clicking on the boxes with the right mouse button you can highlight and select the options. Formatting will erase all data on a disk. Use with care.

## Art Goodies All STs

Double-clicking on the **CONVERTART** 100% will reveal two more folders, **SNAPSHOT** and **PCBITCH**. Inside these folders you'll find useful programs for capturing GEM screens and converting graphic files from one program's format to another.

Inside the **SNAPSHOT** folder you will find:

### SNAPSHOT.TOE

Run this program first. It will install a screen capturing routine which sits around in the background. Now run any GEM program as normal from the desktop, and when the screen you want to save is displaying press the **Alt+meta** and **Print** keys together. A flash will indicate that the screen has been saved to memory. The routine waits for any readable screen.

### SNAPVIEW.TOE

Once you've captured the screen in memory you must save it to disk. This is done by clicking on the above file. Files are saved with the default name of **SNAP1.MEO**. It makes sense to rename them. These are true NeoOffice files and can be loaded and modified within the art package.

### SNAPVIEW.TOE

Displays all files with a **.MEO** extension on the current disk, in a rotating slide show. Space bar to exit.

Inside the **PCBITCH** folder you will find:

### PCBITCH.PRG

A conversion program allowing art packages to read one another's files. NeoOffice to Degas and vice versa, Amiga 800 to NeoOffice or Degas, and Macintosh MacPaint to Degas format are all possible.

## Desktop Accessories All STs

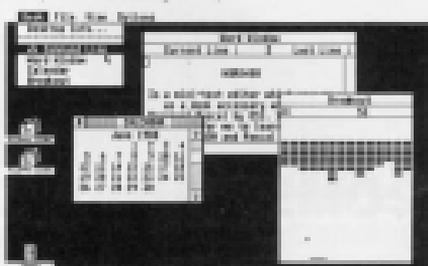
The folder contains 11 intriguing GEM desktop accessories. Getting them up

### Calendar

Keep up to date with this handy utility. Selecting the accessory from the desktop brings up a calendar of years from 1980 and 2000. Use the scroll bar to roll back the years.

### CL1

Were you warned on CP/M or MS-DOS computers? Do you dream of typing command lines rather than clicking fancy GEM icons? The accessory gives you a command line interpreter as a substitute for GEM - for example, entering **DIR C:\MSDOS** will copy the file **MSDOS** from drive C to



drive B.

### Clones

Well, getting around isn't the surprise. Read the documentation, set up a hard disk so that **MTECLACC** is loaded, and watch. Don't worry that **BITES** doesn't appear on the Accessories menu, and rest assured that we have our own **Word400**.

### Word400

This is a text text editor, with a couple of nice features for Pascal programmers. It can process files of up to 400 lines.

### Clones

These accessories do, of course, all up your system memory, so you probably won't want all five on your usual boot disk. Make sure that on the disk you use to start GEM with you only have the **ACC** files for the accessories

you want. Some of them give you no warning at all before destroying vital data. **VRULEX** is a public domain program written by American Steve Tibbet, which claims to erase all known viruses from disks, and it works in a very straightforward way.

To run **VRULEX**, just open up the **VRULEX** drawer and click on its icon. An extra title bar appears on the main Workbench title bar, showing you **VRULEX** is active. It immediately checks all disks in all drives, and from now on it hangs around in memory checking all disks you use as you put them in.

The **VRULEX** title bar is really just another window title bar with the usual close and toolbar gadgets. You can close **VRULEX** down if you really want to by clicking on the Close gadget. Also, if you move the **VRULEX** window so you can see all the Workbench title bar, then

and running is simply built on your copy of the ST Amiga Format disk you will see a folder called **ACC**, click on this to open it and you will see - amongst other things - five files ending in **.ACC** with names corresponding to the accessories described below. Copy these by dragging them out of their folder into the top level of the disk's directory. Now reset the ST and put this work disk in the drive. GEM will automatically load the accessories, and when you put the mouse over the **Desk** menu title at the very top left of the screen the accessory menu will drop down.

### Breakout

A version of the classic Breakout game. Your task is to keep hitting the ball with your bat and try to go on to the bricks.

# AMIGA PROGRAMS

First, copy the disk as described at the end of the **Disk Extra** section. These programs run on both the Amiga 500 and the 1000. We have been unable to test them on Amiga 1000s.

## VirusX All Amigas

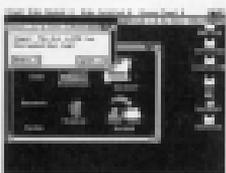
By now you've read quite enough scare stories about the dreaded Virus on the Amiga to thoroughly terrify you. Cutting through all the popular press 'Virus' installers, here are the facts:

Remember you put a disk into an Amiga disk drive, the AmigaDOS oper-

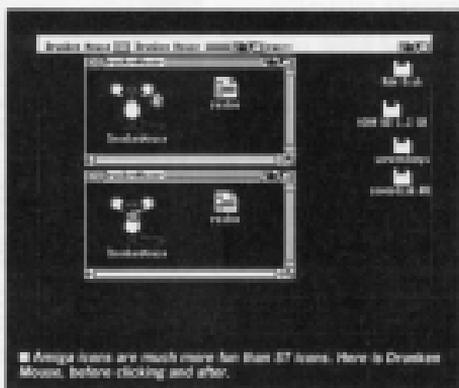
ating system detects it and checks it. Some months ago a bunch of jokers called the Virus Checking Association (VCA) wrote a program which backed the disk checking part of AmigaDOS so that it would subtly infect all disks used.

This original VCA virus is fairly large by comparison to if it later comes from unscrupulous program-

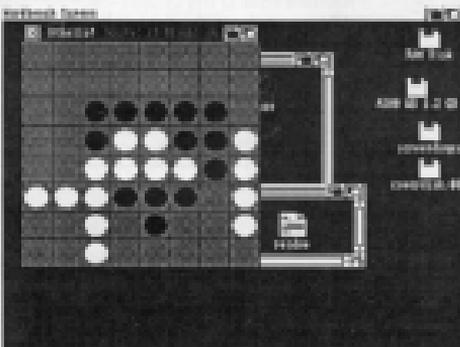
when you click on the Workbench title bar, a status bar at the bottom shows how many disks have been checked so far, appears on the Workbench title bar.



■ **Warning Workbench.** The warning message "non-standard boot code" means a disk in the drive might be infected. The menu bar at the top of the screen reveals that if disks have been checked for viruses, but none have yet been found.



■ **Amiga icons are much more fun than ST icons.** Here is Drunken Mouse, before clicking and after.



## Othello All Amigas

An excellent version of the classic board game, sometimes known as Reversi.

A brief summary of the rules is given in the documentation file on the disk. Essentially, you are playing on an 8 by 8 grid of squares, and the object is to capture as the majority of the squares.

Each player puts a counter of their own colour in turn on a square so as to sandwich their opponent's counters between two of their own. The captured counters then change colour, but can be recaptured later on. You must make at least one capture with each counter you put down.

Once on a square, counters never move around but only change colour when the board is full; the player with the fewest counters wins.

To run Othello, just open its drawer and double-click on its icon. The Amiga always plays white, you play black and

have the first go. To make a move, simply click the mouse in the square you want to go into; the Amiga turns the captured counters for you and after a couple of thought makes its go.

If you want to end the game prematurely, just click in the Close-window gadget at the top left of the Othello window.

## Drunken Mouse All Amigas

This is a great fun program, worth running just to see its icon! Open up the Drunken Mouse drawer, double-click on its icon, and be amused. If the joke starts to wear thin, you can get rid of it by clicking on the close-window gadget for the Drunken Mouse title bar which appears at the top of the screen in the Workbench title bar.

# ST AMIGA FORMAT

## WIN ST AMIGA FORMAT FOR A YEAR!

We're throwing out a challenge to skilled ST Amiga-format readers. Design us an opening screen for our cover disk and we'll give you a free subscription to the magazine.

What we want is a small file (preferably no more than 20k, or just which can be run as a clickable icon from the Desktop for ST or Workbench for Amiga). The utility should be able to display a menu of all programs on the disk that month, and offer the option of displaying a documentation file or running the program and returning to the menu when finished. Imaginative readers with graphics and sound skills help!

Remember that although our cover disk is dual-format, ST and Amiga both think it is a normal ST or Amiga disk. Just use the program enclosure for your machine, and don't worry about the other's file.

## PD AND SOURCE CODE

Steve Potts' Commodore work is distributed with the source code - in the spirit of the program to that you can see it if you want. Due to the pressure of space on our issue this we have not been able to include any source code for these programs, nor snippets in the PD editors' magazine.

They would like to see more Commodore, including their own code, in my quarterly Amiga PD's Source Program Review. And PD's, Super Models, Amiga, Number 4 OCT 1988 price \$17.95. \$20. They have a complete list of all of the latest PD's lists, which contain the collected best of Amiga PD source material on how you can be a source for your own source.





# HOW TO USE THIS DISK

The ST Amiga Format cover disk is a special format disk which both the ST and the Amiga can read. Even if you are a seasoned computer user, please follow these instructions carefully as you run the risk of permanently damaging the disk.

The first thing you must do is make a backup copy of the disk. Because of the special format, the normal backup disk copying methods, as recommended in the Amiga and ST manuals won't work, instead you will need to format a blank disk and copy all the files you need individually. Don't panic, this isn't at all difficult.

## ON THE ST

(assuming a single drive machine)

1. Take a blank disk and format it in the usual way.
2. With the blank disk still in the drive, double click on the A disk icon to open up the blank contents window.
3. Now drag the icon for disk B into the open window of disk A. This will copy all the files one by one of the master disk to your new disk. Make sure that the master ST Amiga format disk is well-protected the sliding tab should be back so that the disk is spent and put it in the disk drive after installation disk B.
4. You will now be prompted at various times to read disk A and disk B while copying takes place. There will be a lot of swapping to do on a single drive ST. Disk B should be the master disk, disk A your newly formatted copy.

If you want to not store on disk (helps and you understand enough about the ST's DRAM system, you can set up a RAM disk using the utility provided on this month's disk and use that as an intermediate copy.

## ON THE AMIGA

(assuming a single drive 4000)

1. Start your Amiga up with your normal Workbench boot disk.

1. Take a blank disk and initialize it in the usual way.

2. Make sure that the master ST Amiga-format disk is write-protected and put it in the disk drive. Double click on the disk icon that appears. Drag any items you see in the contents window onto the RAM disk icon.

3. When the disk activity light has gone out, put your newly formatted copy disk in the drive instead. Double click on the RAM disk to again its window up, and drag the items from that onto the new disk icon. This will copy the files one by one.

The files for the Interceptor demo are not copied - it isn't that they are not protected, just that they are too big to fit on the 4000's disk. Use the description of the demo for more details.

## Running the programs

### ON THE ST

When you turn the ST on and put your working copy of the disk in the drive, you will see a window opened with the contents of the disk displayed.

One of the icons is called **CLICK\_ME.PRG** - all it does what it says, double-click to run it. It brings a list of the disk contents. Type the number of the program you want to run, and you are asked whether you want to read the disk help file or not.

You will now be asked whether you want to run the program or not. For technical reasons not all the programs can be directly run from this menu file; the Virus Killer, Microsoft utility, Invaders game and Disk Formatter can be run from within the **CLICK\_ME** application.

The other items, **HELP.DSK**, **FILES**, **DISK**, **ACCOUNTS** and **AN** utilities cannot be run from **CLICK\_ME**.

### ON THE AMIGA

The Interceptor demo is self-booting - just turn on your Amiga, put the disk in, sit back and watch.

Each utility described in the previous pages is in a folder of its own with a driver icon. Click upon the folder you want. For detailed comments from the program's author click on the **README** file icon in the folder to run the program disk on the main icon.

When you click on the documentation file, a new window is opened and the text is displayed as presented in a box. To continue reading the next section, press any key. To cancel the reading process click in the Close button at the top left of the text window.

## DISK DOCUMENTATION

Many of the programs on ST Amiga Format Disk are Public Domain. It is our policy not to publish source code for these programs, as is required by the I.C.A.S. in practice. Some of the programs in documentation, such as the file conversion utilities, are in the public domain.

