(Model.)

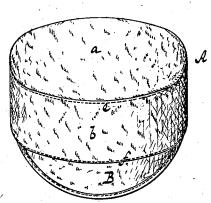
## S. SIMONSON.

REVERSIBLE HAT OR CAP.

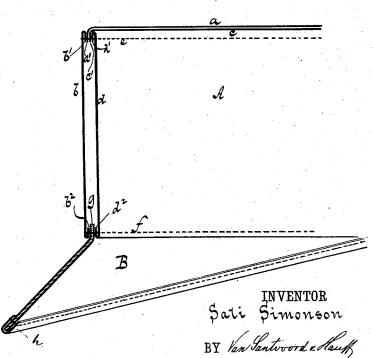
No. 260,333.

Patented June 27, 1882.





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WITNESSES: Otto Hufeland William Miller

ATTORNEY5

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

SALI SIMONSON, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., ASSIGNOR TO HIMSELF, WILLIAM FINSTER, OF BROOKLYN, AND WILLIAM R. WILLIS, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## REVERSIBLE HAT OR CAP.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 260,333, dated June 27, 1882. Application filed May 27, 1882. (Model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, SALI SIMONSON, a citizen of the United States, residing at New York, in the county and State of New York, 5 have invented new and useful Improvements in Reversible Hats or Caps, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to a reversible hat or cap composed of a covering of silk or other 10 textile material, and a lining of rubber cloth. or other water proof material, which is firmly united to the covering, the seams being so arranged that the hat or cap presents a finished appearance if it is turned inside out to bring 15 the water-proof material on the outside as well as if it is worn with the textile material on the outside.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 represents a perspective view of a cap constructed 20 according to my invention. Fig. 2 is a vertical section of the same on an enlarged scale.

Similar letters indicate corresponding parts. In these drawings, the letter A designates a cap, which is constructed of a covering of silk 25 or other suitable textile material and a lining of rubber cloth or other suitable water-proof material. The covering consists of the tip aand the side strip b, and the lining consists of the tip c and the side strip d. The tips a30 c are placed one upon the other, and their edges a' c' are folded downward, as shown in Fig. 2. The upper edges, b' d', of the side strips, b d, are folded inward, and the folded edge b' is placed against the folded edge a', while the folded edge d' is placed against the folded edge c', and then all these edges are united by stitches e.

The lower edges,  $b^2 d^2$ , of the side strips, bd, are also folded inward, placed against each 40 other, and united by stitches f.

If the cap is to be provided with a visor, B, such visor is covered on one side with the same textile material which is used for the

covering and on its other side with the same water-proof material which is used for the lin- 45 ing, and the upper edge g of this visor is then bent up and inserted between the edges  $b^2$   $d^2$ , as shown in Fig. 2, and united with the same by the stitches f. In the example shown in the drawings a binding-braid, h, is applied 50 to the edge of the visor, so as to impart to the same a finished appearance. By these means a cap is obtained which presents a finished appearance as well when the textile material is worn on the outside as when the cap is re- 55 versed and the water-proof material is worn on the outside. In either case all the raw edges are concealed.

It is obvious that the shape of the crown of my cap may be changed without departing 60 from my invention, and also in place of the visor B a brim may be united with the crown, so as to transform the article into a hat.

If the cap is provided with a band, one side of the band is covered with the textile fabric 65 and the other with the water-proof material.

What I claim as new, and desire to secure

by Letters Patent, is-

As a new article of manufacture, the hat or cap herein described, composed of a covering 70 of textile fabric and a lining of water-proof material connected together with the raw edges of the united parts concealed between the textile fabric and water-proof lining, whereby the hat or cap can be turned inside out to ex- 75 pose the water-proof lining and present a finished appearance without the necessity of unfolding parts of the hat or cap, substantially as set forth.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my 80 hand and seal in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

SALI SIMONSON. [L. S.]

Witnesses:

W. HAUFF,

E. F. KASTENHUBER.