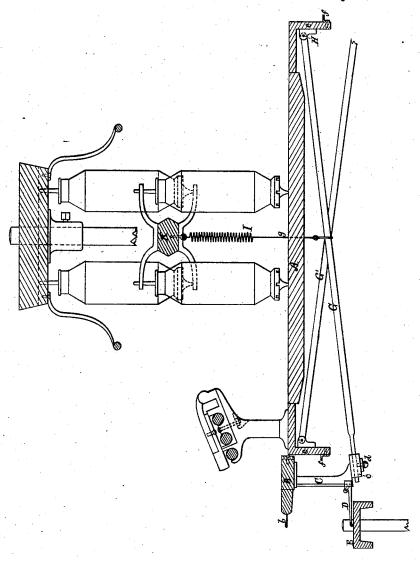
(No Model.)

J. BIRKENHEAD.

YARN GUIDE SUPPORT FOR RING SPINNING FRAMES.

No. 260,360.

Patented July 4, 1882.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN BIRKENHEAD, OF MANSFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS.

YARN-GUIDE SUPPORT FOR RING-SPINNING FRAMES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 260,360, dated July 4, 1882.

Application filed April 3, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John Birkenhead, of Mansfield, in the county of Bristol, of the State of Massachusetts, have invented a new 5 and useful Improvement in the Yarn-Guide Supports for Ring-Spinning Frames; and I do hereby declare the same to be described in the following specification and represented in the accompanying drawing, which exhibits a transverse section of the upper part of a ring-spinning frame provided with my invention, the nature of which is defined in the claim hereinafter presented.

In practice it has been found objectionable 15 to sustain the yarn-guide rail by vertical guides, and to apply to such rail or its supports one or more counterbalancing-springs, in manner as represented and described in Letters Patent No. 214,749, granted to me on 20 April 29, 1879, for the friction attendant on the upward movement of the yarn-guide and its supports has proved an obstacle to the starting thereof by the ring-rail acting against the arm extending from the support-25 ing standard or standards of the yarn guide, the result of such obstacle being a more or less uneven laying of the yarn on the bobbin. My present improvement is to avoid this difficulty, and in carrying it out I combine with 30 the machine frame and each of the thread-guide boards and its sustaining-standards, provided with adjustable arms to extend from it over the ring-rail, counterbalancing-springs and pivoted supporting-arms, the said arms 35 being extended from the guide-rail standards across the machine-frame, and pivoted at their rear parts thereto, and supported by the counterbalancing-springs suspended from the At its ends the thread-guide board 40 may be furnished with friction-wheels to bear against the next adjacent vertical ends of the frame.

In the drawing a thread-guide is shown at b and its carrying-board at B, the latter being supported near each of its ends by a standard, C, from which there projects over the ring-rail E an arm, D, applied to the standard so as to be adjustable vertically thereon. The lower part of the stand-order has a tubular projection, c, provided with a set-screw, d, such projection being to receive in its bore the supporting-arm G, which extends across the frame A in manner as shown, and is pivoted to it, as represented at H.

G' is one of the supporting-bars of the opposite yarn-guide board. By means of the tubular projection e and its set-screw d the standard C may be fastened to the arm G, and be adjusted thereon, so as to bring the guide-board B at its proper distance from the 60 front portion, e, of the frame A, there being fixed to the said portion e a rest, f, to receive and sustain the yarn-guide board B when at its lowest position.

Each yarn-guide board is to have to each 65 of its supporting-standards C an arm, G, and there should be over such arm a counterbalancing spiral spring, I, which, suspended from the creel K, should be connected with the arm by suitable means—as, for instance, a cord, 70 g. The springs I, when the guide-board B is upon the rest or rests f, should operate with a lifting-power sufficient to or about to counterbalance the weight of the arms G, and the thread-guides, the guide-board B, its standards C and their arms D, and the tubes c and their screws d, in order that on the ringrail rising and impinging against the arms D itshall meet with little, if any, resistance to effect the starting upward of the guide-board.

fect the starting upward of the guide-board. So In the place of the spring I and cord g to each of the arms G, I sometimes make use of a cord going about a pulley, and fixed at one end to the arm and at the other to a weight, the arms and their adjuncts being 85 counterbalanced by the weights. The hingepin of the arm H, I usually arrange at an altitude which shall be in a horizontal plane situated midway of the rise of the lower face of the board B above the rest f.

I would remark that I do not herein claim the mode represented in my patent aforesaid of sustaining a yarn-guide board and counterbalancing springs with it.

What I claim as my present invention is as 95 follows, viz:

The combination, with the frame of a ring-spinning machine, and with each of its yarn-guide boards and its supporting standards, of pivoted arms and counterbalancing-springs, 100 arranged and applied substantially as set forth, the standards being provided with adjustable arms to extend from them to and over the ring-rail, as represented.

JOHN BIRKENHEAD.

Witnesses:

R. H. EDDY, E. B. PRATT.