## NEXT MONTH'S DISK

Next month's ST Amiga Format cover disk will contain still more of the most up-to-date and exciting games demos for both machines, with useful and diverting utilities.

There'll also be the unique **ST AMIGA FORMAT PRODUCT SELECTION** - the world's first interactive buyer's guide. Just type in your specification - say, all word processors under £100 - and a list appears of what's available on your machine, where to go, and which is the best. Can you afford to be without ST?

## WE WANT TO GIVE YOU MONEY!

If you've got any programs for either ST or Amiga which you think other readers would find useful, interesting or amusing, we'd like to know. Programs should be your best work, although we will also only a modest fee for good new Public Domain programs brought to our attention.

Here's how to go about securing international fame for yourself:

1. Only send in programs on 5 1/4" disks, we cannot accept printed listings.
2. Make sure your disk is clearly labelled with your name and address, the program name(s), and marked ST or Amiga.
3. Make sure there is a documentation file on the disk called **README**.
4. Enclose a clearly covering note explaining what the program does, and if you possibly can please also send a printed or an on-line documentation file. Remember your address and a phone number where you can be contacted, include a stamped return envelope for the disk if you want it back.
5. Tell us **IMPORTANT!** there must be a signed statement that the program is yours and that you are prepared to assign public domain rights to ST Amiga Format, send the following wording:

The program entry the title listed is submitted for publication by ST Amiga Format magazine. It is my own work and has not been submitted for publication elsewhere.

Signed ...

If we accept your program, we will get in touch with you before publication to agree terms and payment rates. We will evaluate all submissions in a batch once a month, to please allow up to 45 days for return of your disks. We will only send back disks with adequate return postage and packing.

6. If you are sending us a Public Domain program of which you are not the author, please send all documentation and source files that should go with it, and if possible also the original author's name and address. Obviously the signed statement in 5(a) is inappropriate in this case.

7. If you send us a disk with a virus on it, we reserve the right to send around the heavy mob in the usual heart and do-unspeakable things to your gut. Seriously, now that you've got Virus-Killer on this month's disk, do check your disks very carefully.





# GAME BUSTERS

If it don't look good and you're outta fuel; if you need more lives and ya wanna cheat, where ya gonna go? Gamebusters! Inside info to help you get further in your game playing.

## Carrier Command ■ ST

To locate the enemy carrier, start an action game and set course for Isola (east of Thermopylae). Keep out of range of the island and wait ten minutes. As soon as the message "Isola is now an enemy island" appears, launch a Manta and head towards the north side of

## Jinxter ■ ST & Amiga

If you can't do much after getting home, open the back door with one of the keys on your key ring and walk into the garden. Get the cutlery and the gloves. When you find the wire fence, wear gloves and then cut the wire with the cutlery. (Don't be the miser to enter the window.



the island. The enemy carrier will be directly ahead of you.

A Manta can be loaded with missiles and a laser by loading the two on the same tank about five or six times.

It is best to attack an island from the rear to ensure the Warhogs are sent out in the right direction. Doing this also means you can use cruise missiles against island defenses.

## Out Run ■ ST

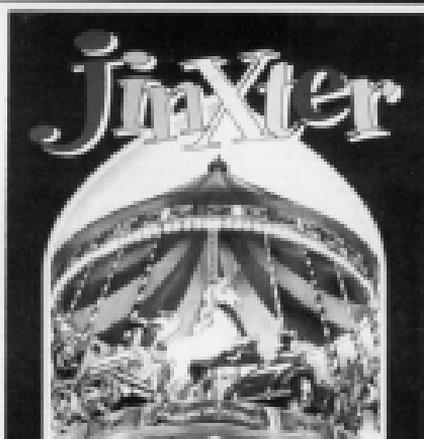
During the game press the keys making up the word SCORCH followed by one of these keys to give the following effects:

- B - extended play
- Q - save screen in Degas format
- W - information about program
- S - skip you through buttons
- T - ten second bonus
- R - very useful - crashes program

## Grid Start ■ Amiga

To personalize this game, load Deluxe Paint or Deluxe Paint 2 and insert the Grid Start disk. Select LOAD WINDOW and, from the file menu, choose the SCENES folder. Load one of the files contained within.

Simply modify what you want and re-save (as a brush again). The



brushes are saved in 16 colours to use care when loading and saving to pick the right colour combination. When saving brushes try to get the brush the same size as the picture.

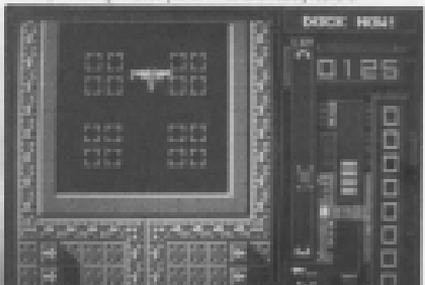
In the bonus screen while U gets you off it again. By continuously holding I and U it is possible to go through all the levels.

## Goldrunner ■ Amiga

Pressing and holding function key [F1] for a couple seconds during gameplay will give you an instruction sheet. Pressing I moves you on

## Test Drive ■ Amiga

Don't say you find steering increasingly difficult as the night wears on? Good news for Test Drive players - when turning round a sharp corner press F for the car will automatically be steered safely round it.







# WIN A LASER

Yes, you stand the chance of winning a fantastic Epson GQ3500 laser printer or a high quality LQ850, 24 pin printer in our easy to enter competition. Consider the questions below, pop a card in the post and you could be answering the door to a man delivering your very own laser or letter quality printer, courtesy of Epson UK!

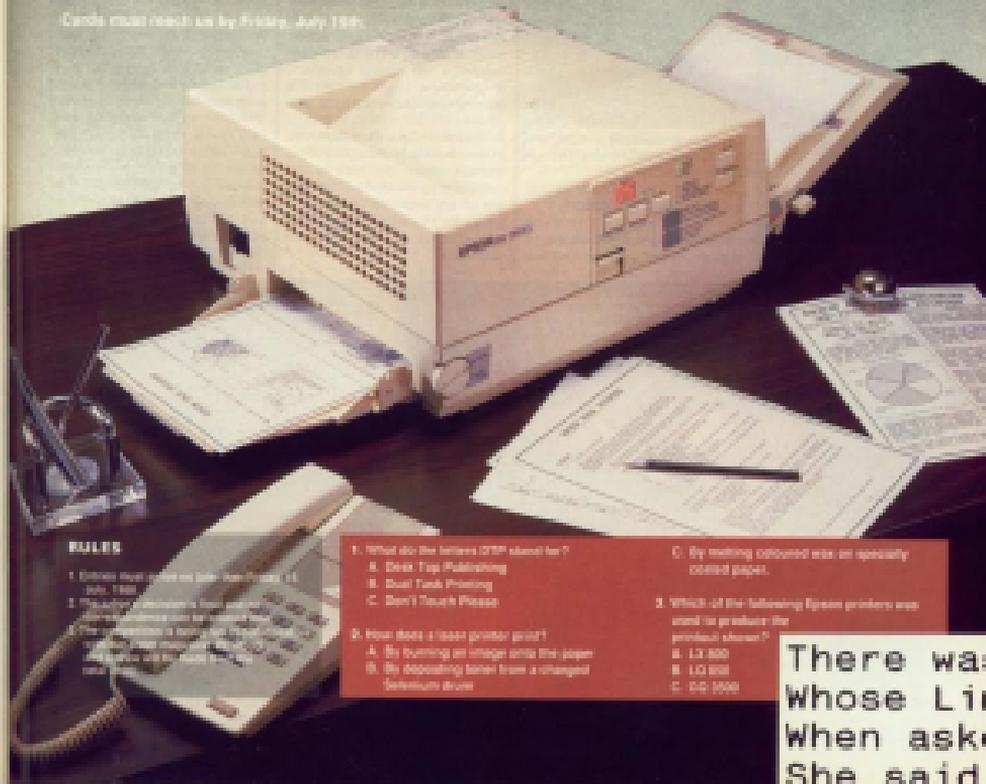
**W**hether you print text from your word processor, pages from your DTP program, graphs from your spreadsheet or pictures from your art package, they will all look clearer, bolder, sharper and more eye-catching than they've ever looked before.

The Epson GQ3500 is a new generation, 6 page per minute laser printer which provides full HP LaserJet and Epson F300 emulation to ensure compatibility with the maximum number of software packages. It connects to your micro like any other printer via the parallel printer port and opens up near typeset quality print to all your applications.

The LQ850, with its advanced semi-automatic paper handling, lets you cut, run single sheets for urgent letters without removing the pin feed continuous paper from the printer. The printer offers 2 LQ fonts at 60 characters per second, as well as a draft mode at a spinning 240 ips.

Either printer will improve the print quality of your work out of all recognition, so buy yourself a private postcard, write down the answers to the three questions below (use the letters), and pop it in the post to us at: Epson laser competition, 37 Anson Parade, 4 Queen Street, Bath BA1 1EJ

Cards must reach us by Friday, July 19th.



#### RULES

1. Entries must arrive on letter size Postcard, A4, July, 1988.
2. The card must be addressed to the competition, 37 Anson Parade, 4 Queen Street, Bath BA1 1EJ. Cards must be clearly legible and must be returned to the sender.
3. The card must be clearly legible and must be returned to the sender.

- |   |   |  |   |
|---|---|--|---|
| <p>4. How does a laser printer print?</p> <p>A. By burning an image onto the paper</p> <p>B. By depositing toner from a charged Selenium drum</p> | <p>5. Which of the following Epson printers was used to produce the postcard shown?</p> <p>A. L3 800</p> <p>B. LQ 850</p> <p>C. GQ 3500</p> | <p>6. What do the letters DTP stand for?</p> <p>A. Desk Top Publishing</p> <p>B. Dual Task Printing</p> <p>C. Don't Touch Please</p> | <p>7. By what method was an specially coated paper.</p> |
|---|---|--|---|

There was  
Whose Lin  
When aske  
She said



# ANIMAL FEEDS

The inclusion of a MIDI port on the ST has proved to be a very clever move. As Chris Jenkins discovered, STs have wormed their way into The Animal House studio in Clerkenwell as a cost-effective alternative for sequencing.

**A**s most of you will know, MIDI - the Musical Instrument Digital Interface - is a communications standard, similar to RS-232. It allows fully equipped computers, synthesizers, sound samplers, effects units and other devices to exchange musical information, such as the pitch of a note, its duration, or its sound. Particularly of note are electronic musical instruments now come equipped with MIDI, and can therefore be controlled by an ST with suitable software.

Because MIDI allows the process of music-making to be treated in the same efficient way as a word processor treats documents, it's brought about a revolution in studios of all sizes from back bedrooms four tracks to huge commercial setups.

## Into the cage

London's Clerkenwell is best known as a business centre, but nesting in a

small town is Animal House-Studio, the first professional music studio designed around computers. Studio manager Clive Milten, formerly of progressive rock band Swirlin' Right, created the studio from the ground up. It's been in operation for six months, and is looked upon by musicians who appreciate the nature of high-tech, speedy operation and comfortable software. Clients so far include session musicians from bands such as Five Star, Go West, and Howard Jones. Unlike some studios, which have had to try to integrate computers with existing equipment, Animal House had three 1840 STs installed "year before the walls were put up".

Computers have three main roles in music-making: recording and editing musical sequences, editing and cataloguing synthesizer and sampler sounds, and automating the process of mixing the finished multi-track tapes. Animal House uses an ST for each task.

