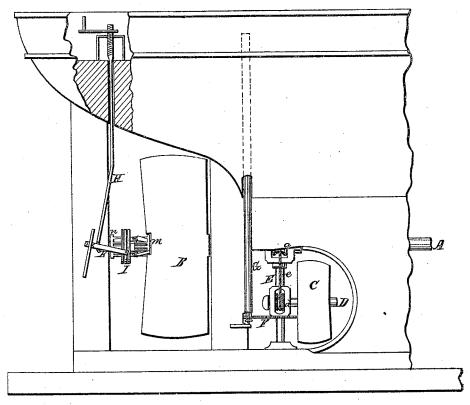
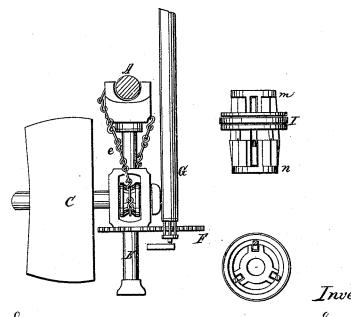
## F. Liburn. Steering.

Nº 53,840.

Patented Ang 10, 1866.





Witnesses:

fold Herrander J.M. Mason Inventor:

Frank Liburn

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FRANK LIBURN, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## IMPROVED STEERING-SCREW.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 53,840, dated April 10, 1866.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FRANK LIBURN, of the city and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Steering Propellers; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letters of reference marked thereon.

In the annexed drawings, making part of this specification, A represents the shaft in the vessel, which conveys power from the engines to the propeller, said shaft lying in a

horizontal position, as shown.

B represents the propeller, which is secured

loosely upon the shaft A.

m and n are two sleeves, which fit over the shaft A, and which are connected by bars hinged together so as to form a toggle-joint.

I represents a collar, which fits over the bars, forming the toggle-joint for the purpose

of operating it.

K and H represent two bars, which are connected together, and one of which, K, connects with the collar I, for the purpose of moving said collar to operate upon the toggle joint. The bar H stands in a vertical position and extends up to the deck, at the rear of the vessel, and is there operated by means of a crank-handle, having a female screw upon it which fits over a male screw upon the said bar H. The object of this toggle-joint is to press the collar m against the propeller B, and thus make it fast upon the shaft A, or to remove the pressure and allow the propeller to work loosely upon said shaft.

C represents a small propeller-wheel, which is used for steering the vessel. This wheel is secured fast upon a shaft, D. This shaft D lies in a horizontal position and passes through

a vertical beam, E.

The beam E is provided with an opening in it at right angles to the shaft D, and in the opening and upon the shaft is a pulley, d. A cord passes around this pulley and also around one which has its bearings in a frame secured |

to the under part of the vessel, and through which the shaft A passes, said pulley being secured fast to the shaft A, so that when the shaft A turns the small propeller will also turn, being revolved by means of the cord e and shaft D.

G represents a shaft, which stands vertically and passes up to the deck of the vessel. To the lower end of this shaft is a small gearwheel, which works into a gear-wheel, F, which is made fast to the beam E.

By turning the shaft G the wheel F is turned and also the beam E, thus turning or throwing the small steering-propeller to one side or

the other of the vessel.

When the shaft of the steering-propeller is in line with the main shaft A the said propeller can be used for giving power for propelling the vessel, and when it is moved to the right or left of said shaft it answers as a rudder to give direction to the vessel.

It will be seen that by unshipping the main propeller B the steering-propeller C can be used either for propelling or for giving direc-

tion to the vessel.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is-

1. The arrangement of the shaft D, the beam E, cord e, gear-wheel F, and shaft G, constructed and used as and for the purpose herein specified.

2. Arrangement of the bars H and K, with the toggle-joint and propeller B, as and for

purpose herein specified.

3. The combination of the propeller B with the steering-propeller C, when the two are connected and arranged to operate by the means substantially as herein specified.

In witness that I claim the foregoing I have hereunto set my hand in presence of witnesses.

FRANK LIBURN.

Witnesses:

Nus. Madson, J. M. MASON.