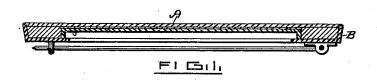
(No Model.)

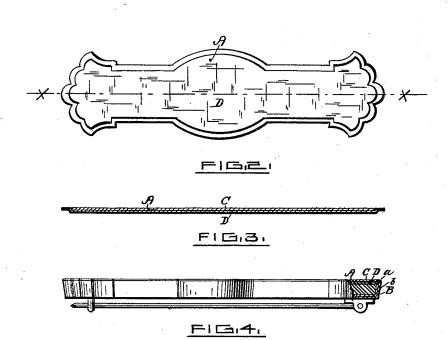
T. W. FOSTER.

MANUFACTURE OF PLATED JEWELRY.

No. 262,657

Patented Aug. 15, 1882.









FIGE

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

THEODORE W. FOSTER, OF PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND.

MANUFACTURE OF PLATED JEWELRY.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 262,657, dated August 15, 1882.

Application filed May 19, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, THEODORE W. FOSTER, of Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, have invented an Improvement in the Manu5 facture of Plated Jewelry, of which the follow-

ing is a specification.

My invention relates to the manufacture of an imitation in rolled plate of "shell-gold" jewelry, in which the rim or bezel is usually soldered to a flat plate of gold, that forms the front or face of the work, and upon which the processes of engraving and ornamentation are carried out without forming indentations or other disfigurations upon the under side of said plate, thus leaving an even clean finish on this side; and it consists in the improved method of constructing the front plate and applying the same to the rim or bezel, whereby the front plate may be left thick for the purpose of engraving, and the edge of the base metal of the front plate may be covered and protected by the extension of the gold of the front plate at a rounded corner.

Figure 1 is a longitudinal section of a bar 25 pin embodying my improvement. Fig. 2 represents a plan view of the back side of the gold-plated front plate. Fig. 3 is a section taken in the line x x of Fig. 2. Fig. 4 is an edge elevation of the pin with a portion of one 30 end broken away. Fig. 5 represents a partial section of the front plate enlarged. Fig. 6 represents a partial section of the pin enlarged, showing the burnished rounded corner.

In carrying out my invention I first take
35 rolled plated stock of sufficient thickness for
the purpose of engraving and ornamentation,
as in shell-gold jewelry, and cut out therefrom
a plate of similar form and of slightly greater
size than the inner space of the rim or bezel
40 B, and I then strike the edge thinner from the
base-metal side of the plate, and then trim off
the surplus thinned stock, as shown in Figs. 2
and 3, in which C represents the gold, and D
the base metal of the plate. The gold and
45 base metal will thus be thinned in a uniform
ratio to about the thickness of ordinary plated
stock, while the body of the plate for an area
equal to the space within the rim B will be

left of its original strength and thickness for the purpose of engraving and ornamentation. 50 The base metal D of the plate A may be made thick enough to support the plate when in the article of jewelry without the auxiliary support of a backing-plate. The engraver can therefore ornament the plate as desired prior 55 to its attachment to the rim or bezel B, if preferred. After soldering the plate A, so prepared, to the edge of the rim or bezel I burnish the corner a of the gold front C of the plate over the edge of the base metal D, so as 60 to connect with the gold plate b of the rim B and hide the base metal edge from view, as shown in the enlarged section, Fig. 6. The form of the thinned edge and corner a prior to the application of the burnishing process 65 is shown in the enlarged section, Fig. 5.

I am aware that a thick front plate with thin laterally-extended edges has heretofore been employed in the manufacture of jewelry; but such extension has been produced by thinning the whole plate made originally to fit the interior space of the rim, and not by directly thinning the edge of a plate made larger than the interior space of the rim, as in my invention, in which process the body of the plate is 75 not made thinner.

I claim as my invention-

The improved method of manufacturing articles of jewelry from plated stock which consists in, first, cutting out a front plate slightly 80 larger than the interior space of the rim or bezel; second, in striking the stock of the front plate thinner at its edges from an area corresponding to the interior space of the rim or bezel and trimming off the surplus thinned 85 stock; third, in soldering the plate with thinned edges to the rim or bezel; and, fourth, in burnishing the thinned edge to a rounded corner, whereby the gold at the front of the plate is made to extend over and cover the thinned 90 edge of the base metal and conceal it from view, substantially as described.

THEODORE W. FOSTER.

Witnesses:

SOCRATES SCHOLFIELD, HARMON S. BABCOCK.