## The sequence

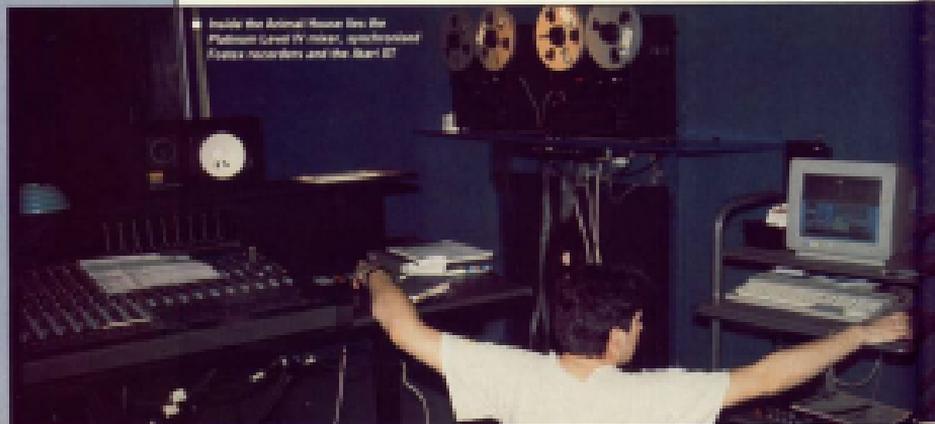
"We thought of using an Apple Macintosh, which has some great music software", explained Clive, "but the ST was the obvious choice because there are so many software packages and it's more reasonably priced". For sequencing, Animal House uses the Steinberg Pro-24 package. This was one of the first professional-standard MIDI sequencers, and has been kept in the forefront of development by regular updates. Used by bands including Madonna, Chic, Status and Ultravox, Pro-24 was the first software package to be seen live on 'Top of the Pops'. "Pro-24 is very easy to use" explained Clive. "You can load it in like a 20-track tape recorder". Pro-24 is now up to version V3, which features numerous improvements such as a display of the MIDI channel assignment of each track, and the ability to 'punch in' to a sequence and edit in real-time.

The £250 Pro-24 package, like

## WAY IN

The studio house is available at reasonable commercial rates for any musician who wants to make use of its facilities. Ring them on 01-252 5612.

Inside the Animal House lies the Platinum Level IV mixer, synchronized K24s recorders and the Stein ST





#### ■ The Atari 1300 SE running Steinberg's Pro-24 sequencer

Many other MIDI sequencers allow you to record a keyboard performance in slight form, edit it to eliminate mistakes, quantify it to control timing, loop it, even revise it itself. By combining and merging many sequences into songs, Pro-24 can play an entire composition perfectly, over and over again if you require, while you take the results. Engineer Russell Roney notes to get around 26 songs stored on each ST disk, and has never gotten out of memory on the 1300 SE.

Animal House has an impressive array of rack-mounted musical instrument modules, including Akai S800 and S612 sound samplers, Roland D840 and Super JX synthesizers, and a Yamaha TX81Z module. DSI MIDI keyboard and DSI2 drum machines. All of these are connected via MIDI to the ST running Pro-24.

Because the connection is via a series of Atari MSOP programmable MOS Patch Bays, Pro-24 can take control of any instrument — in the middle of a performance, if you want — without re-arranging. Say, for instance, you want a guitar (or a bit of solo), and a huge reverberation sound on just one beat of a snare drum; just select the MIDI program numbers you require on your effects unit, write them into the Pro-24 sequencer, and the change is handled for you automatically. Animal House's effects rack includes King, Roland Yamaha and Lexicon MIDI units, all of which can be controlled by the ST.

A hardware addition to Pro-24, the SMP-24 unit, also allows the ST to take control of the tape recorder. The two Rane RW units do this by cable read to the computer. At \$2000 each, they cost a lot less than a 24-track recorder, which would cost around \$40,000. Yet, using the ST, the two Rane machines can be synchronized together, giving a total of 22 tracks of tape to play with.

This is done using Pro-24, which generates SMP24 code through the

SMP-24 add-on; the tape machines read the code and stop in time with each other. Another \$20,000 (added by the ST) as a bonus, the SMP-24 unit gives you four independent MIDI OUT sockets for a total of 64 MIDI channels. Four times the standard MIDI channels (16.) This means that timing errors, often caused when synths receive uncorrected MIDI information aimed at other units, can be eliminated.

### The Mix

If you think that's a clever trick, just imagine the skill and co-ordination required to create a final mix on a 40-channel mixer. Bear in mind that with all the tape channels and all the sequencer channels playing at once, there can be up to 128 audio signals in the final mix. Only a computer can perform the mix flexibly, and here the ST comes into its own again.

Automated 'Solid State Logic' mixing desks, where the motorized faders are controlled by a central computer, cost over \$20,000. Animal House's solution is another 1340SE, the Megamax automation system. Megamax is an introduction-level desk (not containing 40 VCA's [Voltage Controlled Amplifiers], it converts into special insert points in the Platinum Level 32 mixing desk, and takes control of the overall volume for each mixer channel. The Megamax software is pre-programmed with the mixing settings for each channel, the master fader is run, and the Megamax unit performs the final mix faithfully. The result is a perfect mix, which can then be mastered for cutting.

### The Sound

Of course, nothing would happen if the synthesizers and samplers were not provided with sounds to play, and this is where the third ST comes in. Modern synthesizers have so many sound

programming parameters that it would be prohibitively expensive to provide a hardware knob to adjust each one — besides which, the resulting instrument would be the size of a small car. The solution is 'digital voices.' There's just one control knob: each sound parameter, such as volume, filtering, resonance, FM algorithm and so on, is assigned a number, and you tap in the number you want and adjust its value with the knobs. A laborious way of working.

MIDI provides a solution, because it allows synthesizers and computers to exchange the digital information which describes each sound. Patch editing packages by companies such as Hybrid Arts, Composites, C-Lab and Serum present a graphical display of the sound parameters of a synth. Using the mouse, you can edit the sound quickly and efficiently; then save it to a disk. Most synths, such as the Yamaha DX7, usually use sound storage cartridges, which store around 64 sounds for about \$40. Compare the software alternatives, where you can save something like



■ Megamax automation system. MIDI patch bays, computers and synths controlled again by the good ol' ST

#### 2000 sounds on one 3.5-inch disk!

Animal House can provide the necessary ST sound editing software for any common synthesizer. It's also possible to use the ST to patch sound samples from the Mix samplers. Using packages such as Digipatch, you can display a waveform representing the sound heard in the sampler's memory. Using the ST's mouse, it's then possible to edit, loop and truncate the sound, achieving much better results than would be possible by ear using the sampler's less limited controls. The power of the ST's 68000 processor also allows Digipatch to create animal sounds using the complex principle of formants synthesis.

Despite having all the facilities of a 'music programming suite' in addition to the more conventional studio equipment, anyone at Animal House is keen to stress that it's music, and not computers, that comes first. Live elements such as guitars, drums, bass and vocals are well provided for with accurately controlled recording areas. The results, whether acoustic or electronic, are stunning, and a tribute to the talent of the musicians as well as the flexibility of their computers. ■

### SMPTÉ

The Society of Motion Picture and Television Engineers (SMPTÉ) has made an updated video recording video and introduced its first video cassette recorder to the market. A SMPTÉ 1000 is scheduled to appear in March 1985. SMPTÉ 1000 will be available in two models and features 24 hours per channel, dual 1/2 inch Hi-Fi video tape heads for 1000 hours of tape.

### ■ WHO, WHAT, WHERE?

Steinberg's Pro-24 is available in 1300 SE from Sound Technology. You can find us at 4000 40th St. in San Jose.

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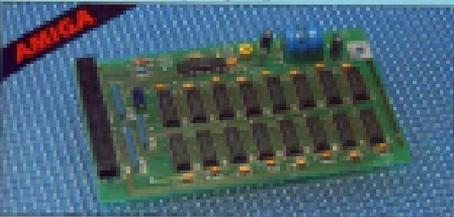
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# PRO SOUND DESIGNER

How did they get the screams into Barbarian? Or the red alert into Star Trek? They used a sound sampler, and now you can too. Richard Montelro investigates Eidersolf's Pro Sound Designer. Just released is an Amiga version to complement the already successful ST package.

004-95 ST, £79.95 Amiga ■ Eidersolf, Ltd 4 Starline, London Trade Centre, Beakton, Essex SS11-6SL ■ 0800 567 742

## EXPORT XXX

If you're one of our transatlantic readers, you'll be glad to know that there will be an American version of Amiga Pro Sound Designer and combine that with the software will go down a storm, even as regional manufacturers will produce the Future Sound and Perfect Sound. The US version will have individual volume controls for each channel, unlike the UK version, and it will display waveforms.

**A**fter the graphic impact what attracts you to a game? Sound — that's what. But isn't here it the ST's sound chip — which is little better than those on the Amstrad CPC and Spectrum 2 — isn't capable of anything startling. Even the Amiga's custom sound chip which offers four voices, stereo output and both amplitude and frequency modulation still falls short of perfection. For this reason programmers have looked for alternative methods of sound-generation. And what better way than by using real, recorded tones and sound-effects?

Of course, to grab real sounds you need specialised hardware. Hardware that can digitise, or 'sample', it. Eidersolf, based in downtown London in Essex, have the right equipment — Pro Sound Designer.

### Sordid details

One mouse-click box protruding proudly from the parallel port consists at the necessary circuitry for converting analog sound data to the digital signal that the ST or Amiga understands. Plug a miniature jack into the socket on the side and you can transfer sounds from

### FUTURE SOUNDS

Pro Sound Designer is a fun package and should be used as often — that's what Eidersolf would like us to believe. Their reasoning may have something to do with their September product launch which, if all goes according to plan, could see the hottest sampler-compression board for the ST or Amiga.

The Modular Sampling System (MSS), as it's being provisionally called, is set to rock the sampling fraternity: it's a substantial motherboard with processor, operating system, clock sampling system, provision for ST video devices, up to 32 megabytes of RAM, networking capabilities and open architecture to allow third party additions. The ST version is due out first with the Amiga model following 'fast. As Eidersolf's software production manager, Dave Wood, enthuses "It will far surpass the Amiga Pro Sound capabilities including multi-channel output. People can buy what suits their pocket." Of course, the price isn't coming cheap; it's aimed at professional musicians and artists. The base unit is likely to cost upwards of £300. The more you want, the more you pay.

Like IBM's PC which has several slots for expansion cards, MSS will be totally user configured. The base unit will probably consist of motherboard, processor and operating system. To that you add and edit. The software will detect what you've got plugged in. For instance, if you install a 16-bit sampling board, extra software features would become available. Eidersolf hope other manufacturers will catch on to the idea of producing extra cards or modules for their board.

### AMIGA SPECIFICS

Because the Amiga has such advanced sound and processing hardware, it can replay four samples simultaneously — that's two different digitised sounds per stereo channel. Hook up your machine to an amplifier and speaker, the output is fascinating.

Up to eight samples can be stored in memory at any time. Each sample has its own dynamic pad of memory, which means that the buffer grows or shrinks according to the size of the sample. The function keys can be thought of as the buffers. They are used to access samples, although eight buffers are available, stereo samples take up two, so you may only fit in four different samples in all.

Pro Sound Designer has two

Record buttons. One is used for capturing stereo samples, the other for stereo samples. If you record a stereo sample you will get two wave forms in the large window.

Amiga and 80386 computers have, as part of their offering, an anti-aliasing filter which smooths high-frequency signals. Since the would-deaden the sounds of drums, cymbals, and so on the Pro Sound software has a function allowing you to disable the Amiga's anti-aliasing.

Unfortunately you have to pay extra £2.50 or so, the price hasn't been fixed yet for the software. It looks to allow you to play stored digitised samples from your own 80386 or G programs. This does reduce the package's usefulness.

### Features



performance



sound quality



memory



format value



value

## Pro Sound (Amiga) ■ £79.95

for

- Four samples can be played simultaneously
- Samples can be compressed
- Eight samples can be held in memory
- Sound-editing features

against

- Sounds can't be used in your own programs without paying extra
- Editing can be slow

## Amiga Pro-Sound Designer

Up to eight samples can be held in memory. Each is assigned to a function key.

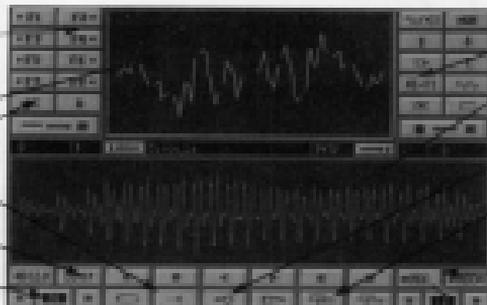
Increasing sound waveform. Notice there are two waves: one for the left channel and the other for the right channel.

This box clears all the samples from memory.

Cuts a portion of the sample.

Plays a sample non-stop.

Playback speed.



Anti-aliasing for improved audio range.

Graphical representation of a sample.

Modify function for detailed editing.

Merge copy option.

Two record buttons. One for mono sampling, the other for stereo sampling.

your Hi-Fi straight into the mixer's memory.

The Pro-Sound software lets you edit the sampled sounds. You can vary the rate at which sound is fed into the mixer, cut and paste portions of the sample and play it back at various speeds. Both Amiga and ST software is similar - indeed, layout and menu selection is identical. Certain functions are specific to each machine and these are detailed in a separate panel.

Identical too to make their products look exciting - the Pro-Sound software is no exception - they also take care that their products work as well as they look. The result is that Pro-Sound has a very friendly user interface and a lot to offer. 'Trendy' mistakes give icons,

selected in typical Hi-Fi fashion, set the scene. Two windows - for displaying the incoming sound waves and for showing the samples shape in memory - comprise the screen.

At the bottom of the screen are two rows of cassette-tape style icons which are used, logically enough, for recording and playing back samples. The sampling rate, measured in kHz, can be reduced to save memory, but sound quality is directly proportional to the sampling rate, so you have to strike a reasonable compromise.

Once a sound is in memory and shown on screen as a oscilloscope-style trace, sections may be cut, copied or merged. By using the merge option it is possible to combine two sounds -

great for echo effects. Similarly, cut and paste gives you the power to create 16-bit 16000hz choruses. Samples can be played backwards, speeded up or slowed down.

Pro-Sound lets you compress sounds and save the compressed versions. The practical use of this is that a high quality sample can be taken and compressed to half its length, but then replicated at half its playback rate. Thus a 50% memory saving can be made with little loss of quality for most sounds. Unfortunately the colour ST version of Pro-Sound can't do this - only the Amiga and mono ST versions. Another feature not available in colour ST versions is playing a section of a sample with fade-in or fade-out.

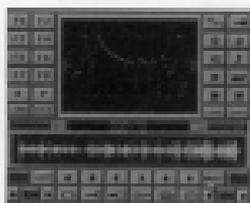
Lots of fun can be had with Pro-Sound Designer. Indeed, it's been general that way: it's a good 'looker' and a good performer - most important though, it's enjoyable to use. The quality and range of features make it very attractive not only to home users, but also to software houses for adding sophisticated soundtracks to their games. ■

### ST SPECIFICS

As the ST's printer just hasn't any power lines, a nine volt battery must be connected to the Pro-Sound hardware. This is achieved via a couple of 9v wires soldered to the circuit board. There's also an additional socket which can be used for sending sound output to a Hi-Fi.

In the colour ST version of Pro-Sound, sounds generated by the ST's

W81149 sound chip can be edited from the chip editor section of the software. This allows you to alter the chip register and create sound effects, but that's all - there's no note-by-note composer facility. The mono ST Pro-Sound doesn't have this sound chip editor, but does sound like the Amiga version sound compression and fade-in/out, as explained in the main review.



■ ST Pro-Sound Designer in action

The function keys - sizes

of which are held in the top left of the screen - are used to store the positions of the two pointers defining the start and end of the sample, and current playback speed. Only the pointer positions are used and not the actual part of the sample. So, if you load another sample or cut bits from the current sample, you'll realize whatever is between the pointers and not what was there when you set the function keys.

Completed sound effects can be saved and translated for use in BASIC, C or machine code programs.

### GOLD DISKS

Several hardware packages are currently being developed for Pro-Sound. On the Amiga is a cassette rack, for making Deluxe Paint pictures and animation sequences with ease. Also, and a 'Sound processor' of the flavour with extensive memory editing up to 8000 and better - cut and paste features.

Already out for the ST Pro-Sound are Pro-Light and Pro-Track, at £7.95 each. Pro-Light flashes colours in time to the music. Pro-Track allows a sample to be played several or many times in a row. Amiga versions are promised. ■

### Pre-Sound (ST)

■ £64.95

for

- Samples taken from 2000 to 16000hz
- Editing is fast
- Samples can be used in your own programs

against

- Colour and mono versions different
- Merging causes volume loss

### Features:

FUNCTION

STEREO/COMPRESSION

MONO/ST/COMP

RECORD/EDIT

FUNCTION

FUNCTION

FUNCTION

FUNCTION

FUNCTION

FUNCTION



# WHAT IS DTP?

With high resolution graphics and fast processing speeds, both ST and Amiga are well suited to the graphic-intensive application of Desk Top Publishing. But what is DTP and what makes it different from word processing? Simon Williams hits the headlines...

**W**hen word processing took off, in the mid 1970s, it was largely to provide the same manipulation of words as computers had done for numbers a decade earlier. Companies such as Pitag had marketed dedicated computers for producing letters, reports and other corporate communication that only these corporations could afford. With the advent of the micro in the early 80s, the term word processor came more and more to mean the software which would provide the same kind of facilities as the specialised machine had earlier.

Both the dedicated word processor and the early micro relied for their characters on a set of letters, numbers and punctuation marks built into a ROM within the machine. Memory was still dear and graphics applications were uniquely hungry for memory. At the good old days when Space Invaders were asteroids and lunar landers were capital 'W'.

As RAM grew cheaper and more, and more people started to think of new and exciting things to do with it on their faster, modern micros. Why, thought some, should people be restricted to one typeface, usually a fairly ugly one, in one size, in one format on the screen, and relying on the character set of the printer for the look of the final document?

## DTP - 4 WP

DTP tries to come on the screen what will finally appear on the paper. The old standard command WYSIWYG says it

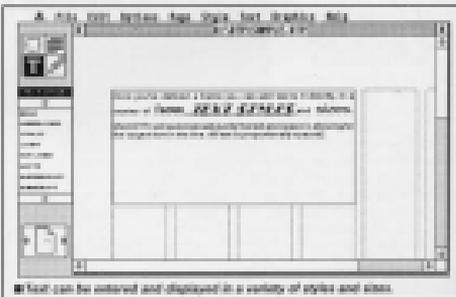
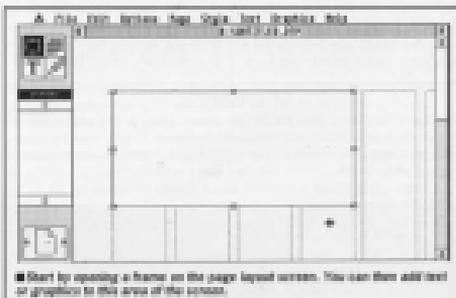
fairly plainly - What You See is What You Get. In fact, what appears on the screen is only ever a loose approximation to what is printed out (WYSIWYG), as the resolution of the average micro's screen is a lot lower than even the humble 10 pin dot matrix printer. A Desktop Publisher is mainly concerned with the look of the final page and less with the contents of the writing. To this extent most DTPs only provide rudimentary text editing facilities, ignoring matters such as typography, the incorporation of graphics, colour use and line spacing and page layout.

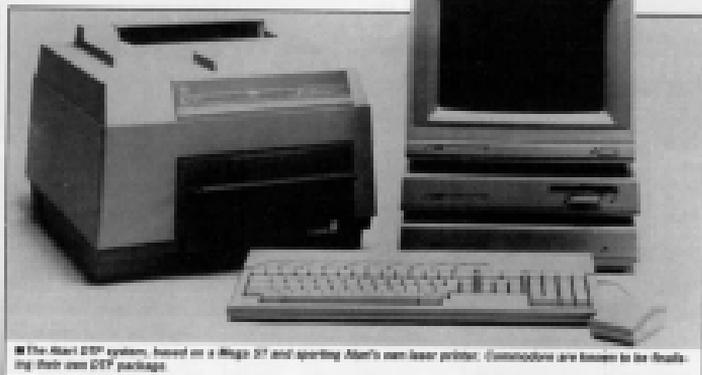
## SETTING UP

What do you need to set up a DTP system? Well the first requirement is a micro, and both Amiga and ST are eminently suitable. It's a distinct advantage to have 1 Mbyte of memory or more as most DTP packages use a lot of it. It's possible to use the base machines (ST 520 or 4000) for DTP but there are limitations, particularly with the restrictions of single drives. If disk swapping is your only form of exercise during the week you'll probably be reluctant to give it up. For the rest of us, two drives are almost essential for serious page making.

The advantages of better quality printers are never more obvious than when printing a DTP document. The basic rule is to go for the best quality printer you can afford. 24 pin dot matrix is a good deal better than 9 pin, while a laser printer is best of all but also the most expensive by a long way. A recent development which may help to bridge the gap between dot matrix and laser output is Hewlett Packard's ink jet printer, the DeskJet. Output from this printer is near laser quality, while the price is supposed to be around £300.

There are numerous DTP packages available for the two machines. On the ST, Fleet Street Publisher and Timesworks DTP are well regarded, while the Amiga user should look up Page Server and Publisher (2000) New DTP products, for both are on the Amiga and ST Amiga Format and where them as soon as they're available.





■ The Atari DTP system, based on a Mega ST and sporting Atari's own laser printer. (Connectors are known to be flexible; they're not DTP packages.)

## ATARI DTP

Atari recently introduced a complete DTP system, which can print a Mega ST. The Atari Publisher software and Atari's own laser printer. The interesting thing about the Atari laser is that it makes use of the memory in the Mega ST to complete each graphics page, rather than relying on separate memory which would cost more than the printer itself. Prices start at a very reasonable \$2465.

Almost all DTPs use the same method of handling blocks of text or graphics. They demand that you lay them marked boxes, or frames, which can be filled with copy or pictures. The frames and their entire contents can then be moved or rotated very easily. Also, there are other facilities to stretch frames and to crop and scale graphics. When frames are laid over other frames most DTPs will automatically re-flow the text within the outer box to fit around the new one.

The sizes and styles of text which most DTPs can produce allow a wide variety of effects and support a number of different types of documents. You could, for instance, use the same piece of software to produce an internal company report, newsletter for a club or parish, flyer for a new product, or book manuscript. You can usually adjust the size of each font, the space between lines of text (leading), the width of each column in a multi-column page (measure) and the space between characters (spacing).

As well as being able to import graphics from a variety of sources, including art packages and digital picture scanners, most DTPs offer basic facilities for drawing lines, boxes, circles,

and ellipses so that you can design layouts and facilities to highlight portions of your documents. Many packages also offer a number of text and fill patterns to vary the design and give weight to areas of the page.

DTP is an application distinct from word processing. Its purpose is to lay out text and graphics to make up attractive pages once the copy has been written.

It continues to be a growth area for both ST and Amiga users and need not cost the earth if you're prepared to accept a pin dot matrix output. If you can afford a laser printer (or can charge a digital company expense) you can produce near typeset quality output for a fraction of the cost of a manually-composed document, and have full control over its final appearance.

## COME THE RESOLUTION

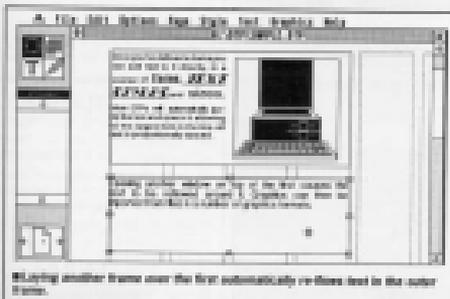
The resolution of a screen or printer is simply defined as the number of dots per inch that it can display. This figure directly affects the apparent "sharpness" of the image. At low resolutions diagonal lines and curves appear jagged and the viewer is very aware that all images are composed of dots. As the resolution increases so lines get smoother and the eye glances over the space between the dots and begins to see the image rather than its components. When you reach the resolution of newspaper photographs (about 120-dpi, but with a varying dot size) most people are prepared to accept them as "true" photographs.

The resolution of monitors is normally well under 120 dpi, with colour monitors displaying lower resolution than monochrome ones. The ST colour monitor (SC1234) has a resolution of 40 dpi, while the monochrome (SB24) provides 80 dpi. The

Commodore 5084, normally supplied with the Amiga, tops out around 50 dpi.

An interesting side-note effect is that the number of colours a monitor can display has a bearing on the apparent resolution of the screen. The more colours that can be displayed, the higher the perceived resolution. This fact is often exploited by games producers to make their games appear better.

Printer resolution starts at about 150 dpi for 8 pin printers, rises to over 200 for 24 pin printers (initially as much as 350 dpi in multi-pin models, up to 600 dpi, the standard for laser printers. Above this are high-end laser printers at 600 dpi, and photo-laserwriters like the Letter-Rite 130 and 300 series which are used to produce ST Amiga-format at 1200 dpi. These machines are capable of twice this resolution, but with a screen throughput.

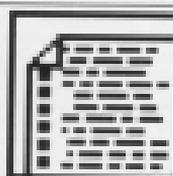


■ Laying another frame over the first automatically re-flows text in the outer frame.

In this paragraph, each word is script, script, and script normal, large, very large, and list are *italics* and SMALL dotted line under the char

■ Sample output from the TradeIt Postscript image printer.





PROGRAMMING

# GETTING GOING

What essentials are necessary to get the most out of your ST or Amiga, particularly if your interest lies in programming? Jeremy Vine and Mark Burgess offer some pointers.

## WELCOME TO THE ST...

So you've just purchased your Atari ST computer. You've this great idea for a piece of software and you're convinced that you could do the job yourself. However, for you an experienced programmer or a newcomer to the world of bits and bytes, you will need a certain amount of assistance in creating your program. What essential tools of the trade will you require?

In building up the essential programming toolbox, you will require a cross-section of books, utility programs and programming languages - all designed to make your task the little bit easier.

## Reference books

A good place to start is by reading. The Atari ST is supported by a wealth of written material in supposedly guide and avoid the ST user. In practice, not meaning professed as being the "essential" and "definitive" guidebook to the Atari ST is what it claims.

Books tend to split into either the general purpose "everything you need to know about the Atari ST" book or the "take look at this specific subject in great detail". There is nothing wrong with either approach, and you can find great books in both these areas. What you choose depends on your needs. If the ST is your first computer, you will probably need a general guidebook to explain the jargon and different elements of a computer's operation. Many books exist to help you teach yourself a programming language, but be careful in your selection. Books which teach programming are often written with no specific machine in mind. This can cause problems if, for example, the implementation of the language you are using is different from the one the author had in mind.

By and large this is not a problem. What is more likely is that your version of, say, BASIC, will contain commands not included in other BASICs. These commands will usually relate to specialised features of the ST, such as Graphics and Sound.

The following lists many of the ST books available:

- ABACUS - Atari ST Tricks and Tips; Atari ST Graphics and Sound; Atari ST Copy Users Guide; Atari ST Files and Paths; Atari ST Introduction to BASIC Programming; Atari ST 3D Graphics; Atari ST Disk Driver; Inside and Out; Atari ST Basic Training Guide; Atari ST Internals; Atari ST for Beginners;
- BASIM - Atari ST Application Programming
- COMPUTE - Computers ST Atlas; How to Sound and Graphics on the ST; Elementary ST Basic; Atari ST VDI
- GLENTOP - Using LDD on the Atari ST; The Complete Atari ST 68000 Programmers Reference Guide
- KUBSA - The Atari ST Expanded
- SMEX - Mastering Sound and Music on the Atari ST

## TOG and OEM

If you are a newcomer to the ST, you might be unaware of the operating systems at the heart of the machine. To confuse the issue further, the ST has not one but two operating systems. But first of all, what is a DOS (Disk Operating System)?

Simply put, the purpose of a DOS is to process commands written to micro. It manages the firmware within the computer and provides the user with a number of utilities that make the everyday tasks of computing easier. A DOS is a program, or more accurately a

number of programs that process commands within the micro. These operations are often loaded to the disk drives, hence the term DOS.

But the commands that you type can sometimes be less than friendly. Atari overcame this problem by placing a friendly "text shell" into the system. In essence, GEM (Graphics Environment Manager, for the acronym hungry) provides a concrete face to what would otherwise be an awkward, unfriendly operating system. A good reference



■ A Mega ST with the luxury of a hard disk - ideal for building a program development system around. If you can afford it.

## MIND YOUR LANGUAGES

There is no shortage of programming languages for the ST and programmers are spoilt for choice, often with several implementations of the same language. The list below is by no means comprehensive but gives a very good indication of what is available.

### ASSEMBLERS

- Comp Concepts - Lisa Fast 68000 Assembler
- Rumba - Rumba Assembler
- ROSE - Rumba (Assembler/Debugger)
- Moscom - MOC Assembler

### BASIC

- Comp Concepts - Fast Basic (Basic Interpreter for ST on ROM cartridge)

- Genlec - GFA Basic compiler
- High - PowerBasic
- ProFont - Basic Compiler
- C
- Megaman - C
- Mark Williams - C For the Atari ST
- Moscom - Lattice C
- LISP
- Moscom - Cambridge LISP
- Modula-2
- MIC (Modula-2) - Modula-2/ST
- Passcad
- Deluxe System Software - Personal Pascal
- Program Software - ProPascal



## BUYING BOOKS

You don't have to hunt high and low through advertising pages just to buy a book. Buy full-steam bookshops can order any book you want, so long as you know the name of either the author or the book title. Tell them to look it up in *WORLD'S BOOKS IN PRINT*, the definitive list of all books on the market.

Some of the books mentioned in this article are American, which is a big tick on, but your bookshop's publisher's name, and you will probably find there is a US distribution list.

book should provide you with all the necessary information to get inside the system, though you will need to be a competent programmer to benefit from all the information provided.

### In the Public Domain

By the time you've put together your essential library of programming languages, utilities and reference books, you could easily have spent far more from the cost of the machine. There is, however, a way of obtaining software at little or no cost — and it's perfectly legal.

Public Domain software is available to everyone to use for no cost. This will find adverts for PD software in all magazines — just write off for a catalogue (sent at \$6). A list of PD software typically costs around £2, which is the material cost of the disk plus the firm's copying charges.

Whatever your programming experience or requirements, there is ample material to assist you. Don't be afraid to make use of other people's routines,

providing they approve. Take program listings that are available to you and study the way in which they work. Other people's experience is the best way of increasing your own knowledge.

Jeremy Sline is a freelance journalist and author of *The Art Of Computers*.

## WELCOME TO THE AMIGA...

For most people, buying a computer system means not only buying a computer but also selecting software and buying books. Amiga buyers can expect to spend several hundred pounds on software over and above the basic Workbench utilities provided free with the machine. Here is a brief guide for anyone thinking of purchasing an Amiga for programming.

### Getting at the hardware

An unfortunate but important feature to look out for in any piece of Amiga software is its compatibility to running the machine. Unfortunately for the Amiga's reputation there are a large number of programs on the market in a state of semi-completion and which crash frequently, making them impossible to use in any serious way. This is particularly true of some programs just after their release.

One of the attractive features of the Amiga is that it holds exciting possibilities for programmers. The Amiga package provides a head start in the form of a BASIC interpreter which allows access to many of the Amiga's powerful graphics and sound facilities. To explore the Amiga at the operating system level, however, either writing Workbench utilities or to access the Amiga's multitasking requires programming either in C or in Modula II. The best bet for anyone new to 'foreign languages' is C, owing both to its most found popularity and also the fact that all the Amiga programming manuals are addressed to the C programmer.

The Lattice C compiler is a fast featured compiler and sells for around £165. However, a word of warning for

anyone wishing to use the Amiga primarily for programming, it is quite impossible to run a C compiler without two 3.5" disk drives. Doing so would be economically unwise, with all the disk usage involved.

Amiga C compilers supply little in the way of documentation of the Amiga's special library of routines. Programmers certainly require at least two of the full programmer's manuals which describe access to the Amiga's software interface. A set of four manuals is available from Addison Wesley. The titles are:

The Amiga Installation Reference Manual  
The Amiga System Reference Manual: Libraries and Devices

The Amiga System Reference Manual: Disc

The Amiga Hardware Reference Manual

Each book costs around £30. Due to the great expense, it's worth buying them one at a time. The first two manuals will probably satisfy the needs of most programmers, though it is worth buying just one to appreciate their high technical nature before going for books on the remainder. The Installation manual describes how to control screens, windows, menu gadgets and registers the elements of the Amiga's installation system. The Libraries and Devices manual covers sound, graphics, disk interface and input/output. The Amiga Hardware manual are concerned with the more technical features of the multitasking operating system and are therefore of limited use to the majority of programmers.

### Words from the wise

If there were one single piece of advice to offer Amiga buyers it would be 'buy a machine with two disk drives'. It is almost essential for any prolonged use. Regular steam reporting to employ the Amiga for business would also be advised to use a hard disk, despite the initially high price (between £100 and £150), particularly if some enterprise company produces a sensibly priced interface in the near future.

For buyers the most useful thing to do is to browse through magazines to check for advertisements and lists of new products. Joining an Amiga Users Group could also give very useful. This can be an efficient way of getting to know what is available for the Amiga and often has benefits in the form of discounts on software products.

Finally do not rush into buying anything. Check the columns and ask people's advice about books and software. Good advice makes it quickly possible to pin down the products which are both best suited and at the best price.

Mark Burgess is a freelance computer writer and author of *AmigaDOS: a Subhand Guide*, which he recommends entirely impartially.



■ Amiga 2000 with a second floppy disk - this one's a 3.25" drive.

## CLI OR WIMP?

The Amiga is fortunate in having both a CLI and WIMP interface: that is the ability to accept commands either as typed commands like `DELETE` and `COPY` or from menu selections with the mouse. The typed AmigaDOS commands are extremely useful and offer many facilities not available from the Workbench, the Amiga's WIMP interface.

Inexplicably the manual which is supplied with the Amiga barely mentions the CLI, and does not give a complete list of commands available. Benjam Book's volume entitled *The AmigaDOS Manual* sells for around £15, and rectifies this. It describes using the text editors ED and EDT on the Workbench disk, together with a complete command list.

The AmigaDOS Manual documents these com-

mands in a rather terse and formal way, which will be of little help to inexperienced computer users. However, it does offer additional information to C programmers about the filing system commands and the multitasking 'locks'. This is the system which prevents more than one program from writing to a file at the same time. Other books with a more helpful attitude to AmigaDOS include the *AmigaDOS Reference Guide by Computer* and *AmigaDOS: a Subhand Guide* by yours truly, both of which are available from Data Press. Among the flurry of cheap books from the States which came flooding out during the early stages of the Amiga's career. These are both expensive and contain no more information than your own Amiga Owners Manual.

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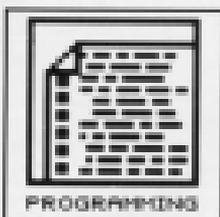
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# BACK TO BASICS

So many languages, yet BASIC is undoubtedly the most popular. Richard Monteiro compares dialects with the supplied offerings from Atari and Commodore.

## ST

**E**ver since Atari bundled ST BASIC with their machines, the language has come in for criticism. It's been held up for lack of speed, poor documentation and a number of bugs. Atari recently released a revised version, which now

comes with all new ST computers, but is not fully compatible with previous releases.

Third party companies noticing the problems with ST BASIC also get in work producing their own versions. There are no less than eight BASICs to choose from, but a good proportion of these run from the DPM environment and can therefore be discarded. Consider the following as the pick of the crop.

### Fast BASIC

Computer Concepts ■ 04180  
disk, 089.00 cartridge

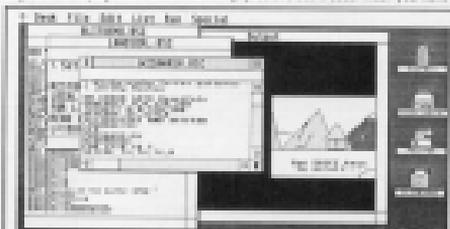
If ST BASIC was a car it would be a Ford Fiesta. On that scale Fast BASIC would be a Ferrari Testarossa. It is fast, but then it would be very hard to produce anything as slow as ST BASIC. Unlike many BASICs, Fast BASIC doesn't require line numbers - although you can use them if you wish. And, like BASIC of old, it includes an inline assembler. Fast BASIC is available on cartridge or disk. The cartridge system offers an icon to your desktop which, when clicked, enters BASIC instantly - fast and having eaten 400k space are the main advantages of the cartridge version.

ED to test programs can be stored in memory at once and each program

has its own call or segment of memory. Segments aren't fixed in size. Each occupies as much memory as its program needs - they needn't all be the same size, nor be concurrent. Each segment is displayed on screen as an

icon-oriented.

Commands are plentiful, except when it comes to accessing GEM and later levels. Assembler can be mixed with BASIC which is one way round the problem, but it does mean you have to



code spelling the program's name. Any program can be called up simply by double clicking on the appropriate segment icon or from the drop-down menu, modified, executed or dumped to the printer. However, programs in segments can only be run individually, not simultaneously.

The editor is very swift. At first sight it looks like a simple text editor, but control key sequences and just down menus reveal its hidden talents. Cursor control is consistent and complete (even cursor flash can be switched off). There's a choice of text size, three in medium or low resolution and four in high resolution. A jolly various size can't be mixed or screen. Oddly commands must be entered in upper case otherwise they are treated as variables at run-time. You can configure the interpreter, so Fast BASIC contains an optional capitalising function which automatically converts commands to uppercase once the line has

been entered at 6600 and show it various traps. Documentation is in the area's space.

Fast BASIC is relatively easy to use, most of the time. It's just a case of pointing and clicking. As you get to know your way around the system you'll find plenty of labour saving short cuts. Program creation isn't much of an effort either. With a decent editor, stacks of powerful and cleverly-named commands, and various bug-finding facilities its plain sailing - most of the time.

The compiler for Fast BASIC, too. Computer Concepts can supply a full-time interpreter. This is simply the normal interpreter minus program development functions. Cost is 071.00.

**Features**  
performance  
ease of use  
resources  
format value

4.4  
4.5  
3  
3.5

John Karmay left and Thomas Nerts, pictured here, are none other than the dynamic duo responsible for the most popular programming language ever. The language more people know than



Norwegian, Danish and Swedish combined. The language that preceded BASIC (BASIC) and FORTRAN. The language that has been converted hundreds of times to hundreds of machines. The language that was put into the public domain in May 1964. The language that was out into the public domain in May 1964. The language that uses near-English commands. The language whose acronym means Beginner's All purpose Symbolic Instruction Code. Okay, that's it. We can't give you any more basic stars. If you haven't worked out what it is by now, you don't deserve to be told.

## GFA BASIC

Genesis ■ \$119.95

After seeing Computer Concepts' Fast BASIC, Bentley responded by importing GFA BASIC from the land that provided "improving slash! Technik and software for Kerner." That was a job ago. Versions have been drifting in our view - version 1 (GFA like the month) is claimed to be more than a slight improvement. GFA is also fast - the Lamborghini Countach of BASICs. It certainly gives Fast BASIC a run for its money. As for GFA BASIC... well, its full standing, Version 2 is roughly 20% faster than the earlier GFA.

The editor looks among the elite. The cursor can be moved in character, line or screen increments. Other word processor like options allow you to jump to the top or bottom of the program quickly. UNDO undoes all changes to a particular program line, word or sentence can be searched for and modified, and blocks of code can be copied, deleted, moved or saved. A built-in syntax checker pits out most mistakes and program logic is shown automatically by

without degrees of indentation.

GFA insists on one command per line, which can be annoying if you're used to the old school of BASIC programming which maintains that the more you can fit on a line the better. GFA's method guarantees your programs look neat and good some way to ensuring better structure and fewer bugs.

GFA BASIC has a very full complement of commands. Unusual programming is catered for with instructions like GO (GOTO REPLACEMENT), WHILE, REPEAT and multi-line IF. There's ELSE, using the graphics commands it is possible to draw boxes, boxes with rounded corners, circles, arcs, lines, polygons, circles and ellipses. In addition, objects may be filled with a pattern or color. Commands like GET and PUT allow software sprites to be manipulated quickly and efficiently. Other instructions simulate letter operations and these are particularly useful for text screen handling.

Included on the GFA disk are a number of sample BASIC listings, a run-time version of GFA, you can run GFA,



BASIC programs with it, but you can't edit them - unless if you want to show off your programs to your friends and a utility that will convert ST BASIC programs to GFA format.

Genesis publish a compiler for their BASIC which can seriously pump up the speed but just as seriously deflates your bank balance. Conversion is \$119.95.

Features	4
Performance	4.5
Ease of use	5
Manuals	5
Formatted value	4

## Power BASIC

Helen ■ \$29.95

Most BASICs are interpreted, but then Power BASIC isn't like most BASICs. It adds itself to the ever growing list of compiled languages. Development takes longer, but the extra benefits gained from a compiled program - speed and the ability to run as a stand alone file - seem make up for lost time. With its foot on the gas to meet the much-mused Porsche 911.

Many compilers require you to write source code using one program - a text editor usually - and compile from another. Moving between sections wastes a lot of time. Thankfully Helen has cut out this needless operation. Program development, compiling and testing takes place from the same environment. A 20% faster languages don't have the built-in editor this then.

Helen's other boasts partial

## INTERPRETERS VERSUS COMPILERS

BASIC is available in both forms. An interpreter reads the program line at a time, converts it to machine code and then executes the code. A compiler, on the other hand, reads the whole program, decides what actions are required and then generates machine code for the whole lot. Essentially, interpreted programs can be run straight off whereas compiled programs pass through two stages before being ready to run.

The first difference, therefore, is development time and for that matter ease of development. Line-oriented languages are harder to edit. Programs can be tweaked up quickly and errors removed relatively smoothly. With compilers it's a case of entering, saving, if code and fixing everything is correct. Usually mistakes only come to light during compilation.

So, program production is comparatively slow.

Of course, compilers have their good points. Why do you think of many languages - like Pascal, C and Modula 2 - are available only in this form? The reason is speed - not development speed, but runtime speed. A compiled program consists of machine code (the assembly bits) and tables. That's a program ready and which makes for fast execution. That's part of it. The other contributing factor is that the final compiled code can be run on its own. It needs no interpreter with which to run.

These days options are generous. Some compilers are fast and have intelligent editors capable of catching bad input errors. Similarly, some interpreters can execute programs at speeds approaching compiled code.

Windows command compatibility but who wants Windows compatibility? It's not even available for the ST and was invented in the days when computer keyboards didn't have cursor keys

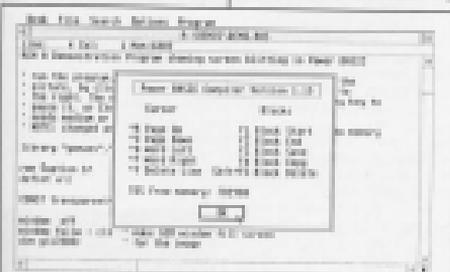
(which forced the peculiar control sequence "function key")

The editor is IBM based, which means program length is restricted to the amount of available memory, about 160K on a 512-ST. What's very irritating though is that the editor's default font limit is 10,000 characters. If you reach the limit you can still edit, but along with losing your current data.

ST BASIC users will feel at home with Power BASIC, the commands are identical. So similar, in fact, that Helen has deliberately replicated several ST BASIC bugs. The advantage of the similarity (perhaps the idea is that ST BASIC programs can be loaded into Helen's BASIC and compiled with no modification. It can also compile programs from Microsoft's QuickBasic with only minor changes, opening it up a huge range of source programs from the IBM PC world. After turning a translation routine, the compiler can also cope

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July 20th compatible editor with IBM PC and Windows key sequences. However, it's, quite frankly, who wants Windows? It's PC compatibility?



with Fast BASIC programs. Power BASIC is certainly very compatible and very compatible with existing BASICs. Its command set is extensive with provision for sub-programs, functions, structural statements and low-level system calls.

Power BASIC has to interpret Programs must first be compiled to either memory or disk. If an error is encountered during compilation, Power BASIC reverts back to the text editor and highlights the mistake. Although

development is lengthy, run-time speed is impressive.

High BASIC is Power BASIC plus options for user libraries and program profiling (loading). For this version you can expect to pay £75-95.

Features	4
performance	4
ease of use	3
manuals	3.5
format value	4.5

## AMIGA

Amiga BASIC is everything (or BASIC isn't) it's fast enough, comprehensive, and user-friendly. So what reason could any Amiga owner have for wanting to flash-cash for another BASIC. More features? More speed? Less money in the bank? Hardly. The most likely reason is the ability to create stand-alone programs. That is, programs that can be run on

their own without the need for a bulky interpreter.

There are three major compiled BASICs: True BASIC, AC BASIC and P-BASIC. Unfortunately only one (P-BASIC) made it here for this issue. True BASIC is the latest BASIC from the inventors of BASIC, Kemeny and Kurtz. It comes in various parts: True BASIC (ST), True BASIC-run time system (STL), program libraries (SL) each. AC BASIC compiles Amiga BASIC listings. This would make it the most attractive to Amiga users but for the price, it's costing £185. BASICs A/G and True are distributed by Precision (01 5371106).

### ■ THROUGH THE AGES

Digital Research's commercial Basic (Basic) is a variant of BASIC for the PC. Personal BASIC is now their competitor for and equipped with earlier Amigas and Atariware, who had originally been shifted in to write Amiga BASIC, finished their own version. Commercially switched to Microsoft's BASIC when it was completed and then adapted the rest of, now known as P-BASIC.

### F-BASIC Delphi Basic Systems/Amiga Centre Scotland ■ £75

There have been countless dialects of BASIC ever since the language's conception in 1964. Some have been good, some bad. Programmers of later classes have always attempted to simplify the development and maintain some compatibility by copying earlier commands and syntax (and most of the idiosyncrasies) of earlier versions. None seems to have stayed as far from the original as Delphi Basic. It seems they have worked especially hard at creating a BASIC that is so non-standard that it can almost be considered a new language.

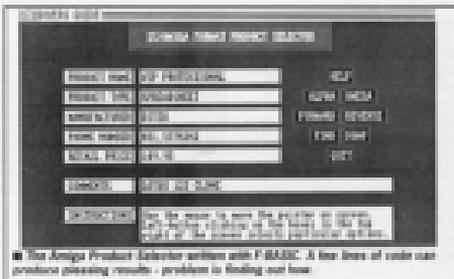
Creating F-BASIC programs is a sore point: the supplied text editor is EE. Yes, the same program is on one of the Amiga system disks. Nothing wrong with that (although, as editors go, it is below average), but Delphi have kept up the good old Commodore custom of not supplying any operating instructions. Accordingly, to use the thing you have to look out 20-odd pages for the AmigaDOS manual. Of course, says the manual, any text editor capable of ASCII output will do. What if you haven't got another editor?

How many BASICs use the question mark as an abbreviation for REM? How many BASICs use the colon

(:) to separate commands? How many BASICs use the ampersand (&) to concatenate strings? Answer: One - and it begins with P. Why have Delphi deliberately set things out to confuse users? It's simply not possible to sit down and knock out a program quickly. The manual has to be scoured from cover to cover, and even then you're only a 50:50 chance of getting the syntax correct.

Programming F-BASIC is very galling (and, as you've discovered, what the F stands for - f@#\$%) but getting begins with a 'g' - other FO). A range of waste commands fill the language into a language of its own and yet simple things that shouldn't be given a second thought can drive you close to suicide.

Once an F-BASIC program is written, it must be compiled. Only then can it be run. The compiler is so large that it



F-BASIC has its good points (I was beginning to wonder - EE!) it contains some fantastically powerful commands like WHEN IS, IF, ELSEIF, WHILE DO, REPEAT UNTIL, that make some structured programming unbelievably easy. Speech, sound, windows, shapes, screen resolutions, menus and mouse detection are as well implemented that it takes little program code to produce startling results.

An interesting inclusion is pattern matching - something introduced in the BASIC/A language back in the early 60's - which is the process of examining a string for the occurrence of a sub-string with various characteristics. There's tremendous potential.

takes an eternity to load from disk - it's advisable to use a RAM disk. Even so, actual compilation is slow (Delphi's idea of a stand alone file is a disk - funny file as well as the compiled program at roughly five times the source size. And the price for using a compiled program commercially? \$40, which must be set to Delphi Basic Systems, Piquet City South Dakota, USA. It would cost you more than it's worth if

Features	3
performance	3.5
ease of use	1.5
manuals	3.5
format value	3.5

### CONTACTS

Amiga Centre Scotland ■  
4 Port Street Lane, Edinburgh,  
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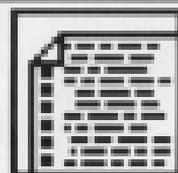
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## PROGRAMMING

### And then animate

**N**esCinema 1.1.0 (the graphics package) has hidden features. If you have the package, try clicking the right mouse button while the mouse pointer is in the cursor bar of the last R of GRAABER, its animation section will appear.

### Desktop disorientation

You're probably familiar with the GEM desktop; the screen on which you spend half your life pointing it to insert all menus, files and windows with the help of a mouse. What you may not know though, is that there are a contingent of keyboard controls that can outdo the clicking.

Say you wish to find out the contents of several disks. Standard procedure is to insert a disk in the drive and double click on the drive icon. Fine so far. When it comes to inspecting another disk the previous directory window must be removed, another disk inserted in the drive and the drive icon double clicked. What a performance! A handy trick is simply to insert the first disk in the drive and double click the drive icon. Whenever you wish to view the contents of further disks simply swap disks and press the [Esc] key. The currently opened directory window will automatically be updated. Yes, it's that simple. Note this only works if you are at root directory level, i.e. not in any folder.

When you want to select a group of files or folders for moving or copying, say, it is usual to press the left mouse button and drag the mouse over the desired files, to modify you never want all the files in a given area — or you may want some that you can't reach in a single mouse drag. Easy. By holding [Shift] down and clicking the mouse button when the pointer is over a file, selections are added to the currently active selection. Thus it is possible to highlight as many or as few files as required.

How do you move the pointer if you're mouseless? By holding [Alternate] and pressing the cursor

keys in any direction. To select an item, i.e. to do a left button mouse click, press [Insert] (while still holding [Alternate]). Pressing front keys simulates the double-click action of the mouse. The right mouse button can be simulated by pressing [Ct].

### Pause for thought

Sometimes it's nice to sit back and take a break from the action. Sometimes it's necessary to test-on-screen movement for a more

detailed look. Sometimes your pet armadillo will insist on wanting to be let out at the wrong moment. Unfortunately many games don't have pause modes (and if they do the screen often becomes cluttered with ugly messages) and who's ever heard of a context application with a pause mode?

Assuming you haven't got a printer connected, press [Alternate] and [Help] together. Everything freezes while the computer works out why it can't send data to the

printer (approximately 20 seconds). Of course, this won't work with every program. But for those it does work with, it can be pretty useful. For instance, use this feature to freeze the action of a game to allow you to photograph the screen.

### Single disk driving

If your system consists of a single drive, copying files and running applications which require data to be stored on a second disk can prove confusing.

To copy any type of file to copy a matter of selecting the files you want and dragging it to where you want to put the copy. However, if you want to copy a file from one disk, sitting in drive A, to another disk, don't drag the file and plank it on the drive A icon, doing so will copy the file onto the original disk — not very useful. Instead drag the file to be copied onto the drive B icon. Thus you haven't got a second drive. GEM knows this. A message asking you to insert disk B into drive A will appear. So just that, insert the disk you wish the file to be copied to. Copying takes several minutes, that is, you need to swap disks often. By taking note of the messages all will go smoothly.

It is best practice to have data files on the same disk as an application disk. For a start these probably won't be the same. Some applications use mappings or require extra bits from time to time which means a disk with the necessary files must always be present in drive A. Data must obviously be stored somewhere — the best idea is to force it to drive B. Of course, it can't actually be saved to drive B if one doesn't exist, instead it forces a message requesting you place a different disk in drive B (the data disk, if you like). Normally you can force a program to save to drive B by altering the directory string. Change the A: to a B: at the end of the file name.

### Clever keyboard

The ST's keyboard is intelligent. It can't watch the disks or take a screenshot for a while, but it does a

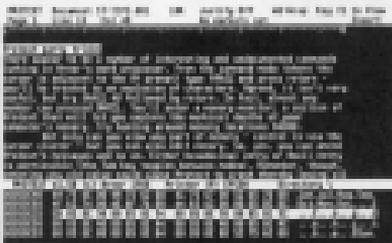
### Protect party tricks

There appear to be a number of interesting and undocumented commands lurking in Amos's word processor. From the command mode (where the cursor is adjacent to the 'w' prompt type [Ct]) and press return — you'll be treated to an explosion of characters. Agreed, it isn't very useful, but try [Ct] or followed by return. In fact, almost any number can follow [Ct]. You'll enter a memory number; a section of Protect that will let you explore the hidden depths of your computer's memory. Try hunting around memory locations \$4000 for fun.

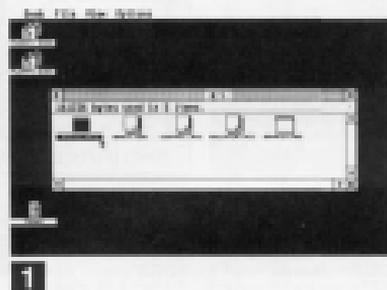
Not only can you view any part of memory — control is via the cursor cluster — but you can also

edit memory files, yes, you can amend Protect's messages and so on. Either hexadecimal entry or ASCII entry is permissible (the [Tab] key toggles between modes). Remember, though, entering any odd value could cause Protect to crash thereby losing all your data. We certainly don't recommend you do it if you haven't a clue what memory hexadecimal is and so on. After all, it is not just a jump of the nearest off, would you?

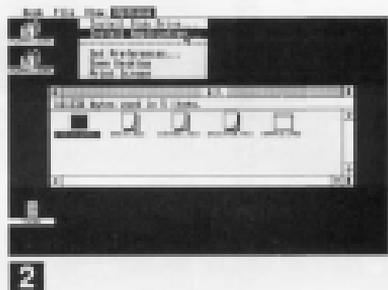
The mouse also has some undocumented properties. When in command mode, moving the mouse will scroll through any previous commands typed in at the prompt. Pressing the left mouse button will execute the command displayed.



■ The Protect word processor contemplating its own novel tricks. All drops you into a memory editor.



1



2



3



4

■ How to "install" BASIC so that when you click on any file ending .BAS, BASIC is loaded and that file runs automatically.

great job at decoding mouse, key and joystick data. Out to the IBMx H80001 8-bit processor handling the keyboard, it is possible for traffic to go to and from the main keyboard. For a chip with RAM, ROM, I/O lines and serial interface this is no problem.

But what if you want more power? What if you want to give the keyboard more intelligence? Easy really. Just employ the 6801 and meet a Hitachi 68P01 — price is around \$25 from the Magna catalogue — which handles any or all ROM, but needs a socket for an EPROM (7200 or 8K 2764). From then on it's up to you. The potential is there for using the joystick ports as unreserved I/O input/output ports. Do note that this operation invalidates any guarantee and should only be undertaken by seasoned hackers and board-drillers.

### Installing applications

It's a hassle to have to load an application graphics package. And

sequencing word processor, spreadsheet or whatever) and then load previously saved data. It's so much easier to double click on the data file and have the application boot up and the data file load itself into the application. For instance, it is possible to alter the desktop so that double-clicking on a BAS file causes ST BASIC to load with the clicked file in it ready for further editing or running.

This example assumes ST BASIC is the application you wish to install. From the desktop open a directory window of the ST BASIC disk. Single click on the BASIC.PPG file so it goes black but doesn't quit, just down the Options menu and select Install Application. You will be asked for the document type (enter 00). Press (Return) or click on OK. Again bring down the Options menu, but this time choose Save Desktop. Ensure the disk is not write protected.

Doing the above means you can double click on any file with a .BAS ending. ST BASIC will auto-

matically load and the BAS file you clicked on will load into ST BASIC. As you saved the desktop, you will be able to do this whenever you switch on the machine and insert that disk with ST BASIC on it.

### Slightly useful

In all pre-filled versions of ST ROMs there is a bug which results in a crash if you press the underline character ( \_ ) when the cursor is in the directory string. The directory string is located in the top of all file-selector windows.

### Not useful at all

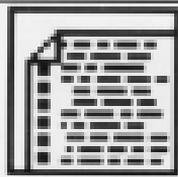
The ST's keyboard is controlled by a clever H80001 processor which handles both ROM and RAM. But by holding down the two mouse buttons when switching on your machine, the keyboard processor can cope with either left or right button being depressed at power up, but it can't sure what to make of the two button signal and consequently fails to boot. The mouse pointer won't move and a horrendous clicking will be heard. The reset button cures this.

### MONEY FOR NOTHING

Well, that's not altogether true — but almost. We want your tips, or anything and everything ST related, for it is by our hardware needs, getting the best out of software, low-level ROM calls or simply how to use the desktop to better effect. We send them. In return, the star bucks each month will all be £30. Now that can't be bad: money for free discoveries.

Just your 68k's (to, built to Devkit, ST Amiga Format), 4 Queen Street, Bath BA1 1LJ. Label your letters clearly. We publish several magazines each month, and we certainly don't want your remarkable hardware tips reaching the eyes of prospective dental car buyers.





PROGRAMMING

# WORKBENCH

Two pages strictly for Amiga owners — discover unknown secrets to make life with the Amiga even better!

## CLI

Most of the clever technical tricks you can do with the Amiga involve the CLI, or Command Line Interface as it is more fully known. If you're only familiar with running programs by clicking on friendly icons from the Workbench display, you're in for a bit of a shock. The CLI seems very unfamiliar at first, but once you've got the hang it lets you really get on the Amiga's paws.

It's all found in chapter 7 of the Amiga manual, but here's a quick summary of how to get to the CLI prompt.

1. Start your Amiga up with your usual Workbench disk (of course, you're using a copy of your master disk, aren't you?)

2. Open the disk icon, then the System drawer.

3. If you see a CLI icon in a blue rectangle with a 1+ in it, go to step 4. If there is no such icon you've got an old system disk; close the System drawer, tap the Preferences icon, and turn the preference marked CLI to ON. Click on Save to get back to the Workbench; re-open the System drawer and you'll see the CLI icon there.

4. Double-click on the CLI icon, and a new window opens up with a prompt of 1+. This is where you type your command lines. You can make this window by dragging its lower right corner around in the usual way, but there's no Close gadget at the top left. You can still use the Workbench icons normally simply by resting the CLI window and moving it out of the way.

If you want to get rid of the CLI window entirely, just type `exit` at the 1+ prompt. (Make sure you've clicked on the CLI window in advance or before typing, or nothing will happen.)

## Damaged disks?

The Amiga can be really generous with disks at times. How often have you got a valued disk in the drive

only to see the dreaded message, "Disk is not readable — use DISKDOCTOR?"

Usually, the DISKDOCTOR program isn't mentioned at all in the Amiga manual's index, which might lead you to suppose that you need to buy it separately. Not at all, DISKDOCTOR is a stunningly useful utility on your Workbench disk which can recover most corrupted disks. Indeed, if you find that this month's ST Amiga Format cover disk won't load properly, try using DISKDOCTOR on it before scanning and sending it off to Desktop for replacement.

However, DISKDOCTOR can only be run from the CLI, not the Workbench:

1. Start up the CLI as previously described.
2. Type `DISKDOCTOR UNIT` and press [Return].

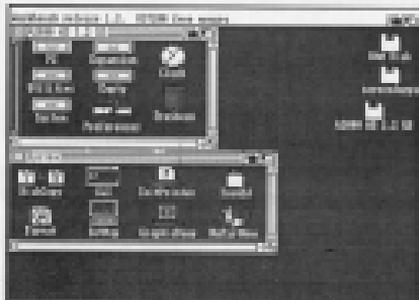
You are now prompted to insert your suspect disk in the disk drive. (Do this and press [Return]). DISKDOCTOR now checks your disk, and if it finds any damaged sectors will report a "hard error". When it has checked the whole disk it will reorganise the files to avoid the bad sector and write them back to the disk.

Because of the secure way the Amiga stores its data, DISKDOCTOR can usually recover most files from a disk. However, since a disk is known to be damaged you might not trust it again. Format a fresh disk and copy all your files onto it from the damaged one.

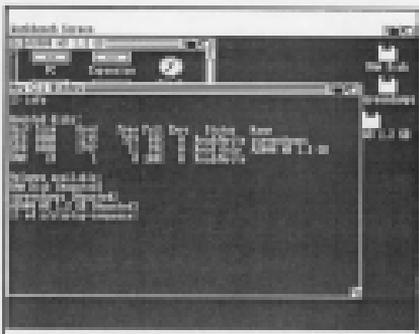
## Start the day the Amiga way

Wouldn't it be nice to be greeted in a civil and personal way by your Amiga every morning? The secret lies in the file `STARTUP_SEQUENCE` on your boot disk.

`STARTUP_SEQUENCE` is a text file in the 0 directory of the disk. When your Amiga starts up it automatically reads the file, which contains a set of command lines. These commands are ordinary CLI commands like `CD "/dev/ramdisk/1+)", which makes the Amiga echo the text in quotes to the screen. One command in the file is LOAD, which is the command to load the Workbench after the usual Mac AmigaDOS screen appears.`



- About to double-click on the CLI icon...
- A typical CLI window open. The `DIR` command, incidentally, tells you how much free space there is on all your disks.



The first thing to do is to make up a useful copy of the Workbench disk. The Amiga master disk is too hot to burn, so you haven't got any room to create your own files on it. Make up your own working copy as follows:

1. Take a blank disk and copy the whole Amiga Workbench master disk in the usual way (put your blank disk in the drive and drag the Workbench disk over onto it).
2. With your copy now in the drive, reformat the Amiga.
3. Get to the CLI prompt as previously described.
4. Delete some useless files by

typing very carefully

```
DELETE /dev/ramdisk/ALL
```

(pressing)

```
DELETE /dev/ramdisk/ALL (pressing)
```

Now you've got room on the disk to start doing things. To modify the startup prompt as you want, find you need to edit the file (usually the Amiga has a text editor on its master disk (not mentioned at all in the manual, of course), at the CLI prompt, type

```
ED "/dev/ramdisk/SEQUENCE
```

You are now in the text editor; you can use the cursor keys and delete keys to modify the text of the screen.



A fun way to add it to make your Amiga speak to you. Press (Return) to open up a blank line at the start of the file. Run type in the following:

```
XXXXXXXX "Good Morning, I
Superior 386,000 Now over 1.00
of xxxxxxxx"
```

Now save the modified file by pressing (Esc) and typing a (Z) with (Enter). You will be returned to the C: prompt.

Next for the disk drive light to go on, then reboot your Amiga. My guess, it speaks to you! The voice may be a little dated, and you may find that speaking words phonetically gives you better results. Type (ctrl) rather than (control), for instance.

You can of course put any text you like inside the quotes of the (Z) command, and have any further drives or (Z) commands.

### Life with a single drive

Once you start using your Amiga for serious applications — anything except text-entry games — one thing becomes apparent. Only having one disk drive is a pain. To copy one disk to another takes half a dozen disk swaps, and every time you type a (C:) command you have to add your boot disk back in the drive.

A good way around all this is to use the (RAM) disk. First, you need to understand what happens when you try to run a command on the Amiga: imagine you are at the (C:) and you type (C:) to get a directory of the current disk. The Amiga needs to find a file on disk called (DIR), which contains the (DIR) program. It first looks in the current directory, and then the (C) directory of your boot disk. What this means in practice is that if you have a disk other than your boot disk in the drive, you will be asked to swap it.

It is possible to make the Amiga look for the commands in the (RAM) disk instead, so you need never swap disks to run simple (C:) commands. With your normal boot disk in the drive, get to the (C:) prompt and type:

```
COPY C:\DIR TO RAM
COPY C:\DIR\* TO RAM
COPY C:\FILES TO RAM
COPY C:\DIR TO RAM
COPY C:\DIR TO RAM
PUSH RAM:DIR
```

Now if you want to work on another disk, just put it in the drive and type (C:) (C:). This lets you enter the new disk in drive (C). Now you can use all the commands like (C:) from the (RAM) drive without swapping disks. Of course, if there

are other commands you use then you should copy the files for these into the (RAM) disk too. The final line, (PUSH RAM:DIR), is what tells the Amiga to look in the (RAM) drive for files.

It's a good idea to put these commands in your (STARTUP-SEQUENCE) file to save typing them in every time. As described in the "Start the day the Amiga way" tip, add it by typing (C:) (C:) (STARTUP-SEQUENCE). Now go to the end of the file, by using the cursor-down key, to just before the line which says (END). Type in the new lines as below. If there is already a line in the file saying (PUSH RAM:DIR) then you needn't type it again.

If you want to be left at the (C:) prompt when the startup program finishes rather than in the pretty (formatted) (Workbench), then delete the (LOADWB) line from (STARTUP-SEQUENCE). Now save the modified file by (Shift) and (return) to exit it.

If you have removed the (Workbench) line from the startup sequence and then find you wanted the (Workbench) after all, just type (LOADWB) at the (C:) prompt.

### DigiView distortion

A handy tip for anyone out there using NewTek's DigiView digitiser for general frame-grabbing. If you are suffering from colour signal distortion (resulting with the digitiser (which normally expects mono input), and you aren't about to do a life writing, then help is at hand. One small item will turn all your colour video signals into genuine monochrome. What you need is an 8-pin loudspeaker to found in any old transistor radio.

1. Firstly, of course, turn off the power to the digitiser.
2. Cut half of a spare video lead and cut it in half. The cable will have a central core and a braided outer sheath — strip an inch or two back from either side of the break.
3. Connect the central core from one half to one loudspeaker terminal, and the other central core to the other terminal. Join the two leads together (leaving them all dry).
4. Check there are no short circuits — wrap some insulating tape around the braided core to make sure.
5. Turn on the power, and connect the video directly into the back of your Amiga monitor. If you have one, the colours should have faded or gone altogether. If so, the camera should now work better with DigiView's digitising system.

If nothing works, check your wiring, or else give up and go back

**The AmigaDOS Manual**  
2nd Edition  
AMIGA

■ If you're going to do much work with the (C:), you'll need a good book about the Amiga manual is very handy. "The AmigaDOS manual" from Datacube Books is a good reference work, it's little price at £20 or thereabouts.

to your old lead. It's worth saying that all video frequencies (colour components such as subcarriers) can appear as complex components

### Modem users!

If anyone out there owns a modem and software then try giving (GOSPOFF) a try. This is a free membership bulletin board, and the system operator is Steve Cole. There is an Amiga section with a few (operational) details and programs (you can use (Modem), (Modem), (Modem), (Modem) and other protocols). Be nice and leave a message for the (type) before you ring off! The number to-dial is 0705 544400.



### I NEVER KNEW THAT!

If you've got any special wishes that make your life easier with an Amiga, you'd like to know, we'll pay £30 for the best Amiga tip received each month, whether it's a deviously obscure (C:) command, a tip for a specific package, or an (A:) change you'd like to build an Amiga-like cage. Send your suggestions to (Workbench), ST Amiga Format, 4 Queen Street, South (L). This month's contributors:

- Matthew Gates, Newcastle
- Ron Taylor

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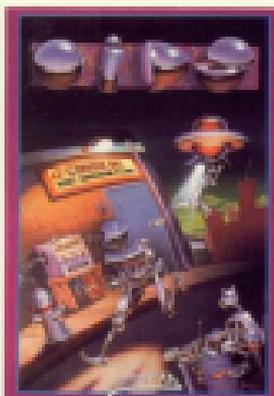
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# STAMIGA FORMAT

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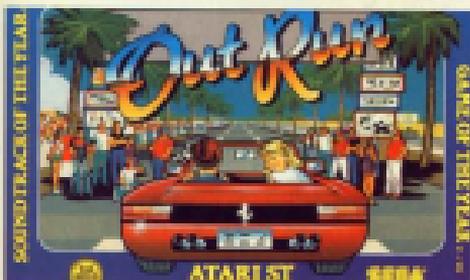
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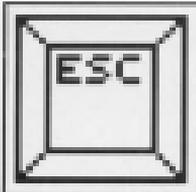
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# ESCAPE SEQUENCE

## Pilgrim's progress

Bob Jeffrey Armstrong, better known to the American computer-swinging public as Sam Stone, Sams, if we may use first names, makes his living by giving seminars on light interludes at being trade shows, and generally being read - St. Angelo Forum and St. Stone at May's COMDEX show in Atlanta.

An ex-Silicon Valley techie, he saw the light and founded C.H.I.P. - the Church of Neuronic Information Processing. During a homocentennial experience his book, *The Binary Bible*, was dedicated to him by G.D.S. - the Giver Of Data.

*The Binary Bible* is a wonderful

## SPAMIGAL

ST Amiga Format swoops onto the shelves on the third Thursday of each month. Watch out for issue 2 on July 21st.

... until next month, it's goodbye from me (Ed), and goodbye from him (other Ed).



high-mash of computing and religion to (other) adherents of the CHIP are known as ODSlopes. In case you're wondering, his "point" in the picture is a cheap supercomputer, and there's a microprocessor attached to his forehead.

He also sells a variety of computer products. One that particularly caught our eye was the "Programmer" - a nice Commodore keyboard.

## Real science fiction

Sometimes it's very difficult to distinguish truth from fiction - especially

where science fiction is involved.

Real World SF fans all know that the hottest name of recent years is William Gibson, coauthor of the "cyberspace" movement. His last novel was *Neuromancer*, an incredible story which had people cybernetically plugging into computer networks and launching virus attacks on one another's systems. (It was published in 1984, long before real viruses ever happened).

Now from the States comes news of a computer game set in the *Neuromancer* world. The real-corker is that the game's design is by none other than Dr. Timothy Leary,

guru of the beautiful people of the flower power era. What when psychedelia meets cyberspace this could be the first computer game to simulate a highly illegal state of mind.

## Oriental surprise

While not strictly relevant to SFs and Amigas, one recent story is too good to miss. ICL, the UK main-frame computer manufacturer, were negotiating to buy silicon chips from a new supplier in Japan. Normally ICL's quality control insist on a failure rate no greater than 25% in a batch, but for the Japs they decided to ask for only 10% failures.

When told that ICL insisted on 10% as the failure rate, the Japanese looked puzzled. They went away and ICL, prepared to be tough, the Japanese came back and said, "OK, it's a deal. But these failed chips you want us to supply, do you want them with the good ones or separately?"

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by Sarkar



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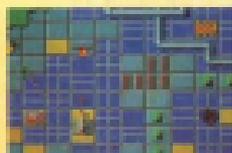
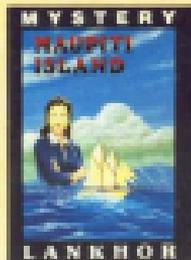
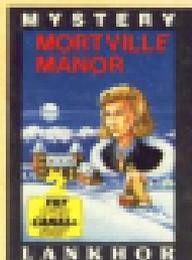
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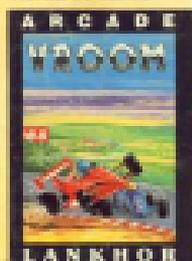
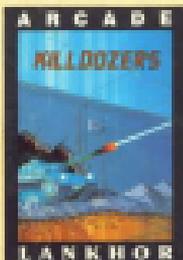
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